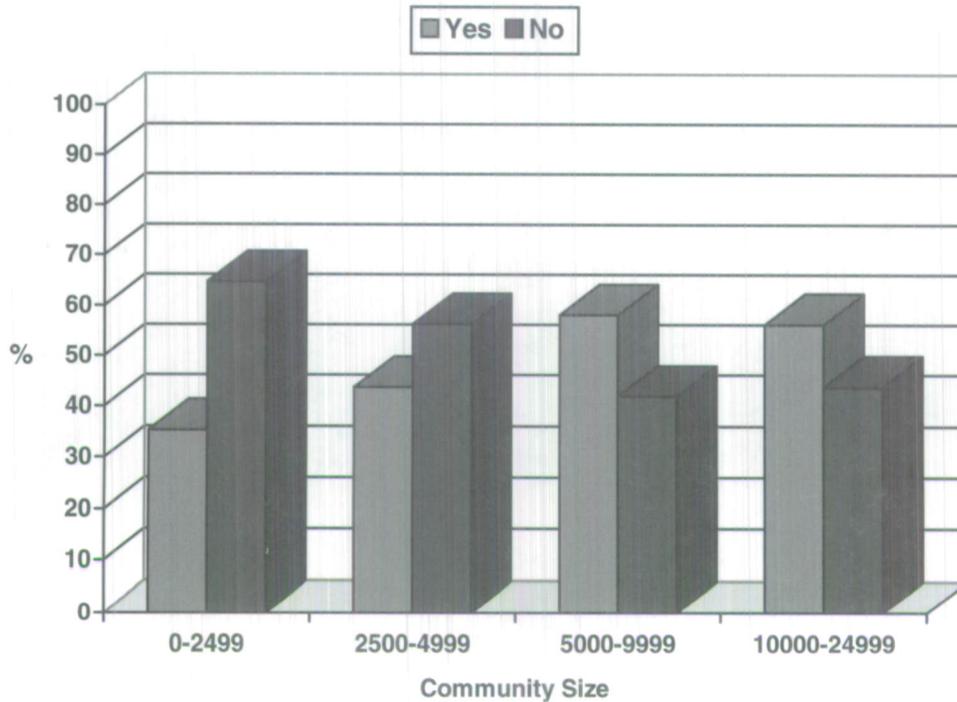


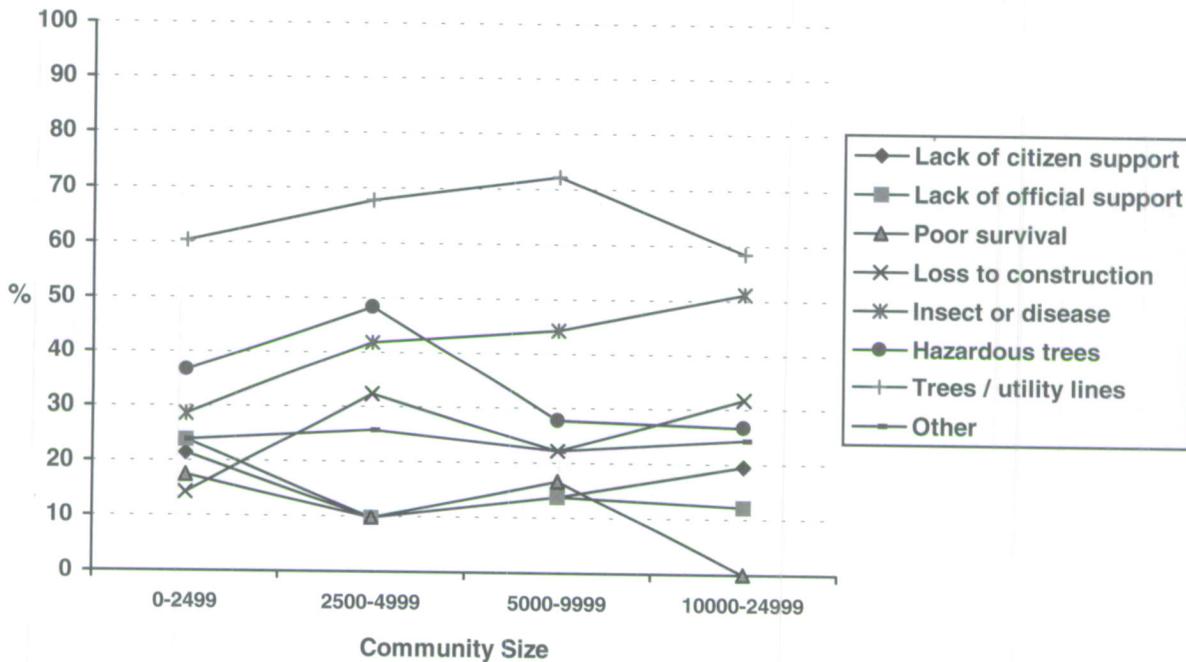
Question 14a: "Are you aware of any particular problem your community is experiencing with its trees? (yes or no)"



Overall, 42 percent of the communities that responded to this question said that they were aware of particular problems with their community's trees. This awareness differed significantly across the community size groups. In the smallest size group, almost two thirds of the respondents said that they were not aware of any problem, while well over half of the communities larger than 5000 in population said that they were aware of one or more problems with their trees. This difference could be due either to an actual difference in the frequency of tree problems in communities of different sizes, or to a lack of recognition of these problems on the part of the smaller communities. Given that the smaller communities have a larger proportion of municipal employees responsible for trees without tree-care training (see Question 7d), it seems likely that this difference in awareness is due at least in part to municipal employees' lack of skill in recognizing certain kinds of problems with their trees.

Question 14b: "If yes, please check all that apply."

- Lack of citizens' support for tree planting
- Lack of community officials' support for tree planting
- Poor survival of newly planted trees
- Loss of mature trees to construction/development
- Insect or disease problems
- Hazardous trees
- Trees growing into utility lines
- Other



The most frequently reported problem for communities of all sizes was trees growing into utility lines. Of the 234 communities that were aware of specific tree problems, 63 percent listed tree/utility line conflicts as one of them. This is not surprising, since trees and utility lines frequently compete for the same space along community roads and streets. The results of utility pruning, a necessity to maintain line clearance, are often quite visible and unattractive in appearance even when the pruning cuts are properly performed. Additionally, because of the increased frequency of severe storms in recent years and associated media coverage, the public may be more aware of the consequences of power outages caused by downed trees and the widespread impact it can have on communities.

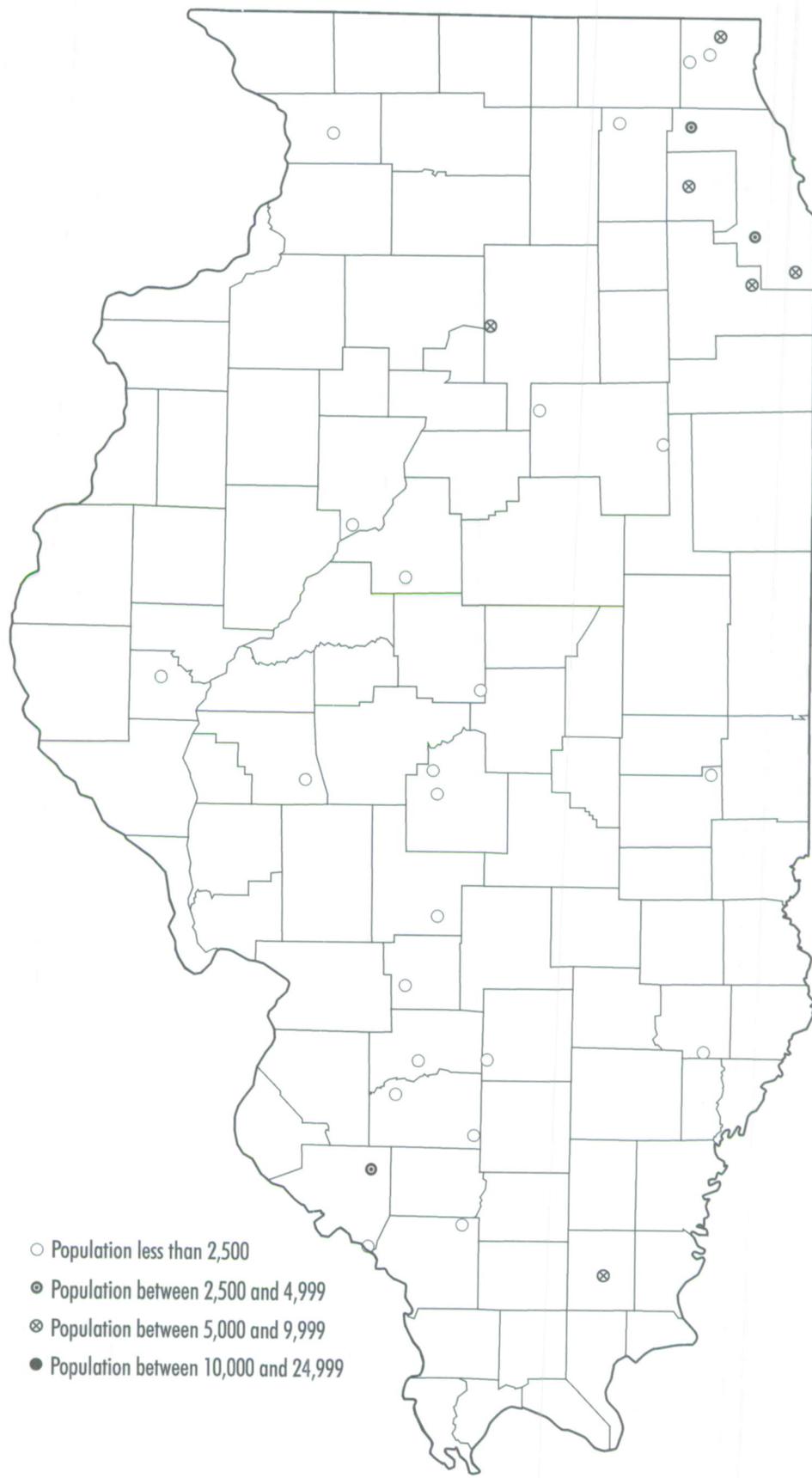
The next most frequently mentioned problems, overall, were insects/diseases (37%) and hazardous trees (35%).

Three of the listed problems differed significantly in how often they were checked off across the four community size groups. Both insects/diseases and loss of trees to construction or development were indicated more often in the larger communities than in the smallest communities. Poor

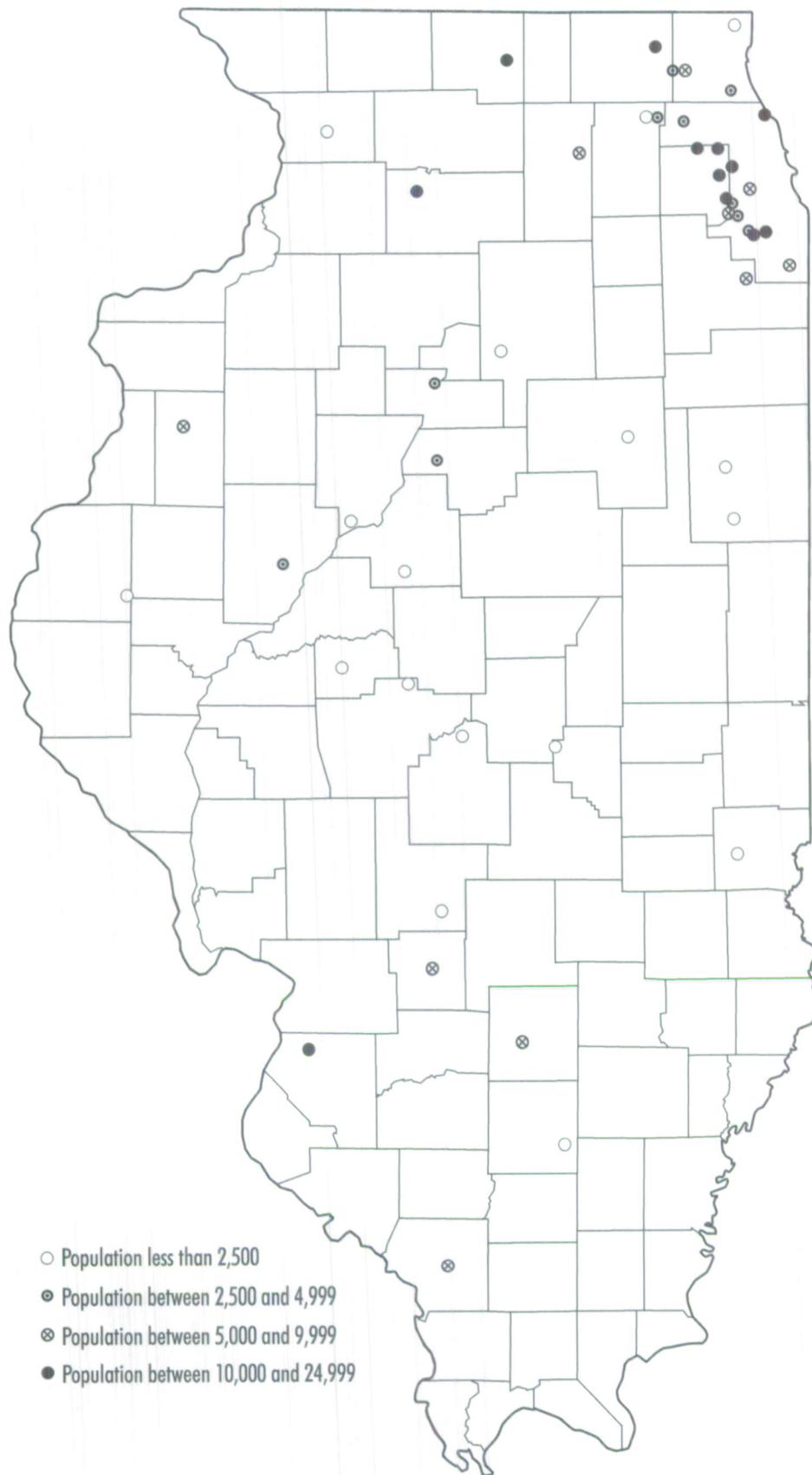
survival of newly planted trees, on the other hand, was checked off more frequently in the smaller communities. None of the communities larger than 10,000 population indicated that loss of newly planted trees was a problem. It is understandable that tree losses to construction and development would be more of a problem in the larger communities, since these communities are more likely to be in areas where growth and construction are prevalent. The greater problem of mortality of newly planted trees in the smaller communities may reflect lack of training and expertise (see Question 7d) as well as lower levels of tree care (see Questions 8b and 9) in these communities. The greater frequency of insect and disease problems mentioned by the larger communities may reflect a better ability to recognize and diagnose these problems on the part of trained employees.

The prevalence of some of the reported problems also appears to vary according to the geographic location of the communities. Maps 5 and 6 show the locations of communities experiencing problems with poor survival of new plantings and losses of trees to construction and development. While only 28 percent of the 32 communities experiencing poor survival of new plantings are in the Chicago metropolitan area, almost half (47%) of the 49 communities experiencing loss of trees to construction and development are in the Chicago area. It appears that communities in the Chicago area may do a better job of providing care to their newly planted trees, but are suffering losses of older trees due to construction associated with population growth.

A relatively large number of respondents (24%) indicated that they were aware of "other" problems that were not on the provided checklist. The two most frequently mentioned problems were the old age of community trees, and the lack of funding for tree programs. Other responses included loss or damage to trees from a variety of causes such as storms, flooding, vandalism, drought, and utility trimming; a general need for maintenance; and damage caused by trees to sidewalks, sewers, and storm drains.

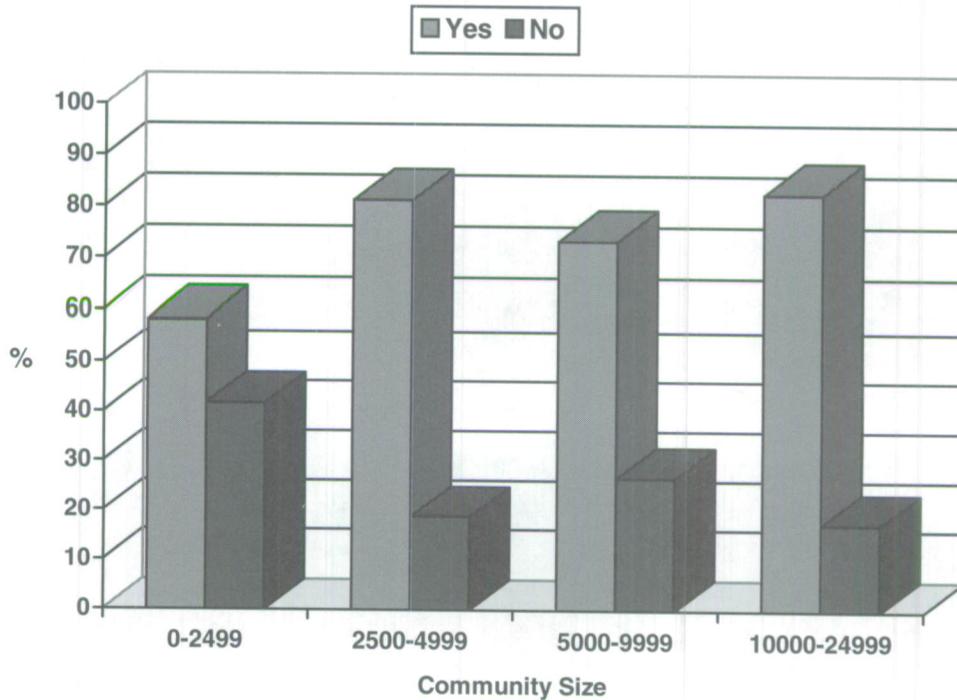


Map 5. Communities Experiencing Poor Survival of New Plantings.



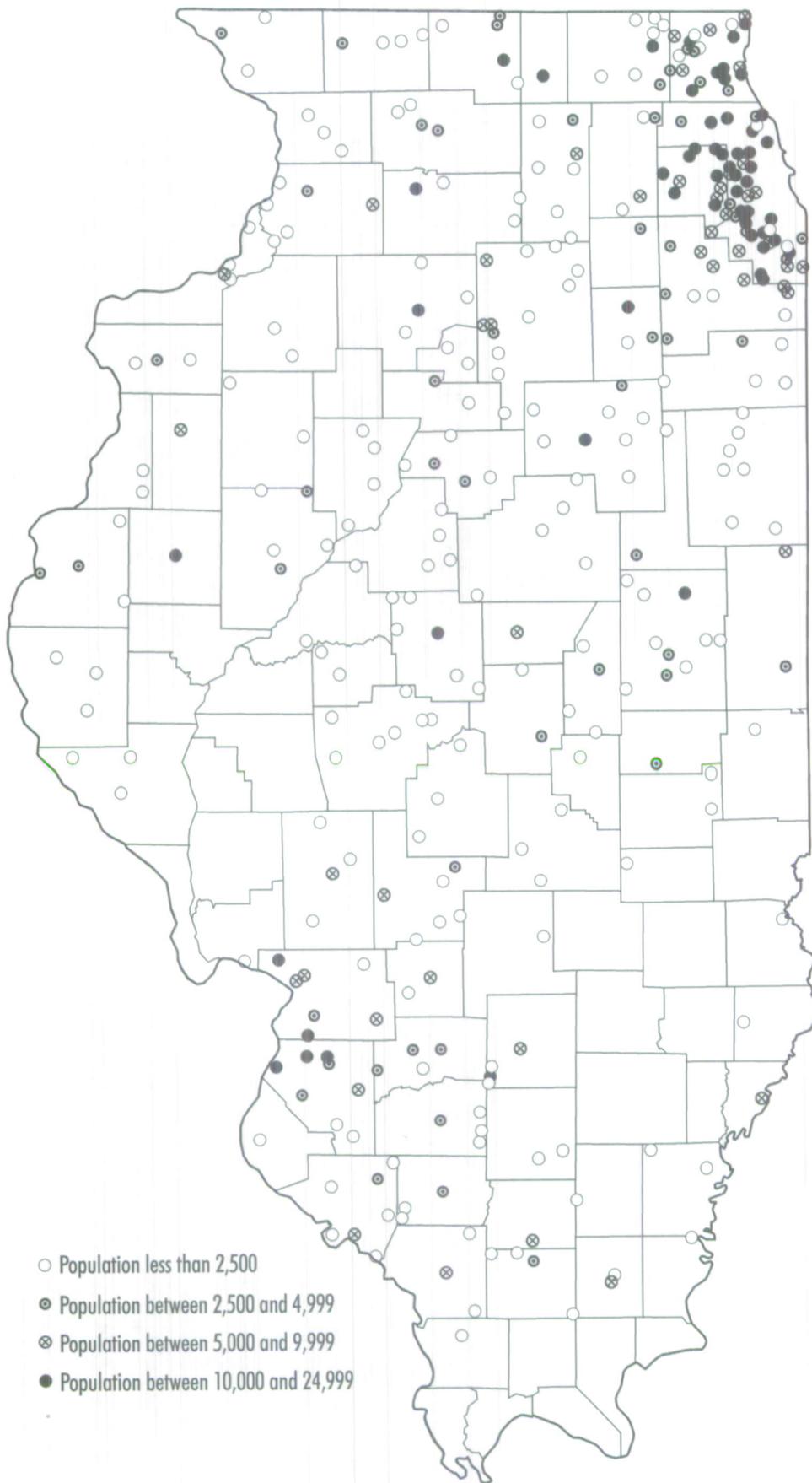
Map 6. Communities Experiencing Losses of Trees to Construction and Development

Question 15a: "Would your community like assistance to initiate or further develop your local tree program? (yes or no)"



Two thirds (66%) of the communities that responded to this question said that they would like assistance to initiate or further develop their local tree program. Larger communities were significantly more likely to say that they desire assistance. Fifty-eight percent of the communities in the smallest size group said they would like assistance with their tree program, as compared to 83 percent for the largest size group. It is somewhat ironic that the smallest communities, which would appear to be the most in need of help with their tree programs, are the least likely to say that they would like assistance. Perhaps in these smallest communities there is a concern that initiating or enlarging a tree program would place additional demands on already over-burdened local officials and employees. Despite this, it is clear that a majority of small Illinois communities in all size groups are interested in starting or further developing local tree programs and would welcome assistance in doing so.

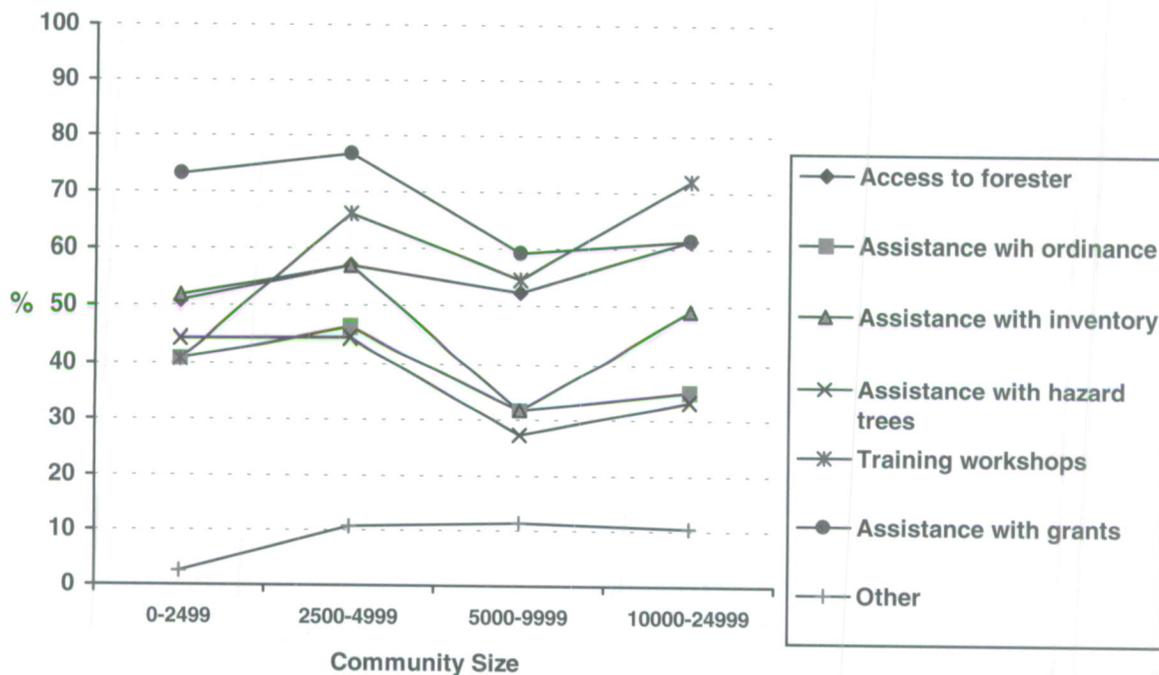
Map 7 shows the locations of the 351 communities that would like assistance with their tree programs. These communities are found in most regions of the state, with 29 percent of them lying within the Chicago metropolitan area.



Map 7. Communities Wanting Assistance with their Tree Programs.

Question 15b: "If yes, what type of assistance is needed by your community? (Check all that apply.)"

- Periodic free access to a trained community forester
- Assistance in drafting a tree ordinance appropriate for a community your size
- Assistance in conducting an inventory of your community's existing trees and vacant tree planting spaces
- Assistance in identifying hazardous public trees which may pose a safety and liability risk
- Training workshops for public employees or community volunteers in the proper selection, planting and care of trees
- Assistance in applying for community forestry grant funds available through the state and federal government
- Other



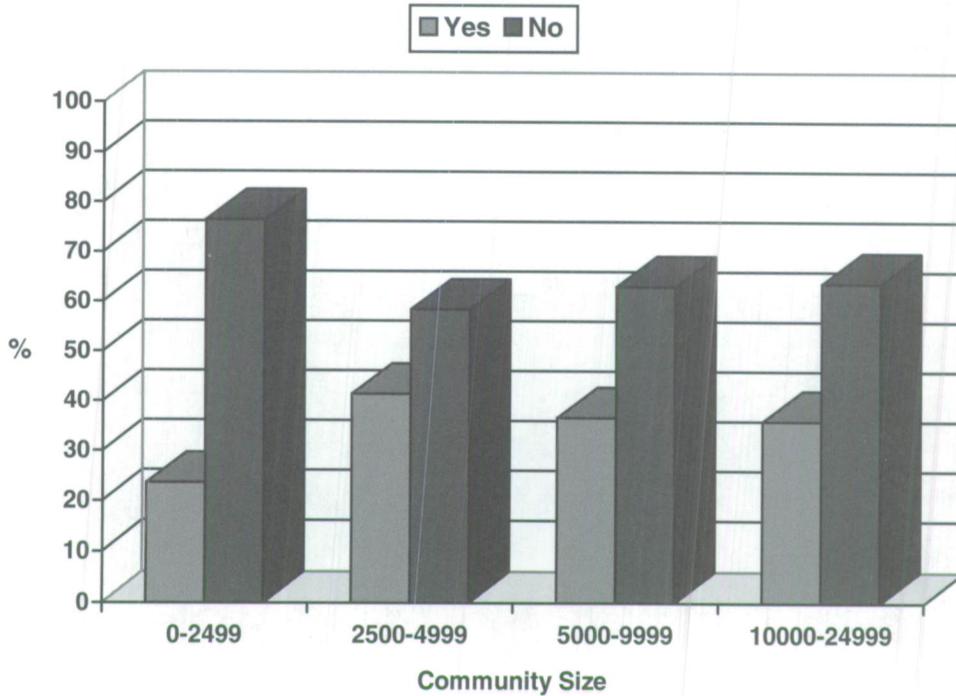
Overall, the most frequently desired type of assistance was help in applying for community forestry grant funds. Seventy percent of the 350 communities that responded to this question said that they would like this kind of assistance. Smaller communities (under 5000 population) were somewhat more likely to want this form of assistance than larger communities, but this difference was not statistically significant.

The next most desired forms of assistance were periodic free access to a trained community forester (54%) and training workshops for employees or volunteers in proper tree selection, planting, and care (52%). There was a significant difference between the community size groups in how often they indicated they wanted training workshops. The smallest communities (under 2500 population) were the least likely to want such workshops (41%) and the largest communities (10,000-25,000 population) were the most likely to want them (72%).

Fifty percent of the communities requesting assistance were interested in conducting a tree inventory and another 41% wanted help in identifying hazardous trees. Assistance in drafting a tree ordinance was requested by 40% of the communities. There was no significant difference in responses among community size groups to the above three questions.

The most frequent requests for "other" assistance included assistance in the form of additional funding, help finding sources of trees for planting, and help in removing large old hazardous trees. Some communities responded cautiously to this question, asking for "information only," or "information first, then possibly assistance." Others made more sweeping statements of their needs, saying "we'll take any assistance that we can get," or simply, "we need help."

Question 16a: "Are there any citizens' or youth organizations in your community or county which promote tree planting and care? (yes or no)"



Overall, 29 percent of the responding communities said that there are citizens' or youth organizations that promote tree planting and care. The smallest communities (less than 2500 population) were significantly less likely to report the presence of such organizations than were the larger communities.

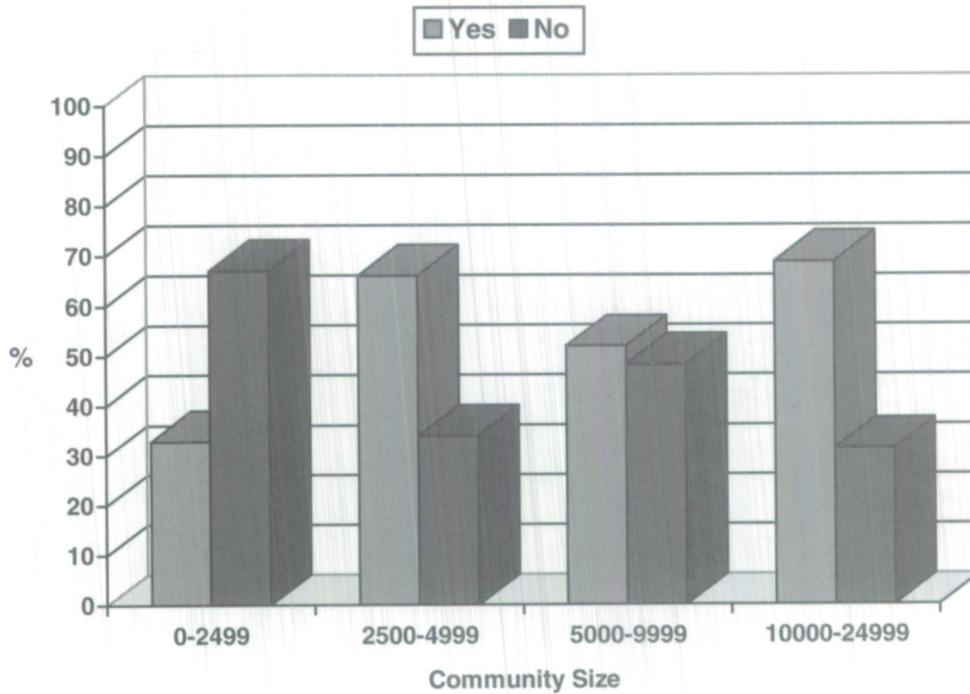
Question 16b: "If yes, what are the organizations' names and, if convenient, the name and phone number of their contact person?"

Several youth organizations were mentioned as being involved in tree planting and care. Scouting organizations (including Campfire Girls) were most often mentioned, but 4-H and Future Farmers of America were also involved in several communities. In a number of communities, local schools were identified as being involved in tree activities. Adult organizations that were frequently mentioned included civic clubs, men's and women's clubs, and garden clubs. A variety of local boards, committees, and departments were also listed, such as tree committees, beautification committees, and park districts.

The names and phone numbers of contacts for these organizations were provided to the Illinois State Department of Natural Resources, Division of Forestry for use in developing the state's urban forestry assistance program. For reasons of privacy, these names and phone numbers are not included in this report.

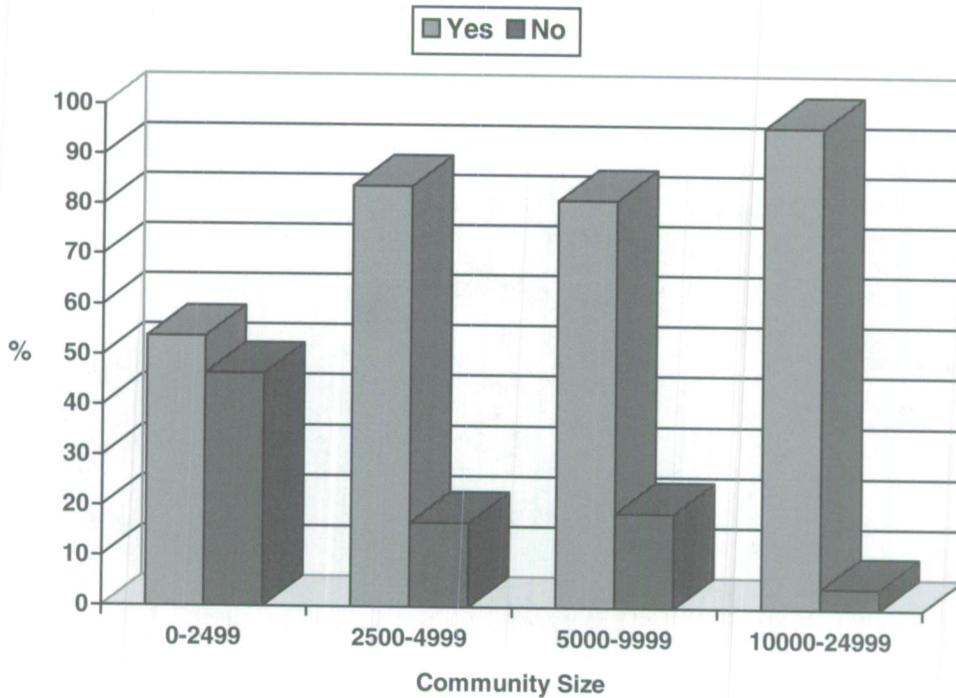
Willingness to Participate in Regional Activities

Question 17: "Would you or a representative of your community be willing to serve on a citizens advisory committee to promote community forestry in your region of the state? (yes or no)"



Overall, the respondents expressed a substantial willingness to serve on an advisory committee to promote community forestry in their region. Out of the 475 communities that responded to this question, 209 or 44 percent indicated that they were willing to serve on such a committee. Taking into account the 104 communities that did not respond to this question, it appears that 36 percent of the surveyed communities would be willing to participate on an advisory committee. There was a significant difference across the four size groups in their willingness to serve on a committee, with the smallest communities (less than 2500 population) being the least willing. Nevertheless, a substantial number (almost one third) of even these smallest communities would be willing to be part of an advisory committee.

Question 18: "Would you or a representative of your community be interested in attending a community forestry workshop if held in your region of the state? (yes or no)"

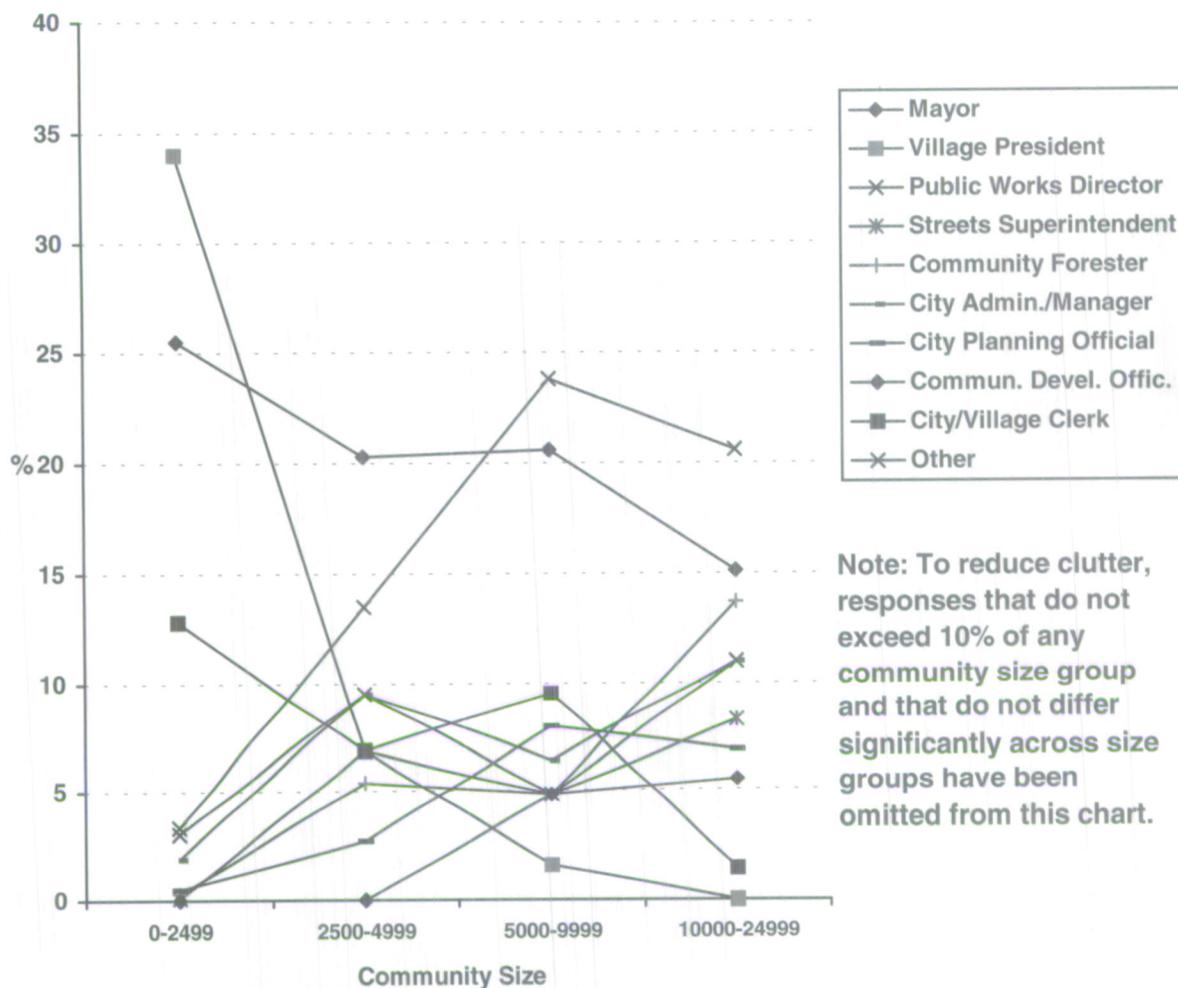


A large majority (67%) of the 506 communities that responded to this question indicated that they would be interested in attending a community forestry workshop in their region. Taking into account the 73 communities that did not respond to this question, it appears that 58 percent of the surveyed communities would be interested in attending a workshop. There was a significant difference across the community size groups, with the smallest communities being the least interested and the largest communities being the most interested in attending a community forestry workshop.

Question 19: "Name of person completing this survey; Title/relationship to community tree program; Phone number if needed for follow-up question."

The title or relationship to the local community tree program reported by each respondent was classified into one of the following categories.

- Mayor
- Village President
- Village Trustee
- Public Works Director
- Streets Superintendent
- Parks Director
- Community Forester/Arborist
- City Administrator/Manager
- City Planning Official
- Community Development Official
- City/Village Clerk
- Tree Committee member
- Other



It is quite notable that in 46 percent of the communities, it was the chief elected municipal official (either the mayor or the village president) who took the time to fill out the survey. The next most likely to fill out the survey were the city/village clerk (10%) and the public works director (9%).

There were significant differences across the community size groups in who filled out the survey. The survey was more likely to be filled out by the village president or the city/village clerk in the smallest communities (under 2500 in population) than in the larger communities. The mayor was also slightly more likely to fill out the survey in the smaller communities, but this difference was not statistically significant. The survey was more likely to be filled out by a public works director, streets superintendent, community forester, city administrator/manager, city planning official, or community development official in the larger communities than in the smaller communities.

The names and phone numbers of the respondents were requested in case the researchers needed to follow-up and seek additional information; and were provided to the Illinois State Department of Natural Resources, Division of Forestry for use in developing the state's urban forestry assistance program. For reasons of privacy, this information is not included in this report.

Additional Comments

Question 20: "Additional comments, ideas or suggestions are appreciated. Thank you."

The last question on the survey gave the respondents a chance to add any additional information or make whatever comments they pleased on the topics covered by the survey or on the survey itself. In addition, some of the respondents wrote in comments next to other questions on the survey to explain or expand upon their answers to those questions. Overall, 141 of the survey respondents wrote in additional comments under Question 20 or elsewhere on the survey.

The open-ended, written comments do not lend themselves to a statistical analysis, however they do provide some interesting insights into small community tree programs. The discussion below identifies several common themes that appeared in these written comments, illustrated by example quotations from the surveys.

The Importance of Trees:

Several respondents expressed their feelings about the importance or value of trees to themselves and their communities.

"We have lots of beautiful trees."

"Trees are a basic part of life."

"We love trees."

"We are really a "green village" because the residents care."

"I strongly agree with tree planting and have pushed the efforts the past 8 years."

Problems with Trees:

Some respondents described problems they are having with their trees.

"For several years, new construction has taken its toll on our tree population."

"We are continuing having trees to die since "The Flood of 93."

"Most of our trees are very old."

"Our town presently has a large number of Dutch Elm diseased trees."

"Large number of removals due to severe storm."

"The weather and the installation of sewers and water have been devastating to [our community's] trees. Many oaks and elms have died probably due to disease."

"Our biggest problems are planting of unsuitable trees (Silver Maples, Siberian Elms, etc.) and plantings above underground utilities or without adequate space."

Barriers to Tree Programs:

Several kinds of barriers were mentioned which make it difficult for a small community to carry out an effective tree program. These barriers include lack of funds; ...

"We are a small village and our budget doesn't have the money for the tree program."

"Our village is so small funds are very limited."

"Only problem is city does not have money to spend on trees."

"We operate on a very small budget ... We cannot afford a tree program."

lack of staff, time, and other resources; ...

"We have a lot of trees, but only one village employee. Not enough time to care for all the trees."

"I face so many EPA and water quality problems plus roads and sidewalks, I just don't have time to devote to this area."

"We love trees, but village doesn't own property enough nor have employees to have a tree program."

lack of support from community officials or the public; ...

"I feel we should get a program, but can't get council behind this project."

"I would very much like to adopt a tree program, but for general lack of interest by public officials and the public itself... City Council won't even deal with a tree planting and maintenance program along public right of ways."

and cumbersome procedures and restrictions that limit access to grants.

"Grants require a great deal of effort for small programs."

"The cut-off of 300 population minimum is too high to be of benefit to our village. We have less money to work with than many of the other villages, yet we are not allowed to participate because of our population."

"Tree grant programs very interesting, but lack of match funds and time prevent application."

"[Our community] would take advantage of some conservation grants for trees, but requirements for contracts make it more expensive for us than using municipal employees."

"Small towns need trees free of charge - without a lot of red tape."

"Any grant we have looked at needs small business entity to provide trees and their assistance in planning and maintenance."

Tree Program Needs:

Respondents identified a number of needs that they have in trying to start or develop their tree programs. Funding was one such need.

"We could use some funding for trees for our park which we have been working on."

"We are in desperate need of funding for private citizens relief in the removal of their trees as well as city owned trees. Also in the treatment for arresting the disease."

"We need help to obtain trees or funds to replace and plant new trees."

Several respondents were interested in grants as a source of funding.

"Small grants for small communities."

"We would like information on grants for tree programs."

"Would be very interested in any grants that are available for the planting of trees around the pond."

"I would like more information on how to apply for a tree grant."

Some described a need for assistance in obtaining and planting new trees.

"Would be nice to get 200 trees a year to raise and plant."

"After the [flood] clean up we would like to plant trees. We can use all kinds of help then."

"We would like some fir trees."

"It would be nice just to receive about 100 young trees to be planted around the village without a lot of red tape."

"After demolition of existing [flood damaged] buildings, we might be interested in a tree planting project, since no buildings can be put on the property after the buyout."

"We would rather see street trees made available at a reduced cost to municipalities that we purchase, plant and maintain - not through a grant or with any strings attached."

Others emphasized their needs for care and removal of existing trees.

"We need a shared program for tree removal and trimming. At the moment, that has moved ahead of new plantings as a priority."

"We see the need for improved communication between IDOC and communities regarding possible problems (i.e. disease, infestations, etc.)."

"Would like to see topping provision and authority to remove hazardous trees on private property included in tree ordinance."

"We have several trees that need to be taken down."

"Many oaks and elms have died probably due to disease. With a limited budget, we are seeking the services of a qualified arborist."

"We are in desperate need of funding for private citizens relief in the removal of their trees as well as city owned trees. Also in the treatment for arresting the disease."

A few respondents mentioned needs relating to education and public awareness of trees.

"We have many trees and hope to have workshops in tree management."

"Community needs to be educated on trees."

"I would like to know more about trees."

"We are having our 125th Celebration in 1997. I would like to put trees in our program somehow."

Current Practices and Activities:

The respondents provided many comments describing details of their communities' current practices and activities relating to public trees. Some of these comments related to the sources that provide them with trees.

"Trees have been donated by utility company and private volunteer groups."

"We have received trees through Illinois Power."

"Trees were donated by Eastern Illinois College and planted by teacher volunteers and students."

"[Our community] has been obtaining trees from a nursery at a nominal fee which are planted in the village each year."

"Illinois Power has provided approximately 2000 trees the past 4 years."

"We have a beautification committee that utilizes trees donated by Commonwealth Edison for upgrading various areas of the village. We also have had trees, shrubs and flowers donated and planted by developers, Scouts and Village Employees."

Several communities have programs for providing trees to community residents.

"We appropriate money each year for residents to obtain a tree for planting."

"We make available to our citizens a tree sale each year."

"Village offers free seedling trees with treeshelters to residents. Village plants these trees and residents care for after they're planted."

"Several years ago the village gave away oak trees for people to plant. ... A lot of these trees are doing quite well and I'm quite proud of them."

In small communities, the residents may share a large part of the responsibility for the community's trees.

"We have questions and concerns about the Village's obligations and maintenance and liabilities of trees planted between the sidewalk and street. As a village, we have maintained that it is the responsibility of the property owner to maintain these trees."

"We are a small community. Most homeowners tend to their trees and those on town property. We are a community that tries to work together to make our town work."

"Each resident plants and maintains the tree on their property and this has worked out well."

"Village plants these trees and residents care for after they're planted."

"We are a community of 31 people. We have no trees on public right of way (2 streets). All trees are on private property and individually maintained."

"We operate on a very small budget: therefore, most tree care is handled by private contractors or citizens."

In some cases, a single individual may make a major contribution to a community's tree program.

"The tree I planted was given to me and I now have 250 seedling which I am raising in pots to plant this fall."

"We have a new board in our town and two of the new trustees are "big" on trees. One of these two even owns a garden shop and plants trees for private residents, thus our interest in trees is high right now."

"[Our community] recently formed an Arbor Committee consisting of volunteers headed by [a local resident]. They are doing an outstanding job and we expect great things in the future."

On the other hand, some respondents indicated that trees simply are not a high priority in their communities at this time.

"Preparing for sewer installation, therefore will not be planting many trees until that project is resolved."

"The village has a very small park with 6 trees and no other public area. None of survey applies."

"We do not do any planting of public trees."

"We have no public trees."

"We do not care to get into the research or planting of trees."

The Role of State Government:

Even though a strong majority of the respondents agreed that state government should provide personnel and technical assistance to help communities with their tree programs (see question 2f.), a few of the respondents felt that state government should not be involved in trying to assist local communities in this way, ...

"Too many projects such as tree planting should be on the shoulders of the property owners instead of always expecting government to do it for them. The money eventually comes from the taxpayer."

"State has too many workers now - let municipalities take care of their problems."

"Tree programs should be up to the Village or City without cost to the State to keep taxes down. The State could have seminars on trees, but to have state employees go to all villages and cities at taxpayers expense is not required if the Village or City is run according to their means."

"I strongly believe that it is wrong to require someone from downstate ... to pay for tree programs in my town. That is what state funding does."

and one felt that surveys such as this one are a waste of resources.

"How many trees had to be cut down due to the paper wasted in government surveys?"

Appreciation:

Other communities, however, expressed appreciation for the assistance and cooperation they have received from the state, ...

"[Our city] receives a lot of assistance from [a state District Forester] and appreciates his works through the State level."

"Thank you for all of your help in the past."

"Illinois DOC has been very helpful in past. I hope to see this continue in to the future for the promotion of safe, healthy, beautiful urban forests."

"It has been a wonderful experience, receiving a grant and becoming a Tree City USA!"

"I strongly agree with tree planting and have pushed the efforts the past 8 years along with the help of Illinois Power company and the IDOC Foresters. We have great cooperation with [three individuals]."

and for the opportunity to participate in this survey.

"Thank you for this survey."

"Thanks for your interest. This is a subject which too little attention is given."

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APPENDIX 1

SURVEY, COVER LETTER, AND REMINDER POSTCARD



Illinois Department of Conservation

LINCOLN TOWER PLAZA • 524 SOUTH SECOND STREET • SPRINGFIELD 62701-1797 CHICAGO OFFICE • ROOM 4-300 • 100 WEST RANDOLPH • CHICAGO 60601

Brent Manning, Director

John W. Comerio, Deputy Director

Bruce F. Clay, Assistant Director

June, 1995

Dear Mayor/Village Board President:

Attached please find the 1995 Illinois Small Community Tree Program Survey. This survey will help establish information on the status of small community tree programs and the type of assistance that may be needed in the planting care and preservation of their public trees. The survey is being conducted by Western Illinois University with assistance from the Illinois Department of Conservation, Division of Forest Resources, the U.S. Forest Service and the Illinois Institute for Rural Affairs.

The information you provide will benefit communities in the future as it will help the Illinois Department of Conservation provide better community forestry assistance.

This survey should take approximately 5 to 10 minutes to complete with questions designed to be answered quickly with a simple check mark or a short fill in the blank. We recognize that many small communities do not have an established shade or street tree program or answers to some of the questions asked. Please respond to all the questions that you can as even partially completed surveys will provide useful information.

The person responsible for tree care activities in your community will normally be in the best position to respond to this survey. However, as some small communities may not have tree care duties assigned to a particular individual, a local elected official or municipal employee familiar with their community should have sufficient knowledge to answer the questions.

A postage paid, self-addressed envelope is included for the return of your survey. If you have any questions about this survey or need assistance in answering a question, please leave a message for Tim Howe or Dr. Tom Green, WIU Agriculture Department, at 309/298-1080 and they will return your call.

Thank you for helping us with information about your community.

Sincerely,

Stewart Pequignot, Chief
Division of Forest Resources

SP:amb

Printed on Recycled Paper

Figure A - 1. Survey Cover Letter.

1995 ILLINOIS SMALL COMMUNITY TREE PROGRAM SURVEY



INSTRUCTIONS

Please answer the following questions about your community's public trees and tree care program. Public trees are the shade and street trees that grow along the municipal right-of-way (often between the street and sidewalk, if present), in community parks (where there is no separate park district), community cemeteries, and around other municipal property. Private trees are on private property and information about private trees is not needed for this survey.

1. Name of your community and population

_____/_____
Name. Population

2. Please indicate the extent to which you agree or disagree with the following statements regarding your community's trees (circle one response per statement).

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
a. Public shade and street trees properly planted and cared for improve the appearance of a community.	5	4	3	2	1
b. Public shade and street trees are important for maintaining a healthy community environment.	5	4	3	2	1
c. Trees properly planted and maintained in business districts help to attract customers to the area.	5	4	3	2	1
d. Public shade and street trees properly planted and cared for enhance the quality of life in a community.	5	4	3	2	1
e. Municipal government should provide funding for:					
(a) the removal of hazardous trees to protect the public from harm.	5	4	3	2	1
(b) tree planting and maintenance to beautify the community.	5	4	3	2	1
(c) tree planting and maintenance to increase environmental health.	5	4	3	2	1
(d) tree planting and maintenance for economic enhancement.	5	4	3	2	1
f. State government should provide personnel and technical assistance to help communities develop and maintain shade and street tree programs.	5	4	3	2	1

Figure A - 2. Survey Page 1.

3. Does your community have a shade tree commission or board?

yes no

4. Does your community have a shade or street tree ordinance?

yes no

Note: Many Illinois communities adopted some form of tree ordinances during the 1950s and 1960s when the Dutch elm disease spread through the state.

If no, go to question #5.

If yes, does the ordinance include the following provisions?

a. List of recommended tree species

yes no don't know

b. Site requirements for planting public trees (e.g. parkway width, distance from intersections, overhead utilities, etc.)

yes no don't know

c. Requirement for citizens to obtain a permit or permission to plant trees on municipal property

yes no don't know

d. Section protecting public trees from construction damage (e.g. trenching through root systems, etc.)

yes no don't know

e. Section prohibiting the topping of public trees

yes no don't know

f. Section giving community the authority to require removal of infectious diseased trees on private property

yes no don't know

g. Section giving community the authority to require removal of trees located on private property which are determined to be hazardous to the public

yes no don't know

5. Do you have an estimate of the number of public trees there are in your community?

yes no

If no, go to question #6.

If yes, please answer the following:

a. How many public trees?

b. How was the number of trees determined? (Please check appropriate answer.)

___ Tree inventory

___ Educated guess

___ Other (please specify)

c. If your community has a public tree inventory, is it kept updated?

yes no

6. What is your best estimate of:

a. How many trees your community planted in

1993 _____ 1994 _____

(write 'NA' if information is unavailable)

b. How many trees your community removed in

1993 _____ 1994 _____

(write 'NA' if information is unavailable)

7. Do you have a municipal department or employee assigned responsibility for public trees for at least a portion of their job duties?

yes no

If no, go to question 8.

If yes, please answer the following:

a. What municipal departments have responsibility for public trees? (Please check all that apply.)

___ Public Works Department

___ Streets & Sanitation Department

___ Parks & Recreation Department

___ Forestry Department

___ Other (please give name)

Figure A - 3. Survey Page 2.



b. Who is the individual with principal responsibility for public tree management and care? (Please check all that apply.)

- Public Works Director
- Street Superintendent
- Parks Director
- City/Community Forester or Arborist
- City Administrator/Manager
- City Planner
- Community Development Coordinator
- City/Village Clerk
- Elected Public Official (please give title) _____
- Other (please specify) _____

c. What portion of his/her job is devoted to working with trees? (Please check appropriate answer.)

- Greater than 50%
- Between 25% and 50%
- Between 5% and 25%
- Less than 5%

d. What is the level of training for the municipal employee with principal responsibility for public tree management and care? (Please check all that apply.)

- College degree in forestry, horticulture, biology, park management or related field
- Two year technical degree
- ISA Certified Arborist
- IAA Certified Tree Worker
- Training through commercial tree service
- Attendance at tree care workshops
- No structured training in tree care
- Other _____

8. How are the following public tree care services provided to your community? (Please check all that apply.)

	Municipal Employees	Private Contractor	Utility Company	Community Volunteers	Not Provided
Tree planting					
Tree care:					
Watering & mulching					
Pruning on request					
Pruning on cyclic basis					
Pest control					
Removal					
Storm cleanup					
Community education					
Recycling of landscape waste					

9. Does your community keep a record of annual expenditures related to public tree planting and care?

- yes no
 If no, go to question #10.

If yes, please answer the following: (If you have information for FY93 and it is easier to use, designate that the amounts are for 1993. If the amount given is an estimate, write "EST" after the amount. If no funds were spent in a particular category, write "NONE". If information for a particular item is not known, write "NA".)

Total annual municipal budget for your community in FY94

\$ _____

Amount expended for public tree planting in FY94

\$ _____

Amount expended for public tree care (watering, mulching, fertilizing, pruning, etc.) in FY94

\$ _____

Amount expended for public tree removal in FY94

\$ _____

Amount expended for municipal employee tree care training in FY94

\$ _____

Amount expended for community education regarding proper tree planting and care in FY94

\$ _____

Figure A - 4. Survey Page 3.

10. Are you aware of the state and federal grant funding opportunities available for local community tree programs?

yes no

11. Since 1992, has your community applied for any of the local community tree program grant funds available through the state and federal government?

yes no

If no, go to question #12.

If yes, please answer the following:

a. What grant program did you apply for? (Check all that apply.)

- Urban and Community Forestry Assistance program
- U.S. Small Business Administration Tree Planting Initiative
- Other (please name grant program) _____

b. Who provided the technical assistance to prepare the grant application (check all that apply)?

- Municipal employee
- District Forester
- Cooperative Extension Service
- Regional Planning Council
- Regional Forestry Council
- Private consulting arborist or forester
- Other (please specify) _____

c. Did your community obtain a grant?

yes no

If no, please answer the following:

d. How do you feel your community could be more successful in obtaining a grant? (Check all that apply.)

- Seek feedback on how to improve previously submitted grant applications which were not funded
- Seek professional technical assistance to prepare the grant application
- Organize better locally before submitting grant application
- Other _____

12. Do you have any annual community festivals or events where trees would be considered of value?

yes no

If yes, please check all that apply.

- Arbor Day tree planting ceremony
- Spring flowering tree festival or event
- Shade for a summer community festival or event
- Fall tree color festival or event
- Public Christmas tree decorations
- Other (please specify) _____

13. Is your community a Tree City USA?

yes no

If no, would you be interested in receiving some information and assistance about becoming a Tree City USA community?

yes no



Figure A - 5. Survey Page 4.

14. Are you aware of any particular problem your community is experiencing with it's trees?

yes no

If yes, please check all that apply.

- Lack of citizens' support for tree planting
- Lack of community officials' support for tree planting
- Poor survival of newly planted trees
- Loss of mature trees to construction/development
- Insect or disease problems
- Hazardous trees
- Trees growing into utility lines
- Other _____

15. Would your community like assistance to initiate or further develop your local tree program?

yes no

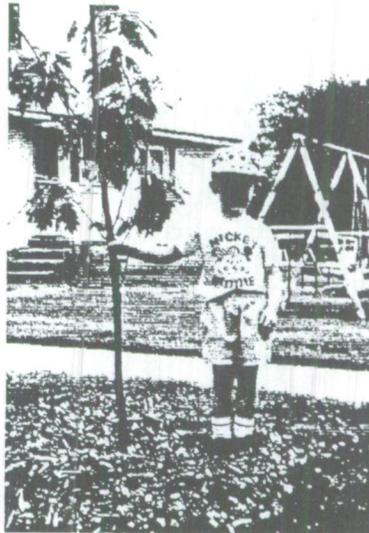
If yes, what type of assistance is needed by your community? (Check all that apply.)

- Periodic free access to a trained community forester
- Assistance in drafting a tree ordinance appropriate for a community your size
- Assistance in conducting an inventory of your community's existing trees and vacant tree planting spaces
- Assistance in identifying hazardous public trees which may pose a safety and liability risk
- Training workshops for public employees or community volunteers in the proper selection, planting and care of trees
- Assistance in applying for community forestry grant funds available through the state and federal government
- Other _____

16. Are there any citizens' or youth organizations in your community or county which promote tree planting and care?

yes no

If yes, what are the organizations' names and, if convenient, the name and phone number of their contact person?



17. Would you or a representative of your community be willing to serve on a citizens advisory committee to promote community forestry in your region of the state?

yes no

18. Would you or a representative of your community be interested in attending a community forestry workshop if held in your region of the state?

yes no

19. Name of person completing this survey

Title/relationship to community tree program

Phone number if needed for follow-up question

Area code: _____ - _____ - _____

20. Additional comments, ideas or suggestions are appreciated. Thank you.

Figure A - 6. Survey Page 5.

Recently a second copy of the 1995 Illinois Small Community Tree Program Survey was mailed to you asking questions about your public trees and tree care program.

The information you can provide will help the Illinois Department of Natural Resources provide better community forestry assistance in the future.

Please take a moment to complete and return the survey. If you have already returned the survey, your assistance is much appreciated.

Thank you for helping us with information about your community.

Sincerely,

Tim Howe

Timothy J. Howe
Community Forester
Agriculture Department
Western Illinois University



Figure A - 7. Reminder Postcard.

APPENDIX 2

LIST OF ALL INCORPORATED ILLINOIS
COMMUNITIES WITH POPULATIONS
LESS THAN 25,000

*Communities listed in bold completed
and returned the survey.*

APPENDIX 2.1

Incorporated Illinois Communities
With 1990 Census Populations Less Than 2,500

Total number of communities: 867

Total population: 627,868

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Addieville	Washington	257
Adeline	Ogle	141
Albany	Whiteside	835
Albers	Clinton	716
Albion	Edwards	2,116
Alexis	Mercer and Warren	908
Alhambra	Madison	709
Allendale	Wabash	476
Allenville	Moultrie	166
Allerton	Champaign and Vermilion	274
Alma	Marion	388
Alpha	Henry	753
Alsey	Scott	253
Altamont	Effingham	2,296
Alto Pass	Union	417
Altona	Knox	559
Alvin	Vermilion	339
Amboy	Lee	2,377
Anchor	McLean	178
Andalusia	Rock Island	1,052
Andover	Henry	579
Annawan	Henry	802
Apple River	Jo Daviess	414
Arenzville	Cass	432
Argenta	Macon	940
Arlington	Bureau	200
Armington	Tazewell	348
Aroma Park	Kankakee	690
Arrowsmith	McLean	313
Arthur	Moultrie and Douglas	2,112
Ashkum	Iroquois	650
Ashland	Cass	1,257
Ashley	Washington	583
Ashmore	Coles	800
Ashton	Lee	1,042
Assumption	Christian	1,244

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Astoria	Fulton	1,205
Athens	Menard	1,404
Atkinson	Henry	950
Atlanta	Logan	1,616
Atwood	Douglas and Piatt	1,253
Augusta	Hancock	614
Ava	Jackson	674
Aviston	Clinton	1,042
Avon	Fulton	957
Baldwin	Randolph	436
Banner	Fulton	160
Bannockburn	Lake	1,388
Bardolph	McDonough	301
Barry	Pike	1,391
Bartelso	Clinton	458
Basco	Hancock	99
Batchtown	Calhoun	225
Bath	Mason	388
Bay View Gardens	Woodford	418
Baylis	Pike	257
Beaverville	Iroquois	278
Beckemeyer	Clinton	1,082
Bedford Park	Cook	566
Beecher	Will	2,032
Beecher	Effingham	437
Belgium	Vermilion	511
Belknap	Johnson	125
Belle Prairie	Hamilton	64
Belle Rive	Jefferson	396
Bellevue	Peoria	1,491
Bellflower	McLean	405
Bellmont	Wabash	271
Bement	Piatt	1,668
Benld	Macoupin	1,604
Benson	Woodford	410
Bentley	Hancock	36
Berlin	Sangamon	180
Bethany	Moultrie	1,369
Biggsville	Henderson	349
Bingham	Fayette	98
Birds	Lawrence	160
Bishop Hill	Henry	131
Blandinsville	McDonough	762
Blue Mound	Macon	1,161
Bluffs	Scott	774

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Bluford	Jefferson	747
Bondville	Champaign	446
Bone Gap	Edwards	271
Bonfield	Kankakee	299
Bonnie	Jefferson	411
Bowen	Hancock	462
Braceville	Grundy	587
Bradford	Stark	678
Bridgeport	Lawrence	2,118
Brighton	Jersey and Macoupin	2,270
Brimfield	Peoria	797
Broadlands	Champaign	340
Broadwell	Logan	146
Brocton	Edgar	322
Brooklyn	St. Clair	1,144
Brookport	Massac	1,081
Broughton	Hamilton	218
Browning	Schuyler	193
Browns	Edwards	207
Brownstown	Fayette	668
Brussels	Calhoun	125
Bryant	Fulton	273
Buckingham	Kankakee	340
Buckley	Iroquois	557
Buckner	Franklin	478
Buda	Bureau	563
Buffalo	Sangamon	503
Bull Valley	McHenry	574
Bulpitt	Christian	206
Buncombe	Johnson	208
Bunker Hill	Macoupin	1,722
Bureau Junction	Bureau	350
Burlington	Kane	400
Burnt Prairie	White	71
Bush	Williamson	351
Butler	Montgomery	156
Byron	Ogle	2,284
Cabery	Kankakee and Ford	268
Calhoun	Richland	232
Camargo	Douglas	372
Cambria	Williamson	1,230
Cambridge	Henry	2,124
Camden	Schuyler	115
Camp Point	Adams	1,230
Campbell Hill	Jackson	351

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Campus	Livingston	137
Cantrall	Sangamon	123
Capron	Boone	682
Carbon Cliff	Rock Island	1,492
Carbon Hill	Grundy	362
Carlock	McLean	418
Carrier Mills	Saline	1,991
Catlin	Vermilion	2,173
Cave-In-Rock	Hardin	381
Cedar Point	La Salle	275
Cedarville	Stephenson	751
Central City	Marion	1,390
Cerro Gordo	Piatt	1,436
Chadwick	Carroll	557
Chandlerville	Cass	689
Chapin	Morgan	632
Chatsworth	Livingston	1,186
Chebance	Kankakee and Iroquois	1,082
Chenoa	McLean	1,732
Cherry	Bureau	516
Cherry Valley	Winnebago	1,615
Chesterfield	Macoupin	230
Chrisman	Edgar	1,136
Cisco	Piatt	282
Cisne	Wayne	645
Cissna Park	Iroquois	805
Claremont	Richland	256
Clay	Clay	929
Clayton	Adams	726
Clear Lake	Sangamon	193
Cleveland	Henry	283
Clifton	Iroquois	1,347
Coalton	Montgomery	359
Coatsburg	Adams	201
Cobden	Union	1,090
Coffeen	Montgomery	736
Colchester	McDonough	1,645
Coleta	Whiteside	154
Colfax	McLean	854
Colona	Henry	2,237
Colp	Williamson	235
Columbus	Adams	88
Compton	Lee	343
Concord	Morgan	172
Congerville	Woodford	397

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Cooksville	McLean	211
Cordova	Rock Island	638
Cornell	Livingston	556
Cortland	DeKalb	963
Coulterville	Randolph	984
Cowden	Shelby	599
Crainville	Williamson	1,019
Creal Springs	Williamson	791
Crescent City	Iroquois	541
Creston	Ogle	535
Crossville	White	805
Cuba	Fulton	1,440
Cullom	Livingston	568
Cutler	Perry	523
Cypress	Johnson	275
Dahlgren	Hamilton	512
Dakota	Stephenson	549
Dallas	Henderson and Hancock	1,037
Dalton City	Moultrie	573
Dalzell	La Salle and Bureau	587
Damiansville	Clinton	379
Dana	La Salle	165
Danforth	Iroquois	457
Danvers	McLean	981
Davis	Stephenson	541
Davis Junction	Ogle	246
Dawson	Sangamon	536
De Land	Piatt	458
De Pue	Bureau	1,729
De Soto	Jackson	1,534
De Witt	De Witt	122
Deer Creek	Woodford and Tazewell	630
Deer Grove	Whiteside	44
Delavan	Tazewell	1,642
Detroit	Pike	126
Diamond	Will and Grundy	1,077
Dieterich	Effingham	568
Divernon	Sangamon	1,178
Dix	Jefferson	456
Dongola	Union	728
Donnellson	Bond and Montgomery	167
Donovan	Iroquois	361
Dorchester	Macoupin	145
Dover	Bureau	163
Dowell	Jackson	465

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Downs	McLean	620
Du Bois	Washington	216
Dunfermline	Fulton	259
Dunlap	Peoria	851
Durand	Winnebago	1,100
Eagarville	Macoupin	127
Earlville	La Salle	1,435
East Brooklyn	Grundy	80
East Cape Girardeau	Alexander	451
East Carondelet	St. Clair	630
East Dubuque	Jo Daviess	1,914
East Galesburg	Knox	813
East Gillespie	Macoupin	205
East Hazel Crest	Cook	1,570
Easton	Mason	351
Eddyville	Pope	151
Edgewood	Effingham	502
Edinburg	Christian	982
El Dara	Pike	94
El Paso	Woodford	2,499
Elburn	Kane	1,275
Eldred	Greene	254
Elizabeth	Jo Daviess	700
Elizabethtown	Hardin	427
Elkhart	Logan	475
Elkville	Jackson	958
Elliott	Ford	309
Ellis Grove	Randolph	353
Ellisville	Fulton	116
Ellsworth	McLean	224
Elmwood	Peoria	1,841
Elsah	Jersey	851
Elvaston	Hancock	198
Elwood	Will	951
Emden	Logan	459
Emmington	Livingston	135
Energy	Williamson	1,106
Enfield	White	683
Equality	Gallatin	748
Erie	Whiteside	1,572
Essex	Kankakee	482
Evansville	Randolph	844
Ewing	Franklin	264
Exeter	Scott	59
Fairmont	Madison and St. Clair	2,140

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Fairmount	Vermilion	678
Fairview	Fulton	510
Farina	Marion and Fayette	575
Farmer	De Witt	2,114
Farmersville	Montgomery	698
Fayetteville	St. Clair	371
Ferris	Hancock	177
Fidelity	Jersey	127
Fieldon	Jersey	277
Fillmore	Montgomery	326
Findlay	Shelby	787
Fisher	Champaign	1,561
Fithian	Vermilion	512
Flanagan	Livingston	1,051
Flat Rock	Crawford	421
Florence	Pike	45
Foosland	Champaign	132
Forest	Mason	321
Forest View	Cook	743
Forrest	Livingston	1,124
Forreston	Ogle	1,361
Forsyth	Macon	1,275
Fox River Valley Gardens	Lake and McHenry	1,231
Franklin	Morgan	634
Franklin Grove	Lee	968
Freeman Spur	Williamson and Franklin	290
Fults	Monroe	74
Galatia	Saline	983
Gardner	Grundy	1,237
Garrett	Douglas	169
Gays	Moultrie	237
German Valley	Stephenson	480
Germantown	Clinton	1,167
Germantown Hills	Woodford	1,195
Gifford	Champaign	845
Gilberts	Kane	987
Gilman	Iroquois	1,816
Girard	Macoupin	2,164
Gladstone	Henderson	270
Glasford	Peoria	1,115
Glasgow	Scott	163
Godley	Grundy and Will	322
Golconda	Pope	823
Golden	Adams	565
Golden Gate	Wayne	71

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Golf	Cook	454
Good Hope	McDonough	416
Goodfield	Tazewell and Woodford	454
Goreville	Johnson	872
Gorham	Jackson	290
Grafton	Jersey	918
Grand Ridge	La Salle	560
Grand Tower	Jackson	775
Grandview	Sangamon	1,647
Grant Park	Kankakee	1,024
Grantfork	Madison	273
Granville	Putnam	1,407
Grayville	Edwards and White	2,043
Green Oaks	Lake	2,101
Green Valley	Tazewell	745
Greenfield	Greene	1,162
Greenup	Cumberland	1,616
Greenview	Menard	848
Gridley	McLean	1,304
Griggsville	Pike	1,218
Gulf Port	Henderson	209
Hainesville	Lake	134
Hamburg	Calhoun	150
Hamel	Madison	530
Hamlettsburg	Pope	85
Hammond	Piatt	527
Hampshire	Kane	1,843
Hampton	Rock Island	1,601
Hanaford	Franklin	380
Hanna City	Peoria	1,205
Hanover	Jo Daviess	908
Hardin	Calhoun	1,071
Harmon	Lee	186
Harristown	Macon	1,319
Hartford	Madison	1,676
Hartsburg	Logan	306
Harvel	Christian and Montgomery	213
Hebron	McHenry	809
Hecker	Monroe	534
Henderson	Knox	290
Hennepin	Putnam	669
Henning	Vermilion	273
Herrick	Shelby	466
Herscher	Kankakee	1,278
Hettick	Macoupin	211

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Heyworth	McLean	1,629
Hidalgo	Jasper	122
Hillcrest	Ogle	828
Hillsdale	Rock Island	489
Hillview	Greene	271
Hinckley	DeKalb	1,682
Hindsboro	Douglas	346
Hodgkins	Cook	1,963
Hoffman	Clinton	492
Holiday Hills	McHenry	807
Hollowayville	Bureau	37
Homer	Champaign	1,264
Hooppole	Henry	196
Hopedale	Tazewell	805
Hopewell	Marshall	343
Hopkins Park	Kankakee	601
Hoyleton	Washington	508
Hudson	McLean	1,006
Huey	Clinton	210
Hull	Pike	514
Humboldt	Coles	470
Hume	Edgar	406
Huntley	McHenry	2,453
Hurst	Williamson	842
Hutsonville	Crawford	622
Illiopolis	Sangamon	934
Ina	Jefferson	489
Indian Creek	Lake	247
Indianola	Vermilion	336
Industry	McDonough	571
Iola	Clay	163
Ipava	Fulton	483
Iroquois	Iroquois	199
Irving	Montgomery	516
Irvington	Washington	827
Irwin	Kankakee	89
Iuka	Marion	388
Ivesdale	Piatt and Champaign	339
Jeffersonville	Wayne	311
Jeiseyville	Christian	126
Jerome	Sangamon	1,206
Jewett	Cumberland	194
Johnsburg	McHenry	1,529
Johnsonville	Wayne	68
Jonesboro	Union	1,786

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Joppa	Massac	492
Joy	Mercer	452
Junction	Marion	539
Junction	Gallatin	201
Kampsville	Calhoun	399
Kane	Greene	456
Kangley	La Salle	250
Kansas	Edgar	887
Kappa	Woodford	134
Karnak	Pulaski	581
Kaskaskia	Randolph	32
Keenes	Wayne	62
Keensburg	Wabash	238
Keithsburg	Mercer	747
Kell	Marion	213
Kempton	Ford	219
Kenilworth	Cook	2,402
Kenney	De Witt	390
Keyesport	Bond and Clinton	440
Kilbourne	Mason	350
Kildeer	Lake	2,291
Kincaid	Christian	1,353
Kinderhook	Pike	257
Kingston	DeKalb	562
Kingston Mines	Peoria	293
Kinmundy	Marion	879
Kinsman	Grundy	112
Kirkland	DeKalb	1,011
Kirkwood	Warren	884
La Fayette	Stark	231
La Harpe	Hancock	1,407
La Moille	Bureau	654
La Prairie	Adams	68
La Rose	Marshall	130
Lacon	Marshall	1,986
Ladd	Bureau	1,283
Lakemoor	Lake and McHenry	1,165
Lakewood	McHenry	1,609
Lanark	Carroll	1,382
Latham	Logan	482
Lee	DeKalb and Lee	319
Leaf River	Ogle	546
Leland	La Salle	862
Leland Grove	Sangamon	1,626
Lenzburg	St. Clair	510

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Leonore	La Salle	134
Lerna	Coles	301
Lexington	McLean	1,810
Liberty	Adams	541
Lily Lake	Kane	542
Lima	Adams	120
Lisbon	Kendall	216
Little York	Warren	349
Littleton	Schuyler	181
Liverpool	Fulton	129
Livingston	Madison	928
Loami	Sangamon	802
Loda	Iroquois	390
Lomax	Henderson	473
London Mills	Knox and Fulton	485
Long Creek	Macon	1,250
Long Point	Livingston	210
Longview	Champaign	180
Lorraine	Adams	331
Lostant	La Salle	510
Louisville	Clay	1,098
Lovington	Moultrie	1,143
Ludlow	Champaign	323
Lyndon	Whiteside	615
Lynnville	Morgan	125
Macedonia	Franklin and Hamilton	58
Mackinaw	Tazewell	1,331
Macon	Macon	1,282
Maeystown	Monroe	116
Magnolia	Putnam	261
Makanda	Jackson	404
Malden	Bureau	370
Malta	DeKalb	865
Manchester	Scott	347
Manhattan	Will	2,059
Manito	Mason	1,711
Manlius	Bureau	365
Mansfield	Piatt	929
Maple Park	DeKalb and Kane	641
Mapleton	Peoria	216
Maquon	Knox	331
Marietta	Fulton	142
Marine	Madison	972
Marissa	St. Clair	2,375
Mark	Putnam	391

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Maroa	Macon	1,597
Martinsville	Clark	1,161
Martinton	Iroquois	299
Mason	Mason	2,444
Mason	Effingham	387
Matherville	Mercer	708
Maunie	White	155
Mazon	Grundy	764
McCook	Cook	263
McCullom Lake	McHenry	1,033
McLean	McLean	819
McNabb	Putnam	310
Mechanicsburg	Sangamon	538
Media	Henderson	146
Medora	Macoupin	420
Melvin	Ford	466
Mendon	Adams	854
Menominee	Jo Daviess	187
Meredosia	Morgan	1,134
Merrionette Park	Cook	2,065
Metcalf	Edgar	227
Mettawa	Lake	348
Middletown	Logan	436
Milford	Iroquois	1,512
Mill Creek	Union	87
Mill Shoals	Wayne and White	247
Milledgeville	Carroll	1,076
Millington	La Salle and Kendall	470
Milton	Pike	270
Mineral	Bureau	250
Minier	Tazewell	1,155
Minonk	Woodford	1,982
Modesto	Macoupin	240
Monee	Will	1,044
Montrose	Cumberland and Effingham	306
Morrisonville	Christian	1,113
Mound	Pulaski	765
Mound Station	Brown	147
Mounds	Pulaski	1,407
Mount Auburn	Christian	544
Mount Carroll	Carroll	1,726
Mount Clare	Macoupin	297
Mount Erie	Wayne	137
Mount Olive	Macoupin	2,126
Mount Pulaski	Logan	1,610

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Mount Sterling	Brown	1,922
Moweaqua	Christian and Shelby	1,785
Muddy	Saline	87
Mulberry Grove	Bond	660
Muncie	Vermilion	182
Murrayville	Morgan	673
Naplate	La Salle	609
Naples	Scott	130
Nason	Jefferson	235
National City	St. Clair	57
Nauvoo	Hancock	1,108
Nebo	Pike	402
Nelson	Lee	200
Neoga	Cumberland	1,678
Neponset	Bureau	529
New Athens	St. Clair	2,010
New Bedford	Bureau	99
New Berlin	Sangamon	797
New Boston	Mercer	620
New Burnside	Johnson	259
New Canton	Pike	405
New Douglas	Madison	387
New Grand Chain	Pulaski	273
New Haven	Gallatin	459
New Holland	Logan	330
New Millford	Winnebago	463
New Minden	Washington	219
New Salem	Pike	147
Newark	Kendall	840
Newman	Douglas	960
Niantic	Macon	647
Nilwood	Macoupin	238
Noble	Richland	756
Nora	Jo Daviess	162
Norris	White	1,341
Norris	Fulton	212
North	Franklin	538
North Barrington	Lake	1,787
North Henderson	Mercer	184
North Pekin	Tazewell	1,556
North Utica	La Salle	848
Norwood	Peoria	495
Oak Grove	Rock Island	626
Oakbrook Terrace	DuPage	2,251
Oakdale	Washington	211

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Oakford	Menard	246
Oakland	Coles	996
Oakwood	Vermilion	1,533
Oakwood Hills	McHenry	1,676
Oblong	Crawford	1,616
Oconee	Shelby	201
Odell	Livingston	1,030
Odin	Marion	1,150
Ogden	Champaign	671
Ohio	Bureau	502
Ohlman	Montgomery	136
Okawville	Washington	1,274
Old Mill Creek	Lake	73
Old Ripley	Bond	95
Old Shawneetown	Gallatin	356
Olmsted	Pulaski	358
Omaha	Gallatin	273
Onarga	Iroquois	1,281
Oneida	Knox	723
Oquawka	Henderson	1,442
Orangeville	Stephenson	581
Oreana	Macon	847
Orient	Franklin	428
Orion	Henry	1,821
Otterville	Jersey	115
Owaneco	Christian	260
Palestine	Crawford	1,619
Palmer	Christian	275
Palmyra	Macoupin	722
Panama	Bond and Montgomery	339
Panola	Woodford	43
Papineau	Iroquois	142
Parkersburg	Richland	211
Patoka	Marion	656
Paw Paw	Lee	791
Pawnee	Sangamon	2,384
Payson	Adams	1,114
Pearl	Pike	177
Pearl	Stephenson	670
Pecatonica	Winnebago	1,760
Percy	Randolph	925
Perry	Pike	491
Pesotum	Champaign	558
Petersburg	Menard	2,261
Phillipstown	White	48

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Philo	Champaign	1,028
Phoenix	Cook	2,217
Pierron	Madison and Bond	554
Pingree Grove	Kane	138
Piper	Ford	756
Pittsburg	Williamson	602
Plainville	Adams	261
Pleasant Hill	Pike	1,030
Pleasant Plains	Sangamon	701
Plymouth	McDonough and Hancock	521
Pocahontas	Bond	837
Pontoosuc	Hancock	264
Poplar Grove	Boone	743
Port Byron	Rock Island	1,002
Potomac	Vermilion	753
Prairie City	McDonough	497
Prairie Grove	McHenry	654
Prairie du Rocher	Randolph	602
Princeville	Peoria	1,421
Prophetstown	Whiteside	1,793
Pulaski	Pulaski	361
Radom	Washington	174
Raleigh	Saline	340
Ramsey	Fayette	975
Rankin	Vermilion	619
Ransom	La Salle	438
Rapids	Rock Island	932
Raritan	Henderson	146
Raymond	Montgomery	820
Reddick	Livingston and Kankakee	208
Redmon	Edgar	201
Reynolds	Mercer and Rock Island	583
Richmond	McHenry	1,016
Richview	Washington	307
Ridge Farm	Vermilion	939
Ridgway	Gallatin	1,103
Ridott	Stephenson	156
Ringwood*	McHenry	520
Rio	Knox	260
Ripley	Brown	103
Roanoke	Woodford	1,910
Roberts	Ford	397
Rock City	Stephenson	286

* Ringwood is a new village 1st incorporated in November, 1994.

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Rockbridge	Greene	212
Rockdale	Will	1,717
Rockwood	Randolph	45
Roodhouse	Greene	2,139
Roscoe	Winnebago	2,079
Rose Hill	Jasper	78
Roseville	Warren	1,151
Rosiclare	Hardin	1,378
Rossville	Vermilion	1,334
Round Lake Heights	Lake	1,251
Roxana	Madison	1,562
Royal	Champaign	217
Royal Lakes	Macoupin	272
Royalton	Franklin	1,191
Ruma	Randolph	256
Russellville	Lawrence	133
Rutland	La Salle	391
Sadorus	Champaign	469
Sailor Springs	Clay	136
San Jose	Logan and Mason	666
Sandoval	Marion	1,535
Sauget	St. Clair	197
Saunemin	Livingston	399
Sawyerville	Macoupin	312
Saybrook	McLean	767
Scales Mound	Jo Daviess	388
Schram City	Montgomery	692
Sciota	McDonough	68
Scottville	Macoupin	165
Seaton	Mercer	221
Seatonville	Bureau	259
Secor	Woodford	389
Seneca	Grundy and La Salle	1,934
Sesser	Franklin	2,087
Shabbona	DeKalb	897
Shannon	Carroll	887
Shawneetown	Gallatin	1,575
Sheffield	Bureau	951
Sheldon	Iroquois	1,109
Sheridan	La Salle	1,806
Sherman	Sangamon	2,080
Sherrard	Mercer	697
Shipman	Macoupin	624
Shumway	Effingham	243
Sibley	Ford	359

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Sidell	Vermilion	584
Sidney	Champaign	1,027
Sigel	Shelby	344
Simpson	Johnson	61
Sims	Wayne	338
Smithboro	Bond	201
Smithfield	Fulton	277
Smithton	St. Clair	1,587
Somonauk	La Salle and DeKalb	1,263
Sorento	Bond	596
South Pekin	Tazewell	1,184
South Roxana	Madison	1,961
South Wilmington	Grundy	698
Southern View	Sangamon	1,906
Sparland	Marshall	412
Spaulding	Sangamon	440
Spillertown	Williamson	249
Spring Bay	Woodford	439
Spring Grove	McHenry	1,066
Springerton	White	166
St. Anne	Kankakee	1,153
St. Augustine	Knox	151
St. David	Fulton	603
St. Elmo	Fayette	1,475
St. Francisville	Lawrence	851
St. Jacob	Madison	752
St. Johns	Perry	262
St. Joseph	Champaign	2,052
St. Libory	St. Clair	525
St. Peter	Fayette	353
Standard	Putnam	260
Standard City	Macoupin	128
Stanford	McLean	648
Ste. Marie	Jasper	281
Steeleville	Randolph	2,059
Steward	Lee	282
Stewardson	Shelby	660
Stillman Valley	Ogle	848
Stockton	Jo Daviess	1,871
Stonefort	Saline and Williamson	311
Stonington	Christian	1,006
Stoy	Crawford	135
Strasburg	Shelby	473
Strawn	Livingston	132
Stronghurst	Henderson	799

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Sublette	Lee	394
Sugar Grove	Kane	2,005
Summerfield	St. Clair	509
Sumner	Lawrence	1,083
Sun River Terrace	Kankakee	532
Symerton	Will	110
Table Grove	Fulton	408
Tallula	Menard	624
Tamaroa	Perry	780
Tamms	Alexander	748
Tampico	Whiteside	833
Taylor Springs	Montgomery	670
Tennessee	McDonough	127
Teutopolis	Effingham	1,417
Thawville	Iroquois	241
Thayer	Sangamon	730
Thebes	Alexander	461
Third Lake	Lake	1,248
Thomasboro	Champaign	1,250
Thompsonville	Franklin	602
Thomson	Carroll	538
Tilden	Randolph	919
Time	Pike	36
Tiskilwa	Bureau	830
Toledo	Cumberland	1,199
Toluca	Marshall	1,315
Tonica	La Salle	715
Topeka	Mason	93
Toulon	Stark	1,328
Tovey	Christian	533
Towanda	McLean	543
Tower Hill	Shelby	601
Tower Lakes	Lake	1,333
Tremont	Tazewell	2,088
Trenton	Clinton	2,481
Troy Grove	La Salle	259
Ullin	Pulaski	402
Union	McHenry	542
Union Hill	Kankakee	70
Ursa	Adams	506
Valier	Franklin	708
Valley	Pike	23
Valmeyer	Monroe	897
Varna	Marshall	405
Venedy	Washington	158

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Vergennes	Jackson	314
Vermilion	Edgar	283
Vermont	Fulton	806
Vernon	Marion	207
Verona	Grundy	242
Versailles	Brown	480
Victoria	Knox	299
Vienna	Johnson	1,446
Viola	Mercer	964
Virgil	Kane	319
Virginia	Cass	1,767
Volo	Lake	193
Wadsworth	Lake	1,826
Waggoner	Montgomery	221
Walnut	Bureau	1,463
Walnut Hill	Marion	133
Walshville	Montgomery	69
Waltonville	Jefferson	396
Wamac	Washington, Clinton, and Marion	1,501
Wapella	De Witt	696
Warren	Jo Daviess	1,550
Warrensburg	Macon	1,274
Warsaw	Hancock	1,882
Washburn	Marshall and Woodford	1,075
Wataga	Knox	879
Waterman	DeKalb	1,074
Watson	Effingham	646
Waverly	Morgan	1,402
Wayne	DuPage and Kane	1,524
Wayne City	Wayne	1,099
Waynesville	De Witt	518
Weldon	De Witt	415
Wellington	Iroquois	294
Wenona	La Salle and Marshall	950
Wenonah	Montgomery	40
West City	Franklin	747
West Brooklyn	Lee	164
West Point	Hancock	214
West Salem	Edwards	1,042
Westfield	Clark	676
Wheeler	Jasper	161
White	Macoupin	229
Whiteash	Williamson	249
Williamsfield	Knox	571
Williamson	Madison	278

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Williamsville	Sangamon	1,140
Willisville	Perry	577
Willow Hill	Jasper	268
Wilmington	Will	129
Wilsonville	Macoupin	609
Winchester	Scott	1,769
Windsor	Shelby	1,143
Windsor	Mercer	774
Winnebago	Winnebago	1,840
Winslow	Stephenson	317
Witt	Montgomery	980
Wonder Lake	McHenry	1,024
Woodhull	Henry	808
Woodland	Iroquois	313
Woodlawn	Jefferson	582
Woodson	Morgan	472
Worden	Madison	896
Wyanet	Bureau	1,017
Wyoming	Stark	1,462
Xenia	Clay	424
Yale	Jasper	94
Yates	Knox	760
Zeigler	Franklin	1,746

APPENDIX 2.2

Incorporated Illinois Communities With 1990 Census Populations Between 2,500 and 4,999

Total number of communities: 133

Total population: 478,072

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Abingdon	Knox	3,597
Aledo	Mercer	3,681
Alorton	St. Clair	2,960
Anna	Union	4,780
Arcola	Douglas	2,678
Auburn	Sangamon	3,724
Barrington Hills	Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Cook	4,202
Braidwood	Will	3,584
Breese	Clinton	3,567
Burnham	Cook	3,916
Bushnell	McDonough	3,288
Cairo	Alexander	4,846
Carlyle	Clinton	3,474
Carrollton	Greene	2,507
Cartersville	Williamson	3,616
Carthage	Hancock	2,657
Casey	Cumberland and Clark	2,914
Caseyville	St. Clair	4,419
Channahon	Grundy and Will	4,266
Christopher	Franklin	2,774
Coal	Grundy	3,907
Coal Valley	Henry and Rock Island	3,527
Deer Park	Lake	2,887
Dixmoor	Cook	3,647
Dupo	St. Clair	3,164
Dwight	Grundy and Livingston	4,230
East Dundee	Cook and Kane	2,721
Eldorado	Saline	4,536
Eureka	Woodford	4,454
Fairbury	Livingston	3,643
Farmington	Fulton	2,535
Ford Heights	Cook	4,259
Fox River Grove	McHenry	3,551
Freeburg	St. Clair	3,115
Fulton	Whiteside	3,698
Galena	Jo Daviess	3,647

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Galva	Henry	2,742
Genoa	DeKalb	3,083
Georgetown	Vermilion	3,678
Gibson City	Ford	3,396
Gillespie	Macoupin	3,673
Green Rock	Henry	2,615
Hamilton	Hancock	3,281
Havana	Mason	3,610
Hawthorn Woods	Lake	4,423
Henry	Marshall	2,591
Hillsboro	Montgomery	4,400
Hometown	Cook	4,769
Indian Head Park	Cook	3,503
Island Lake	Lake and McHenry	4,449
Johnston City	Williamson	3,706
Knoxville	Knox	3,243
Lake Barrington	Lake	3,855
Lake Villa	Lake	2,851
Lawrenceville	Lawrence	4,897
Le Roy	McLean	2,777
Lebanon	St. Clair	3,688
Lena	Stephenson	2,605
Lewistown	Fulton	2,572
Lincolnshire	Lake	4,928
Long Grove	Lake	4,747
Madison	St. Clair and Madison	4,629
Mahomet	Champaign	3,103
Manteno	Kankakee	3,488
Marengo	McHenry	4,768
Marquette Heights	Tazewell	3,077
Marseilles	La Salle	4,811
Marshall	Clark	3,555
Maryville	Madison	2,576
McLeansboro	Hamilton	2,677
Metamora	Woodford	2,520
Millstadt	St. Clair	2,566
Minooka	Will and Grundy	2,561
Momence	Kankakee	2,968
Montgomery	Kendall and Kane	4,268
Monticello	Piatt	4,549
Morrison	Whiteside	4,474
Mount Morris	Ogle	2,919
Mount Zion	Macon	4,522
Nashville	Washington	3,202
New Baden	St. Clair and Clinton	2,700

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Newton	Jasper	3,154
Nokomis	Montgomery	2,534
Northfield	Cook	4,777
Oglesby	La Salle	3,619
Olympia Fields	Cook	4,248
Oregon	Ogle	3,891
Oswego	Kendall	3,876
Palos Park	Cook	4,162
Park	Lake	4,677
Paxton	Ford	4,289
Peotone	Will	2,947
Pinckneyville	Perry	3,372
Pittsfield	Pike	4,231
Plainfield	Will	4,557
Polo	Ogle	2,514
Pontoon Beach	Madison	4,013
Posen	Cook	4,226
Red Bud	Randolph	3,007
Riverton	Sangamon	2,638
Riverwoods	Lake	2,938
Rochester	Sangamon	2,676
Rockton	Winnebago	2,928
Rosemont	Cook	3,995
Round Lake	Lake	3,550
Round Lake Park	Lake	4,045
Rushville	Schuyler	3,229
Savanna	Carroll	3,819
Savoy	Champaign	2,674
Shelbyville	Shelby	4,943
Shiloh	St. Clair	2,650
Sleepy Hollow	Kane	3,241
South Barrington	Cook	2,937
South Beloit	Winnebago	4,072
South Chicago Heights	Cook	3,695
South Jacksonville	Morgan	3,315
Sparta	Randolph	4,853
Staunton	Macoupin	4,806
Stone Park	Cook	4,383
Sullivan	Moultrie	4,354
Thornton	Cook	2,778
Tilton	Vermilion	2,729
Tolono	Champaign	2,605
Tuscola	Douglas	4,155
Venice	Madison	3,571
Villa Grove	Douglas	2,734

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Virден	Sangamon and Macoupin	3,635
West Dundee	Kane	3,728
Westville	Vermilion	3,387
White Hall	Greene	2,814
Willow Springs	Cook	4,478
Wilmington	Will	4,743
Yorkville	Kendall	3,894

APPENDIX 2.3

Incorporated Illinois Communities With 1990 Census Populations Between 5,000 and 9,999

Total number of communities: 102

Total population: 737,709

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Antioch	Lake	6,105
Barrington	Lake and Cook	9,538
Bartonville	Peoria	6,555
Beach Park	Lake	9,492
Beardstown	Cass	5,270
Benton	Franklin	7,216
Berkeley	Cook	5,137
Bethalto	Madison	9,507
Broadview	Cook	8,538
Burr Ridge	Cook and DuPage	7,684
Calumet Park	Cook	8,418
Carlinville	Macoupin	5,416
Carmi	White	5,626
Centreville	St. Clair	7,489
Chatham	Sangamon	6,074
Chester	Randolph	8,204
Chillicothe	Peoria	5,959
Clarendon Hills	DuPage	6,994
Clinton	De Witt	7,437
Columbia	Monroe	5,524
Countryside	Cook	5,961
Crete	Will	6,773
Creve Coeur	Tazewell	5,938
Du Quoin	Perry	6,697
East Alton	Madison	7,063
Fairfield	Wayne	5,442
Flora	Clay	5,093
Flossmoor	Cook	8,651
Fox Lake	McHenry and Lake	7,478
Frankfort	Will	7,180
Geneseo	Henry	5,990
Glen Carbon	Madison	7,774
Glencoe	Cook	8,499
Glenwood	Cook	9,289
Grayslake	Lake	7,388

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Greenville	Bond	5,108
Harrisburg	Saline	9,318
Harvard	McHenry	5,975
Harwood Heights	Cook	7,680
Highland	Madison	7,546
Highwood	Lake	5,331
Hillside	Cook	7,672
Hoopeston	Vermilion	5,871
Inverness	Cook	6,516
Itasca	DuPage	6,947
Jerseyville	Jersey	7,382
La Salle	La Salle	9,717
Lake Bluff	Lake	5,486
Lake in the Hills	McHenry	5,900
Lemont	DuPage and Cook	7,359
Lindenhurst	Lake	8,044
Litchfield	Montgomery	6,883
Lockport	Will	9,401
Lynwood	Cook	6,535
Lyons	Cook	9,828
Mascoutah	St. Clair	5,511
Mendota	La Salle	7,017
Metropolis	Massac	6,734
Milan	Rock Island	5,753
Mokena	Will	6,128
Monmouth	Warren	9,489
Mount Carmel	Wabash	8,287
Murphysboro	Jackson	9,176
New Lenox	Will	9,698
North Aurora	Kane	6,010
North Riverside	Cook	6,180
Oak Brook	Cook and DuPage	9,087
Olney	Richland	8,873
Orland Hills	Cook	5,510
Pana	Christian	5,796
Paris	Edgar	9,016
Peoria Heights	Tazewell, Woodford, and Peoria	6,930
Peru	La Salle	9,302
Plano	Kendall	5,104
Princeton	Bureau	7,197
River Grove	Cook	9,961
Riverside	Cook	8,774
Robbins	Cook	7,498
Robinson	Crawford	6,740
Rochelle	Ogle	8,769

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Rock Falls	Whiteside	9,669
Salem	Marion	7,470
Sandwich	Kendall and DeKalb	5,607
Sauk	Will and Cook	9,926
Shorewood	Will	6,264
Silvis	Rock Island	6,926
South Elgin	Kane	7,474
Spring Valley	Bureau	5,246
Steger	Cook and Will	8,592
Stickney	Cook	5,678
Summit	Cook	9,971
Swansea	St. Clair	8,201
Sycamore	DeKalb	9,896
Troy	Madison	6,019
University Park	Cook and Will	6,204
Vandalia	Fayette	6,114
Washington Park	St. Clair	7,431
Waterloo	Monroe	5,030
Watseka	Iroquois	5,424
Wauconda	Lake	6,294
West Frankfort	Franklin	8,526
West Peoria	Peoria	5,309

APPENDIX 2.4

Incorporated Illinois Communities
With 1990 Census Populations Between 10,000 And 24,999

Total number of communities: 110

Total population: 1,779,029

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Algonquin	Kane and McHenry	11,693
Alsip	Cook	18,227
Bartlett	Kane, Cook, and DuPage	19,395
Batavia	DuPage, Kane	17,076
Bellwood	Cook	20,241
Belvidere	Boone	15,962
Bensenville	Cook, DuPage	17,767
Bloomington	DuPage	16,614
Blue Island	Cook	21,203
Bourbonnais	Kankakee	13,929
Bradley	Kankakee	10,918
Bridgeview	Cook	14,402
Brookfield	Cook	18,876
Cahokia	St. Clair	17,550
Canton	Fulton	13,959
Carpentersville	Kane	23,049
Cary	McHenry	10,043
Centralia	Clinton and Marion	14,274
Charleston	Coles	20,398
Chicago Ridge	Cook	13,643
Collinsville	St. Clair and Madison	22,424
Country Club Hills	Cook	15,431
Crest Hill	Will	10,999
Crestwood	Cook	10,823
Crystal Lake	McHenry	24,696
Darien	DuPage	20,556
Deerfield	Cook and Lake	17,327
Dixon	Lee	15,134
Dolton	Cook	23,956
East Moline	Rock Island	20,147
East Peoria	Tazewell	21,378
Edwardsville	Madison	14,582
Effingham	Effingham	11,927
Elmwood Park	Cook	23,206
Evergreen Park	Cook	20,874

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Fairview Heights	St. Clair	14,768
Forest Park	Cook	14,918
Franklin Park	Cook	18,485
Geneva	Kane	12,625
Glen Ellyn	DuPage	24,919
Godfrey	Madison	15,671
Gurnee	Lake	13,715
Hazel Crest	Cook	13,334
Herrin	Williamson	10,857
Hickory Hills	Cook	13,021
Hinsdale	Cook and DuPage	16,029
Homewood	Cook	19,278
Jacksonville	Morgan	19,327
Justice	Cook	11,137
Kewanee	Henry	12,969
La Grange	Cook	15,362
La Grange Park	Cook	12,861
Lake Forest	Lake	17,836
Lake Zurich	Lake	14,927
Libertyville	Lake	19,174
Lincoln	Logan	15,418
Lincolnwood	Cook	11,365
Lisle	DuPage	19,584
Loves Park	Winnebago	15,457
Machesney Park	Winnebago	19,033
Macomb	McDonough	19,952
Marion	Williamson	14,545
Markham	Cook	13,136
Matteson	Cook	11,378
Mattoon	Coles	18,441
McHenry	McHenry	16,343
Melrose Park	Cook	20,859
Midlothian	Cook	14,372
Morris	Grundy	10,274
Morton	Tazewell	13,799
Morton Grove	Cook	22,373
Mount Vernon	Jefferson	17,082
Mundelein	Lake	21,224
Norridge	Cook	14,459
Northlake	Cook	12,505
O'Fallon	St. Clair	16,064
Ottawa	La Salle	17,528
Palos Heights	Cook	11,478
Palos Hills	Cook	17,803
Park Forest	Will and Cook	24,656

Municipality Name	County Name	Population
Pontiac	Livingston	11,428
Prospect Heights	Cook	15,236
Rantoul	Champaign	17,212
Richton Park	Cook	10,523
River Forest	Cook	11,669
Riverdale	Cook	13,671
Rolling Meadows	Cook	22,591
Romeoville	Will	14,101
Roselle	Cook and DuPage	20,819
Round Lake Beach	Lake	16,406
Schiller Park	Cook	11,189
South Holland	Cook	22,105
St. Charles	DuPage and Kane	22,620
Sterling	Whiteside	15,142
Streator	Livingston and La Salle	14,121
Taylorville	Christian	11,133
Vernon Hills	Lake	15,319
Villa Park	DuPage	22,279
Warrenville	DuPage	11,389
Washington	Tazewell	10,136
West Chicago	DuPage	14,808
Westchester	Cook	17,301
Western Springs	Cook	11,956
Westmont	DuPage	21,402
Winnetka	Cook	12,210
Wood Dale	DuPage	12,394
Wood River	Madison	11,490
Woodstock	McHenry	14,368
Worth	Cook	11,208
Zion	Lake	19,783

APPENDIX 3

TABLES OF RESPONSES BROKEN DOWN BY COMMUNITY SIZE

An asterisk () immediately following a table caption indicates that the difference in responses across community size groups for that table is statistically significant ($p < .05$). An asterisk following the label for a row within a table indicates that the difference in responses across community size groups for that row is statistically significant.*

Question 1. "Name of your community and population."

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Number of Respondents	368	74	63	73	578

Question 2a. "Public shade and street trees properly planted and cared for improve the appearance of a community."

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Strongly Agree	269	57	50	62	438
Agree	85	14	12	11	122
Neutral	7	0	0	0	7
Disagree	0	0	0	0	0
Strongly Disagree	1	0	0	0	1
Number of Respondents	362	71	62	73	568

Question 2b. "Public shade and street trees are important for maintaining a healthy community environment."

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Strongly Agree	218	48	45	50	361
Agree	126	19	18	21	184
Neutral	16	4	0	2	22
Disagree	1	0	0	0	1
Strongly Disagree	0	0	0	0	0
Number of Respondents	361	71	63	73	568

Question 2c. "Trees properly planted and maintained in business districts help to attract customers to the area."

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Strongly Agree	123	31	21	26	201
Agree	141	32	29	33	235
Neutral	85	7	10	13	115
Disagree	8	1	2	1	12
Strongly Disagree	2	0	0	0	2
Number of Respondents	359	71	62	73	565

Question 2d. "Public shade and street trees properly planted and cared for enhance the quality of life in a community."

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Strongly Agree	166	41	37	42	286
Agree	163	23	23	27	236
Neutral	29	7	3	4	43
Disagree	1	0	0	0	1
Strongly Disagree	0	0	0	0	0
Number of Respondents	359	71	63	73	566

Question 2e[a]. "Municipal government should provide funding for the removal of hazardous trees to protect the public from harm."*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Strongly Agree	136	37	30	42	245
Agree	158	26	24	23	231
Neutral	43	7	5	4	59
Disagree	13	1	2	2	18
Strongly Disagree	3	0	1	1	5
Number of Respondents	353	71	62	72	558

Question 2e[b]. "Municipal government should provide funding for tree planting and maintenance to beautify the community."

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Strongly Agree	106	28	21	31	186
Agree	156	26	25	31	238
Neutral	75	16	11	8	110
Disagree	8	0	5	1	14
Strongly Disagree	3	0	0	0	3
Number of Respondents	348	70	62	71	551

Question 2e[c]. "Municipal government should provide funding for tree planting and maintenance to increase environmental health."

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Strongly Agree	99	25	18	23	165
Agree	139	27	24	36	226
Neutral	94	17	16	11	138
Disagree	13	1	4	1	19
Strongly Disagree	3	0	0	0	3
Number of Respondents	348	70	62	71	551

Question 2e[d]. "Municipal government should provide funding for tree planting and maintenance for economic enhancement."*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Strongly Agree	80	25	18	17	140
Agree	136	27	21	42	226
Neutral	112	17	18	8	155
Disagree	12	1	5	2	20
Strongly Disagree	3	0	0	0	3
Number of Respondents	343	70	62	69	544

Question 2f. "State government should provide personnel and technical assistance to help communities develop and maintain shade and street tree programs."

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Strongly Agree	125	25	25	33	208
Agree	120	31	16	25	192
Neutral	82	11	13	12	118
Disagree	20	4	5	2	31
Strongly Disagree	7	0	2	1	10
Number of Respondents	354	71	61	73	559

Question 3. "Does your community have a shade tree commission or board?"*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	31	17	16	24	88
no	335	55	47	48	485
Number of Respondents	366	72	63	72	573

Question 4. "Does your community have a shade or street tree ordinance?"*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	60	35	35	55	185
no	302	36	28	16	382
Number of Respondents	362	71	63	71	567

Question 4a. "Ordinance has list of recommended tree species."*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	27	28	27	42	124
no	21	5	7	9	42
don't know	10	0	0	3	13
Number of Respondents	58	33	34	54	179

Question 4b. "Ordinance has site requirements for planting public trees (e.g. parkway width, distance from intersections, overhead utilities, etc.)."

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	42	28	32	44	146
no	10	3	3	8	24
don't know	6	1	0	2	9
Number of Respondents	58	32	35	54	179

Question 4c. "Ordinance has requirement for citizens to obtain a permit or permission to plant trees on municipal property."

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	34	19	25	37	115
no	19	9	9	14	51
don't know	4	4	1	3	12
Number of Respondents	57	32	35	54	178

Question 4d. "Ordinance has section protecting public trees from construction damage (e.g. trenching through root systems, etc.)."

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	27	14	17	28	86
no	18	12	16	23	69
don't know	13	6	2	3	24
Number of Respondents	58	32	35	54	179

Question 4e. "Ordinance has section prohibiting the topping of public trees."

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	16	7	13	22	58
no	32	18	16	28	94
don't know	10	7	5	4	26
Number of Respondents	58	32	34	54	178

Question 4f. "Ordinance has section giving community the authority to require removal of infectious diseased trees on private property."

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	20	13	20	34	87
no	28	14	13	15	70
don't know	10	6	2	5	23
Number of Respondents	58	33	35	54	180

Question 4g. "Ordinance has section giving community the authority to require removal of trees located on private property which are determined to be hazardous to the public."*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	21	15	20	35	91
no	25	11	12	16	64
don't know	12	7	3	3	25
Number of Respondents	58	33	35	54	180

Question 4h. Number of small communities having adequate tree ordinances.*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Have adequate ordinance	8	8	12	20	48
Lack adequate ordinance [†]	354	63	51	51	519
Number of Respondents	362	71	63	71	567

[†] Includes responding communities with tree ordinances not containing all 4 of the basic criteria mentioned in the text, as well as those responding communities with no tree ordinances.

Question 5. "Do you have an estimate of the number of public trees there are in your community?"*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	62	11	14	26	113
no	301	60	49	46	456
Number of Respondents	363	71	63	72	569

Question 5a. "How many public trees?"*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
high	3000	5000	12000	20000 [†]	20000
low	0	50	1300	1200	0
average	377	1590	4756	7738	2602
Number of Respondents	55	9	11	22	97

[†] The actual highest number of public trees reported by a respondent in community size group 4 was 60,000 trees. As the respondent indicated in the next question of the survey that the estimate was based on an 'educated guess' and the number was 3 times higher than the next highest number in that size group, it was decided by the authors not to include the 60,000 figure in the analysis of the data.

Question 5b. "How was the number of trees determined?"

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Tree Inventory*	24	6	12	17	59
Educated Guess*	32	4	1	6	43
Other	5	0	0	3	8
Number of Respondents	61	10	13	26	110

Question 5c. "If your community has a public tree inventory, is it kept updated?"

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	14	4	9	13	40
no	29	6	5	9	49
Number of Respondents	43	10	14	22	89

Question 6a. "What is your best estimate of how many trees your community planted in 1993? in 1994?"*

Community Size:	<2500		2500-4999		5000-9999		10000-24999	
year	'93	'94	'93	'94	'93	'94	'93	'94
high	200 [†]	350 [†]	225	334	600	850	600	600
low	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
average	21	27	58	60	105	111	122	126
Number of Respondents	190	202	35	41	34	37	51	53

[†] The actual highest number of public trees reported planted by respondents in community size group 1 during 1993 and 1994 was 1500 and 2000 trees respectively. These responses were much higher than the numbers of new trees planted by other communities in the same population groups. Both of the communities reporting these extreme values had suffered extensive flood damage in 1993, and the unusually large tree plantings were most likely a response to the loss of trees in this rare event. Since the objective of this question was to estimate the planting of public street and shade trees in the course of a normal year, these extreme numbers were not included in the analysis of the data. The second highest number (900) of public trees planted in community size group 1 during 1993 was also not included in the analysis of the data. Comments made by the respondent indicated that the community had completed a large tree planting project which included shrubs. This was most likely a reforestation planting and therefore outside the scope of the survey.

Question 6b. "What is your best estimate of how many trees your community removed in 1993? in 1994?"*

Community Size:	<2500		2500-4999		5000-9999		10000-24999	
year	'93	'94	'93	'94	'93	'94	'93	'94
high	50 [†]	50 [†]	30	30	120	110	201	250
low	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
average	6	7	13	11	40	37	47	52
Number of Respondents	165	192	27	33	24	30	41	43

[†] The actual highest number of public trees reported removed by a respondent in community size group 1 during 1993 was 635. This was much higher than the number of trees removed by other communities in the same population group, and was from a community that had suffered extensive flood damage in 1993. The two highest numbers of public trees reported removed in community size group 1 during 1994 (220 and 200) were also apparently due to atypical situations. Comments made by the respondents indicated that one community had lost a large number of street trees of a single species, and the other had lost trees in a severe storm. Since the objective of this question was to estimate the removal of public street and shade trees in the course of a normal year, these three extreme values were not included in the analysis of data.

Question 6c. Average number of public trees planted and trees removed per year (average of 1993 and 1994 responses).*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Trees Planted per year	23	61	98	125	53
Number of Respondents	177	34	32	51	294
Trees Removed per year	6	12	42	49	17
Number of Respondents	154	27	23	41	245

Question 7. "Do you have municipal department or employee assigned responsibility for public trees for at least a portion of their job duties?"*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	163	46	45	70	324
no	200	27	18	3	248
Number of Respondents	363	73	63	73	572

Question 7a. "What municipal departments have responsibility for public trees?"

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Public Works Dept.*	81	33	31	49	194
Streets & Sanitation Dept.	67	14	16	20	117
Parks & Recreation Dept.	27	13	7	16	63
Forestry Dept.*	0	2	3	7	12
Other	22	6	8	13	49
Number Of Respondents[†]	163	46	45	70	324

[†] Since a community could check off more than one response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 7b. "Who is the individual with principal responsibility for public tree management and care?"

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Public Works Director*	42	25	24	38	129
Street Superintendent*	66	8	17	21	112
Parks Director	15	4	6	8	33
Community Forester / Arborist*	1	6	8	12	27
City Administrator / Manager	5	3	2	2	12
City Planner*	0	0	2	2	4
Community Development Coordinator	1	0	1	3	5
City/Village Clerk	3	0	0	1	4
Elected Public Official*	41	8	5	1	55
Other	23	4	7	7	41
Number of Respondents[†]	163	46	45	70	324

[†] Since a community could check off more than one response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 7c. "What portion of his/her job is devoted to working with trees?"

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
> 50%*	0	1	3	6	10
25 - 50%*	2	0	2	6	10
5 - 25%*	36	19	21	36	112
<5%*	117	25	20	17	179
Number of Respondents	163	46	45	70	324

Question 7d. "What is the level of training for the municipal employee with principal responsibility for public tree management and care?"

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Four-year degree*	4	3	6	9	22
Two-year degree	1	0	1	1	3
ISA Certified*	0	2	4	9	15
IAA Certified Tree Worker	0	2	1	3	6
Commercial experience	10	4	6	7	27
Workshop training*	13	11	18	28	70
No training in tree care*	132	30	17	27	206
Other*	10	1	7	9	27
Number of Respondents[†]	163	46	45	70	324

[†] Since a community could check off more than one response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 8a: Provision of Services - Tree Planting

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Municipal employee*	128	39	28	46	241
Private contractor*	63	29	28	46	166
Utility company	16	6	3	5	30
Community volunteer*	114	23	10	14	161
Not Provided*	90	12	14	2	118
Number of Respondents[†]	368	74	63	73	578

[†] Since a community could check off more than one response or no response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 8b: Provision of Services - Watering & Mulching

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Municipal employee*	118	36	38	49	241
Private contractor*	17	16	8	19	60
Utility company	1	0	0	0	1
Community volunteer*	99	14	9	9	131
Not Provided*	131	16	14	14	175
Number of Respondents[†]	368	74	63	73	578

† Since a community could check off more than one response or no response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 8c: Provision of Services - Pruning On Request

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Municipal employee*	124	40	40	57	271
Private contractor*	80	19	23	23	145
Utility company	55	9	5	9	78
Community volunteer*	43	5	3	1	52
Not Provided*	80	13	9	3	105
Number of Respondents[†]	368	74	63	73	578

† Since a community could check off more than one response or no response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 8d: Provision of Services - Pruning On Cyclic Basis

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Municipal employee*	43	16	23	35	117
Private contractor*	24	13	10	29	76
Utility company	43	6	8	11	68
Community volunteer*	18	4	0	1	23
Not Provided*	169	32	20	9	230
Number of Respondents[†]	368	74	63	73	578

† Since a community could check off more than one response or no response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 8e: Provision of Services - Pest Control

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Municipal employee*	50	14	13	27	104
Private contractor*	30	11	12	21	74
Utility company	1	0	1	0	2
Community volunteer*	24	1	0	0	25
Not Provided*	191	38	28	24	281
Number of Respondents[†]	368	74	63	73	578

† Since a community could check off more than one response or no response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 8f: Provision of Services - Removal

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Municipal employee*	138	45	41	54	278
Private contractor*	176	49	33	43	301
Utility company	41	12	4	11	68
Community volunteer*	28	3	0	0	31
Not Provided*	48	3	2	0	53
Number of Respondents[†]	368	74	63	73	578

† Since a community could check off more than one response or no response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 8g: Provision of Services - Storm Cleanup

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Municipal employee*	239	58	58	67	422
Private contractor*	73	24	17	22	136
Utility company	27	8	4	8	47
Community volunteer*	78	5	3	2	88
Not Provided*	32	3	1	0	36
Number of Respondents[†]	368	74	63	73	578

† Since a community could check off more than one response or no response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 8h: Provision of Services - Community Education

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Municipal employee*	18	15	17	27	77
Private contractor*	1	2	3	2	8
Utility company	4	2	1	3	10
Community volunteer	24	9	5	10	48
Not Provided*	239	41	31	30	341
Number of Respondents[†]	368	74	63	73	578

[†] Since a community could check off more than one response or no response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 8i: Provision of Services - Recycling Of Landscape Waste

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Municipal employee*	76	29	33	44	182
Private contractor*	37	21	22	30	110
Utility company	13	1	0	2	16
Community volunteer	23	4	0	1	28
Not Provided*	177	25	8	10	220
Number of Respondents[†]	368	74	63	73	578

[†] Since a community could check off more than one response or no response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 9a. "Does your community keep a record of annual expenditures related to public tree planting and care?"*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	69	21	28	40	158
no	289	51	33	31	404
Number of Respondents	358	72	61	71	562

Question 10. “Are you aware of the state and federal grant funding opportunities available for local community tree programs?”*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	147	31	36	48	262
no	214	41	26	22	303
Number of Respondents	361	72	62	70	565

Question 11. “Since 1992, has your community applied for any of the local community tree program grant funds available through the state and federal government? (If no, go to question 12)”*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	29	19	21	38	107
no	333	52	42	33	460
Number of Respondents	362	71	63	71	567

Question 11a. “What grant program did you apply for? (Check all that apply.)”

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Urban and Community Forestry Assistance Program	15	10	14	20	59
U.S. Small Business Administration Tree Planting Initiative	16	13	11	25	65
Other	1	1	0	2	4
Number of Respondents[†]	29	19	21	38	107

[†] Since a community could check off more than one response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 11b. “Who provided the technical assistance to prepare the grant application? (Check all that apply).”

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Municipal employee*	11	14	17	35	77
District Forester	3	3	0	1	7
Cooperative Extension Service	1	1	0	0	2
Regional Planning Council	2	0	0	0	2
Regional Forestry Council	0	0	0	0	0
Private consulting arborist or forester	9	3	8	6	26
Other*	9	1	1	5	16
Number of Respondents[†]	29	19	21	38	107

[†] Since a community could check off more than one response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 11c. “Did your community obtain a grant?”

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	13	11	14	22	60
no	15	8	7	16	46
Number of Respondents	28	19	21	38	106

Question 11d. “If no, how do you feel your community could be more successful in obtaining a grant? (Check all that apply.)”

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Seek feedback on how to improve previous applications	7	2	6	8	23
Seek professional technical assistance to prepare the application	4	3	1	4	12
Organize better locally before submitting application	4	4	1	3	12
Other	5	1	2	4	12
Number of Respondents[†]	19	9	8	16	52

[†] Since a community could check off more than one response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 12a. “Do you have any annual community festivals or events where trees would be considered of value?”*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	168	43	41	45	297
no	190	29	22	24	265
Number of Respondents	358	72	63	69	562

Question 12b. "If yes, please check all that apply."

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Arbor Day tree planting ceremony*	27	15	22	32	96
Spring flowering tree festival	2	2	2	0	6
Shade for a summer community festival*	112	20	12	9	153
Fall tree color festival	19	8	5	2	34
Public Christmas tree decorations*	66	15	24	32	137
Other	18	2	5	3	28
Number of Respondents[†]	168	43	41	45	297

[†] Since a community could check off more than one response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 13a. "Is your community a Tree City USA?"*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	16	12	12	26	66
no	343	59	50	43	495
Number of Respondents	359	71	62	69	561

Question 13b. "If no, would you be interested in receiving some information and assistance about becoming a Tree City USA community?"*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	214	49	35	32	330
no	76	6	10	5	97
Number of Respondents	290	55	45	37	427

Question 14a. “Are you aware of any particular problem your community is experiencing with it's trees?”*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	126	31	36	41	234
no	231	40	26	32	329
Number of Respondents	357	71	62	73	563

Question 14b. “If yes, please check all that apply.”

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Lack of citizens' support for tree planting	27	3	5	8	43
Lack of community officials' support for tree planting	30	3	5	5	43
Poor survival of newly planted trees*	22	3	6	0	31
Loss of mature trees to construction*	18	10	8	13	49
Insect or disease problems*	36	13	16	21	86
Hazardous trees	46	15	10	11	82
Trees growing into utility lines	76	21	26	24	147
Other	30	8	8	10	56
Number of Respondents[†]	126	31	36	41	234

[†] Since a community could check off more than one response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 15a. “Would your community like assistance to initiate or further develop your local tree program?”*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	193	56	44	57	350
no	138	13	16	12	179
Number of Respondents	331	69	60	69	529

Question 15b. "If yes, what type of assistance is needed by your community? (Check all that apply.)"

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Periodic free access to a trained community forester	98	32	23	35	188
Assistance in drafting a tree ordinance	79	26	14	20	139
Assistance in conducting an inventory of your community's trees	100	32	14	28	174
Assistance in identifying hazardous public trees	86	25	12	19	142
Training workshops for public employees or volunteers*	79	37	24	41	181
Assistance in applying for community forestry grant funds	141	43	26	35	245
Other*	5	6	5	6	22
Number of Respondents[†]	193	56	44	57	350

[†] Since a community could check off more than one response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

Question 16. "Are there any citizens' or youth organizations in your community or county which promote tree planting and care?"*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	78	27	21	25	151
no	253	38	36	44	371
Number of Respondents	331	65	57	69	522

Question 17. "Would you or a representative of your community be willing to serve on a citizens advisory committee to promote community forestry in your region of the state?"*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	98	39	28	44	209
no	200	20	26	20	266
Number of Respondents	298	59	54	64	475

Question 18. “Would you or a representative of your community be interested in attending a community forestry workshop if held in your region of the state?”*

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
yes	168	57	43	69	337
no	145	11	10	3	169
Number of Respondents	313	68	53	72	506

Question 19. “Title/relationship to community tree program.”

Community Size:	<2500	2500-4999	5000-9999	10000-24999	All
Mayor	94	15	13	11	133
Village President*	125	5	1	0	131
Village Trustee	20	5	2	2	29
Public Works Director*	12	10	15	15	52
Streets Superintendent*	2	5	3	6	16
Parks Director	9	4	3	5	21
Community Forester / Arborist*	1	4	3	10	18
City Administrator / Manager*	7	7	4	8	26
City Planning Official*	2	2	5	5	14
Community Development Official*	0	0	3	4	7
City / Village Clerk*	47	5	6	1	59
Tree Committee member / officer	8	2	2	1	13
Other*	11	7	3	8	29
Number of Respondents[†]	368	74	63	73	578

[†] Since a community could provide more than one response or no response to this question, the sums of responses in the columns may be different than the number of respondents shown in the bottom line.

