State of Illinois
Illinois Department of Natural Resources

Illinois Digest of Hunting and Trapping REGULATIONS 2014–2015

Use through July 31, 2015 or until the 2015-2016 digest is printed.

MESSAGE FROM THE DIRECTOR

Thank you for reviewing the annual *Illinois Digest of Hunting and Trapping Regulations.* This booklet includes a detailed review of Illinois hunting and trapping season dates, possession limits, hunting zone boundaries, statewide hunting regulations, license and permit information, sunrise and sunset tables, and other details you should find helpful.

We encourage hunters and trappers to familiarize themselves with all state and federal regulations and rules before heading to the field. Regulations that are new or amended for the 2014-15 seasons are identified by shaded print in the digest.

The digest also includes information on Illinois public hunting areas and efforts to enhance habitat and maintain healthy wildlife populations in our state.

Successful wildlife management in Illinois relies on the support of hunters and trappers like you. We've included a snapshot of that support on the IDNR website to show you how your investment in the outdoors is paying off. Check it out at this link: http://www.dnr.illinois.gov/WildlifeFishFund/Pages/default.aspx.

We seek the views of hunters and trappers—more than 35,000 scientific surveys were mailed out last year alone—on issues involving deer, urban wildlife, dove hunting, Canada geese, and attitudes on feral swine. Your views and attitudes provide the IDNR with a strong scientific background on social issues dealing with wildlife that are key to ensuring the future of hunting and trapping in Illinois.

Thanks again for your support—and best wishes as you head to the field for the 2014-15 hunting and trapping seasons in Illinois.

Marc Miller, Director
Illinois Department of Natural Resources

Youth Turkey Hunting Opportunities on Private Land

DNR's public access program, the Illinois Recreational Access Program (IRAP), makes available private land for specific outdoor recreational activities. IRAP activities include: youth turkey hunting, pond and river fishing, canoe boat launching along public waterways and birding and outdoor photography. Currently, IRAP has leased over 13,000 acres in 29 counties for IRAP activities, this includes over 300 youth turkey hunting sites for youth season, and regular seasons 3 and 4. IRAP's youth turkey hunting program will begin accepting applications in November. More information can be found at www.dnr.illinois.gov/conservation/irap.

This publication is a summary of Illinois hunting and trapping regulations prepared for your convenience. It is designed as a guide to help you understand the laws and regulations for hunting and trapping in Illinois. It also provides information such as seasons, bag limits, and required permits for these opportunities in Illinois. It is not a legal document and is not intended to cover all hunting and trapping laws and regulations. Neither does this document contain the exact wording of the Illinois' Adopted Administrative Rules (available at www.dnr.illinois.gov/adrules/pages/default.aspx) or the Wildlife Code of the Illinois Compiled Statutes (available at www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs2.asp?ChapterID=43).

Youth Hunting Opportunities

Statewide Youth Hunting Seasons

Only youths under 16 allowed to hunt.
Youth must be accompanied by an adult.

- Youth Firearm Deer Hunting Season – Oct. 11-13, 2014 *(see pages 2 and 19)*
- Spring Youth Wild Turkey Hunting Season – March 28-29, 2015 (South), April 4-5, 2015 (North) *(see pages 2 and 22)*
- Youth Waterfowl Hunting Season – Dates vary by zone, usually the weekend or two weekends before regular duck season *(see Digest of Waterfowl Hunting Regulations, available in September)*

Youth Dove, Waterfowl and Controlled Pheasant Hunts on State Sites

- Youth Controlled Pheasant Hunts – Various dates *(see page 33)*
- Youth Waterfowl Hunts – Various dates *(see page 34)*
- Youth Dove Hunts – Sept. 1 at nine state sites *(see page 34)*

ON THE COVER

A mature coyote is focused at the Kankakee River State Park. Photo by Gary Soper.

Illinois Department of Natural Resources

Illinois Digest of Hunting and Trapping Regulations

Equal opportunity to participate in programs of the Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR) and those funded by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and other agencies is available to all individuals regardless of race, sex, national origin, disability, age, religion or other non-merit factors. If you believe you have been discriminated against, contact the funding sources civil rights office and/or the Equal Employment Opportunity Officer, IDNR, One Natural Resources Way, Springfield, IL 62702-1271; 217/785-0067; TTY 217/782-9175.

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FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Target Illinois Poachers . . . . . (877) 2DNRLAW (236-7529)

Chicago Office
Department of Natural Resources
James R. Thompson Center • Suite 4-300 • 100 West Randolph St.
Chicago, IL 60601 . . . . . (312) 814-2070

Springfield Offices
Department of Natural Resources
One Natural Resources Way • Springfield, IL 62702-1271
Special Hunting Permits . . . . . (217) 782-7305
License Office . . . . . (217) 782-2965
Wildlife Resources . . . . . (217) 782-6384
Law Enforcement . . . . . (217) 782-6431
Telecommunications Device for the Deaf and Hearing Impaired (TTY) . . . . . (217) 782-9175

DNR Website Index

Illinois Department of Natural Resources	*(www.dnr.illinois.gov)*
Office of the Director	*(http://dnr.state.il.us/director/)*
Hunting and Licensing	*(www.dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/Pages/GettingStarted.aspx)*
State Parks	*(www.dnr.illinois.gov/Parks)*
Fur Hunting	*(www.dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/furbearer)*
Trapping	*(www.dnr.illinois.gov/trapping)*
Trapper Education	*(www.trappered.com)*

2014-2015 Season Dates and Limits Information

Small Game

SPECIES	DATES (INCLUSIVE) AND ZONES	HOURS	DAILY LIMIT	POSSESSION LIMIT
Rabbit (Cottontail & Swamp)	Nov. 1, 2014 - Feb. 15, 2015 (Statewide)	Sunrise to sunset	4	10[a]
Cock Pheasant	Nov. 1, 2014 - Jan. 8, 2015 (North) Nov. 1, 2014 - Jan. 15, 2015 (South)		2	6[a]
Hungarian (Gray) Partridge			2	6[a]
Quail (Bobwhite)			8	20[a]
Squirrel (Fox and Gray)	Aug. 1, 2014 - Feb. 15, 2015 (Statewide) Closed Nov. 21 - 23 and Dec. 4 - 7 in counties open for firearm deer hunting	1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset	5	10[a]
Woodchuck (Groundhog)	June 1, 2014 - March 31,2015 Closed Nov. 21 - 23 and Dec. 4 - 7 in counties open for firearm deer hunting	Sunrise to sunset	No Limit	

Deer & Turkey

SPECIES	DATES (INCLUSIVE) AND ZONES	HOURS	LIMIT
Firearm Deer (Handgun, Muzzleloader & Shotgun)	Nov. 21 - 23; Dec. 4 - 7, 2014	1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset	One deer per firearm permit[f]
Deer (Muzzleloading rifles only)	Dec.12 - 14, 2014 (also allowed Dec. 4 - 7)		One deer per muzzleloading rifle permit[f]
Special CWD Deer Season	Jan. 1 - 4 and Jan. 16 - 18, 2015		One deer per valid deer permit[g]
Late-Winter Antlerless Deer (Handgun, Muzzleloader & Shotgun)			One antlerless deer per permit
Deer (Archery in counties with a firearm season and west of Rt. 47 in Kane County)	Oct. 1 - Nov. 20, Nov. 24 - Dec. 3, and Dec. 8, 2014 - Jan. 18, 2015		One deer per archery permit[f]
Deer (Archery in Cook, DuPage, Kane [east of Route 47] and Lake counties)	Oct. 1, 2014 - Jan. 18, 2015		
Youth Firearm Deer Season	Oct. 11 - 13, 2014		One deer
Youth Turkey Season (1 permit per year)	March 28 - 29, 2015 (South) April 4 - 5, 2015 (North)	1/2 hour before sunrise to 1 p.m.	One gobbler or bearded hen, counts toward maximum of 3 spring permits
Turkey (Spring Shotgun or Archery)	April 6 - May 7, 2015[b] (South) April 13 - May 14, 2015[b] (North)		One gobbler or bearded hen per permit, maximum of 3
Turkey (Fall Shotgun Season)	Oct. 25 - Nov. 2, 2014	1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset	One either-sex turkey per permit, maximum of 2
Turkey (Fall Archery)	Oct. 1, 2014 - Jan. 18, 2015, except closed during firearm deer season in counties open to firearm deer hunting	1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset	One either-sex turkey per permit, maximum of 2

Migratory Game Birds

SPECIES	DATES (INCLUSIVE) AND ZONES		HOURS	DAILY LIMIT	POSSESSION LIMIT
Dove[c]	Sept. 1 - Nov. 14, 2014; Dec. 26, 2014 - Jan. 9, 2015		Sunrise to sunset	15[c]	45[c]
Teal (tentative)	Sept. 6 - 21, 2014			6	18
Early Canada Goose	Sept. 1 - 15, 2014	North and Central	1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset	5	15
		South Central & South		2	6
Rail (Sora & Virginia only)	Sept. 6 - Nov. 14, 2014		Sunrise to sunset	25	75
Common Snipe	Sept. 6 - Dec. 21, 2014			8	24
Woodcock	Oct. 18 - Dec. 1, 2014			3	9
Crow	Oct. 28, 2014 - Feb. 28, 2015		1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset	No Limit	

The season dates for Migratory Waterfowl seasons that occur after Oct. 1 will be available in September. See 2014-2015 Digest of Waterfowl Hunting Regulations.

2014-2015 Season Dates and Limits Information *(continued)*

Furbearers—Hunting

SPECIES	DATES (INCLUSIVE) AND ZONES	HOURS	LIMIT
Raccoon and Opossum	Nov. 5, 2014 - Feb. 10, 2015 (North) Nov. 10, 2014 - Feb. 15, 2015 (South) Closed Nov. 21 - 22 and through 6 p.m. Nov. 23 and closed Dec. 4 - 6 and through 6 p.m. Dec. 7 in counties open for firearm deer hunting	Unrestricted except Nov. 5 (North) and Nov. 10 (South) opens at sunrise[d]	No Limit
Fox (Red and Gray)	Nov. 10, 2014 - Jan. 31, 2015 (Statewide) Closed Nov. 21 - 22 and through 6 p.m. Nov. 23 and closed Dec. 4 - 6 and through 6 p.m. Dec. 7 in counties open for firearm deer hunting	Unrestricted except Nov. 10 opens at sunrise[d]	
Coyote and Striped Skunk	Year round (Statewide) Closed Nov. 21 - 22 and through 6 p.m. Nov. 23 and closed Dec. 4 - 6 and through 6 p.m. Dec. 7 in counties open for firearm deer hunting[e]	1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hr. after sunset; open 24 hours Nov. 10, 2014 - March 15, 2015[e]	

Furbearers—Trapping

SPECIES	DATES (INCLUSIVE) AND ZONES	LIMIT	SPECIAL REGULATIONS
Raccoon, Opossum, Skunk, Weasel, Mink, Muskrat, Fox (Red and Gray), Coyote, Badger	Nov. 5, 2014 - Jan. 20, 2015 (North) Nov. 10, 2014 - Jan. 25, 2015 (South)	None except for badger, which is limited to 2 per person per season in north zone and 1 per person per season in south zone	
Woodchuck (Groundhog)	June 1 - Sept. 30, 2014 (Statewide)	None	
Beaver	Nov. 5, 2014 - March 31, 2015 (North) Nov. 10, 2014 - March 31, 2015 (South)		
River Otter	Nov. 5, 2014 - March 31, 2015 (North) Nov. 10, 2014 - March 31, 2015 (South)	5 per person per season (statewide)	Must purchase Otter Registration Permit within 48 hours after each otter is trapped. Must affix official CITES tag to each pelt.
Extended Spring Season for Mink and Muskrat	Begins at sunset on Jan. 20, 2015 - closes at sunset on Feb. 15, 2015 (North) Begins at sunset on Jan. 25, 2015 - closes at sunset on Feb. 15, 2015 (South)	None	No foothold traps may be set for mink or muskrat. Body-gripping (killer) traps must be completely submerged underwater.

[a] On the 2nd day of the hunting season, you may possess no more than twice the daily bag limit.

[b] South — 1st season — April 6 - 10; 2nd season — April 11 - 16; 3rd season — April 17 - 22; 4th season — April 23 - 29; 5th season — April 30 - May 7
North — 1st season — April 13 - 17; 2nd season — April 18 - 23; 3rd season — April 24 - 29; 4th season — April 30 - May 6; 5th season — May 7 - 14

[c] The daily bag and possession limits include mourning doves and white-winged doves in the aggregate. There is no bag limit on Eurasian-collared doves and ringed turtle doves, but they may be taken only during the established season dates and hours and using only legal methods for mourning doves. Hunters may not remain in the field for the purpose of taking Eurasian-collared doves or ringed turtle doves after they reach their daily bag limit for mourning/white-winged doves.

[d] During the Archery Deer Season bow hunting hours for coyote, striped skunk, raccoon, opossum, red fox and gray fox will be 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset.

[e] Hunters with unfilled firearm deer permits may take coyotes during firearm deer season by shotgun with slugs, muzzleloader or handgun from 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset.

[f] No hunter, regardless of the quantity or type of permits in his/her possession, may harvest more than two antlered deer during a year, including the archery, muzzleloader and youth firearm seasons. For the purpose of this bag limit, deer seasons are considered to be in the same year if their opening dates are within the same 12-month period that begins July 1.

[g] Antlered deer bag limit does not apply to this season.

Trapper Education Classes Scheduled

Torstenson Youth Education Center, Pecatonica – Sept. 19-21, 2014. Call (217) 456-6097

Clinton County – Sept. 12-14, 2014. Call (217) 456-6097

Mercer County Fairgrounds, Aledo – Oct. 4, 2014. Call (217) 456-6097

Phillips Park, Aurora – Oct. 5, 2014. Call (630) 851-7119

Trapper Education Online Study

First-time trappers, born on or after Jan. 1, 2015, are required to complete a trapper education course before purchasing a license. Additionally, any trapper regardless of age, who has not previously held a valid trapping license issued by this state or another, within the 3 years preceding application, are required to complete a trapper education course before purchasing a license. This requirement can be met by completing an online study course at *www.trappered.com*, or completing a Trapper Education Class. Schedules for instructor-taught courses can be accessed by calling (800) 832-2599 Ameritech Relay (800) 526-0844 or at *www.dnr.illinois.gov/safety*.

Season Dates – Rules of Thumb

Many hunters need to plan vacations and hunting trips in advance of the annual distribution of the ***Digest of Hunting and Trapping Regulations***. For such planning purposes, here are the general rules of thumb used for setting annual season dates. Although there are no guarantees that these season dates will be used in future years, this is the best information available for those who must make plans well in advance of announcements of official season dates.

Rabbit – First Saturday in November through Feb. 15.

Pheasant, Quail and Partridge –

North – First Saturday in November through Jan. 8.

South – First Saturday in November through Jan. 15.

Squirrel – Aug. 1-Feb. 15, except closed during firearm deer seasons.

Woodchuck – June 1-March 31, except closed during firearm deer seasons.

Deer – Archery – Oct. 1 through the first Sunday after Jan. 13 (closed during firearm deer season except in Cook, DuPage, Kane [that portion east of Hwy. 47] and Lake counties).

Firearm – The Friday, Saturday and Sunday immediately before Thanksgiving and the first four-day weekend (Thursday–Sunday) after Thanksgiving.

Youth Firearm Deer Season – The Saturday, Sunday, and Monday that includes the second Monday of October.

Muzzleloader – The third three-day weekend (Friday, Saturday and Sunday) following Thanksgiving. Hunting also allowed during the second firearm deer season.

Late Winter Antlerless Deer and Special CWD Deer –The first Thursday-Sunday after Dec. 25; and the first Friday-Sunday after Jan. 11.

Turkey – Spring Youth Turkey – The weekend nine days prior to the opening of each zone's first season.

Spring South Zone – Begins on the first Monday in April after April 2 and ends 32 days later. Lengths for each season (in days) are 5, 6, 6, 7 and 8, respectively.

Spring North Zone – Same as South Zone except one week later.

Fall Gun – The nine days beginning on Saturday of the second complete two-day weekend (Saturday and Sunday) after Oct. 11.

Fall Archery – Oct. 1 through the first Sunday after Jan. 13 (closed during firearm deer seasons).

Early Canada Goose – Sept. 1-15

Teal – nine or 16 days, opens on 1st or 2nd Saturday in Sept.

Rail – Opens with teal season and runs for 70 days.

Snipe – Opens with teal season and runs for 107 days.

Woodcock – 45 days beginning on the third Saturday in October.

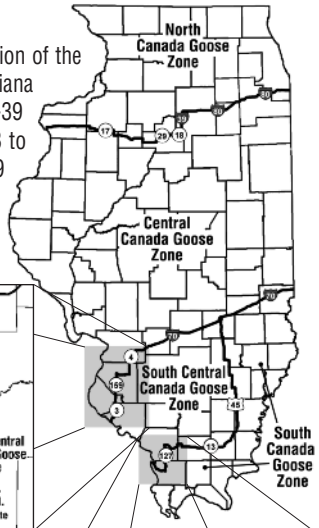
Furbearer Hunting and Trapping – Season dates listed for the 2014-2015 season will be used as guidelines.

Crow – Oct. 28-Feb. 28.

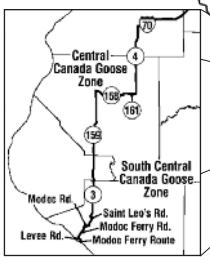
Dove – **NEW** 90 day season! Split season opens Sept. 1 and runs approximately 75 days; reopens the day after Christmas and runs the remainder of the 90 days.

Waterfowl Hunting Zones

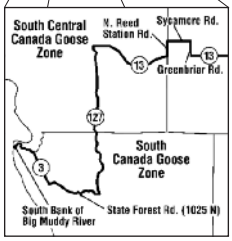
NOTE: These zone lines apply only during the September Canada Goose season. Check the 2014-15 Digest of Waterfowl Hunting Regulations for zones used during the regular goose and duck seasons.



North September Canada Goose Zone: That portion of the state north of a line extending west from the Indiana border along Interstate 80 to I-39, south along I-39 to Illinois Route 18, west along Illinois Route 18 to Illinois Route 29, south along Illinois Route 29 to Illinois Route 17, west along Illinois Route 17 to the Mississippi River, and due south across the Mississippi River to the Iowa border.



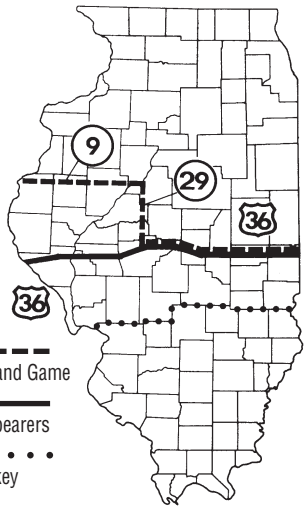
Central September Canada Goose Zone: That portion of the state south of the North Goose Zone line to a line extending west from the Indiana border along I-70 to Illinois Route 4, south along Illinois Route 4 to Illinois Route 161, west along Illinois Route 161 to Illinois Route 158, south and west along Illinois Route 158 to Illinois Route 159, south along Illinois Route 159 to Illinois Route 3, south along Illinois Route 3 to St. Leo's Road, south along St. Leo's road to Modoc Road, west along Modoc Road to Modoc Ferry Road, southwest along Modoc Ferry Road to Levee Road, southeast along Levee Road to County Route 12 (Modoc Ferry entrance Road), south along County Route 12 to the Modoc Ferry route and southwest on the Modoc Ferry route across the Mississippi River to the Missouri border.



South Central September Canada Goose Zone: The remainder of the state between the south border of the Central Zone and the north border of the South Zone.

South September Canada Goose Zone: That portion of the state south and east of a line extending west from the Indiana border along Interstate 70, south along U.S. Highway 45, to Illinois Route 13, west along Illinois Route 13 to Greenbriar Road, north on Greenbriar Road to Sycamore Road, west on Sycamore Road to N. Reed Station Road, south on N. Reed Station Road to Illinois Route 13, west along Illinois Route 13 to Illinois Route 127, south along Illinois Route 127 to State Forest Road (1025 N), west along State Forest Road to Illinois Route 3, north along Illinois Route 3 to the south bank of the Big Muddy River, west along the south bank of the Big Muddy River to the Mississippi River, west across the Mississippi River to the Missouri border.

Upland Game, Furbearers & Turkey Zones



Upland Game:
Cock pheasant, quail, Hungarian partridge: Divided by U.S. Route 36 from the Indiana state line to Springfield, Illinois Route 29 from Springfield to Pekin, and Illinois Route 9 from Pekin to Dallas City, then due west to the Mississippi River.

Furbearers:
Hunting (Raccoon, Opossum) and trapping: Divided by U.S. Route 36.

Turkey:
North Zone includes that portion of Illinois north of Crawford, Jasper, Effingham, Fayette, Bond and Madison counties. South Zone includes the remainder of the state.

Order the 2015 *Outdoor*Illinois wall calendar TODAY!

Perfect holiday gift for your outdoor friends and family!

The Illinois Conservation Foundation is pleased to announce development of a 2015 wall calendar. If you relied on the former *Outdoor*Illinois calendar for hunting and fishing season information, and for events celebrating Illinois' great outdoors, you'll definitely want to pick up a copy of this calendar!

$10 Sportman's Special

if ordered by Sept. 15 , 2014 $12 if ordered after deadline
Call for discounts on additional quantities!

Ordering calendars is easy!

Use your MasterCard or VISA online at www.ilcf.org or call (217) 785-2003.

Checks and money orders may be mailed to the address below.

Questions? email: icf@illinois.gov.

ILLINOIS CONSERVATION FOUNDATION

ICF is a multi-faceted 501(c)(3) organization established as a result of a recommendation by the 1994 Illinois Conservation Congress, a grassroots effort to elevate natural resources issues to Illinois' legislative leaders. ICF is working with organizations throughout the state to help guide the development of Illinois' youth as strong and informed conservation leaders.

Your purchase of a 2015 Illinois Conservation Foundation wall calendar will help provide a variety of exciting youth outdoor recreational and educational programs in Illinois, including programming at the newly established Torstenson Youth Conservation Education Center.

Photos courtesy Danny Brown, www.dannybrownphotography.com

Illinois Conservation Foundation, One Natural Resources Way, Springfield, IL 62701-1271

Snow Geese at Emiquon Preserve, near Lewistown, Illinois © Doug Blodgett/TNC

The Emiquon Preserve supports hundreds of thousands of migratory waterfowl and other native species, helps to clean water entering the Illinois River, provides recreational opportunities for thousands of visitors, and serves as a model for resource managers around the world.

Learn more at nature.org/touremiquon

The Nature Conservancy

Protecting nature. Preserving life.®

License, Permit, Stamp Information

All hunting and trapping licenses and state stamps are effective January 1 of the issuing year through March 31 of the following year. (In other words, the 2014 license is valid through March 31, 2015.) Every person holding a hunting and/or trapping license shall have it, including all appropriate stamps, in his/her possession for immediate presentation for inspection to any authorized law enforcement officer while hunting or trapping.

Hunting and trapping licenses, both resident and non-resident, and state stamps may be obtained from a Departmental license vendor at various locations throughout the state or at a DNR office (see page 1).

For information on where to buy a license or to obtain license, registration and permit forms, or to buy a license or stamp over the Internet immediately, visit www.dnr.illinois.gov. See below for details. Federal Migratory Waterfowl Stamps may be obtained at any U.S. Post Office, DNR offices and various license vendors.

License/Stamp/Permit	Fee	Available Online	Available through Vendors	Available through Phone	Paper Application Available
Hunting License					
Resident	$12.50	X	X	X	
Veteran Resident	$6.50[l]	X	X	X	
Resident Senior	$6.50[a]	X	X	X	
Resident >75 years old Hunting License	$1.00[n]	X	X		
Apprentice, Resident or Non-resident	$7.50[h]	X	X	X	
Youth hunting license	$7.00[m]	X	X		
Resident Lifetime	$360.00				X
Resident Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish	$26.25	X	X	X	
Veteran Resident Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish[l]	$13.50	X	X	X	
Resident Senior Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish	$13.50[a]	X	X	X	
Resident >75 years old Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish	$2.00[n]	X	X		
Resident Lifetime Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish	$765.00				X
Non-resident[b]	$57.75	X	X	X	
Non-resident (5 day)[b]	$35.75	X	X	X	
Trapping License					
Resident	$10.50	X	X	X	
Non-resident (with state reciprocity)	$175.50	X	X	X	
Non-resident (without state reciprocity)	$250.50[i]	X	X	X	
Stamps					
Electronic State Migratory Waterfowl Stamp	$15.50[c]	X	X	X	
Electronic Habitat Stamp	$5.50	X	X	X	
Deer Firearm Permit					
Resident Lottery Either Sex (ES)	$25.00[d]	X			X
Resident Lottery ES, Antlerless Only (AO)	$42.50	X			X
Resident Lottery AO	$17.50[d]	X			X
Resident OTC County ES	$25.50		X		
Resident OTC County AO	$18.00		X		
Non-resident Lottery ES	$300.00[e]	X			X
Non-resident Lottery ES, AO	$325.00[e]	X			X
Non-resident Lottery AO	$25.00[e,f]	X			X
Non-resident OTC County ES	$300.50[e]		X		
Non-resident OTC County AO	$25.50[e]		X		
Deer Muzzleloader Permit					
Resident Lottery ES	$25.00	X			X
Resident Lottery ES, AO	$42.50	X			X
Resident Lottery AO	$17.50	X			X
Resident OTC County ES	$25.50		X		
Resident OTC County AO	$18.00		X		
Non-resident Lottery ES	$300.00[e]	X			X
Non-resident Lottery ES, AO	$325.00[e]	X			X
Non-resident Lottery AO	$25.00[e,f]	X			X
Non-resident OTC County ES	$300.50[e]		X		
Non-resident OTC County AO	$25.50[e]		X		
Deer Landowner Permit					
Resident Firearm ES	$0.00				X
Resident Firearm AO	$0.00				X
Resident Archery ES	$0.00				X
Resident Archery AO	$0.00				X
Non-resident Firearm ES	$150.00[e]				X
Non-resident Firearm AO	$25.00[e,f]				X
Non-resident Archery ES, AO	$210.00[e]				X
Deer Archery Permit					
Resident OTC Permit ES, AO	$26.00		X		
Resident OTC Permit AO	$15.50		X		
Non-resident OTC AO	$25.50	X[k]	X	X[k]	
Non-resident ES, AO	$410.00	X		X	
Non-resident OTC Archery ES, AO	$411.00[e,g]	X[k]	X	X[k]	

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed License Replacement

1. Licenses purchased via the Internet can be reprinted at no charge by visiting www.dnr.illinois.gov/LPR. Vendor transactions will incur a fee.
2. Replacement licenses, permits and stamps are available for $3 from DNR's Springfield and Chicago office (see page 1).
3. Vendors can issue replacement licenses with a DNR Direct terminal. There is a $3 replacement fee per item plus a small transaction fee.

License/Stamp/Permit	Fee	Available Online	Available through Vendors	Available through Phone	Paper Application Available
Deer Youth Firearm Permit					
Resident & Non-resident OTC ES	$10.50	X	X		
Deer Late-winter Firearm Permit					
Resident OTC County AO	$18.00		X		
Resident Special Hunt Area	$17.50	X			
Deer Special Chronic Wasting Disease Permit					
AO	$5.50		X		
Turkey Archery Fall Permit					
Resident	$5.50[d]		X		
Non-resident	$75.50[e]	X[k]	X	X[k]	
Turkey Shotgun Fall Permit					
Resident	$15.00[d]	X			X
Non-resident	$125.00[e]	X			X
Turkey Shotgun/Archery Spring Permit					
Resident	$15.00[d]	X			X
Non-resident	$125.00[e]	X			X
Turkey Youth Spring Permit					
Shotgun/Archery SHA Lottery	$10.00	X			
Shotgun/Archery OTC, Resident or Non-resident	$10.50	X	X		
Turkey Landowner Permit					
Resident Fall Shotgun	$0.00				X
Resident Fall Archery	$0.00				X
Resident Spring	$0.00				X
Non-resident Fall Shotgun	$37.50[e]				X
Non-resident Fall Archery	$25.00[e]				X
Non-resident Spring	$37.50[e]				X
Otter Registration Permit	$5.50	X	X	X	

[a] Required of all hunters 65 or older.
[b] Licensed non-resident hunters can buy ammunition in Illinois.
[c] Federal Migratory Waterfowl Stamps can be purchased at www.duckstamp.com.
[d] Resident landowner/tenant (39.5 acres minimum) may be eligible for free hunting permits. Call (217) 782-7305 for details.
[e] Non-residents also need a non-resident hunting license and habitat stamp to hunt deer and turkey.
[f] Applicants must purchase an either-sex permit to be eligible for an antlerless-only permit.
[g] Does not include vendor's transaction fee for permits purchased via Internet/telephone using a credit card.
[h] See footnote 12 page 8.
[i] The fee for non-resident trapping is $175.50 except for persons whose home state (Hawaii; fee is $250.50) does not allow non-resident trapping.
[j] Paper-only applications must be submitted to the Permits office by Sept. 1.
[k] Until Aug. 31.
[l] Illinois veterans who served overseas or were mobilized by the President of the United States and have a form DD214 can take their form to DNR's Springfield or Chicago office and ask to be certified as qualifying for half-price licenses. A box will be checked on their POS account to allow future purchases of annual licenses for half price from any license vendor. This does not apply to lifetime licenses.
[m] See footnote 14 page 8.
[n] License will not be available for purchase until October 2014. State waterfowl and habitat stamp are free.

Illinois Resident Armed Forces Special Pass

Illinois resident military, guard or reserve members who have recently served abroad may be eligible for a waiver of fees for fishing, hunting and camping. Eligible persons MUST APPEAR IN PERSON at DNR's Springfield or Chicago office. See details at www.dnr.illinois.gov or call (217) 782-2965.

DNR Direct

DNR DIRECT is an automated, state-of-the-art license/permit/stamp vending system allowing residents and non-residents the ability to purchase licenses/stamps and apply for permits at a local vendor.

You also have the ability to purchase licenses/stamps and apply for permits using a credit card over the Internet at www.dnr.illinois.gov/LPR. License and stamp purchases print immediately on your printer. Reprints are available for lost/stolen licenses and stamps. Transaction receipts are issued immediately for permit applications.

License/stamp/HIP purchases also may be made by phone at 1-888-6PERMIT (673-7648).

Regulations for Hunting/Trapping Licenses and Stamps

- A resident license/stamp may be obtained by persons who have been a resident of Illinois 30 days prior to purchase (see Resident definition page 10).
- Federal stamps must be signed in ink across the face of the stamp. Lifetime License holders who are required to purchase state stamps must sign the stamps and have them in their possession while hunting.
- All hunting licenses and State stamps are effective Jan. 1 of the issuing year through March 31 of the following year. Every person holding a hunting or trapping license shall have it, including all appropriate stamps, in his/her possession for immediate presentation for inspection to any authorized law enforcement officer.
- This information is based on laws in effect as of May 1, 2014 and is subject to change.

RESIDENTS NEED: All deer and turkey hunters must have a valid deer or turkey permit, regardless of other license exemptions

License/Stamp Type	(2) Hunting License	(12) Resident Apprentice Hunting	(14) Youth Hunting License	(13) Senior Hunting License	(2) Sportsman Combination Hunting & Fishing License	(13) Senior Sportsman Combination Hunting & Fishing License	(3) (4) Trapping License	(5) Federal Waterfowl Stamp	(5) State Waterfowl Stamp	(6) State Habitat Stamp	(7) Harvest Information Program (HIP)
Under 16	X	X	X				X				X
16 – 64	X	X	X[14]		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
65 and Over		X		X		X	X	X	X	X	X
Disabled (8)							X	X		X	
Disabled Veteran (9)							X	X			
Former POW	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Armed Forces (10)	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Armed Forces (10a)							X	X		X	
Landowner (11)								X		X	

NON-RESIDENTS NEED: All deer and turkey hunters must have a valid deer or turkey permit, regardless of other license exemptions

License/Stamp Type	(1) (2) Hunting License	(1) (12) Non-Resident Apprentice Hunting	(3) (4) Trapping License	(5) Federal Waterfowl Stamp	(5) State Waterfowl Stamp	(6) State Habitat Stamp	(7) Harvest Information Program (HIP)
Under 16	X	X	X				X
16 – 64	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
65 and Over	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Disabled (8)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Disabled Veteran (9)			X	X			
Former POW	X	X	X	X	X		X
Landowner	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

(1) Non-residents hunting deer or turkey need a non-resident hunting license and State Habitat Stamp in addition to their valid deer or turkey permits.

(2) Hunters born on or after Jan. 1, 1980 must show proof that they have successfully completed a Hunter Education Course provided by Illinois DNR or their resident state or must show a previous year's hunting license.

(3) First-time trappers born on or after Jan. 1, 2015 are required to complete a trapper education course before purchasing a license. Additionally, any trapper born before Jan. 1, 2015 will need to complete a trapper education class, unless they can present to the clerk evidence that he/she has held a trapping license in the past 3 years or has a Trapper Education Card/#.

(4) Trappers under 16 years of age must have their parent's written permission prior to obtaining a license.

(5) Required to hunt waterfowl (including teal) and coots except toe-clipped, hand-reared mallards on licensed Game Breeding and Hunting Preserve Areas.

(6) Required to hunt or trap any species of wildlife protected by the Wildlife Code. Habitat Stamps are not required to hunt migratory waterfowl, coots and hand-reared toe-clipped mallards and hand-reared game birds on licensed game breeding and hunting preserve areas as well as hand-reared pheasants on Department-controlled pheasant hunting areas. Hunters who purchased a lifetime hunting license prior to 1993 are exempt.

(7) All licensed hunters must register with HIP (National Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program) if they intend to hunt migratory birds (doves, ducks, geese, snipe, woodcock, coots or rails). If you decide to hunt migratory game birds after you buy your hunting license you can register with HIP via DNR DIRECT or by calling 1-888-6PERMIT. Hunters with a lifetime license are **NOT** exempt. (see page 23)

(8) In order for disabled persons who are Illinois residents to hunt without a license, the person must be able to show (available from the Secretary of State through the driver's license examining station). Appropriate disability classifications are P2O, P2A, H2O, H2A.

(9) In order for disabled veterans (residents or non-residents) to hunt without a license, the veterans must be able to show proof of disability with a veterans' disability card (at least 10% service related) available from local Illinois Department of Veterans' Affairs Offices. Disabled veterans are exempt from purchasing a Habitat Stamp regardless of the percentage of disability.

(10) All persons on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces are considered Illinois residents (see Resident definition, p. 10).

(10a) A person on active duty in the Armed Forces, who entered the service from Illinois and is an Illinois resident, may, while on ordinary or emergency leave, hunt without a license; however, a Federal Waterfowl Stamp and State Habitat Stamp are required.

(11) Resident landowners or resident tenants and their children, parents, brothers and sisters permanently residing on their Illinois land may hunt or trap on their farmlands, where they reside, without a license (you still need a Habitat and/or Federal Waterfowl Stamp depending on which species you are hunting).

(12) The Apprentice Hunter License is a one-time, non-renewable license for residents and non-residents. It allows persons aged 17 and under to go hunting with a parent, grandparent or guardian who has a valid Illinois resident or non-resident hunting license. Those 18 and older will be able to go hunting with any family member or friend who is a validly licensed Illinois resident or non-resident hunter who is 21 years of age or older. A hunter safety course is not required to purchase this license.

(13) Age 65 and older.

(14) Any resident youth hunter age 16 and under may purchase a Youth Hunting License, which does not require the hunter to have a Hunter Education Card. A youth hunter with this license must hunt while supervised by a parent, grandparent, or guardian who is 21 years of age or older and **has a valid Illinois hunting license**. The youth hunter shall not hunt or carry a hunting device unless the youth is accompanied by and under close personal supervision of these individuals.

TORSTENSON YOUTH CONSERVATION EDUCATION CENTER

- ***Memories are made***
- ***Awareness grows***
- ***Self-discovery is fostered***
- ***Teamwork develops***
- ***Leaders emerge***

Youth Explore Discover Enjoy . . . And Grow

Illinois Conservation Foundation
#1 Natural Resources Way
Springfield, IL 62702
217/785-2003

TYCEC
13735 Cook Road
Pecatonica, IL 61073
815/298-4037

ILLINOIS CONSERVATION FOUNDATION

TO MAKE A DONATION TO THE ICF VISIT OUR WEBSITE AT WWW.ILCF.ORG/DONATE NOW.
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The Illinois Conservation Foundation's (ICF) programs are diverse and the opportunities for expanding these, and introducing new natural resource education programs are limitless.

BOOK A CLASSROOM TRIP TODAY

In existence since 1994, only recently has the ICF had the means—via the Torstenson Center in Winnebago County for igniting teacher's and student's interest in nature and contributing to youth education efforts on a daily basis. Since hiring a Program Director in 2013, the ICF has hosted numerous school fieldtrips centered on natural resource studies. Youth groups from as far as Chicago have explored our 750 acre tract, studying the woodland, wetland, restored prairie and river habitats and wildlife. Extended visits over the summer have allowed Chicago youth opportunities for a full immersion camping experience in a setting without skyscrapers and the noise and pollution of the city.

Lives are shaped at the Torstenson Center

The ICF is a 501(c)(3) not-for-profit corporation. All proceeds benefit the TYCEC and youth conservation education programs.

DEFINITIONS

Case: Any case, firearm carrying box, shipping box, or container acceptable under Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

Daily Limit: The maximum number or amount of species that can be lawfully taken by one person in one calendar day.

DNR: Department of Natural Resources.

Floating Blind: A floating blind is any watercraft or floating structure that is capable of carrying a person and which is camouflaged, disguised or altered in appearance to offer a place of concealment. Such floating blind may be mechanically powered as long as such power is used only for movement to and from the place of hunting and no attempt is made to hunt during such movement.

Freshly Killed: Any carcass, remains or parts of the body of any dead mammal or bird that has not been prepared for immediate consumption or storage for later consumption.

Furbearing Mammals: Mink, muskrat, raccoon, striped skunk, weasel, opossum, beaver, red fox, gray fox, badger, bobcat, river otter and coyote.

Game Birds: Bobwhite quail, Hungarian partridge, chukar partridge, ring-necked pheasant and wild turkey.

Game Mammals: Cottontail and swamp rabbits, white-tailed deer, fox and gray squirrel and woodchuck (groundhog).

Green Hide: Any hide or pelt which has not been tanned.

Gun: Shotgun, rifle, handgun or airgun.

Hunt: The act of a person possessing a weapon or being accompanied by a dog or bird of prey for the purpose of taking species protected by the Illinois Wildlife Code in any location such species may inhabit.

Land Set: Any trap or similar device not placed or set in contact with flowing or impounded water.

Migratory Game Birds: Mourning dove, Eurasian collared dove, white-winged dove, ringed-turtle dove, sora rail, Virginia rail, American woodcock, common snipe, American coot, ducks, geese, swans and American crow.

Possession Limit: The maximum number or amount of species that can be lawfully held or possessed by one person at any time.

Resident: "Resident" means a person who in good faith makes application for any license or permit and verifies by statement that he or she has maintained his or her permanent abode in this state for a period of at least 30 consecutive days immediately preceding the person's application, and who does not maintain permanent abode or claim residency in another state for the purposes of obtaining any of the same or similar licenses or permits covered by this Code. A person's permanent abode is his or her fixed and permanent dwelling place, as distinguished from a temporary or transient place of residence. Domiciliary intent is required to establish that the person is maintaining his or her permanent abode in this state. Evidence of domiciliary intent includes, but is not limited to, the location where the person votes, pays personal income tax or obtains a drivers license. Except for the purposes of obtaining a Lifetime License, any person on active duty in the Armed Forces shall be considered a resident of Illinois during his or her period of military duty.

Sale: To sell, barter or otherwise offer goods to another for consideration. The term sale includes serving the same as a part of a meal by any restaurant, hotel or other commercial establishment.

Take: To hunt, shoot, pursue, lure, kill, destroy, capture, gig or spear, trap or ensnare, harass or to attempt to do so.

Transport or Ship: To convey by means of parcel post, express, freight baggage or shipment by common carrier of any description; or by automobile, motorcycle or other vehicle of any kind; or by water or aircraft of any kind or by any other means of transportation.

Trap: To capture, or attempt to capture, by setting or placing a leg-hold trap, body-gripping trap, cage or live-trap or other similar device permitted by the Illinois Wildlife Code to capture, hold or kill any protected wildlife.

Vehicle: Any device capable of transporting a person on land, on ice, on water, in water or in the air.

Wildlife: Any bird or mammal living in a state of nature without the care of man, including all protected wildlife.

Water Set: Any trap or similar device that is placed or set in contact with flowing or impounded water.

PROTECTED SPECIES

All wild birds (EXCEPT the house sparrow, European starling and domestic pigeon) and parts thereof (their nests and eggs) are protected.

Wild mammals and parts thereof, including their green hides, are protected EXCEPT as authorized by a hunting or trapping season, and include: woodchuck, gray squirrel, fox squirrel, eastern cottontail rabbit, swamp rabbit, white-tailed deer, muskrat, beaver, raccoon, opossum, least weasel, long-tailed weasel, mink, striped skunk, red fox, gray fox, river otter, badger and coyote.

Wild mammals and parts thereof, including their green hides, are protected throughout the year and include: grey/timber wolves, bobcat, flying squirrel, red squirrel, white squirrel, eastern woodrat, golden mouse, rice rat, bats, mountain lion and black bear.

It shall be unlawful for any person to take any other living wild animal not covered above without the permission of the landowner or tenant.

It is unlawful to take, possess, sell or offer for sale any such wild birds (dead or alive) and parts thereof (including their nests and eggs), or such wild mammals (dead or alive) and parts thereof, including their green hides, contrary to the provisions of the Illinois Wildlife Code.

It is unlawful to bring into Illinois for the purpose of holding, releasing, propagating or selling any other living wild animal not listed under the Protected Species section above without first obtaining a DNR permit. Contact Division of Wildlife Resources (217) 782-6384.

AUTHORITY OF STATE CONSERVATION POLICE OFFICERS (CPOs)

All Conservation Police Officers are empowered, pursuant to law, to enter all lands and waters to enforce the provisions of the Wildlife Code and Administrative Rules.

FIREARM OWNER'S I.D. CARD (Issued by Illinois State Police)

Regardless of who owns the gun, Illinois residents who have a firearm or firearm ammunition in their possession also must have in their possession a valid Firearm Owner's I.D. (F.O.I.D.) Card, issued by Illinois State Police, unless they are:

- a licensed out-of-state sportsman hunting in Illinois.
- a resident who is hunting within a licensed commercial club (licensed by DNR), provided he/she is accompanied by a person who has a valid card.
- under the age of 21 and under the immediate control of a parent, guardian or responsible adult who has in his or her possession a valid F.O.I.D. card.

DNR does not issue F.O.I.D cards. Call the Illinois State Police at (217) 782-7980.

HUNTING AND TRAPPING

Hunting Near Fires

It is unlawful to hunt adjacent to or near any peat, grass, brush or other flammable substance when it is burning.

Hunting Devices and Ammunition Restrictions

It is unlawful to:

- hunt any protected species except with a gun or bow and arrow.
- use any shotgun larger than 10 gauge while taking or attempting to take any protected species. Barrel length shall not be less than 18 inches, and the overall length shall not be less than 26 inches.
- hunt with, or have in your possession while hunting, a shotgun shell with shot larger than lead shot size BB, steel shot size T or number BBB of any other non-toxic shot. Except: Shot size is unrestricted for furbearer hunting and deer may be taken with a shotgun no larger than 10 gauge or smaller than 20 gauge loaded with slugs.
- take any species of wild game except deer and fur-bearing mammals with a shotgun loaded with slugs. Except: During regular deer season (Nov. 21-23 and Dec. 4-7, 2014), deer hunters with valid, unfilled gun permits may take coyotes during legal deer hunting hours using only shotguns with slugs, handguns or muzzleloaders.
- use a shotgun capable of holding more than three shells in the magazine and chamber combined. Any shotgun having a capacity of more than three shells must be fitted with a one-piece plug that is irremovable without dismantling the shotgun or otherwise altered to render it incapable of holding more than three shells in the magazine and chamber combined. Except: This does not apply on licensed hunting preserves unless hunting wild migratory game birds and does not apply during Conservation Order light goose (snow, blue and Ross' geese) seasons that occur after Canada goose season has closed.
- use a crossbow to take wild birds or mammals except as provided for certain disabled persons (see page 34 under Disabled Outdoor Opportunities—Special Permits), and persons 62 years of age or older who carry a valid photo ID with proof of age; however, all hunters may use a crossbow beginning the second Monday following Thanksgiving. See "Hunting With Crossbows" box on this page.
- use a rifle, handgun or airgun to take game birds or migratory game birds.
- discharge a rifle, handgun or airgun on, over or into water or ice.
- use a gun equipped with a silencer.
- possess any rifle in the field during the gun deer season (Nov. 21-23 and Dec. 4-7, 2014) except muzzleloading rifles used by deer hunters only. Note: The lawful possession of rifles to take furbearing mammals and game mammals other than deer shall not be prohibited during the Youth Deer Season (Oct. 11-13, 2014), muzzleloader rifle-only deer season (Dec. 12-14, 2014) and the Late-winter Antlerless Only Deer Season, Jan. 1-4, 2015 and Jan. 16-18, 2015.

Using Drones to Interfere With Legal Hunting

It is unlawful to use a drone in a way that interferes with another person's lawful taking of wildlife or aquatic life. "Drone" means any aerial vehicle that does not carry a human operator.

Dogs — Deer and Turkey

It is unlawful to allow your dog to chase, harass or kill deer. Dogs may be used for hunting except for deer and turkey. See page 15, "Hunting Deer with Dogs, Horses, Vehicles, Boats and Aircraft."

Maintaining Separate Bags

It is unlawful to possess wildlife for which there is a daily or possession limit unless each hunter maintains his bag of such species separately and distinctly from those of all other hunters.

Possessing Another's Wildlife

It is unlawful to receive or have in custody any protected species belonging to another person, except in the personal abodes of the donor or donee, unless such protected species are tagged with the hunter's name and address, the total number of species and the date such species were taken. (See "Gift of Migratory Game Birds" on page 23.)

Possession and Daily Bag Limits

It is unlawful to possess wild game birds, wild game mammals or wild fur-bearing mammals or any parts thereof in excess of the legally established daily limit or possession limit, whichever applies.

Feeding Wildlife

It is unlawful to make available food, salt, mineral blocks or other products for ingestion by wild deer or other wildlife in areas where wild deer are present at any time.

Except:

- elevated bird/squirrel feeders providing seed, grain, fruit, worms or suet for birds or squirrels located within 100 feet of a dwelling devoted to human occupancy.
- incidental feeding of wildlife within active livestock operations.
- feeding of wild animals, other than wild deer, by hand as long as a reasonable attempt is made to clean up unconsumed food.
- feeders for wildlife other than deer so long as deer are excluded from the feed in and around the feeder by fencing or other barriers.
- standing crops planted and left standing as food plots for wildlife.
- grain or other feed scattered or distributed solely as a result of normal agricultural, gardening or soil stabilization practices.
- standing, flooded or manipulated natural vegetation or food/seed deposited by natural vegetation.
- grain or other feed distributed or scattered solely as the result of manipulation of an agricultural crop or other feed on the land where grown, for purposes of dove hunting.

Hunting With Crossbows

Recent changes to Illinois law (520 ILCS 5/2.5) expand opportunities for hunters to use crossbows in Illinois. One significant change allows all archery hunters the option of using a crossbow during certain dates (see below). Specific crossbow hunting requirements remain in effect for a portion of the season. Only those hunters who are eligible to use a crossbow due to disability, or are age 62 or older (see crossbow eligibility requirements p.34) may hunt with a crossbow. However, beginning the Monday following second firearm deer season until the close or archery deer season, all hunters, regardless of age or disability, may use a crossbow to hunt for any species of wildlife that can be legally taken by bow.

Crossbows used in hunting shall:

a) have minimum and a maximum peak draw weight of 125 and 200 pounds, respectively.

b) have a minimum overall length (from butt of stock to front of limb) of 24 inches.

c) have a working safety.

d) be used with fletched bolts or arrows of not less than 14 inches in length (not including point).

e) use broadheads that may have fixed (must be metal or flint-, chert- or obsidian-napped) or expandable blades (must be metal), but they must be a minimum 7/8 inch diameter when fully opened.

f) NOT use electronic tracking systems utilizing radio telemetry. Note: On state-owned and -managed hunting areas flu-flu arrows must be used for taking upland game.

- food material placed for capturing or killing wildlife pursuant to 520 ILCS 5/2.37, 2.30, and 1.3.
- scientific permits issued pursuant to 17 Ill. Adm. Code 520 that allow food to attract wildlife.
- any other permits issued by DNR that require the attraction of wildlife for purposes of management, research or control.

Violation of the provisions of this part is a Petty Offense with a maximum fine of $1,000.

Note: Hunting deer over bait is a separate offense (see page15).

Releasing Wildlife and Possessing Live Wildlife

It is unlawful to:

- release from captivity any wildlife except as authorized by DNR or as authorized by permits for a field trial, dog training area, game breeding and hunting preserve area, or wild game and bird breeder permits.
- carry into this state alive or possess alive any species of protected wildlife taken outside of this state without first obtaining DNR permission, except licensed game breeders, as permitted by the Illinois Wildlife Code.
- release turkeys in Illinois except DNR employees and licensed hunting preserve operators authorized to release turkeys for the purpose of hunting.
- take wildlife and retain it alive.

Possession of Captive-reared Game Mammals and Birds

It is unlawful to hold, possess or engage in the raising of game mammals, game birds or migratory game birds without obtaining a Class A Noncommercial or Class B Commercial Game and Game Bird Breeders Permit. Permit holders must keep detailed records of the acquisition and disposal of each species. Class B permit holders must keep records of sales. Records must be available for inspection by DNR and peace officers. Complete regulations are available in the Wildlife Code [520 ILCS 5/3.23] at www.dnr.illinois.gov/adrules.

Possession of Live Furbearers. See page 28.

Hunter Interference Act

It is unlawful to interfere with or disturb another person engaged in the lawful taking of a wild animal with intent to prevent the taking, or disturb or engage in an activity that will disturb wild animals, with intent to prevent their lawful taking.

Hawks, Eagles and Owls Protected

It is unlawful to take, or attempt to take, molest or disturb any hawk, eagle or owl (including nests and eggs), at any time, except as provided by falconry regulations.

Guns in State Refuges

It is unlawful to carry or possess any gun in any state refuge except as provided by Administrative Rules.

Dens, Nests and Feed Beds

It is unlawful to:

- use a mechanical device, smoke or gases to remove an animal from its den.
- molest or destroy any feed bed (a mound, pile or mat of branches, cattails or other vegetation gathered and piled by muskrats or beaver), nest, den, house or other animal activity.

Hunting From Vehicles and Boats

It is unlawful to hunt, disturb, harass or take any protected bird or mammal by the use or aid of an automobile, vehicle or conveyance, any type of watercraft, aircraft or any machine propelled by mechanical power. Exception: Paraplegics or other disabled persons, with a permit from the Office of Law Enforcement, may hunt from any stationary motor vehicle or stationary motor-driven land conveyance (see page 34 under Disabled Outdoor Opportunities – Special Permits). Note: It is legal to hunt game birds and game mammals (except deer and furbearing mammals) from a boat not camouflaged or disguised to alter its identity or further provide a place of concealment and not propelled by sail or mechanical power. Only shotguns loaded with not more than three shells of a shot size no larger than lead BB or steel T (.20 diameter) or other non-toxic shot size BBB may be used to take these game birds or mammals. A boat merely painted in a camouflage pattern is not considered camouflaged and may be used to hunt under conditions specified above.

Night Hunting with Lights, Shining Wildlife

It is unlawful to use lights of, any light from, or any light connected to a vehicle or conveyance in areas where wildlife can be found. This does not prohibit normal use of headlamps for driving upon a roadway. Except: Skunk, opossum, red or gray fox, coyote and raccoon may be taken during the open season using a small hand-operated light by a person who is on foot and not in any vehicle.

Transporting Shotguns on Boats

It is unlawful to place, carry, possess or transport a shotgun on a boat of any type in an area under the jurisdiction of DNR from Feb. 1 to May 31 inclusive, except persons having a valid, unfilled turkey permit and licensed or authorized hunters legally hunting wildlife in season.

Transporting Firearms and Bow and Arrow Devices in Vehicles

It is unlawful to:

- have or carry a shotgun, rifle, handgun or airgun in or on any vehicle, conveyance or aircraft unless the firearm or airgun is unloaded and completely enclosed in a case (see definition of case on page 10) except as noted in the Migratory Game Bird Section, page 23 (Hunting From Floating Blinds). Also see Hunting From Vehicles and Boats (page 12) and "Frequently Asked Questions" (page 35).
- carry a bow or bow and arrow device in or on a vehicle, conveyance or aircraft unless it is unstrung or enclosed in a case, or otherwise made inoperable.

Transporting and Storing Pheasants

It is unlawful to remove plumage of pheasants in the field or while being transported to one's home, taxidermist or food processor.

Hunting from Road

It is unlawful to hunt, trap or discharge a gun or bow and arrow device along, upon, across or from a public roadway, highway or

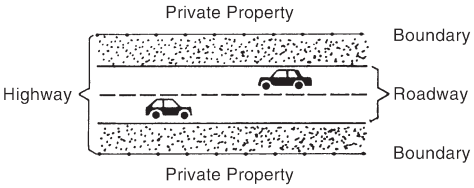
PERMISSION FROM LANDOWNER

It is unlawful for any person to take (see definition of "take" on page 10) or attempt to take any species of wildlife or parts thereof or intentionally or wantonly allow a dog to hunt, within or upon the land of another, or upon waters flowing over or standing on the land of another, or to knowingly shoot a gun or bow and arrow device at any wildlife physically on or flying over the property of another without first obtaining permission from the owner or the owner's designee. For the purposes of this law, the owner's designee means anyone whom the owner designates in a written authorization and the authorization must contain (i) the legal or common description of property, (ii) the extent that the owner's designee is authorized to make decisions regarding who is allowed to take or attempt to take any species of wildlife or parts thereof, and (iii) the owner's notarized signature.

Public hunting areas managed by DNR have restricted access. Refer to site-specific regulations for further details (pages 36-42). Note: Railroad rights-of-way are private property and permission from the owner is needed before hunting or trapping.

Illinois law does not grant the right of trespass for the purpose of retrieving wounded or crippled wildlife or hunting dogs. Secure permission from the landowner or tenant before entering any property. Your conduct while hunting and trapping can influence the landowner's decision to allow future hunting or trapping.

right-of-way. Highway (right-of-way) means the entire width between the boundary lines of every public road. Roadway means the portion of the public road that is improved or ordinarily used for vehicle travel, excluding the berm or shoulder.



Permission from Landowner Required to Hunt or Trap

See page 12.

Hunting Near Inhabited Dwellings

It is unlawful to hunt or allow a dog to hunt within 300 yards of an inhabited dwelling without first obtaining permission of the owner or tenant of the dwelling. Except: A 100-yard restriction shall apply while trapping, hunting with bow and arrow, or hunting with shotgun using shotshells only, or on licensed game breeding and hunting preserve areas, on federally owned and managed lands, on DNR-owned, -managed, -leased or -controlled lands and areas operated under a Waterfowl Hunting Area permit.

Damaging Property while Hunting

It is unlawful to damage or destroy another person's property while hunting or trapping on his or her land.

Hunting Hours Restrictions

It is unlawful to hunt any wild game except during hours specified in the table on pages 2-3 (see Sunrise-Sunset tables on pages 47-48).

Shooting Game Birds not Flying

It is unlawful to take game birds (except turkeys), unless they are flying except for taking pheasants that are not flying when crippled and not capable of normal flight and otherwise irretrievable. Migratory game birds may be taken while not in flight (see Migratory Game Bird definition page 10).

Netting or Trapping Game Birds

It is unlawful to possess any net or trap for the purpose of taking game birds or migratory game birds.

Possession of Illegally Taken Wildlife

It is unlawful to possess any species of wildlife or wildlife parts taken unlawfully in Illinois or any other state or country, whether or not the wildlife or wildlife parts is indigenous to Illinois. The statute of limitations for unlawful possession of such wildlife or wildlife parts shall not cease until 2 years after the possession has permanently ended.

Purple paint law

Landowners or leasees are able to mark trees or posts with purple paint as a "no trespassing" notice.

OWNER LIABILITY AND DUTY OF CARE FOR HUNTING AND RECREATIONAL SHOOTING

The entire Recreational Use of Land and Water Areas Act codified within the Civil Immunities chapter of the Illinois Compiled Statutes can be found at 745 ILCS 65/.

The purpose of this Act is to encourage landowners to make land and water areas available to individuals for recreational or conservation purposes by limiting their liability toward persons entering the property for such purposes.

Definitions

(a) "Land" includes roads, water, watercourses, private ways and buildings, structures, and machinery or equipment when attached to the realty, but does not include residential buildings or property.

(b) "Owner" includes the possessor of any interest in land: a tenant, lessee, occupant, the state of Illinois and its political subdivisions, or person in control of the premises.

(c) "Recreational or conservation purpose" means entry onto the land of another to conduct hunting and/or recreational shooting or any related activities.

(d) "Charge" means an admission fee for permission to go upon the land, but does not include: the sharing of game, fish or other products of recreational use; or benefits to or arising from the recreational use; or contributions in kind, services or cash made for the purpose of properly conserving the land.

(e) "Person" includes any person, regardless of age, maturity or experience, who enters upon or uses land for recreational purposes.

Except as recognized by this Act, a landowner owes no duty of care to keep the premises safe for entry or use by any person for recreational or conservation purposes, or to give any warning of a natural or artificial dangerous condition, use, structure or activity on such premises to persons entering for such purposes.

Except as recognized by this Act, a landowner who directly or indirectly invites or permits without charge a person to use such property for recreational or conservation purposes does not:

(a) Extend any assurance that the premises are safe for any purpose.

(b) Confer upon a person the legal status of an invitee or licensee to whom a duty of care is owed.

(c) Assume responsibility for or incur liability for any injury to person or property caused by an act or omission of a person or any other person who enters upon the land.

(d) Assume responsibility for liability for any injury to a person or property caused by any natural or artificial condition, structure or personal property on the premises.

Nothing in this Act limits any liability which otherwise exists:

(a) For willful and wanton failure to guard or warn against a dangerous condition, use, structure, or activity.

(b) For injury suffered in any case where the landowner charges the person or persons who enter or go on the land for the recreational use, except that in the case of land leased to the state or a subdivision thereof, any consideration received by the owner for such lease is not a charge within the meaning of this Section.

Possession of Freshly Killed Game Out of Season

It is unlawful to possess any freshly killed game when the season is closed for taking (see page 15 for Deer Accidentally Killed).

Blaze Orange Clothing Requirements

See page 14.

Selling Wildlife, Feathers etc.

It is unlawful to buy, sell, or offer to sell or barter game birds or migratory game birds, or parts thereof, including feathers, nests or eggs (including wild turkey parts) or the edible parts of game mammals except as provided by specific permits.

Retrieving Killed/Crippled Wildlife (Wanton Waste of Game)

It is unlawful to kill or cripple any species protected by the Illinois Wildlife Code for which there is a bag limit without making a reasonable effort to retrieve such species and include it in the bag limit. It is also unlawful for any person having control over harvested game mammals, game birds, or migratory game birds for which there is a bag limit to wantonly waste or destroy the usable meat of the game, except this shall not apply to wildlife taken by means of a nuisance wildlife removal permit or wildlife taken by means of a scientific collection permit. "Usable meat" means the breast meat of a game bird or migratory game bird and the hind ham and

Blaze Orange Clothing Requirements

A solid blaze orange cap/hat **and** an upper outer garment displaying at least 400 square inches of **solid** blaze orange material must be worn:

- to hunt deer with any firearm during all firearm deer seasons.
- to hunt or trap any species, except migratory waterfowl, during all firearm deer seasons in counties open to firearm deer hunting.
- to track wounded deer with a dog during all firearm deer seasons.
- to archery turkey hunt during any firearm deer season.
- to accompany youth during youth controlled pheasant or firearm deer hunts.
- by hunters and trappers during pheasant, rabbit, quail and partridge season while trapping or hunting pheasant, quail, Hungarian partridge, rabbit, snipe, rail and woodcock on all DNR sites.

On private land, a solid blaze orange hat or cap must be worn to:

- hunt with a firearm for upland game, pheasant, rabbit, quail, partridge, etc.

Camouflage blaze orange material does not meet the requirements.

It is unlawful to use or occupy a ground blind during any firearm deer season on DNR-owned or -managed land unless at least 400 square inches of solid, vivid blaze orange material is securely attached to the uppermost portion of the blind and a substantial amount of orange is visible for 360 degrees.

front shoulders of a game mammal. It shall be unlawful for any person to place, leave, dump, or abandon a wildlife carcass or parts of it along or upon a public right-of-way or highway or on public or private property, including a waterway or stream, without the permission of the owner or tenant. It shall not be unlawful to properly discard game meat that is determined to be unfit for human consumption.

FALCONRY REGULATIONS

State falconry permits, issued in accordance with federal regulations 50 CFR 21.29, are required to take, possess and transport hawks, falcons and great horned owls for falconry purposes. Call the Office of Law Enforcement for details at (217) 782-6431 or email Brian.Clark@illinois.gov.

FIELD TRIAL AND DOG TRAINING REGULATIONS

It is unlawful to:

- hold a field trial, organized night hunt, water race or other competitive event involving sporting dogs without first obtaining a DNR permit. Applications must be submitted 4 weeks prior to the event.
- possess any firearm or ammunition other than a pistol loaded with blank cartridges while training dogs when hunting seasons are closed, except on an authorized field trial or dog training area. When training dogs from sunset to sunrise, no person in, along with, or accompanying the dog training party shall be in possession of a firearm or live ammunition, except pistols capable of firing only blank cartridges.
- operate a dog training area without first obtaining a wild game breeder's permit (217) 785-3423 and dog training area permit (217) 785-8129 from DNR. Complete information about field trials and dog training is available at www.dnr.illinois.gov.

TAXIDERMY LAWS

Any person who engages in the business of taxidermy must obtain a DNR permit. Persons taking animals to a taxidermist must be able to prove that the animal was legally taken. Taxidermists are required to keep written records of all animals received. All animals in their possession must be properly tagged or labeled. For further information contact a DNR office.

DUTY TO REPORT HUNTING AND TRAPPING ACCIDENTS

Every hunting or trapping accident involving serious personal injury (death, internal injury, broken bones, loss of an appendage, disfigurement, etc.) including falls from elevated tree stands or a gunshot or archery wound must be reported to DNR within 5 days. Persons involved in a hunting or trapping accident must render assistance to persons affected by the accident provided they can do so without serious danger to themselves and others. Accidents must be reported on forms obtained from the Safety Education Section at 1-800-832-2599 or www.dnr.illinois.gov/safety.

FERAL SWINE ADMINISTRATIVE RULES IN ILLINOIS

Feral swine (wild pigs) are escaped animals from traditional hog operations, dumped pets, free-ranging practices and/or illegal releases. Feral swine negatively impact wildlife and wildlife habitat. These animals have a high reproductive potential and populations must be reduced by 70 percent each year simply to keep them from expanding.

(Photo courtesy Missouri Department of Conservation.)

The Department regulates the transport, release, and harvest of feral swine. Specifically:

- Hunters may only shoot **feral** swine during the firearm, muzzleloader, late-winter, and CWD deer seasons if the hunter possesses a valid firearm, muzzleloader, late-winter, or CWD deer permit. It is illegal to harvest feral swine outside of those dates, unless the individual has been issued a Nuisance Wildlife Permit from a District Wildlife Biologist. Pigs are considered feral swine if they are unrestrained and have **adapted to living in a wild or free-roaming environment**. Hunters who mistakenly or purposely shoot a domestic pig or someone's pet may be subject to civil and/or criminal charges.
- Hunter-killed feral swine must be reported to the Department by contacting Doug Dufford, Wildlife Disease and Invasive Animals Program Manager at 815-369-2414. Hunters may keep the legally harvested pigs.
- It is illegal to provide outfitting or guide services for feral swine hunting in Illinois.
- It is illegal to hunt feral swine in an enclosure.
- It is illegal to release, transport, and/or possess.

The Department and United States Department of Agriculture have recently eliminated feral swine from one section of the State and have significantly reduced the population in another section. Successful deer and turkey hunters who check in their harvest will also be asked to report the number of feral swine they had observed during the hunting season in the county in which they were successful. These data will assist wildlife biologists in determining where feral swine are located, and biologists can remove swine before extensive agricultural and environmental damage occurs.

Report feral swine sightings to: DNR, 8542 N. Lake Rd. Lena, IL 61048. Phone: (815) 369-2414.

Statewide Deer Hunting Information

DEER HUNTING REGULATIONS

In addition to statewide regulations, the following regulations apply to all deer hunters:

Non-resident Requirements

In addition to their valid deer permit, non-resident deer hunters must purchase a non-resident hunting license (either $57.75 annual or $35.75 5-day license depending on the amount of time they will be hunting) and a State Habitat Stamp.

Permit Applications

Apply online at www.dnr.illinois.gov or with a hardcopy application form. To receive application forms for a firearm or muzzleloading rifle deer hunting permit, contact the DNR Chicago office at (312) 814-2070 or the Springfield permit office at (217) 782-7305.

Deer Permit and Tagging Requirements

It is unlawful to:

- hunt deer without a DNR permit.
- hunt deer unless the permit is properly signed and in the hunter's possession while hunting.
- transfer, loan, use, possess, or falsify any license, permit, tag, or harvest record issued to another person.
- take an antlered deer with an antlerless-only permit. An antlered deer is defined as a deer having at least one antler of a length of 3 inches or more. An antlerless deer is defined as a deer without antlers or a deer having antlers less than 3 inches long.
- have in your possession, while in the field during deer season, any deer permit issued to another person.
- hunt deer in a county or area other than specified on the permit.
- move, transport or field dress a deer upon kill before properly attaching the temporary harvest tag as instructed on the permit. Deer must be tagged immediately upon kill.

White Deer Protected

It is unlawful to take any **all-white** white-tailed deer at any time.

Sidearms and Rifle Regulations

It is unlawful to:

- have in possession any other firearm when hunting deer with a shotgun, handgun or muzzleloader. However, more than one firearm may be possessed by a firearm deer hunter provided it is a lawful gun for that particular season.
- possess a bow and gun in the field at the same time while deer hunting.
- possess any rifle in the field during firearm deer season (Nov. 21-23 and Dec. 4-7, 2014) except muzzleloading rifles used by deer hunters only. **NOTE:** The lawful possession of rifles to take furbearing mammals and game mammals other than deer shall not be prohibited during the youth deer hunting season (Oct. 11-13, 2014), muzzleloading rifle-only deer season (Dec. 12-14, 2014) and CWD and late-winter antlerless only deer season (Jan. 1-4, 2015 and Jan. 16-18, 2015).

Hunting Deer with Dogs, Horses, Vehicles, Boats and Aircraft

It is unlawful to use a dog, horse, automobile, aircraft, boat or other vehicle to take deer with a firearm or bow and arrow. Dogs may, however, be used to track wounded deer if the following conditions are met:

- Any person using a dog for tracking wounded deer must maintain physical control of the dog at all times by means of a maximum 50 foot lead attached to the dog's collar or harness.
- Tracking wounded deer is permissible at night, but at no time outside of legal deer hunting hours or seasons shall any person handling or accompanying a dog being used for tracking wounded deer be in possession of any firearm or archery device.
- Persons tracking wounded deer with a dog during the firearm seasons shall wear blaze orange as required.
- Dog handlers tracking wounded deer with a dog are exempt from hunting license and deer permit requirements so long as they are accompanied by the licensed deer hunter who wounded the deer. It is unlawful to track deer with dogs on any DNR-owned or –managed site during hours when deer hunting is open on the site.

Hunting Deer Over Salt, Mineral or Bait

It is illegal to feed deer at any time and/or take deer by the use or aid of bait or baiting of any kind. Despite their widespread availability, deer baits and attractants commonly sold in stores are also illegal to use at any time except for use by properly licensed owners of captive cervids while feeding captive animals. For the purpose of this section, "bait" means any material, whether liquid or solid, including food, salt, minerals and other products that can be ingested, placed or scattered in such a manner as to attract or lure white-tailed deer. "Baiting" means the placement or scattering of bait to attract deer. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days following the removal of bait.

For the purposes of taking white-tailed deer, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the manipulation, including mowing or cutting, of standing crops as a normal agricultural or soil stabilization practice, food plots or normal agricultural practices,

DEER ACCIDENTALLY KILLED/INJURED BY MOTOR VEHICLES AND METHODS OTHER THAN LAWFUL HUNTING

To report and claim road-killed deer online, visit: www.dnr.illinois.gov. There is no limit to the number of deer that may be possessed under these circumstances. No part of a deer so killed can be bartered or sold.

Except for law enforcement officers in the performance of their duties it is illegal to kill a deer:

- crippled by a collision with a motor vehicle.
- crippled by methods other than lawful hunting unless permission has been obtained from a Conservation Police Officer (see phone numbers on page 1).

The state of Illinois is absolved of any and all liability associated with the handling or utilization of vehicle-killed deer and deer killed by methods other than lawful hunting. Motorists are also reminded to report deer-related traffic accidents to appropriate law enforcement agencies when such reporting is required.

Collision with a motor vehicle

An Illinois resident/driver of a motor vehicle involved in a vehicle-deer collision has priority in legally possessing white-tailed deer killed/injured as a result of a collision with a motor vehicle. If the driver does not take possession of the deer before leaving the collision scene, any citizen of Illinois who is not delinquent in child support may possess and transport the deer. Non-residents may not claim a road-killed deer. Individuals claiming such a deer must report the possession within 24 hours at www.dnr.illinois.gov. Individuals without Internet access can report such possession by calling (217) 782-6431 no later than 4:30 p.m. the next business day.

Killed/injured by methods other than lawful hunting or a vehicle/deer accident

Any individual finding a dead or crippled deer, other than those killed/injured in a vehicle/deer collision or legally taken by hunting methods, may not transport said deer parts until permission is obtained from a Conservation Police Officer. Permission will be granted if it is determined that the person requesting possession did not illegally kill or injure the deer. When retained, the head/antler and hide shall be properly tagged with an irremovable tag obtained from a Conservation Police Officer. These tags must remain attached as long as the head/antler or hide remains in the green state, or while in a commercial manufacturing process.

WHEN BUYING A HUNTING OR FISHING LICENSE....

You will be asked to make a donation to the Illinois Conservation Foundation. By doing so, you will be helping to preserve our hunting and fishing heritage for future generations...

ILLINOIS CONSERVATION FOUNDATION

IT'S ALL ABOUT THE KIDS

The Illinois Conservation Foundation is an IRS registered 501 (C) (3) not for Profit Corporation. All funds are held in private accounts.

Donations are also accepted at: www.ilcf.org

including planting, harvesting and maintenance, such as cultivating, or the use of products designed for scent only and not capable of ingestion, solid or liquid, placed or scattered, in such a manner as to attract or lure deer.

Deer Bag Limit

- *It is unlawful to* kill more than one deer per permit during the bow season or more than one deer per permit during the gun seasons.
- No hunter, regardless of the quantity or type of permits in his/her possession, may harvest more than two antlered deer during a year, including the youth, archery, muzzleloading and firearm seasons.
- For the purpose of this bag limit, deer seasons are considered to be in the same year if their opening dates are within the same 12-month period that begins July 1.
- Deer taken during the Special CWD Deer Season (select counties only) do not count toward the antlered buck limit.

Gun and Bow Requirement During Non-hunting Hours

It is unlawful to carry a loaded gun or bow with a nocked arrow in the field except during legal hunting hours. (see Transporting Firearms and Bow and Arrow Devices in Vehicles, page 12.)

Driving Deer on DNR-controlled Properties

It is unlawful to drive deer, or participate in a deer drive, on DNR-owned or -managed properties during all deer seasons.

Importation of Animal Carcasses and Parts

Importation of hunter-harvested deer and elk carcasses into Illinois is prohibited except:

- deboned meat, antlers, antlers attached to skull caps, hides, upper canine teeth (also known as "buglers," "whistlers," or "ivories"). Skull caps shall be cleaned of all brain and muscle tissue;
- finished taxidermists mounts;
- carcasses or parts of carcasses with the spinal column or head attached may be transported in the state only if they are submitted to a licensed meat processor or a licensed taxidermist for processing within 72 hours after entry; licensed meat processors and taxidermists shall dispose of all inedible tissue not listed in the first dot point in a properly permitted landfill or with a renderer;
- tissues can be imported into the state for use by a diagnostic or research laboratory.

NOTE: Nothing in this Part shall prevent renderers regulated under the Illinois Dead Animal Disposal Act [225 ILCS 610] with Class A or B licenses from transporting cervid carcasses or parts into the state for the purpose of rendering.

Exportation of Deer by Non-residents

Non-resident hunters who harvest a wild deer in Illinois should contact the DNR in states they will be traveling through, including their home state, to inquire about regulations related to possession/transportation of deer carcasses and/or parts of carcasses through the state in question as regulations vary from state to state.

Transportation

- **To taxidermist—**if the head/antlers are delivered to a taxidermist for processing, the confirmation number/temporary harvest tag must be recorded on the 'head tag' portion of the permit and both must remain with the deer at the taxidermist.
- **To meat processor—**if the carcass is taken to a meat processor, the permanent/temporary harvest tag (leg tag) with confirmation number must remain with the deer while it is processed, and until it is at the legal residence of the person who legally took or possessed the deer.
- **To tanner—**persons delivering deer/parts of a deer to a tanner for processing must supply the tanner with their deer permit number to verify lawful acquisition. In the absence of a permit number, the tanner may rely on the written certification of the person from whom the deer was received that the specimen was legally taken or obtained.

Regional Firearm Harvest Reporting and Transportation

In counties being surveyed for CWD (Boone, DeKalb, Grundy, JoDaviess, Kane, LaSalle, McHenry, Ogle, Stephenson and Winnebago counties)

- Successful firearm season hunters must take their deer either whole or field-dressed to a designated firearm deer check station on the same day it was killed.
- Daily check station hours are 8 a.m.-8 p.m.
- A permanent harvest tag will be attached to the leg of the deer upon registration at the check station.
- If not able to locate a harvested deer in sufficient time to enable checking it in by 8 p.m.,

the hunter must take the deer to the appropriate check station upon its opening at 8 a.m. the following morning, or immediately upon retrieving it if that occurs later than the opening of the check station. If this situation occurs on a Sunday, the hunter must contact the appropriate regional DNR Law Enforcement office by 10 a.m. Monday morning for instructions on checking the deer.

- Successful hunters using their muzzleloading rifle deer permits during the second weekend of the firearm season may, at their option, register their harvest either electronically *or* at a designated firearm deer check station by 8 p.m. on the day the deer was killed.

In all other counties and seasons (pertains to firearm, muzzleloading rifle, archery, late winter antlerless, special CWD seasons)

- Successful hunters must register their harvest by 10 p.m. on the same calendar day the deer was taken by calling the toll-free telephone check-in system at 1-866-452-4325 (1-866-ILCHECK) or by accessing the online check-in system at www.dnr.illinois.gov/hunting.
- The harvest confirmation number must be written by the hunter onto the temporary harvest tag (leg tag). If the condition of the tag precludes writing on the tag in the appropriate space (i.e., bloody, etc.), the confirmation number shall be written elsewhere on the tag, or onto a piece of paper and attached to the deer along with the temporary harvest tag.
- The deer must remain whole (or field dressed) until it has been checked in.
- In instances where deer are checked in while the hunter is still afield, the deer may not be dismembered while afield beyond quartering the animal. If quartered, all parts of the carcass (except the entrails removed during field dressing) must be transported together and evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to one quarter. Evidence of sex is:
  A) For a buck: head with antlers attached to carcass, or attached testicle, scrotum or penis.
  B) For a doe: head attached to carcass, or attached udder (mammary) or vulva.
- The temporary harvest tag (leg tag) and confirmation number must remain attached to the deer until it is at the legal residence of the person who legally took or possessed the deer, the deer has been checked in, and final processing is complete.

Blaze Orange Clothing Requirements
See page 14.

FIREARM DEER HUNTING SEASON INFORMATION

Legal Firearms
- Shotguns, loaded with slugs only, of not larger than 10 nor smaller than 20 gauge, not capable of firing more than three consecutive slugs; or
- Single or double barreled muzzleloading rifles of at least .45 caliber shooting a single projectile through a barrel of at least 16 inches in length; or
- Centerfire revolvers or centerfire single-shot handguns of .30 caliber or larger with a minimum barrel length of 4 inches.

Legal Ammunition
- For shotguns and muzzleloading firearms, the minimum size of the projectile shall be .44 caliber. A wad or sleeve is not considered a projectile or a part of the projectile.
- For handguns, a bottleneck centerfire cartridge of .30 caliber or larger with a case length not exceeding 1.4 inches, or a straight-walled centerfire cartridge of .30 caliber or larger, both of which must be available as a factory load with the published ballistic tables of the manufacturer showing a capability of at least 500 foot pounds of energy at the muzzle. There is no case length limit for straight-walled cartridges.
- Non-expanding, military-style full metal jacket bullet cannot be used to harvest white-tailed deer; only soft point or expanding bullets (including copper/copper-alloy rounds designed for hunting) are legal ammunition.

Additional Muzzleloading Regulations
- A muzzleloading firearm is defined as a firearm that is incapable of being loaded from the breech end.
- Only black powder or a "black powder substitute" such as Pyrodex may be used. Modern smokeless powders (nitrocellulose-based) are an approved blackpowder substitute only in muzzleloading firearms specifically designed for their use.
- Percussion caps (shotgun primers are legal percussion caps), wheellock, matchlock or flint type ignition only may be used, except the Connecticut Valley Arms (CVA) electronic ignition shall be legal to use.
- A muzzleloading firearm is considered unloaded when: removal of percussion cap or prime powder from frizzen pan with frizzen open and hammer all the way down or removal of prime powder from flashpan and wheel un-wound or removal of prime powder and match with match not lit, or removal of the battery from the CVA electronic ignition muzzleloader.

Permit Requirements and Application Periods
Firearm deer hunters must have a current, valid Firearm Deer Season Permit.

- **First Lottery—Residents:** The deadline for the first lottery period for Illinois residents to apply for regular firearm and muzzleloading deer permits is April 30. Hunters may apply for firearm season permits and special muzzleloader season permits during the lottery. Permits are issued using a computerized lottery, and successful applicants receive their permits in July. Applicants wanting to determine whether they were successful before the second lottery deadline can check online at http://www.dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/deer/Pages/OnlineDeerPermitInquirySystem.aspx.
- **Second Lottery—Non-residents/Residents:** Individuals who were rejected for a deer permit during the first lottery, who are applying for their first permit, or who are non-residents may apply for firearm and muzzleloader deer permits through June 30. Applicants may apply for one either-sex deer permit and one bonus antlerless-only deer permit to be allocated from permits remaining after the first lottery. Illinois residents have preference over non-residents in this lottery.
- **Random Daily Drawing:** Residents and non-residents may apply for remaining permits to be allocated in random daily drawings that begin Aug. 12 for additional firearm or muzzleloader permits left over from the county quotas. Last date to apply Sept. 8. Hunters are encouraged to apply early as drawings are conducted from the pool of permits received each day.

Over-the-Counter Sales Period
Permits remaining after the Random Daily Drawing will be available over-the-counter from license vendors throughout the state beginning Oct. 21 on a first-come, first-served basis. Permits will be sold until quotas are exhausted, or until the close of the firearm deer season, whichever occurs first.

Permit Limit
Prior to the Random Daily Drawing in August, no hunter may receive, or attempt to receive, more than one either-sex permit and one antlerless-only permit for the firearm deer season.

MUZZLELOADING RIFLE DEER HUNTING SEASON INFORMATION

Legal Firearms
See Firearm Deer Hunting (page 17).

Permit Requirements and Application Periods
- Muzzleloading rifle deer hunters must have a current, valid Muzzleloading Rifle Deer Season Permit, or an unused Property-Only Landowner/Tenant Deer Permit valid for that year's Firearm Deer Season.
- Unfilled Property-Only Firearm Deer Permits shall be valid only on lands owned/

leased by the permit holder, and the holder must use a muzzleloading rifle.

- Application periods for muzzleloading rifle deer permits are the same as for the firearm deer permits.

Permit Limit

Prior to the Random Daily Drawing in August, no hunter may receive, or attempt to receive, more than one either-sex muzzleloader permit and one antlerless-only permit for the muzzleloader deer season.

ARCHERY DEER HUNTING SEASON INFORMATION

Legal Archery Equipment

- A long, recurve or compound bow with a minimum pull of 40 pounds at some point within a 28-inch draw.
- Minimum arrow length is 20 inches.
- Broadheads must be used and may have fixed (must be metal or flint-, chert- or obsidian-knapped) or expandable (must be metal) cutting surfaces, but they must have a minimum 7/8 inch diameter when fully opened.
- Electronic tracking systems utilizing radio telemetry are illegal.
- See page 11 for rules regarding use of crossbows.
- A crossbow device is illegal except for:
  A) Permanently or temporarily disabled persons, as defined by law (520 ILCS 5/2.33), may apply to the DNR Office of Law Enforcement (217/782-6431) for an exemption to allow use of a crossbow (a physicians' certification is required); or
  B) Persons age 62 and older may hunt with use of crossbow without first obtaining a crossbow permit. A valid photo I.D. with proof of age must be carried by persons age 62 and older.
  C) Any person, regardless of age or disability, may utilize a crossbow for archery deer hunting beginning the Monday after the second firearm deer season.

NOTE: It is unlawful to have any firearm in possession while hunting deer with a bow and arrow or crossbow.

Resident Permits and Limits

Resident antlerless-only and combination archery deer permits can be purchased without limit from your local hunting license vendor. Resident hunters may apply for only one of the single either-sex permits on paper applications printed from Aug. 1-Sept. 1 (www.dnr.illinois.gov) with an application deadline of September 1. (see Deer Bag Limit, page 16)

Non-Resident Permits and Limits

- Nonresident combination archery deer permits, each consisting of an either-sex tag and an antlerless-only tag, are available via lottery for $411 plus a processing fee. Nonresidents may apply for and receive only one archery combination permit per license year. A non-resident landowner who has obtained landowner archery permits is also eligible for one combination non-resident archery permit.
- Applications are accepted June 1-30 via DNR's telephone vendor system (1-888-673-7648) or via DNR Direct Online License Sales at www.dnr.illinois.gov.
- The number of permits is limited to 25,000, with clients of resident outfitters licensed by DNR given preference in the drawing for the first 7,500. Clients of licensed resident outfitters should contact the outfitter prior to applying to receive a certification number to be used in the application process to verify their outfitter client status. Permits will be allocated using a computerized, random lottery drawing conducted after June 30. If the number of eligible outfitter clients in the drawing is less than 7,500, all remaining permits will be allocated to the remaining applicants until the quota is reached. If the number of eligible outfitter clients in the drawing exceeds 7,500, those outfitter clients unsuccessful in obtaining one of the first 7,500 permits will compete against non-client applicants for the remaining 17,500 permits.
- Non-resident archery deer permits issued to outfitter clients who received a permit based on the preference given to outfitter clients are valid only on property controlled by the outfitter used to gain preference; all other archery permits are valid statewide.
- Any permits remaining after the drawing will be sold on a first-come, first-serve basis.
- An unlimited number of non-resident archery antlerless-only permits ($25.50) will be available to any non-resident from license vendors.
- Nonresidents may not purchase a combination archery deer permit after Sept. 30 if they have previously purchased any single antlerless-only archery deer permit.

LATE-WINTER ANTLERLESS DEER HUNTING SEASON INFORMATION

Counties Open to Hunting (all harvest is checked electronically)

DNR will announce in October the counties open to late-winter antlerless deer hunting. The county map will be available by Oct. 1 at www.dnr.illinois.gov/hunting.

Permit Requirement and Application Periods

- Illinois resident hunters must have a current, valid Late-Winter Deer Season Permit ($17.50), or an unfilled firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer permit valid for the previous firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer season and valid for one of the open counties.
- Non-resident hunters must have an unfilled firearm or muzzleloader deer permit valid for the previous youth, firearm or muzzleloader deer season and valid for one of the open counties.
- Unfilled firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer permits are valid only for the county for which they were originally issued, except that unfilled landowner property-only hunting firearm deer permits are valid only on lands owned/leased by the permit holder within the open counties.
- Unfilled firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer permits that were originally issued for special hunt areas are not valid during the Late-Winter Deer Season unless the hunter is redrawn to hunt at the same site at a special site lottery, or if the special hunt area is open to persons with a county permit without conducting a lottery.
- Persons using an unfilled firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer permit valid for the previous firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer season (including landowner permits) may harvest only antlerless deer even when using an either-sex permit.

Resident Permits and Limits

- Special Hunt Area permits will be issued in a lottery from online applications received Oct. 28-Nov. 24.
- There are two categories of counties "open" and "closed" to the Late-Winter Deer Season, based upon deer management needs.
- There is no limit on the number of Resident Permits which may be purchased for counties designated as "open."
- Resident Late-Winter County Deer Permits will be available for sale over-the-counter from license vendors beginning Dec. 16 through the last day of Late-Winter Deer season.

Legal Firearms

Hunters using:

- unfilled Firearm Deer Season or Late-Winter Season permits may use all firearms described under the firearms section on page 17, as well as single-shot muzzleloading handguns (blackpowder handguns incapable of being loaded from the breech end) of .50 caliber or larger capable of producing at least 500 foot pounds of energy at the muzzle according to published ballistic tables of the manufacturer. Single-shot muzzleloading handguns must use a projectile of .44 caliber or larger with sufficient blackpowder or "blackpowder substitute" (such as Pyrodex) to produce at least 500 foot pounds of energy at the muzzle. A wad or sleeve is not considered a projectile or part of a projectile.
- unfilled Muzzleloader Deer Season permits may use only muzzleloading rifles.

- unfilled Youth permits may use only shotguns or muzzleloaders.

SPECIAL CWD DEER HUNTING SEASON INFORMATION

Counties Open to Hunting (all harvest is checked electronically)

- Boone, DeKalb, Grundy, JoDaviess, Kendall, LaSalle, McHenry, Ogle, Stephenson and Winnebago counties, and the portion of Kane County west of State Route 47. The county map will be available by Oct. 1 at www.dnr.illinois.gov/hunting.

Permit Requirements

- Hunters must have an unfilled deer permit valid for the previous firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer season and valid for one of the open counties; or a valid Chronic Wasting Disease Season Deer Permit (issued for one county and valid only in the county stated on the permit).
- Unfilled firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer permits are valid only for the county for which they were originally issued, except that unfilled landowner property-only hunting firearm deer permits are valid only for the lands which the person to whom it was issued owns, leases or rents within the open counties/portion of counties. Unfilled firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer permits originally issued for special hunt areas are not valid during the CWD season unless the hunter is redrawn to hunt at the same site at a special site lottery, or if the special hunt area is open to persons with a county permit without conducting a lottery.
- CWD Season Deer Permits are available over-the-counter from participating license vendors beginning Dec. 16 for a fee of $5.50. These permits are antlerless-only.

Special Harvest Regulations

- Persons using unfilled permits from the previous firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer season may take only the type of deer specified on that permit (either-sex or antlerless-only).
- The bag limit is one deer per legally authorized either-sex or antlerless-only permit.
- Deer taken during the CWD season are not subject to the antlered deer bag limit restrictions imposed during the firearm, muzzleloader, youth and archery deer hunting seasons.

Legal Firearms

- Hunters with valid, unused permits from the firearm, youth or muzzleloader seasons may use only the weapons allowed by that permit in those respective seasons.
- Hunters with a valid CWD season deer permit may use any of the weapons allowed during the late-winter firearm season.

Youth Deer Hunting Season Information

- Only young hunters (resident or non-resident) who have not reached their 16th birthday before Oct. 11, 2014 may participate in the Youth Deer Hunt (Oct. 11-13, 2014).
- Participants must have a current, valid Youth Deer Hunt Permit ($10.50).
- Each youth must be accompanied by a supervising, non-hunting adult.
- Permits will be available for sale over-the-counter from license vendors beginning Aug. 5 through the last day of the youth deer hunting season.
- Hunters may purchase only a single permit (either-sex) for one of the open counties.
- All counties except Cook, DuPage and Lake counties, and that portion of Kane County east of State Route 47, are open to youth deer hunting.
- Legal firearms are limited to shotguns and muzzleloading rifles allowed during the firearm deer hunting season.

Commonly Asked Questions About Late-Winter Antlerless Deer and Special CWD Deer Season

Hunters should not confuse Late-winter Antlerless Firearm Deer Season with CWD Firearm Deer Season, as the CWD Firearm Season affects only a few counties in northern Illinois. For example, during the previous 2013/14 hunting season, 65 Illinois counties were open for the Late-winter Deer season and only 11 counties open to CWD Firearm Deer season. Even though the seasons are held concurrently, and all harvest in each is reported electronically, different regulations may apply for the two seasons. Below are commonly asked questions relating to both of these seasons.

Question #1: Which counties are open for hunting during the Late-winter Antlerless and the CWD firearm deer seasons?
Answer: DNR will announce in October the counties open to the Late-winter Antlerless deer season. Hunters should watch for news releases or check www.dnr.illinois.gov. Counties open to the Special CWD firearm deer season are Boone, DeKalb, Grundy, JoDaviess, Kendall, LaSalle, McHenry, Ogle, Stephenson and Winnebago counties, and the portion of Kane County west of State Route 47.

Question # 2: Can I kill an antlered deer during the Late-winter Antlerless or the Special CWD firearm deer seasons?
Answer: Hunters hunting in counties open for the Late-winter Antlerless firearm deer season are limited to shooting "antlerless deer only," regardless of the type of firearm permit held by the hunter. Hunters hunting in counties open to the Special CWD firearm deer season may harvest an antlerled deer if they have a leftover unused either-sex permit from the current year Firearm, Muzzleloader-only or Youth deer seasons; but hunters may only harvest an antlerless deer when utilizing the Special CWD antlerless permit.

Question # 3: How many deer can I harvest during the Late-winter Antlerless or the Special CWD firearm deer seasons?
Answer: Hunters may harvest one "antlerless" deer per Late-winter Antlerless firearm deer permit. Hunters also may fill any unused leftover current year Firearm, Muzzleloader-only, Landowner Firearm or Resident Youth firearm deer permits provided they were issued for an open county. Leftover permits may be used to harvest "antlerless deer only," regardless of whether the permit is stamped "antlerless" or "either-sex." Late-winter Antlerless firearm deer hunters must use the weapon specified on the permit.

Hunters hunting in open counties of the Special CWD firearm deer season may only harvest one "antlerless" deer per CWD firearm deer permit, and also can use any unused leftover current year firearm permits, as above. Hunters in the CWD counties also can harvest an antlered deer if they have an unfilled "either-sex" left over permit from the regular Firearm, Muzzleloader-only or the Youth firearm deer seasons issued for an open CWD season county.

Question # 4: Can I archery deer hunt during the Late-winter Antlerless and the Special CWD firearm deer seasons, and if so, do I have to wear orange clothing?
Answer: Yes. Even though archery season is closed during the regular firearm season, archery season is still open during the Youth, Muzzleloader-only, Late-winter Antlerless and the Special CWD firearm deer seasons. If you are archery hunting in a county open to one of the firearm deer seasons, you must wear a solid blaze orange hat and a solid blaze orange outer upper garment of at least 400 square inches.

Question # 5: If I am archery deer hunting during the days when the Late-winter Antlerless or the Special CWD firearm deer seasons are open, can I shoot an antlered deer?
Answer: Yes, archers are subject to the Archery deer season regulations, so you may shoot an antlered deer with a bow when archery deer hunting concurrently with the Late-winter Antlerless or the Special CWD firearm deer seasons if you possess a valid Either-Sex Archery deer permit and if you have not previously reached the limit of two antlered deer.

Question # 6: Can I firearm deer hunt and archery hunt at the same time during the Late-Winter Antlerless or the Special CWD firearm deer seasons or use a bow to fill a firearm deer permit?
Answer: No, the law specifically states that archery hunters cannot be in possession of a firearm while archery deer or turkey hunting. You cannot legally possess a bow and firearm at the same time while deer hunting regardless of what permits you have and what seasons are open.

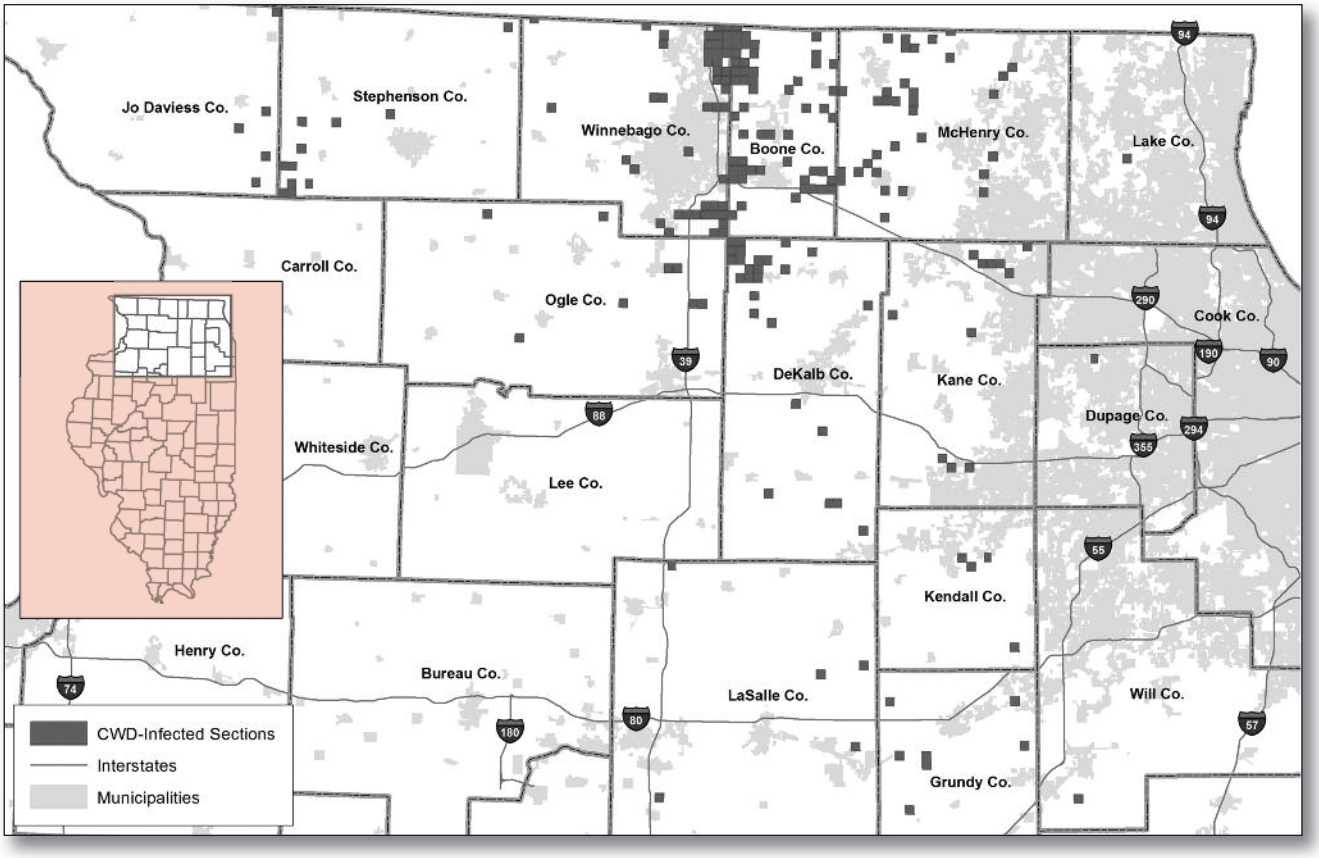
Chronic Wasting Disease in Illinois

Chronic Wasting Disease is a fatal neurological disease of deer, elk and moose. CWD is classified by scientists as a transmissible spongiform encephalopathy, and shares some similarities with mad cow disease in cattle and scrapie in sheep. The disease causes the formation of small holes in the brains of infected animals, eventually leading to loss of weight, abnormal behavior, and death. There is no treatment or cure for CWD. CWD is transmitted directly from one animal to another, and there is evidence that it also can be transmitted from contaminated places in the environment (for instance, a feeding area where saliva or excrement from an infected deer is present). CWD is not known to be a human health risk or a risk to agricultural livestock. However, as a precaution, health officials suggest common-sense measures when handling and processing deer, and advise that no part of any animal with evidence of CWD should be consumed by humans or other animals. CWD has been confirmed in captive and/or wild free-ranging populations in 22 states and 2 Canada provinces. The disease was first found in Illinois during the fall of 2002, after testing a Boone County deer that was behaving strangely. As of the printing of this digest, 467 confirmed cases of the disease have been identified in 14 Illinois counties (see map below). More than 81,000 deer have been tested statewide for CWD.

The eventual impacts of CWD on large-scale deer populations are presently unknown, but scientific study suggests that, if left unchecked, CWD poses a very serious threat to wild deer herds. Unfortunately, options for fighting CWD in free-roaming deer are limited, consisting of varying levels of population reduction and/or culling of infected individuals. Culling has been an important management tool in past efforts to manage various wildlife diseases, and can be effective when disease transmission rates are affected by population density. Biologists are certain of two things—doing nothing will not solve this disease problem; and our best chance for success is now, before the disease becomes more entrenched and more widely distributed. DNR is determined to make every effort to manage this disease before it spreads further and impacts other parts of the state. To that end, we continue testing large numbers of hunter-harvested deer in several high-risk northern Illinois counties in order to track the extent and severity of CWD. Our biologists believe that CWD can be controlled if enough deer are removed annually from infected populations so that the number of sick deer taken is greater than the number of new infections, and if deer densities are lowered sufficiently to reduce the amount of contact between sick and susceptible individuals. We have increased hunting opportunities to help accomplish this, including offering a special CWD Deer Season in the affected counties. Permits for that season may be purchased over-the-counter from license vendors. In addition to hunting, agency sharpshooters target specific areas where diseased deer have been found to help bolster the effort. This approach is particularly useful in situations where hunting access is limited, and helps ensure that management efforts are focused in the areas with the greatest need. Recent research by University of Illinois scientists concluded that IDNR's CWD management approach has been effective in maintaining low disease prevalence rates. The results of that research may be found at ScienceDirect (www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0167587713002894). CWD is a disease that progresses very slowly, so continued monitoring and management is important in determining changes (either positive or negative) over time.

DNR is responsible for the proper management and conservation of deer and all the state's natural resources, and we take that responsibility very seriously. Conservation of natural resources is much more than providing abundant deer in the short term for the recreational enjoyment of hunters; it is about being responsible stewards of our deer resource with an eye for their long term benefit and sustainability. Sometimes this requires sacrifice on the part of both hunters and managers, and this appears to be one of those unfortunate times. Because of management efforts to date, CWD infection rates in northern Illinois have remained very low, but much work remains to be done. We thank the landowners, hunters, and others for their continued support. Additional information about CWD and our management program may be found at www.dnr.illinois.gov/programs/CWD.

Distribution of Chronic Wasting Disease in Illinois Deer



Statewide Wild Turkey Hunting Information

WILD TURKEY HUNTING REGULATIONS

Additional turkey hunting regulations are available upon receipt of permit.

In addition to statewide regulations, the following regulations apply to all wild turkey hunters.

Non-resident Requirements

Non-resident turkey hunters must purchase a non-resident hunting license and State Habitat Stamp in addition to their valid turkey permit. Non-resident hunters may purchase either the annual license ($57.75) or the 5-day license ($35.75) depending on the amount of time they will be hunting.

Turkey Bag Limit

It is unlawful to take in Illinois, or have in possession, more than one wild turkey per legally authorized permit.

Permit Applications

Apply online at www.dnr.illinois.gov or with a hardcopy application. To receive applications for a wild turkey hunting permit, contact the Springfield Permit Office at (217) 782-7305.

Turkey Permit, Tagging and Transportation Requirements

It is unlawful to:

- hunt wild turkey without first obtaining a DNR permit.
- hunt wild turkey unless the permit is signed and is in the hunter's possession while hunting.
- leave in the field or transport a wild turkey without first immediately attaching the leg tag securely around the leg as instructed on the permit. Note: Leg tag must be affixed to the wild turkey immediately upon kill. The leg tag must remain attached to the leg of the turkey until it is at the legal residence of the person who legally took or possessed the turkey and the turkey has been checked in.
- not leave the turkey whole (or field dressed) until it has been checked in.
- possess, while in the field during wild turkey seasons, any wild turkey permit issued to another person.
- hunt wild turkey in a county or area other than specified on the permit.

Harvest Reporting Requirements

Successful hunters must register their harvest by the designated time on the same calendar day the turkey was taken by calling toll-free 1-866-452-4325 (1-866-ILCHECK) or by accessing the online check-in system at www.dnr.illinos.gov/hunting. See separate Spring and Fall Wild Turkey Hunting Information sections below for more specific requirements. Hunters must provide all information requested by the telephone check-in system, and will be provided with a confirmation number to verify that they checked in their harvest. The confirmation number must be written by the hunter onto the leg tag.

Legal Shotgun

- *It is unlawful to* use anything but a shotgun (20 gauge to 10 gauge only, no .410 or 28 gauge allowed) to hunt wild turkey. You may not possess any other gun while turkey hunting.
- No. 4 shot is the largest and No. 7 1/2 the smallest size shot that may be used.

Legal Archery Equipment

- The only legal bows are long, recurved or compound bows with a minimum pull of 40 pounds at some point within a 28-inch draw.
- Minimum arrow length without the broadhead is 20 inches, and broadheads must be used. Broadheads may have fixed (must be metal or flint-, chert or obsidian-knapped) or expandable (must be metal) cutting surfaces, but they must have a minimum 7/8 inch diameter when fully opened.
- Any mechanical device capable of maintaining a drawn or partially drawn position on a bow is illegal.
- All other bows and arrows, including electronic arrow-tracking systems utilizing radio telemetry, are illegal.
- A crossbow device is illegal except for:
  - A) Permanently or temporarily disabled persons, as defined by law (520 ILCS 5/2.33), may apply to the DNR Office of Law Enforcement (217/782-6431) for an exemption to allow use of a crossbow (a physicians' certification is required); or
  - B) Persons age 62 and older may hunt with use of crossbow without first obtaining a crossbow permit. A valid photo I.D. with proof of age must be carried by persons age 62 and older.
  - C) Any person, regardless of age or disability, may utilize a crossbow for archery turkey hunting (as well as all other wildlife that may be legally harvested with a bow and arrow) beginning the Monday after the second firearm deer season.

  NOTE: It is unlawful to have any firearm in possession while hunting deer with a bow and arrow or crossbow.

Live Decoys, Dogs or Recorded Calls

It is unlawful to use live or electronic decoys, dogs or recorded calls.

Bait

It is illegal to take wild turkeys by the use or aid of bait or baiting of any kind. "Bait" means any material, whether liquid or solid, including food, salt, minerals and other products that can be ingested, placed or scattered in such a manner as to attract or lure wild turkeys. "Baiting" means the placement or scattering of bait to attract wild turkeys. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days following the removal of bait.

For the purposes of taking wild turkeys, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the manipulation, including mowing or cutting, of standing crops as a normal agricultural or soil stabilization practice, food plots, or normal agricultural practices, including planting, harvesting, and maintenance, such as cultivating, or the use of products designed for scent only and not capable of ingestion, solid or liquid, placed or scattered, in such a manner as to attract or lure wild turkeys.

SPRING WILD TURKEY HUNTING SEASON INFORMATION

Gobblers and Bearded Hens

It is unlawful to take a wild turkey, except a hen with a visible beard or a gobbler (male).

Turkey Calling Prior to Season

It is unlawful to use a turkey call that imitates sounds made by a turkey, or to attempt to call a turkey by making these sounds, while in the field in the Southern Zone from March 15 through the day before turkey season, and in the Northern Zone from March 22 through the day before turkey season. This prohibition applies only in counties open to spring turkey hunting, and does not apply to hunters while participating in the Youth Turkey Season. Note: This does not prohibit the use of locator calls that imitate other species such as owls, crows, hawks, etc.

Shooting Turkeys in Trees

It is unlawful to shoot a wild turkey while it is in a tree before 7 a.m.

Harvest Reporting

Turkeys harvested during the spring hunting season must be checked in by 3 p.m. the day of harvest.

Permit Limit

Three wild turkey hunting permits may be obtained for the spring season, subject to availability.

Spring Permit Application Period

First Lottery – Residents: Applicants may apply for one turkey hunting permit. Applications must be received by Dec. 1, 2014.

Second Lottery – Residents/Non-residents: Individuals who were rejected for a wild turkey permit during the first lottery, who are applying for their first permit, or who are non-resi-

Mushroom Hunting During Spring Wild Turkey Seasons

At DNR sites offering spring wild turkey hunting, mushroom hunting is prohibited during legal shooting hours for wild turkey hunting (1/2 hour before sunrise to 1 p.m.).

dents may apply for one permit. Applications must be received by Jan. 12, 2015. Eligible Illinois residents have preference over non-residents in this lottery.

Third Lottery – Residents/Non-residents: Anyone with fewer than two permits may apply for one permit. Applications must be received by Feb. 9, 2015. Illinois residents have preference over non-residents in this lottery.

Random Daily Drawings – Resident/Non-residents: Anyone with fewer than three permits may apply for remaining permits to be allocated in random daily drawings that begin March 9, 2015. Hunters are encouraged to apply early, because drawings are conducted from the pool of permits received each day.

SPRING YOUTH WILD TURKEY HUNTING SEASON INFORMATION

- The spring youth turkey hunt is open only to young hunters (resident or non-resident) who have not reached their 16th birthday before the first day of the hunt.
- Participants must have a current valid Youth Turkey Hunt permit ($10) and a valid hunting license or apprentice hunting license.
- Each hunter participating in the youth turkey hunt while using an Apprentice hunting license must be accompanied by a non-hunting (resident or non-resident) parent, guardian or grandparent who possesses a valid Illinois hunting license.
- All other youth hunters participating in the youth turkey hunt must be accompanied by a non-hunting (resident or non-resident) adult supervisor who has a valid Illinois hunting license.
- An Illinois resident serving as a youth supervisor must have a valid F.O.I.D. card regardless of whether he or she has a valid Illinois hunting license. Non-residents are exempt from F.O.I.D. card requirements.
- Each youth must be accompanied by a supervising, non-hunting adult.

FALL WILD TURKEY HUNTING SEASON INFORMATION

Shooting Turkeys in Trees

It is unlawful to shoot a wild turkey with a gun while it is in a tree before 7 a.m. during the fall gun season.

Harvest Reporting

Turkeys harvested during the fall hunting season must be checked in by 10 p.m. the day of harvest (see page 21, Harvest Reporting Requirements).

Permit Limit

Two wild turkey hunting permits may be obtained for the fall shotgun season, subject to availability.

Archery Turkey Permits

Fall archery turkey permits are available only over the counter from license vendors. Two fall archery turkey permits may be purchased per season.

Blaze Orange Clothing Requirements

See page 14.

Shotgun Permit Application Period

First Lottery – Residents: Applicants may apply for one turkey hunting permit. Applications must be received by July 7, 2014.

Second Lottery – Residents/Non-residents: Individuals who were rejected for a wild turkey permit during the first lottery, who are applying for their first permit, or who are non-residents may apply for one permit. Applications must be received by Aug. 25, 2014. Eligible Illinois residents have preference over non-residents in this lottery.

Random Daily Drawings – Resident/Non-residents: Anyone with fewer than two permits may apply for remaining permits to be allocated in random daily drawings from Sept. 22-29, 2014. Hunters are encouraged to apply early, because drawings are conducted from the pool of permits received each day.

Statewide Migratory Game Bird Hunting Information

Blackbirds and Crows Doing Damage

Grackles, blackbirds and cowbirds may not be hunted as a game species or for recreational purposes. However, in nuisance wildlife cases, red-winged blackbirds, Brewer's blackbirds, cowbirds, grackles and crows found committing, or about to commit, damage to ornamental or shade trees, agricultural crops, livestock or wildlife, or when concentrated in numbers and a manner that constitutes a health hazard or other nuisance, may be removed or destroyed without a permit/hunting license/stamp provided the person:

- has authorization from the landowner or tenant
- has tried non-lethal control methods prior to lethal control
- uses a shotgun (only non-toxic shot), air gun or traps
- uses no calls, decoys, etc.
- employs legal techniques only on or over the threatened area

Rusty and yellow-headed blackbirds are protected and cannot be killed.

Crows may be hunted as game by properly licensed hunters using shotguns, calls, decoys, etc. during the crow hunting season (page 2). It is illegal to recreationally hunt crows with airguns, rifles or handguns.

For reporting requirements and other federal rules, see 50 CFR 21.43.

Lead Poisoning in Mourning Doves

The hazards of lead poisoning in waterfowl consuming spent shotgun pellets have been well-publicized. An estimated 2-3 million ducks and geese have been spared annually since national laws prohibiting the use of lead shot for waterfowl hunting were passed in 1991.

Research has determined that doves also are at risk from acute lead poisoning due to consuming spent shotgun pellets in hunted fields, and that many more doves may be dying each year than waterfowl did prior to the lead shot ban. While non-toxic shot is not required on all hunting areas, dove hunters are encouraged to use steel or other non-toxic shot types to spare doves and other wildlife from potential lead poisoning. No. 6 or 7 steel shot used with shotgun chokes one size more open than typically used for lead are very effective in harvesting doves. Improved cylinder or skeet is the best choke to use with steel shot for doves. Even though non-toxic shot is a little more expensive than lead, the cost is justified to help conserve our valuable dove resource.

Dove Banding

Dove hunters are urged to check the legs of harvested doves for bands. Most Midwestern states, including Illinois, are banding doves to gain information regarding survival, migration routes and harvest rates, with information used to develop new federal dove hunting regulations. Report band numbers to www.reportband.gov or call 1-800-327-BAND (2263). See page 25, Dove and Waterfowl Bands, for more information.

MIGRATORY GAME BIRD HUNTING SEASON INFORMATION

In addition to statewide regulations, the following regulations apply to the hunting of ducks, geese, mourning doves, sora rails, Virginia rails, coots, common snipe, woodcock and crows.

Migratory Game Bird Regulations

The following state and/or federal rules apply to the taking, possessing, shipping, transporting and storing of migratory game birds. This material is only a summary and hunters also should consult Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 20 (http://www.ecfr.gov), and Chapter 520 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes, or talk with a Conservation Police Officer.

License and Stamp Requirements for Migratory Waterfowl

For license and stamp requirements refer to the chart on page 8. Season dates and bag limits will be available when established by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service in late September. Additional regulations are contained in the Digest of Waterfowl Hunting Regulations 2014-2015, available in late September.

Non-toxic Shot Requirements for Waterfowl, Snipe and Rail

It is unlawful to have in possession while attempting to take migratory waterfowl (including coots and captive-reared mallards), snipe or rail any shotgun shells not approved as non-toxic by federal regulations.

Prohibited Hunting and Trapping Devices

It is unlawful to use a trap, snare, net, crossbow (see p. 11 for crossbow exceptions), rifle, pistol, swivel gun, shotgun larger than 10 gauge, punt gun, battery gun, machine gun, fishhook, poison, drug, explosive or stupefying substance to take migratory game birds.

BE A HERO TRANSPORT ZERO

FIGHT THE SPREAD OF AQUATIC INVADERS

REMOVE PLANTS, ANIMALS AND MUD FROM ALL EQUIPMENT.
DRAIN ALL WATER FROM YOUR BOAT AND GEAR.
DRY EVERYTHING THOROUGHLY WITH A TOWEL.

TRANSPORTZERO.ORG

Hunting from Floating Blinds, Boats and Scull Boats

It is unlawful to:

- hunt from a floating blind that is not anchored except a scull boat may be used on certain public waters and waterfowl may be taken from a boat not mechanically powered. (see page 12, Hunting From Vehicles and Boats) and not camouflaged or disguised.
- hunt waterfowl from a moving watercraft propelled by mechanical power or sails.

Sink Box

It is unlawful to hunt from a sink box (a low floating device, having a depression affording the hunter a means of concealment beneath the surface of the water).

Live Decoys

It is unlawful to hunt migratory game birds other than crows with the use or aid of live decoys. All live, tame or captive ducks and geese shall be removed for a period of 10 consecutive days prior to hunting and confined within an enclosure which substantially reduces the audibility of their calls and totally conceals such tame birds from the sight of migratory waterfowl.

Electronic Calling Devices

It is unlawful to use a recording or electronic calling device to hunt migratory birds other than crows. Such electronic calling devices may be used to hunt snow, blue and Ross' geese during Conservation Order light goose seasons that occur after Canada goose seasons close.

Driving or Chasing Birds

It is unlawful to hunt by driving, rallying or chasing migratory game birds with any motorized conveyance or any sailboat to put them in the range of the hunters.

Permits Required for Leased Lands and Commercial Clubs

It is unlawful to commercially control land or water, or both, in whole or in part for the taking of migratory waterfowl, unless first obtaining a DNR permit. That permit shall entitle the person to possess blinds, pits or similar legal devices of concealment on that land or water. A person is "commercially controlling land or water or both" when he directly or indirectly receives compensation from persons in exchange for the opportunity to enter onto that land or water. More specific information on managing or hunting such areas is available from DNR offices (see page 1).

Shooting Crippled Waterfowl from Boats

It is unlawful to have or carry an uncased or loaded shotgun in a motorized boat. Waterfowl hunters may have an uncased and unloaded gun in their boats for the purpose of pursuing crippled migratory waterfowl incapable of normal flight in an attempt to reduce said bird to possession, provided that the attempt is made immediately upon downing the bird and is done within 400 yards of the blind from which the bird was downed. The gun cannot be loaded unless the motor has been completely shut off and crippled birds may not be shot from the boat until the motor has been completely shut off and the boat's progress has ceased.

ATTENTION

Dove, Waterfowl and Other Migratory Game Bird Hunters

HIP REGISTRATION

Registration with HIP (National Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program) is required by law every year to hunt migratory game birds–doves, ducks, geese, snipe, woodcock, coots or rails–in Illinois. All licensed hunters must register with HIP if they intend to hunt migratory birds. It's free and it's easy.

Get your HIP certification when purchasing your 2014 hunting or sportsman license, or register for HIP by calling 1-888-6PERMIT (record the transaction number on your license).

Lifetime license holders also need to register with HIP on an annual basis. Crow hunting is exempt.

HIP is a nationwide program and you must register separately in every state where you hunt migratory game birds.

Cooperation and support from hunters make sound resource management possible.

Wanton Waste — Retrieval of Downed Game Birds

It is unlawful to fail to retrieve, if possible, and retain in the custody of the hunter in the field, all migratory game birds (other than crows) killed or crippled. Note: You need permission to enter private property.

Field Possession Limit

It is unlawful to possess more than one daily bag limit while in the field or while returning from the field to one's car, hunting camp, home, etc.

Tagging Requirements

It is unlawful to give, put or leave any migratory game birds at any place other than his personal abode, or in the custody of another person, unless the birds are tagged by the hunter with the hunter's signature and address, the total number of birds involved, by species, and the dates such birds were killed. http://www.dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/waterfowl/documents/waterfowlgifttags.pdf.

Gift of Migratory Game Birds

No person may receive, possess or give to another any freshly-killed migratory game bird as a gift, except at the personal abode of the donor or donee, unless such birds have a tag attached (see tagging requirements).

Custody of Birds of Another

It is unlawful to receive or have in custody any migratory game birds belonging to another person unless such birds are properly tagged.

Termination of Possession

The possession of birds taken by any hunter ceases when such birds have been delivered by him to another person as a gift, or have been delivered by him to a post office, common carrier or migratory bird preservation facility and consigned for transport by the Postal Service or a common carrier to some person other than the hunter.

Species Identification Requirement

It is unlawful to completely field dress any migratory game bird (except doves) and then transport the birds from the field. The head or one fully-feathered wing must remain attached to all such birds while being transported from the field to one's home or to a commercial preservation facility.

Shipment — Marking Package

It is unlawful to ship migratory game birds unless the package is marked on the outside with the name and address of the person sending the birds, the name and address of the person to whom the birds are being sent and the number of birds, by species, contained in the package.

Importation

It is unlawful to:

- import migratory game birds killed in any foreign country, except Canada, unless such birds are dressed (except one fully-feathered wing must remain attached to all migratory game birds being transported between a port of entry and one's home or to a migratory bird preservation facility), drawn and the head and feet are removed. For information regarding the importation of migratory birds killed in another country, consult 50 CFR 20.61 through 20.66.
- import migratory game birds belonging to another person.

FEDERAL BAITING REGULATIONS DEFINITIONS

Normal agricultural planting, harvesting or post-harvest manipulation means a planting or harvesting undertaken for the purpose of producing and gathering a crop, or manipulation after such harvest and removal of grain, that is conducted in accordance with official recommendations of State Extension Specialists of the Cooperative Extension Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Normal agricultural operation means a normal agricultural planting, harvesting, post-harvest manipulation or agricultural practice that is conducted in accordance with official recommendations of State Extension Specialists of the Cooperative Extension Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Normal soil stabilization practice means a planting for agricultural soil erosion control or post-mining land reclamation conducted in accordance with official recommendations of State Extension Specialists of the Cooperative Extension Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture for agricultural soil erosion control.

Baited area means any area on which salt, grain or other feed has been placed, exposed, deposited, distributed or scattered, if that salt, grain or other feed could serve as a lure or attraction for migratory game birds to, on or over areas where hunters are attempting to take them. Any such area will remain a baited area for 10 days following the complete removal of all such salt, grain or other feed.

Baiting means the direct or indirect placing, exposing, depositing, distributing or scattering of salt, grain or other feed that could serve as a lure or attraction for migratory game birds to, on or over any areas where hunters are attempting to take them.

Manipulation means the alteration of natural vegetation or agricultural crops by activities that include but are not limited to mowing, shredding, disking, rolling, chopping, trampling, flattening, burning or herbicide treatments. The term does not include the distributing or scattering of grain, seed or other feed after removal from or storage on the field where grown.

Natural vegetation means any non-agricultural, native or naturalized plant species that grows at a site in response to planting or from existing seeds or other propagules. The term does not include planted millet. However, planted millet that grows on its own in subsequent years after the year of planting is considered natural vegetation.

FEDERAL BAITING REGULATIONS

It is unlawful to take migratory game birds except crows by the aid of baiting, or on or over any baited area, where a person knows or reasonably should know that the area is or has been baited. However, nothing prohibits:

(1) the taking of any migratory game bird, **including** waterfowl and coots, on or over the following lands or areas that are not otherwise baited areas—

(2) The taking of any migratory gamebird, **except** waterfowl and coots, on or over lands or areas that are not otherwise baited areas, and where grain or other feed has been distributed or scattered solely as the result of manipulation of an agricultural crop or other feed on the land where grown, or solely as the result of a normal agricultural operation. Note: This exception applies only to dove hunting.

(i) Standing crops or flooded standing crops (including aquatics); standing, flooded or manipulated natural vegetation; flooded harvested croplands; or lands or areas where seeds or grains have been scattered solely as the result of a normal agricultural planting, harvesting, post-harvest manipulation or normal soil stabilization practice;

(ii) From a blind or other place of concealment camouflaged with natural vegetation;

(iii) From a blind or other place of concealment camouflaged with vegetation from agricultural crops, as long as such camouflaging does not result in the exposing, depositing, distributing or scattering of grain or other feed; or

(iv) Standing or flooded standing agricultural crops where grain is inadvertently scattered solely as a result of a hunter entering or exiting a hunting area, placing decoys or retrieving birds.

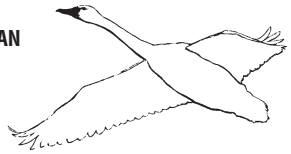
Don't Shoot a Swan!

Don't make a mistake! All wild swans are protected in Illinois.

Several Midwestern states are reintroducing the native trumpeter swan to the region. Some of these birds are migrating through and wintering in Illinois. You can help bring back this magnificent swan by:

- Learning the difference between swans and snow geese.
- Reporting observations of swans having wing tags, neck collars or leg bands.
- Protecting wetland habitat.
- Reporting any harassment of trumpeter swans.

TRUMPETER SWAN
Protected Species
Long neck
Length: 4 ft.
Wingspan: 7 ft.
Weight: 20 - 30 lbs.



SNOW GOOSE
Legally Hunted
Short neck
Length: 1 1/2 ft.
Wingspan: 3 1/2 ft.
Weight: 3 - 6 lbs.
White plumage, but BLACK WING TIPS.

CAUTION-White pelicans have black wing tips, but their wingspan is 8-9 1/2 ft.

Report swan sightings to:
Illinois Department of Natural Resources
Waterfowl Program
700 South 10th Street
Havana, IL 62644
(309) 543-3065

Dove and Waterfowl Bands

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service offers a toll-free number for reporting all dove and waterfowl bands. If you take a banded bird, visit www.reportband.gov or call 1-800-327-BAND (2263) with information about when and where you shot the bird. From Sept. 1-Feb. 28, you can call 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Between March 1 and Aug. 31, services are available from 7:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. CDT. You will receive a Certificate of Appreciation with information about when and where the bird was banded. Your cooperation on reporting band numbers gives waterfowl and dove biologists a wealth of information useful in managing the resource to provide hunters with maximum recreational opportunities while protecting waterfowl and dove populations.

Migratory Bird Hunting and Federal Baiting Regulations

What Illinois Hunters Need to Know

Hunters MAY:

- hunt ALL migratory game birds, including waterfowl and coots
- hunt over natural vegetation that has been mowed or manipulated in other ways. There is no restriction on when manipulation may occur. In other words, the manipulation may occur before, during or after any season where seeds or grains have been scattered solely as the result of "normal agricultural planting, harvesting, post-harvest manipulation or normal soil stabilization practice." over surface-mined lands being reclaimed where seeds or grains are scattered solely as a result of a "normal soil stabilization practice."
- hunt ALL migratory game birds over standing crops, standing flooded crops and flooded harvested croplands.
- hunt doves where grain or other feed has been distributed or scattered as the result of the manipulation of an agricultural crop or other feed on the land where grown or as the result of a "normal agricultural operation." The term "normal agricultural operation" applies not just to planting, harvesting and post-harvest manipulation but also other farming practices such as livestock management.
- use natural vegetation to conceal a blind.
- use vegetation from agricultural crops to conceal a blind provided that the crop seed is not exposed, deposited, distributed or scattered in the process. For example, corn stalks may be used to camouflage a blind as long as the attached ears remain tightly in the husk.
- continue hunting over standing or flooded standing agricultural crops if they inadvertently scatter grain solely as a result of entering or leaving the field, placing decoys or retrieving downed birds.
- be charged with hunting over bait or a baited area if they "know or reasonably should know" that the area is baited.
- be fined up to $15,000 and spend 6 months in jail if convicted of hunting over bait or a baited area.
- be fined up to $100,000 as an individual or $200,000 as an organization and spend 1 year in prison if convicted of placing or directing the placement of bait.

With respect to federal prohibitions, hunters MAY NOT:

- place, expose, deposit, distribute, or scatter salt, grain or other feed that could lure or attract migratory game birds, except crows, to, on or over an area where hunters are attempting to take them.
- hunt migratory game birds, except crows, with the aid of bait or on or over any baited area.
- hunt over any baited area until all salt, grain or other feed has been completely removed for at least 10 days.
- hunt waterfowl and coots over manipulated planted millet. Planted millet is not considered natural vegetation unless it becomes naturalized and grows (volunteers) on its own in subsequent years.
- hunt waterfowl and coots over seed or grain from manipulated agricultural crops or normal agricultural operations except where seed or grain is present solely as a result of "normal planting, harvesting or post-harvest manipulation" or "normal agricultural soil stabilization practices."
- hunt migratory game birds, other than crows, if the use of vegetation from agricultural crops to conceal a blind exposes, deposits, distributes or scatters grain or other crop seed.

Hunters also should remember that:

- they are responsible for ensuring that the hunting area has not been baited before they start hunting.
- they should physically inspect the field or marsh; question landowners, guides and caretakers; and take other reasonable steps to verify the legality of the hunting area.
- they must know and obey all applicable federal and state hunting regulations.
- when making agricultural determinations, the Fish and Wildlife Service relies on the official recommendations of state extension specialists of the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Cooperative Extension Service.

Federal Baiting Regulations-Questions & Answers

How are hunters and others supposed to determine what agricultural and soil stabilization activities are "normal" when the legality of hunting is in question?

The rule defines the three terms ("normal agricultural planting, harvesting or post-harvest manipulation," "normal soil stabilization practice," and "normal agricultural operation") used to describe land-use activities compatible with hunting different migratory birds in agricultural areas. In each case, those definitions specify that allowable activities are those conducted in accordance with official recommendations of U.S. Department of Agriculture state extension specialists for the particular geographic area. Hunters should remember that recommended agricultural practices may vary from state to state, region to region within a state, even from site to site.

This approach is not new. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service has traditionally relied on state extension specialists to determine the validity of agricultural practices and operations. The new rule incorporates existing Service policy and makes the U.S. Department of Agriculture the official authority for determining what farming activities are or are not "normal" in a given area.

Why did the Fish and Wildlife Service include provisions concerning camouflaging blinds? What use of vegetation is allowed?

Public confusion and misconceptions prompted the Service to address this issue. The rule now makes it clear that hunters can use both natural and agricultural vegetation to camouflage blinds. No restrictions apply when natural vegetation is used. Hunters may, however, use only agricultural plants for camouflage if such use does not expose, deposit, distribute or scatter grain or other feed.

Why did the Fish and Wildlife Service address the issue of the inadvertent scattering of grain?

Many state wildlife agencies and hunters believed that the latitude for misinterpretation of this issue under the former regulations was much too wide. Hunters now have clear assurance that the inadvertent scattering of grain from standing or flooded standing agricultural crops while entering and leaving hunting areas, placing decoys and retrieving downed birds will not be considered baiting offenses.

Does the rule address the issue of strict liability?

For years, courts in most parts of this country had historically applied a strict liability standard to baiting offenses. Under this standard, law enforcement officers did not have to prove that hunters knew bait was present in order to prove a violation had occurred. However, on Oct. 30, 1998, Public Law 105-312 eliminated strict liability for baiting offenses and instead made it unlawful for anyone to hunt with the aid of bait "if the person knows or reasonably should know that the area is a baited area." The Service has incorporated this "knows or reasonably should know" standard in the baiting regulation to promote public understanding of the law. As in the past, however, hunters are responsible for ensuring that no bait is present (or was present up to 10 days) before they begin hunting. They should thoroughly inspect the field or marsh, question landowners and guides, and take other reasonable steps to verify the legality of their hunt.

Did Congress make any other changes with respect to baiting?

Yes. Legislators increased the maximum fine for hunting over bait from $5,000 to $15,000. They also made the placement of bait a violation of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act punishable by a fine up to $100,000 for an individual or $200,000 for an organization, a prison term of up to one year, or both. In the past, individuals who baited fields were charged with "aiding and abetting," that is, helping someone else commit the crime of hunting over bait. They face stiffer penalties under the new law.

How does the regulation affect Illinois' migratory game bird baiting laws?

Illinois regulations are the same as those of the Fish and Wildlife Service.

Statewide Furbearer Hunting and Trapping Information

FURBEARER HUNTING AND TRAPPING INFORMATION

Possession of Road-kill Furbearers

Furbearing mammals that are found dead or unintentionally killed by a vehicle along a roadway may be salvaged if the season for that species is open and you possess all appropriate licenses, stamps and permits required to take that species. NOTE: No bobcats may be salvaged. Salvage of weasel, mink, muskrat, beaver, badger and river otter requires a trapping license and state habitat stamp if required; salvage of all other species require a hunting or trapping license and state habitat stamp if required. Salvaged badgers and river otters become part of your bag limit. River otters are subject to registration and tagging requirements.

FURBEARER HUNTING INFORMATION

In addition to statewide regulations, the following regulations apply to all furbearer hunters.

Bobcat Protected

It is unlawful to take bobcat at any time.

Beaver, Badger, Muskrat, River Otter, Weasel and Mink — Trapping Only

It is unlawful to take beaver, badger, river otter, muskrat, weasel or mink by hunting methods.

Tree Climbing or Cutting Devices

It is unlawful to use or possess any tree climbing or cutting device when hunting furbearing mammals, except coyotes.

Possession of Green Hides

It is unlawful to possess green hides before the season begins or longer than 20 days after the season closes.

Furbearer Running Season

Furbearers may be pursued or chased with dogs, but not killed, during the running season. The running season for coyote, gray and red fox, opossum, raccoon and striped skunk is open year-round. Exception: It is unlawful to pursue any furbearer with a dog or dogs between the hours of sunset and sunrise during the 10-day period preceding the opening date of the raccoon hunting season and the 10-day period following the closing date of the raccoon hunting season. Note: Competitive hunts licensed by U.K.C., N.K.C., P.K.C. or A.K.C./A.C.H.A. may be held during the 10-day closed periods under authority of a DNR Field Trial Permit.

It is unlawful to possess any firearm or ammunition other than a pistol loaded with blank cartridges while training dogs during the time when hunting seasons are closed except on an authorized field trial or dog training area.

When training dogs from sunset to sunrise, no person in, along with or accompanying the dog training party shall be in possession of a firearm or live ammunition, except pistols capable of firing only blank cartridges.

Non-residents are prohibited from hunting furbearers or running their dogs in Illinois during any time when Illinois residents would not be allowed to hunt furbearers or run dogs in the non-resident's state.

FURBEARER TRAPPING INFORMATION

In addition to statewide regulations, the following regulations apply to all furbearer trappers.

License and Stamp Requirements

See page 8.

Trap Tags

It is unlawful to fail to mark or tag with metal tags or inscribe in lettering the name and address of the owner all traps used in the taking of furbearing mammals.

Bobcat Protected

It is unlawful to take bobcat at any time.

Trap Checking Requirement

It is unlawful to fail to visit and remove all animals from traps at least once each calendar day.

Trap Size Restrictions — Land

It is unlawful to:

- on land use a leghold trap that has a jaw spread larger than 61/2 inches or a body-gripping trap that has a jaw spread larger than 7 inches on a side, if square, and 8 inches, if round.
- in water use a leghold trap that has a jaw spread larger than 71/2 inches or a body-gripping trap that has a jaw spread

larger than 10 inches on a side, if square, and 12 inches, if round.

- except during the open season for trapping muskrats, trap beaver or river otter with a leghold trap or one of similar construction having a jaw spread of less than 51/2 inches or more than 71/2 inches, or
- except during the open season for trapping muskrats, trap beaver or river otter with a body-gripping trap or one of similar construction having a jaw spread of less than 7 inches or more than 10 inches on a side, if square, and 12 inches, if round. Note: Large traps, e.g., #3 and #4 long spring or #220, #280 and #330 Conibear, are the only leghold and body-gripping traps which may be used for beaver or river otter when the muskrat season is closed. Small traps, such as the #1, #11/2, and #2 long spring or the #110 and #120 Conibear, may not be used when the muskrat season is closed. The diameter of traps is measured from the inside edges of the jaws.

Spiked and Toothed Jaw Traps

It is unlawful to use any trap with saw-toothed, spiked or toothed jaws.

Deadfalls, Nets and Pit Traps

It is unlawful to use or possess a deadfall, net or pit trap to take any protected wildlife.

Snares

It is unlawful to:

- place, set, use or maintain a snare unless at least half of the loop is underwater at all times. When set, the snare loop must be 15 inches or less in diameter. Snares must be constructed of cable that is at least 5/64 inch, but no more than 1/8 inch in diameter, and must be equipped with a mechanical lock, anchor swivel and stop device that prevents the snare loop from closing to less than 2-1/2 inches in diameter.
- use or possess cable or wire snares constructed of stainless steel metal.

Dens, Nests and Feed Beds

It is unlawful to:

- destroy, disturb or in any manner interfere with dams, lodges, burrows or feed beds of beaver while trapping for beaver or to set a trap inside a muskrat house or beaver lodge.
- set traps closer than 10 feet from any hole or den which may be occupied by a game mammal or furbearing mammal except that this restriction does not apply to water sets. Traps may be legally set within 10 feet of dens in water, but such sets are unlawful on land.

Repeating or Colony Traps

It is unlawful to trap any furbearing mammal with any colony traps or any cage, box or stove-pipe trap designed to take more than one mammal at a single setting. Single catch cage or box traps are legal.

Closed Trapping Season

It is unlawful to set or place any trap in the field, set or unset, during the closed trapping season. Setting out stakes or floats before the season opens, if no traps are attached to them, is permissible.

Exposed Bait

It is unlawful to place, set or maintain any leghold trap within 30 feet of bait placed in such a manner or position that is not completely covered and concealed from sight, except that this shall not apply to water sets.

Bait means any bait composed of mammal, bird or fish flesh, fur, hide, entrails or feathers. Leghold traps set on land may not be placed around exposed bait, such as animal carcasses.

Beaver, Badger, River Otter, Weasel, Mink and Muskrat — Trapping Only

It is unlawful to take beaver, badger, river otter, weasel, mink or muskrat except by trapping. However, beaver, river otter, weasel, mink, and muskrat can be shot with a firearm, pistol, or airgun of a caliber not larger than a .22 long rifle to remove the animal from the trap.

Trapping Near Dwellings

It is unlawful to trap within 100 yards of an inhabited dwelling without first obtaining permission from the owner or tenant.

Written Authorization to Handle Traps of Another Person

It is unlawful to remove furbearing mammals from, or to move or disturb in any manner, traps owned by another person without written authorization of the owner to do so.

Permission from Landowner

It is unlawful to trap furbearers on another person's property without his or her permission. This includes waters flowing over or standing on the land of another person.

Damaging Property While Trapping

It is unlawful to destroy or damage another person's property while trapping on his or her land.

Possession of Green Hides

It is unlawful to possess green hides before the season begins or longer than 20 days after the season closes.

NORTH AMERICAN MODEL OF CONSERVATION

The Illinois Department of Natural Resources, along with many other state agencies, follows the North American Model of Conservation. This Model was created due to a Supreme Court decision that declared that wildlife belongs to the people and not the government, corporations, or individuals. The Model also guides how wildlife is to be used and managed for the benefit of wildlife and people. Without this Model and many other efforts, we would not have an abundance of wildlife we have today. There are seven principles, or pillars, to the model:

1. Wildlife resources are a public trust.
2. Markets for game are eliminated.
3. Allocation of wildlife is by law.
4. Wildlife can be killed only for a legitimate purpose.
5. Wildlife is considered an international resource.
6. Science is the proper tool to discharge wildlife policy.
7. Democracy of hunting is standard.

Courtesy of The Wildlife Society

(Photo courtesy Danny Brown.)

Rabbits and Squirrels Cannot Be Trapped

It is unlawful to trap any wildlife except furbearing mammals (see definition on page 10) and woodchucks. Note: It is unlawful to trap rabbits, squirrels, deer and protected birds (see page 10).

Furbearer Trapping Reporting Requirements

Every person trapping furbearing mammals must report to DNR, on supplied forms, all furbearing mammals trapped and sold during the open season. Report forms are normally mailed to a random sample of approximately 20 percent of all licensed trappers. If you do not receive a report form/questionnaire from DNR after the regular trapping season, you are not required to report your catch.

Furbearing Mammal Breeder Permits

Persons within Illinois who hold, possess or engage in the breeding or raising of live furbearing mammals protected by the Wildlife Code must have a valid Furbearing Mammal Breeder Permit. No permits will be issued for the breeding or raising of striped skunks or coyotes.

Furbearing mammal breeders shall keep a record for 2 years from the date of acquisition, sale or other disposition of each live furbearing mammal or its green hide so raised or propagated (contact DNR for more specific regulations dealing with possession of live furbearing animals under Chapter 520 5/3.25 of the Wildlife Code).

Otter-Methods of Take

Trapping is the only legal method of take. Licensed trappers may salvage otters found dead along a roadway during the open season; such animals become part of the person's bag limit and are subject to permit and tagging requirements.

Otter Registration Permit

Trappers must purchase an Otter Registration Permit within 48 hours after harvesting a river otter. The cost of a permit is $5 plus a vendor's fee. Permits are available anywhere you can purchase a hunting or trapping license, including DNR DIRECT. You will be mailed an official CITES pelt tag within 2-3 weeks after purchasing a permit. Otter registration permits must be purchased by the individual who captured the otter and cannot be transfered to another person. NOTE: Do not purchase a permit before you harvest an otter.

Otter Tagging Requirement

An official CITES tag must be permanently affixed to the green hide of each otter (including a whole, un-skinned carcass) before it is exported outside the United States or transferred to a fur buyer, fur tanner, taxidermist or manufacturer (a manufacturer is an individual who dresses and fabricates green hides into fur garments or products). CITES tags cannot be transferred to another person. Visit the Department's website at www.illinois.dnr.gov/trapping for videos about tagging, skinning, fleshing and stretching otter pelts.

Otter Bag and Possession Limits

No more than five otters may be taken or possessed during the season. Possession limits do not apply to fur buyers, tanners, manufacturers or taxidermists. Possession limits do not apply to tanned pelts, mounted specimens or manufactured products.

Possession of Unused CITES Tags Prohibited

It is unlawful to possess more unsealed CITES tags than otters.

Extended Spring Season for Mink and Muskrat: Restrictions on Traps and Sets

No leg-hold traps may be set for mink or muskrat during the extended spring season. Body-gripping (killer) traps set for muskrat or mink must be submerged completely underwater when set.

DO NOT SPREAD EXOTIC INVASIVE PLANTS

Wildlife habitat throughout Illinois is being degraded and destroyed by invasive plants such as Russian olive, multiflora rose, bush honeysuckle and garlic mustard. Native vegetation supports a much greater variety of wildlife than a habitat of exotic plants. Invasive plants reduce the number and variety of forest wildlife by reducing the availability of food and suitable cover. For instance, bush honeysuckle will shade out oak tree seedlings and, over time, reduce the oak component of a forest. Fewer acorn-producing trees mean lower food availability and reduced habitat quality for white-tailed deer, squirrel, and turkey. Invasive plants in wetland areas and along lake shores, such as common reed, have a negative effect on a host of water birds. If invasive plants win, native plants and wildlife lose, and so do the people who enjoy them.

Here is what you can do to help:

1. Clean your boots and gear after each hunting trip to ensure you are not spreading invasive seeds to new locations.
2. Do not plant invasive plants for wildlife. Native species provide much better food and cover for native wildlife.
3. Learn to identify invasive plants and report any new sightings to local land managers.

COYOTE HUNTING IN ILLINOIS

- Coyotes can be hunted 24 hours a day from 1/2 hour before sunrise on Nov.10 through midnight on March 15. During the rest of the year, hunting hours for coyotes are 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset.
- Hunters need a hunting license and habitat stamp unless exempt.
- Coyotes may be hunted on private property using dogs, archery devices, any type and caliber of handgun, any type of legal rifle including large capacity semi-automatic rifles, and shotguns using any type of shell except for slugs. (Exceptions for slugs exist during the firearm deer seasons when coyote hunting is closed except to deer hunters with unfilled firearm deer permits in their possession). When hunting with a shotgun, make sure that the magazine has been fitted with a plug which makes the shotgun incapable of firing more than three consecutive shots.
- Electronic calling devices are legal for coyote hunting.
- It is legal to bait coyotes as long as any wild game used was legally taken.
- Illinois does not restrict the type of sights or scopes that are used (including laser sights and night vision scopes).
- Lights with any color of lens can be used while hunting coyotes as long as the lights are not used from any vehicle or conveyance (including ATVs and horses) and the lights are not connected to the vehicle or conveyance.
- It is unlawful for a coyote hunter to wantonly allow a dog to hunt on another person's land without first obtaining permission of the landowner or tenant. If a hunting dog crosses onto property in which the coyote hunter has no permission to hunt, the hunter has no legal right to follow the dogs. Illinois Animal Control Laws or other local animal control ordinances could apply to dogs running at large.
- Coyote hunters are required to keep their guns unloaded and in a case while in a vehicle or on a conveyance (including but not limited to ATVs and horseback) unless exempt by special DNR permit.
- Guns must remain unloaded until the hunter is clear of the road and right-of-way alongside the road.
- Coyote hunters must wear 400 square inches of solid blaze orange when hunting in a county when any firearm deer season is in progress, including youth, muzzle-loader-only, late-winter and CWD seasons.
- Before coyote hunting at public hunting areas, check with the site office for site specific regulations.
- It is legal to hunt coyotes while using or possessing a tree climbing device.

Revocations/Suspensions for Violations

POINT SYSTEM

Pages 29-30 is a synopsis of IDNR points, revocations, and suspensions. For more complete information, see the below applicable Acts and 17 IL Adm. Code 2530.

APPLICATION WITHIN ACTS	POINTS	GROUPS
The point system applies to revocations/suspensions authorized under the following conservation laws: **Fish and Aquatic Life Code** (515 ILCS 5) **Wildlife Code** (520 ILCS 5) **Endangered Species Protection Act** (520 ILCS 10) **Timber Buyers Licensing Act** (225 ILCS 735) **Ginseng Harvesting Act** (525 ILCS 20) or any similar federal statutes or rules.	Each time a person is found guilty by a circuit court of the State of Illinois (including supervision or conditional discharge) or by a U.S. District Court in an Illinois District, the specific number of points assigned to such violation shall be charged against that person. Petty Offense = ***3 points*** Class C Misdemeanor = ***6 points*** Class B Misdemeanor = ***9 points*** Class A Misdemeanor = ***12 points*** Class 4 Felony = ***24 points*** Class 3 Felony or higher = ***60 points*** Any violation committed during a period of suspension = ***60 points***. Any violation of section 2.33(cc) or 2.38 of the Wildlife Code = ***13 points***. Any violation of sections 20-120(h) and 20-125(3) of the Fish and Aquatic Code = ***13 points*** (effective 01/20/11) Federal offenses shall be assessed points based upon the classification of offense for the corresponding Illinois violation.	**Group A** Wildlife Code, Endangered Species Protection Act (Wildlife), Federal Offenses (Wildlife) and Section 5/48 - 3(b) of the Criminal Code of 2012 (Wildlife) **Group B** Fish and Aquatic Life Code, Endangered Species Protection Act (Aquatic Life), Federal Offenses (Aquatic Life) and Section 5/48 - 3(b) of the Criminal Code of 2012 (Aquatic Life) **Group C** Timber Buyers Licensing Act **Group D** Ginseng Harvesting Act, Endangered Species Protection Act (Plants) and Federal Offenses (Plants)

SINGLE INCIDENT RULE

Type I Offenses = Those offenses related to commercial/business activities covered under the Timber Buyer, Taxidermist, Aquaculture, Aquatic Life Dealer, Minnow Dealer, Mussel Dealer, Commercial Roe Dealer, Commercial Fisherman, Commercial Mussel Harvester, Commercial Roe Harvester, Game and Game Bird Breeder, Wild Game Food Dealer, Fur Bearing Animal Breeder, Fur Tanner, Class A Nuisance Wildlife Control Operator or Migratory Waterfowl Hunting Area, charter fishing licenses and permits.	**Type II Offenses** = All other offenses related to activities covered under licenses and permits. (Example: hunting, trapping, fishing, etc.)

COMPUTATION OF SUSPENSION PERIODS

For **Type I Offenses**, any person who, within an 18 month period, accumulates 13 or more points in a single group shall have all licenses, permits and stamps relevant to those types of activities revoked, and the person's privilege to engage in Type I activities shall be suspended for a period of time that equals one month for each point accumulated. All accumulated points shall remain in effect for 18 months from the date of arrest that resulted in the point accumulation and shall not be removed or reduced by a period of suspension. Any second or subsequent suspension imposed shall be served consecutively to any earlier suspension.	For **Type II Offenses**, any person who, within a 36 month period, accumulates 13 or more points in a single group shall have all licenses, permits and stamps relevant to that type and group revoked, and the person's privilege to engage in the activity covered by the type and group shall be suspended for a period of time that equals one month for each point accumulated. All accumulated points shall remain in effect for 36 months from the date of arrest that resulted in the point accumulation and shall not be removed or reduced by a period of suspension. Any second or subsequent suspension imposed shall be served consecutively to any earlier suspension.

	SINGLE INCIDENT RULE	
In the event that multiple findings of guilt are entered against an individual arising out of a single incident or act, full points shall be assessed only for the finding of guilt with the highest point level with additional points being assessed for the remaining findings of guilt as follows:	Petty Offense = ***1 point*** Class C Misdemeanor = ***2 points*** Class B Misdemeanor = ***3 points***	The Single Incident Rule shall not be applied in any cases where the highest level violation is a Class A Misdemeanor or higher (12 points or greater) or in cases where violations occurred while the individual was suspended.

Suspensions Imposed on a Quarterly Basis

Whenever sufficient points have been accumulated, the suspension will be imposed by the Department on a quarterly basis as follows:

DISPOSITIONS RECEIVED	SUSPENSIONS BEGINS ON:
January – March	April 30th
April – June	July 30th
July – September	October 30th
October – December	January 30th

A person has the right to appeal any revocation/suspension to a Department of Natural Resources Hearing Officer, within the guidelines found in 17 IL Adm. Code 2530.

EXAMPLES:

A) Type I – Findings of Guilt for Separate Incidents: A person found guilty of violations under the Wildlife Code of no taxidermy license, failure to tag specimens and failure to keep proper records (a Class B Misdemeanor and two petty offenses, respectively) occurring on different dates is assessed the full 15 points (9+3+3), and revocation of Type I licenses and suspension of Type I privileges is imposed for a period of 15 months.

B) Type I – Findings of Guilt for a Single Incident: A person found guilty of the same violations as A) above (a Class B Misdemeanor and two petty offenses) arising out of a single incident has no revocation/suspension imposed, with 10 points assessed (9+1+1).

C) Type II – Findings of Guilt for Separate Incidents: A person found guilty of hunting by use of lights from a vehicle (Class A Misdemeanor=12 points) and taking an over limit of quail (Petty Offense 3 points) has his/her hunting license, trapping license, migratory waterfowl stamp, habitat stamp, deer/turkey permits, etc. revoked, and Type II privileges suspended in Group A for a period of 15 months.

D) Type II – Findings of Guilt for a Single Incident

1) A person found guilty of violations of taking game birds with a rifle and no hunting license (Class A Misdemeanor and Petty Offense) arising out of a single incident is assessed 15 points and suspension imposed as described in C above. The Single Incident Rule does not apply to cases where the highest level violation is a Class A Misdemeanor or higher.

2) A person found guilty of violations of taking deer without a permit and no hunting license (Class B Misdemeanor and Petty Offense) arising out of a single incident has no revocation/suspension imposed, with 10 points assessed (9+1).

E) Imposition of Subsequent Suspensions

1) The person in C above completes the 15 month suspension, and two months later (less than 36 months from the date of the first violation) again hunts by use of lights from a motor vehicle and is found guilty (12 points). This person's licenses are again revoked and privileges suspended for a period of 27 months (15+12).

2) The person in C above is found guilty of a violation under the Wildlife Code that occurred during the time that his/her privileges were suspended. 60 additional points are assessed and a second suspension is imposed, to run consecutively after the first suspension (15+60=75 months total).

ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS

DNR also may hold an administrative hearing to revoke licenses/suspend privileges in certain flagrant cases regardless of whether or not sufficient points for suspension have been reached.

ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

Any person whose license or permit has been revoked or his/her privileges suspended may not, during the period of revocation/suspension 1) apply for or obtain any licenses or permits of such type covered by the suspension, or; 2) be in the company of any person engaged in the activity covered by the revocation/suspension, or; 3) serve as a guide, outfitter or facilitator for any person who is engaged or prepared to engage in the activity covered by the revocation/suspension, until such time as the period of revocation/ suspension is completed and the appropriate licenses/permits have been obtained.

IDNR is in the process of instituting re-instatement fees. For more information on these fees, contact the IDNR Office of Law Enforcement at 217-782-6431.

REVOCATIONS/SUSPENSIONS IN OTHER STATES AND CANADA

It also shall be unlawful for any person to be issued or obtain an Illinois license or permit, or while in Illinois engage in any activity during the time that person's privileges to engage in the same or similar activities are suspended or revoked by another state, by a federal agency or by a province of Canada.

Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact

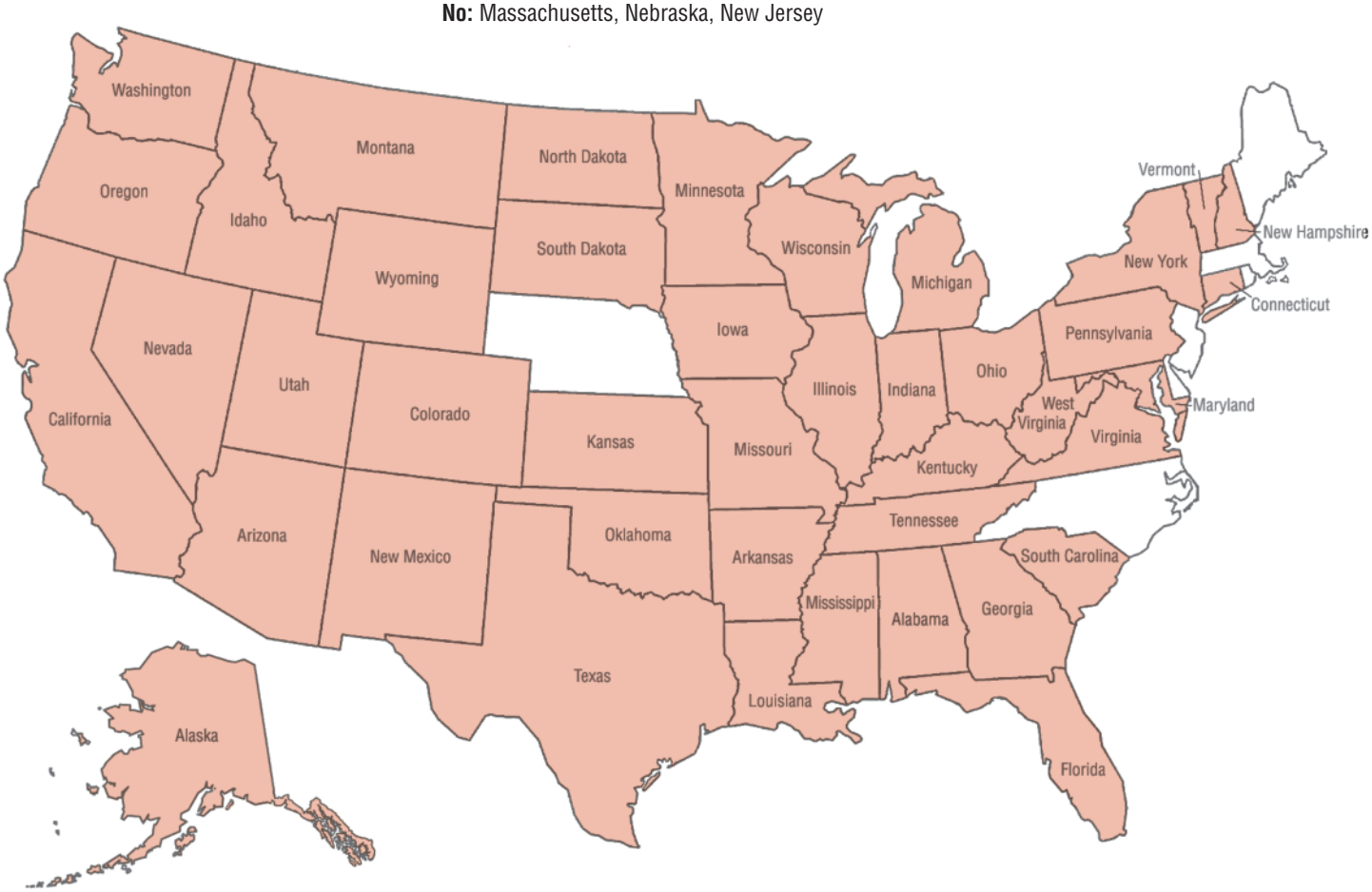
Illinois is a participating member of the Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact.

How the IWVC works:

- Compact membership applies to aquatic life and wildlife violations.
- The Compact allows non-resident violators receiving citations for violations in participating states to be treated the same as residents who are in violation.
- A violator who fails to comply with the terms of a citation issued in a participating state faces the possibility of the suspension of his/her privileges in his/her home state until the terms of the citation are met.
- The Compact provides for the reciprocal recognition of the suspension of license privileges by participating states. (Illinois has recognized suspensions imposed by other states for several years. Membership in the Compact allows other states to recognize Illinois' suspensions.)
- The Compact provides that information on convictions in participating states may be forwarded to the home state of the violator.
- IWVC not only assures equal treatment of residents and non-residents of participating states, but also enhances the law enforcement services and deterrent value of time spent patrolling by uniformed officers. The reciprocal recognition of suspensions between states is intended to address the problems associated with the mobility of many violators.

Compact Member States:

Passed Legislation: Delaware, Hawaii, Maine, North Carolina, Rhode Island
No: Massachusetts, Nebraska, New Jersey



Additional states may join the Compact throughout the year. It is your responsibility to contact any other state to determine your eligibility before you obtain or attempt to obtain any license or permit, or engage in any activity covered by your revocation/suspension.

PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF REVOCATIONS/SUSPENSIONS DENIAL OR PRIVILEGE

Persons who violate the prohibitions of their revocation/suspension/denial of privileges shall be guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor with penalties of up to 364 days jail time and up to $2500 in fines and up to an additional 5 year period of suspension to be served consecutively after the original suspension.

For more information, contact the DNR Office of Law Enforcement at (217) 782-6431, or visit www.dnr.state.il.us/law3/

Outfitter Regulation Information

This is a summary of Illinois' deer and wild turkey outfitter regulations. Waterfowl outfitters will be required to register as an outfitter starting next waterfowl season (September 1, 2015). A complete copy of the regulations contained in Admin. Rule 640 may found at www.dnr.illinois.gov or by contacting the Office of Law Enforcement (217) 782-6431.

What is the purpose of having Outfitter Regulations?

The development of outfitter regulations was initiated by concerned hunters and outfitters. Their interests were to ensure hunters utilizing outfitters were provided the proper services and treatment, to strengthen the reputation of the outfitting industry in Illinois, and to ensure the proper management of the state's deer herd and wild turkey flock.

Who needs to apply for an Outfitter Permit?

An outfitter is a person who both receives compensation (i.e., money, services or gifts) from hunters and provides outfitting services to hunters. Outfitting services include providing guides, guide services, equipment, stands, blinds, or transportation to and from the field for hunters. Guide services is defined as providing any of the following: advice to hunters while hunting about how and/or where to hunt; setting decoys; calling, stalking, pursuing, tracking, field dressing; caring for meat; field preparation of trophies; carriage of hunters, hunter equipment, and/or animals harvested by the hunter. It is unlawful to advertise outfitting services at a time when the outfitter does not hold a current valid outfitters permit.

A person, other than the landowner, who leases or rents land for the purpose of providing hunting opportunity to others or subleasing such land for deer and wild turkey hunting is required to obtain an Outfitter Permit.

Does a landowner who leases his/her property to a hunter or group of hunters need to obtain an Outfitter Permit?

No, as long as he/she does not provide outfitting services to hunters. Providing a place to stay on the landowner's property does not constitute an outfitting service.

What are the qualifications for becoming an outfitter?

An outfitter must be at least 21 years of age and not have had his or her hunting license revoked or hunting privileges suspended within the past 5 years.

What are the qualifications for a guide?

A guide must be at least 18 years of age, not have had his or her hunting license revoked or hunting privileges suspended within the past 5 years, have a current Illinois hunting license and habitat stamp, and have successfully completed a state-approved hunter-safety course.

How much does an Outfitter Permit cost?

The fee for an outfitter permit is $500 for a resident and $2,500 for a non-resident.

How do I apply for a permit?

Apply for an outfitter permit by contacting the Office of Law Enforcement at One Natural Resources Way, Springfield, IL 62702-1271, phone (217) 782-6431. You will receive an application and deer and wild turkey management forms to complete, and will be asked to submit:

1) A plat map showing the location of the property delineating the acreage owned, and leased or rented.
2) A property map showing the land uses/habitats (e.g., crop fields, hay crop, pasture, woods, brush, grass).
3) Proof of current commercial liability insurance for property damage, personal injury and death with a minimum benefit of $1,000,000. (Not required of applicants whose sole activity is arranging hunts on property controlled by others).
4) A list of guides, including their address, date of birth and Social Security Number, who are to be employed by the outfitter. (List may be modified at any time by providing the change(s) in writing to the Office of Law Enforcement).

When do I apply for a permit?

Applications will be accepted from Jan. 15 through July 15, inclusive. Applications and renewals received after July 15 may not be processed by Sept. 1. The permit is for one year from July 1 to June 30. A full application is required every 5 years.

What is required to renew a permit?

After receipt of an initial permit, the permit can be renewed annually for the next 4 years by providing the appropriate fee, proof of insurance, annual report of harvest completed with the previous year's information, management plan and a notice of any change(s) to the original application.

What are the minimum standards DNR expects of outfitters?

DNR expects an outfitter to:

1) supply each client in writing, prior to providing outfitting services, the type of service provided, dates of service, cost of services and a copy of the outfitter's refund policy;
2) be responsible for ensuring each client has the necessary permits, stamps and licenses prior to hunting;
3) indicate clearly to clients the boundaries of the property they will be hunting;
4) make no guarantees as to the success of the hunt;
5) not misrepresent their facilities, prices, equipment, services or hunting opportunities;
6) not take or attempt to take any wildlife on behalf of the client; and
7) maintain a current log of clients, the dates they hunted, their hunting license and permit numbers, and harvest information. This log must be maintained by the outfitter for 5 years.

What information will DNR provide the public about outfitters?

DNR will be providing only the names and addresses of licensed outfitters. DNR will not provide referrals, arrest/criminal histories or other types of information. Potential clients should be aware that licensing by the state does not mean that the outfitter has been certified as to competence, quality of hunt, etc.

Special Hunts on Department Sites

Special hunting opportunities are provided on some areas. These hunts require special hunting permits. In some instances, fees are charged.

CONTROLLED PHEASANT HUNTS

On controlled pheasant hunting areas State Habitat Stamps are not required when hunting captive-reared pheasants. State Habitat Stamps are required when hunting quail, Hungarian partridge, rabbits and woodcock on controlled pheasant hunting areas where these species can be harvested during the controlled pheasant hunting season.

Thanksgiving Day hunting hours at all controlled pheasant hunting sites are 9 a.m.- 1 p.m.

Hunts Requiring Reservations

Information about controlled pheasant hunting permit reservations is available at www.dnr.illinois.gov.

Hunting Areas & Season Dates

Green River SWA (Oct. 31, Nov. 1, 2, 7, 9, 14-16, 28-30, Dec. 12-14, 2014)

Closed Mondays, Tuesdays and Christmas Day:

- Des Plaines SFWA (Oct. 29-Dec. 28, 2014, closed Nov. 21-23, 2014)
- Eldon Hazlet SP (Carlyle Lake; Nov. 5, 2014-Jan. 4, 2015)
- Iroquois Co. SWA (Oct. 29-Dec. 28, 2014, closed Nov. 21-23, 2014)
- Jim Edgar Panther Creek SFWA (Nov. 1, 2014-Jan. 15, 2015, closed Nov. 21-23 and Dec. 4-7, 2014)
- Johnson-Sauk Trail SP and Kankakee River SP (Nov. 1, 2014-Jan. 8, 2015, closed New Year's Day)
- Moraine View SP (Oct. 29-Dec. 28, 2014)
- Sand Ridge SF (Nov. 1, 2014-Jan. 15, 2015)
- Wayne Fitzgerrell SP (Nov. 5, 2014-Jan. 4, 2015)

Hunts by Public/Private Partnership Operator

Information about controlled pheasant hunting permit reservations for the public/private partnership areas is available at www.tmillerinc.com.

Private Operator: T. Miller, Inc., (217) 793-6146

Hunting Areas & Season Dates

Closed most Mondays, Tuesdays, Christmas Day and New Year's Day. Special hunts on some Mondays and Tuesdays may be available at some sites. Check www.tmillerinc.com for 2014-15 fee information.

- Chain O'Lakes SP (Oct. 29-Dec. 14, 2014, closed Nov. 21-23, 2014)
- Horseshoe Lake SP (Madison Co., second Wednesday of December or first hunting day following Central Zone duck season through Jan. 31, 2015)
- Ramsey Lake SP (Nov. 1, 2, 8, 9, 15, 16, 28-30; Dec. 5-7, 12-14, 19-21, 26-28, 2014; & Jan. 2-4, 9-11, 2015)
- Silver Springs SP (Oct. 18, 2014-Jan. 8, 2015)

Illinois Youth Controlled Pheasant Hunts for Hunters ages 10-15

Information about controlled pheasant hunting permit reservations is available at www.dnr.illinois.gov. Each hunter must be accompanied by a non-hunting supervising adult who must wear blaze orange. Hunters or supervising adult must possess a Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

Hunting Areas & Season Dates

- Oct. 18, 2014: World Shooting and Recreational Complex
- Oct. 25, 2014: Clinton Lake SRA and Mackinaw River SFWA
- Nov. 8, 2014: Chain O'Lakes, Des Plaines, Edward Madigan, Eldon Hazlet (Carlyle Lake), Green River, Iroquois Co., Jim Edgar Panther Creek, Johnson-Sauk Trail, Moraine View, Sand Ridge, Sangchris Lake, Wayne Fitgerrell (Rend Lake)
- Nov. 9, 2014: Horseshoe Lake (Madison Co.),
- March 7, 2015: Pere Marquette SP

Additional Youth Controlled Pheasant Hunts

Information about controlled pheasant hunting permit reservations is available at www.dnr.illinois.gov. Hunters under 16 hunt for free, but each young hunter must be accompanied by an adult hunter. Adult hunters must pay the permit fee.

Hunting Areas & Season Dates

- Nov. 30, 2014: Green River
- Nov. 30 & Dec. 27, 2014: Des Plaines, Eldon Hazlet (Carlyle Lake), Iroquois Co., Jim Edgar Panther Creek, Johnson-Sauk Trail, Kankakee River, Moraine View, Sand Ridge and Wayne Fitzgerrell (Rend Lake)

Hunts for Disabled Hunters

Disabled hunters with Standing Vehicle Permits may obtain Controlled Pheasant Hunting Permits for Eldon Hazlet, Des Plaines and Moraine View where special vehicles are available to assist with the hunt. Disabled hunters, as defined by law (520 ILCS 5/2.33), may apply to the DNR Office of Law Enforcement (217/782-6431) for a Standing Vehicle Permit. Information about controlled pheasant hunting permit reservations for disabled hunters is available at www.dnr.illinois.gov.

FREE UPLAND GAME PERMIT HUNTS

Apply for free upland game hunting permits, and obtain additional information and hunting dates, at www.dnr.illinois.gov. Applicants can receive only one permit per year and the application deadline is Aug. 31. Selected hunters may each bring three hunting partners except at Green River, Finfrock, Sand Prairie, Saybrook, Sibley and Victoria where they may bring five, and Pyramid where they may bring two. Hunting is for cock pheasant, gray partridge, quail, and rabbit.

Quail Management Areas: Pyramid SP (Captain, Denmark and East Conant Units) in Perry Co.

Upland Game Areas: Coffeen Lake SFWA (Upland Management Area only, Montgomery Co.), Eagle Creek SP (Shelby Co.), Edward R. Madigan SP (Logan Co.), Freeman Mine SWA (Montgomery Co.), Green River SWA (Lee Co.), Harry "Babe" Woodyard SNA (Vermilion Co.), Ilo Dillin HA (Tazewell Co.), Jim Edgar Panther Creek SFWA (Cass Co.), Larry D. Closson HA (Douglas Co.), Little Rock Creek HA (Carroll Co.), Mackinaw River SFWA (Tazewell Co.), Mautino SFWA (Bureau Co.), Nachusa Prairie c/o Franklin Creek SNA (Ogle Co.), Paul C. Burrus HA (Coles Co.), Sand Ridge SF (Sparks Pond Land and Water Reserve, Mason Co.), Sangchris Lake SP (Christian Co.), Willow Creek HA (Edgar Co.), Wolf Creek SP (Shelby Co.)

Pheasant Habitat Areas: Birkbeck, Bradford (Stark Co.), Clifton, Loda and Milks Grove (Iroquois Co.), Dublin Highlands (Stephenson Co.), Finfrock and Hallsville (DeWitt Co.), Gifford (Champaign Co.), Herschel Workman (Vermilion Co.), Hindsboro (Douglas Co.), Manito (Tazewell Co.), Maytown, Sand Prairie and Steward (Lee Co.), Perdueville and Sibley (Ford Co.), Saybrook (McLean Co.), Victoria (Knox Co.), Whitefield (Marshall Co.)

WATERFOWL HUNTS

All initial applications for the Public Duck & Goose Hunting Area Permit program must be made at www.dnr.illinois.gov.

Application Dates

Applications from Illinois residents will be accepted from Aug. 12-27 for inclusion in the first lottery with a deadline of Aug. 27. A second lottery, with a deadline of Sept. 9, will be held for non-residents, unsuccessful applicants or anyone who did not apply in the first lottery. A third lottery, with a deadline of Sept. 23, will be held for applicants to receive either a first and/or second permit. Additional permits, up to five total, may be obtained from unfilled quotas on a first come, first-served basis ending 72 hours prior to the hunt date by visiting http://www.dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/waterfowl/Pages/default.aspx beginning Oct. 1.

Goose Permit Area

Fee $15 (partners under 16 are free). Available at Snakeden Hollow SFWA. A site goose hunting permit holder is allowed to bring one hunting partner and one non-hunting partner or two non-hunting partners; three persons per blind but not more than two hunters per blind. Non-hunting partners must be under 21 years of age. A daily drawing shall be held to allocate blind sites. Hunters under 16 may apply for and receive a permit, but only hunters over the age of 16 may draw for a blind. Hunters under the age of 16 with a permit must be accompanied by a supervising adult who is at least 18 who will draw for the blind.

Duck Permit Areas:

Non-hunting partners must be under 21 years of age.

Free hunts: Rice Lake Walk-In Units (permit holder can bring up to two partners) and Double T

Fee hunts ($10; partners under 16 are free)

- Banner Marsh, Marshall SFWA (Duck Ranch Unit), Spring Lake (Spring Lake Bottoms Unit) and Sangchris Lake: permit holder allowed to bring up to three partners (hunters or non-hunters) with four persons per blind
- Horseshoe Lake and Union County: permit holder allowed to bring one hunting partner and one non-hunting partner or two non-hunting partners; three persons per blind, but not more than two hunters per blind

Sangchris Lake: daily drawing held each morning for all available blinds; hunters under 16 may receive a permit, but only hunters over the age of 16 may draw for a blind; hunters under the age of 16 must be accompanied by a supervising adult who will draw for the blind; 16 foot boat recommended and maximum 25 hp motor is required

Daily Draw Areas:

- Donnelley SFWA: free youth hunt first weekend and third Saturday; open to youth Sunday of statewide youth hunt; hunting closed Tuesdays and Wednesdays except opening day.

Youth Waterfowl Hunts: Spring Lake SFWA (Spring Lake Bottoms Unit; second Sunday in November); Donnelley SFWA (Sunday prior to first gun deer season and the first weekend and third Sunday of the north zone duck season); Union County and Horseshoe Lake SFWA (Dec. 28); Banner Marsh on Saturday and Sunday, October 18 and 19, 2014.

Free permit required: Hunters 10-15 years old; hunters must be accompanied by supervising adult; resident hunter or supervising adult must possess a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card; supervising adult may hunt.

Support the Illinois Sportsmen Against Hunger Program by donating your deer or providing monetary donations to process venison for needy families in Illinois.

ILLINOIS SPORTSMEN AGAINST HUNGER

Call today at (217) 785-5091

FREE DOVE HUNTS

All initial applications for the Free Dove Hunting Area Permit program must be made at www.dnr.illinois.gov. Dove permit applicants can apply with a partner who will receive a permit for the same site and date. Applicants can apply for up to five different sites.

Application Dates

Applications from Illinois residents will be accepted June 10-July 1 for the first lottery in early July. From July 2-15, a second lottery will be held for non-residents, unsuccessful applicants or anyone who did not apply in the first lottery. From July 29-Aug. 25, applicants may apply online for a first and/or second permit from the remaining open areas and dates by visiting http://www.dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/dove/Pages/default.aspx.

Sept. 1-5, 2014: permit required; first five days of season; check in 9-11 a.m.; openings after 11 a.m. filled by daily draw if more standbys than openings are available

- Non-toxic shot required: Big Bend SFWA, Des Plaines CA, Green River SWA, Horseshoe Lake SP (including SP, Bend Road and Chouteau Island units, Madison Co.), Kankakee River SP, Mackinaw River SFWA, Matthiessen SP, Sangchris Lake SP, Silver Springs SP
- Non-toxic shot not required: Coffeen Lake SFWA, Edward R. Madigan SP, Jim Edgar Panther Creek SFWA, Ramsey Lake SP
- Non-toxic shot, no permit required: Mississippi River Area

Youth Dove Hunt: Sept. 1, 2014: permit required; hunters 10-15 years old; check in 10-11 a.m.; no standbys available; hunters must be accompanied by supervising adult; hunter or supervising adult must possess a Firearm Owner's Identification Card

- Non-toxic shot required: Horseshoe Lake SP (Bend Road Unit, Madison Co.), Kankakee River SP, Mackinaw River SFWA, Matthiessen SP, Mt. Vernon Game Propagation Center, Sam Parr SP, Sangchris Lake SP, Silver Springs SP
- Both youth and supervisor may hunt: Kankakee River SP, Mackinaw River SFWA, Mt. Vernon Game Propagation Center, Ramsey Lake SP, Sam Parr SP, Sangchris Lake SP, Silver Springs SP

DEER HUNTS

Youth Deer Hunt: (hunters 15 years of age or younger)

- Permit required (Nov. 21-23, 2014): Lake Le-Aqua-Na SP
- Fort Massac SP and Crab Orchard NWR
- Permit required, apply using statewide application (Nov. 21-23 and Dec. 4-7, 2014): Dixon Springs SP

Special Deer Hunts for Hunters with Disabilities: Qualified disabled persons only.

- Clinton Lake SRA; Lost Mound Unit FL; Rend Lake WMA (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers); Rock Cut SP; Starved Rock SP, Wolf Creek SP/Shelbyville FL (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers)
- Physically Challenged Archery Deer Hunt: Kankakee River SP
- Additional deer hunt locations for disabled individuals may be available. Contact DNR Disabled Outdoor Opportunities Coordinator Jay Williams at jay.d.williams@illinois.gov for further details.

DISABLED OUTDOOR OPPORTUNITIES

DNR is committed to providing greater access and programs for persons with disabilities and making it easier for disabled individuals to hunt, fish and pursue other outdoor activities. Establishing in 1999, the "Disabled Outdoor Opportunities" program establishes partnerships with organizations representing people with disabilities and works cooperatively to mainstream DNR programs and facilities to better meet the needs of the individuals they represent. Program staff reviews existing DNR recreational opportunities to identify and eliminate barriers to participation, develop and coordinate training programs for staff and work with DNR site planners and engineers to develop integrated barrier-free designs for recreational facilities.

DNR is continuing to expand its program for disabled hunters and anglers. Disabled hunters can participate in deer, pheasant, waterfowl and dove hunting at various sites throughout Illinois. A number of fishing events are held each year. For information on special events, such as hunting and fishing, in your area visit www.dnr.illinois.gov/DOO, call your state park or refer to the list of public hunting areas (pages 36-42).

DNR Accommodates Hunters with Disabilities

DNR makes reasonable accommodations for people with disabilities. Many sites also offer special hunting programs for hunters with disabilities (see Public Hunting Areas section pp. 36-42). Although not all sites offer special hunting events for disabled hunters, know that all DNR-managed sites that offer hunting will make reasonable accommodation for disabled hunters, providing hunters contact the site at least 10 days prior to the intended hunt date.

Special Permits

DNR offers two special permits (received by applying to the Office of Law Enforcement at (217) 782-6431 or visit www.dnr.illinois.gov) for people with disabilities:

Crossbow: DNR may issue special permits to qualified, permanently or temporarily disabled persons allowing them to use a crossbow to hunt during regular archery seasons. This permit must be carried by the hunter along with all required hunting licenses, stamps or permits. To qualify for a crossbow permit, a person must either have a permanent or temporary physical impairment due to injury or disease, congenital or acquired, that renders him/her so severely disabled as to be unable to use a conventional bow and arrow device, or must be legally blind.

Standing Vehicle: DNR also may issue permits to paraplegics or other disabled persons to hunt from a vehicle, if the person meets the criteria set forth in DNR Rules. While hunting, the vehicle must be immobile with the engine turned off. When the vehicle is moving, firearms must be unloaded and enclosed in a case, except, however, holders of standing vehicle permits who are in the field legally hunting pheasant, quail, Hungarian partridge or rabbit, are permitted to carry a loaded and uncased shotgun in or on a vehicle under conditions described in DNR Rules.

Refer to page 8 (foot notes 8 and 9) for appropriate disability classifications.

For more information about the Disabled Outdoors Opportunities Program, contact Jay Williams, DNR, 945 State Route 146 West, Golconda, IL 62938, (618) 949-3305 or email jay.d.williams@illinois.gov.

Frequently Asked Questions – FAQs

Q: Is it legal for an Illinois Concealed Carry Permit holder to be in possession of a concealed firearm when hunting?

A: It is illegal to conceal carry while deer or turkey hunting, but it is legal to carry while hunting all other species. However, a deer hunter hunting during the firearm deer seasons can carry a concealed firearm if that firearm is of the legal type for firearm deer hunting. The specifications for legal deer hunting handguns can be found on page 17 of this Digest. For more information on concealed carry and IDNR rules and regulations, please visit http://dnr.state.il.us/law3/Documents/ConcealedCarryQnA.pdf.

Q: Can I use a centerfire rifle for hunting in Illinois? Or handguns?

A: The following species may be taken with a rifle or handgun: coyote, striped skunk, woodchuck, squirrel, rabbit, raccoon, opossum and red and gray fox. We do not regulate the caliber of handgun or rifle that may be used, except on state-owned or managed areas, which normally allow only the use of shotguns or .22 caliber rimfire rifles. Squirrel, furbearers and woodchuck hunters may use a .17 caliber rimfire rifle on some state-owned or managed areas. No rifles may be possessed in the field, however, during firearm deer season except that trappers may carry a .22 rimfire rifle to dispatch animals during firearm deer season. Certain handguns are lawful for deer hunting (see pages 17-18 for regulations).

In addition to DNR's site specific regulations, many cities or counties may have local ordinances prohibiting the use of certain firearms. It is important that you also check with your local police agencies before you hunt. At all times when in possession of firearms, hunters must also comply with the other firearms regulations as outlined in the Illinois Criminal Code.

Q: Can I use walkie-talkies or cell phones to keep in touch with my hunting partners while in the field hunting?

A: Yes.

Q: Can I use a scope on my gun or bow?

A: Yes.

Q: Can I use a shotgun primer as a percussion cap for my muzzleloader?

A: Yes. A shotgun primer is a type of percussion cap and therefore legal for use in hunting with muzzleloaders.

Q: Can I use mechanical deer decoys or electronic calls for deer hunting?

A: Yes. (Note: both electronic turkey decoys and electronic calls are illegal for turkey hunting).

Q: Do I need a F.O.I.D. card to hunt with a muzzleloader?

A: Yes. Illinois residents possessing or using modern muzzleloading firearms are required to have a valid F.O.I.D. card. Only antique firearms (other than a machine gun) which, although designed as a weapon, the Illinois State Police finds by reason of the date of its manufacture, value, design and other characteristics is primarily a collector's item and not likely to be used as a weapon, is exempt from the F.O.I.D. law.

Q: Is there a set distance from a roadway I have to be in order to hunt?

A: No. There is no set distance. It is simply unlawful to hunt, trap, or discharge a gun or bow and arrow device along, upon, across or from a public roadway, highway, or right-of-way (see page 13). The only exception is that any person who hunts on any property operated under a Migratory Waterfowl Hunting Area Permit where the principal use is to take wild geese, cannot hunt geese from a pit or blind that is within 200 yards of a public right-of-way that is adjacent to any State or Federal Waterfowl Refuge.

Q: Is there a set distance from another person's property I must be in order to hunt?

A: No. But there are a couple of issues to keep in mind. One, you must have permission to hunt from the landowner or tenant before you enter their property. That includes tracking wounded game. Although it is illegal to kill game and not make an attempt to retrieve it, your attempt ends if you are not granted access to the property where the animal goes. Second, you cannot hunt within 100 yards of an inhabited dwelling if hunting with bow and arrow device or shotgun loaded with shot shells (or 300 yards if using a rifle, handgun or deer slugs) unless you have permission from the person occupying the dwelling. You could theoretically be on your own property but if it is too close to another person's dwelling, and you don't have permission from the person who occupies that dwelling, you can't hunt there.

Holders of commercial migratory waterfowl area permits where the primary use is to take wild geese, cannot have a blind or pit that is located less than 100 yards from the boundary of the property on which the blind or pit is located.

Q: How may I safely and legally transport a firearm in a vehicle?

A: You must possess a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card (F.O.I.D.) and the firearm must be unloaded and enclosed in a case (see definition of "case" in the "Definitions" section on page 10). Unloaded and properly enclosed firearms can be placed anywhere in the vehicle. (See Transporting Bow and Arrow Devices in Vehicles page 12).

Q: May I carry a firearm in a rack in my back window, say in a pickup truck?

A: Yes, if you have a valid F.O.I.D. and the firearm is unloaded and in a case. However, in this situation you would need to have a side mirror on the truck for an unobstructed view to the rear of the vehicle. Consider one thing: a gun displayed in a window could invite theft.

Q: How may I safely and legally transport ammunition in a vehicle?

A: The location of ammunition being transported, including ammunition being transported in loaded magazines, is not regulated as long as the firearm is unloaded and encased, and the resident possessing the firearm/ammunition holds a valid F.O.I.D. card.

Q: How may I legally transport firearms and ammunition in another state?

A: The particular state in which you will be traveling should be contacted for that information.

Q: How can a non-resident without a F.O.I.D. card legally transport a firearm in a vehicle?

A: Non-residents must transport their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case (see Transporting Firearms and Bow and Arrow Devices in Vehicles, page 12). In addition, the firearm must not be immediately accessible or must be broken down in a non-functioning state.

Q: Where can I get more information on transporting firearms?

A: For more information, contact: Illinois State Police at (217) 782-6637, or the F.O.I.D. office at (217) 782-7980, www.isp.state.il.us; or DNR's Clearinghouse at (217) 782-7498, www.dnr.illinois.gov and ask for the brochure "Transport Your Gun Legally – Commonly Asked Questions on Transporting Firearms."

Q: Can I use an electronic call to hunt coyote and fox?

A: Yes. They can also be used at night when night hunting is allowed.

Public Hunting Areas

Hunting regulations on the public hunting areas listed on the following pages are often more restrictive than the statewide regulations. Hunter fact sheets are available at www.dnr.illinois.gov/hunting or from the site. Taking wildlife species not listed in this digest or on the hunter fact sheet is generally unlawful. Hunting may be allowed for species not listed here, such as teal, woodchuck, skunk, rail, snipe, partridge and crow. Contact the site for information on opportunities to hunt these species.

Some site-specific regulations that apply to all state sites are as follows:

Blaze Orange Clothing Requirements
See page 14.

It is unlawful to:

- hunt with any weapon except shotgun or bow and arrow unless otherwise specified.
- possess any alcoholic beverage while in any hunting/trapping area for the purpose of hunting or trapping.
- hunt or trap on any site with a manned check station without first declaring game killed on a previous hunt and in possession either on the hunter's person or in his/her vehicle.
- construct or use any tree stand using nails, screws or any device which pierces or cuts the bark of the tree on which it is installed. Tree stands must be portable and removed at the end of each day, unless otherwise specified in site-specific regulations. Only one tree stand is allowed per deer permit holder at each site.
- hunt or trap in a restricted area.
- hunt or trap outside designated areas at the site.
- enter a refuge, restricted area or waterfowl rest area unless authorized by DNR.
- buy, sell or commercialize hunting or trapping rights, directly or indirectly, except for DNR hunting or trapping fees or to the operation of controlled pheasant hunting on DNR lands pursuant to a written concession agreement.
- hunt or trap without a valid permit where permits are required.

Hunting Opportunities for Disabled Hunters

Disabled hunters are given the opportunity to hunt a variety of game species on DNR-managed land, federal land or private land where the Department issues permits. Sites offering disabled hunting opportunities are listed in the following tables and hunters are encouraged to contact the site for specific regulations. To utilize a site's disabled hunting program, a hunter must meet the qualifications for being disabled as described in footnotes 8 and 9 on page 8.

Shawnee National Forest

- The construction, use or occupancy of any permanent tree stand or other permanent elevated device for the purpose of hunting is prohibited [36 CFR 261.58(v)].

Center fire and rim fire rifles are not legal hunting devices for deer, even on federal land in Illinois.

Public Hunting Areas Region 1

SITE-SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND REGULATIONS MAY BE OBTAINED BY CONTACTING THE SITE OR VISITING THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WEBSITE: *www.dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/pages/publichuntingareas.aspx*. PLEASE CONTACT THE SITE OR OBTAIN A HUNTER FACT SHEET FROM THE WEBSITE PRIOR TO HUNTING.

	Name	Mailing Address	Huntable Acres	Hunter Fact Sheet	Waterfowl	Squirrel	Deer-Firearm	Deer-Archery	Deer-Muzzleloader	Deer-Late Winter Antlerless Season	CWD Deer Season	Turkey-Spring	Turkey-Fall Gun	Turkey-Fall Bow	Rabbit	Dove	Quail	Pheasant	Woodcock	Raccoon-Opossum	Gray/Red Fox	Coyote	Trapping
1	Anderson Lake SFWA	647 N. State Highway 100, Astoria, 61501; (309) 759-4484	1900	x	x	x		x				c		x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
2	Apple River Canyon SP Salem and Thompson Units	8763 E. Canyon Rd., Apple River, 61001; (815) 745-3302	1052	x		x	s	x	s		s	s	x	x	x					x	x	x	
3	Argyle Lake SP	640 Argyle Park Rd., Colchester, 62326; (309) 776-3422	950	x		x	s	x		c		c	x	x	x	x	x			x	x	x	x
4	Banner Marsh SFWA	19721 N. U.S. 24, Canton, 61520; (309) 647-9184	3000	x	⊗/@			x							x	x	x	x				x	e
5	Big Bend SFWA	P.O. Box 181, Prophetstown, 61277; (815) 537-2270 or 2926	2338	x		x		x				s		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
6	Big River SF	RR1, Box 118, Keithsburg, 61442; (309) 374-2496	2970	x		x	s	x		c		s	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	
7	Bradford PHA	c/o Hennepin Canal Parkway; (815) 454-2328	103	x											@		@	@					
8	Buffalo Rock SP	1300 N. 27th Rd., Ottawa, 61350; (815) 433-2220	310	x				x															
9	Castle Rock SP	1365 W Castle Rd, Oregon, 61061; (815) 732-7329	1620	x		x	s	x	s		s	s		x									
10	Donnelley SFWA	c/o DePue SFWA; (815) 447-2353	676	x	⊗																		
11	Double "T" SFWA	19721 N. U.S. 24, Canton, 61520; (309) 647-9184	460	x	@											x							
12	Dublin Highlands PHA	c/o Lake Le-Aqua-NA SP; (815) 369-4282	122	x											@		@	@					
13	Franklin Creek SNA	1872 Twist Rd, Franklin Grove, 61031; (815) 456-2878	635	x			s	x		x				x	@		@	@					
14	French Bluff SNA	c/o Mississippi Palisades SP; (815) 273-2731	342	x		x	s	x	s			s		x									
15	George S. Park SNA	c/o DePue SFWA; (815) 447-2353	80	x			c	x	c	c													
16	Green River SWA	375 Game Rd, Harmon, 61042; (815) 379-2324	2515	x		x	s	x		s		s		x	@	x	@	@		x	x	x	
17	Hanover Bluff SNA	c/o Apple River Canyon SP, Apple River, 61001; (815) 745-3302	332	x		x	s	x	s		s	s	x	x	x					x	x	x	x
18	Hennepin Canal ST	16006 875 E St., Sheffield, 61361; (815) 454-2328	350	x				x						x		x				x		x	x
19	Ilo Dillin SHA	c/o Mackinaw River SFWA; (309) 963-4969	75	x				x							@		@	@					x
20	Johnson-Sauk Trail SRA	28616 Sauk Trail Rd., Kewanee, 61443; (309) 853-5589	862	x		x		x				s		x	x	x	x	x			x	x	x
21	Jubilee College SP	13921 West Rt., 150, Brimfield, 61517; (309) 446-3758	2900	x		x	⊗/s	⊗	s	s		c		x	x	x	x	☒	x				x
22	Kishwaukee River SFWA	c/o Shabbona Lake; (815) 824-2106	484	x			s	x			x	s		x									x
23	Lake DePue SFWA	Box 52, DePue, 61322; (815) 447-2353	1700	x	x																		
24	Lake Le-Aqua-Na SP	8542 N Lake Rd, Lena, 61048; (815) 369-4282	560	x			s	x								x							x
25	Little Rock Creek SHA	c/o Morrison Rockwood SP; (815) 772-4708	148	x				x							@		@	@					x
26	Lost Mound Unit FL	7071 Riverview Rd., Thompson, 61285; (815) 273-2732	6000		x	x	s/c	x		x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
27	Lowden-Miller SF	c/o Castle Rock SP; (815) 732-7329	2225	x		x	s	x			s	s		x									
28	Lowden SP	1411 N. River Rd, Oregon, 61061; (815) 732-6828	80	x				x															
29	Mackinaw River SFWA	15470 Nelson Rd., Mackinaw, 61755; (309) 963-4969	1400	x		x	s	x				s		x	@	x	@	@					x
30	Manito PHA	7982 S. Park Rd., Manito, 61546; (309) 968-7135	70	x											@		@	@					
31	Marseilles SFWA	2660 E. 2350th Rd, Marseilles, 61341; (815) 795-2448	2239	x		x	s	x	s		s	x		x	x	x	x	x				x	
32	Marshall SFWA	236 State Rt. 26, Lacon, 61540; (309) 246-8351	5804	x	@	x	s	x	s	c		s		x	x	x	x	☒	x	x			x
33	Matthiessen SP	c/o Starved Rock SP, Box 509, Utica, 61373; (815) 667-4726	1500	x		x	s	x	s		s	s		x		x				x			
34	Mautino SFWA	c/o Hennepin Canal Parkway; (815) 454-2328	891	x				x				x		x	@	x	@	@					x
35	Maytown PHA	c/o Green River SWA; (815) 379-2324	159	x				x							@		@	@					
36	Miller Anderson Woods SNA	c/o DePue SFWA; (815) 447-2353	524	x			c	x	c	c													

Public Hunting Areas Region 1

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	Name	Mailing Address	Huntable Acres	Hunter Fact Sheet	Waterfowl	Squirrel	Deer-Firearm	Deer-Archery	Deer-Muzzleloader	Deer-Late Winter Antlerless Season	CWD Deer Season	Turkey-Spring	Turkey-Fall Gun	Turkey-Fall Bow	Rabbit	Dove	Quail	Pheasant	Woodcock	Raccoon-Opossum	Gray/Red Fox	Coyote	Trapping
37	Mississippi Palisades SP	16327A IL Rt., 84, Savanna, 61074; (815) 273-2731	1500	x			s	x				⊗/s		x									
38	Mississippi River (pool 12) FL	7071 Riverview Road, Thomson, 61285; (815) 273-2732	7990	x	x	x	c	x		x	c	c	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
39	Mississippi River (pool 13) FL	7071 Riverview Road, Thomson, 61285; (815) 273-2732	10482	x	x	x	c	x	c	x		c	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
40	Mississippi River (pool 14) FL	7071 Riverview Road, Thomson, 61285; (815) 273-2732	1472	x	x	x	c	x	c	x		c	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
41	Mississippi River (pool 16) FL	Rock Island County near Rock Island; (815) 273-2733	4492	x	x	x	c	x	c			c	x	x	x	x			x	x	x	x	x
42	Mississippi River (pool 17) FL	Mercer County near New Boston; (309) 344-2617	2883	x	x	x	c	x	c	c		c	x	x	x	x			x	x	x	x	x
43	Mississippi River (pool 18) FL	Henderson County near Oquawka; (309) 344-2617	5173	x	x	x	c	x	c	c		c	x	x	x	x			x	x	x	x	x
44	Mitchell's Grove SNA	c/o Starved Rock SP; (815) 667-4726	185	x			s	x	s		s												
45	Morrison-Rockwood SP	18750 Lake Rd., Morrison, 61270; (815) 772-4708	950	x		x	s	x				s				x							x
46	Nachusa Prairie SNA	c/o Franklin Creek SNA; (815) 456-2878	72	x											x		x	x					
47	Pekin Lake SFWA	c/o Spring Lake SFWA; (309) 968-7135	1200	x	x			x															x
48	Powerton Reservoir SFWA	c/o Spring Lake SFWA; (309) 968-7135	855	x	x																		
49	Rall Woods SNA	c/o Apple River Canyon SP, Apple River, 61001; (815) 745-3302	283	x		x	s	x	s		s	s	x	x	x					x	x	x	
50	Rice Lake SFWA	19721 N. U.S. 24, Canton, 61520; (309) 647-9184	2500	x	@			x															x
51	Rock Cut SP	7318 Harlem Rd, Loves Park, 61111; (815) 885-3311	2570	x			⊗						⊗										x
52	Rockton Bog SNA	c/o Rock Cut SP; (815) 885-3311	103	x				x															
53	Sand Prairie PHA	c/o Green River SWA; (815) 379-2324	316	x											@	x	@	@					
54	Sandy Ford SNA	c/o Starved Rock SP; (815) 667-4726	203			x	s	x	s		s	s		x									
55	Shabbona Lake SP	4201 Shabbona Grove Rd, Shabbona, 60550; (815) 824-2106	776	x	⊗			⊗						⊗		⊗							x
56	Sinnissippi Lake SFWA	Lee & Whiteside counties near Sterling; (815) 454-2328	700	x	x																		x
57	Snakeden Hollow SFWA	P.O. Box 295, Victoria, 61485; (309) 879-2607	2497	x	⊗/@			x								⊗							x
58	Spoon River SF	c/o Snakeden Hollow SFWA	1680	x		x	s	x	s	c		s	x	x	x	x	x			x	x	x	x
59	Spring Lake SFWA	7982 S. Park Rd., Manito, 61546; (309) 968-7135	1500	x	@	x		x						x									x
60	Starved Rock SP	Box 509, Utica, 61373; (815) 667-4726	2817	x	x		⊗/s	x	s		s			x									
61	Steward PHA	c/o Shabbona Lake SRA; (815) 824-2106	80	x											@		@	@					
62	Tapley Woods SNA	c/o Apple River Canyon SP, Apple River, 61001; (815) 745-3302	259	x		x	s	x	s		s	s	x	x	x					x	x	x	
63	Victoria PHA	Knox County near Victoria; (309) 879-2607	241	x	x										@	x	@	@	x	x			
64	Wards Grove NP	c/o Apple River Canyon SP; (815) 745-3302	337	x			s	x	s		s												
65	White Pines SP	6712 W. Pines Rd., Mt. Morris, 61054; (815) 946-3717	300	x			s	x			s												
66	Whitefield PHA	c/o Marshall SFWA; (309) 246-8351	117	x				x							@		@	@					
67	Winston Tunnel SNA	c/o Apple River Canyon SP; (815) 745-3302	207	x		x	s	x	s		s		x	x	x					x	x	x	
68	Witkowsky SFWA	c/o Apple River Canyon SP, Apple River; 61001; (815) 745-3302	1069	x		x	s	x	s			s	s	x	x							x	
69	Woodford SFWA	c/o Marshall SFWA; (309) 246-8351	1350	x	x	x		x											x	x			

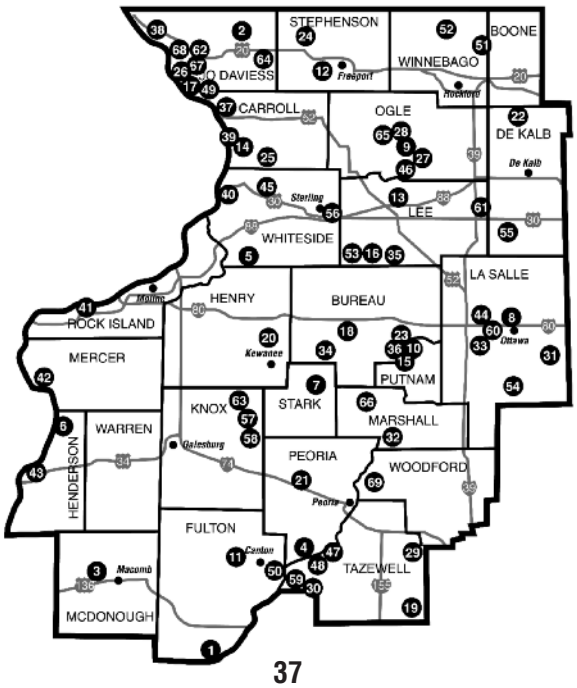
Site Classification and Symbol Key:

- CA - Conservation Area
- FL - Federal Land
- NP - Nature Preserve
- PHA - Pheasant Habitat Area
- SF - State Forest
- SFWA - State Fish & Wildlife Area
- SHS - State Historic Site
- SNA - State Natural Area
- SP - State Park
- SRA - State Recreation Area
- ST - State Trail
- SWA - State Wildlife Area
- SWMA - State Wildlife Management Area
- ⊗ - Opportunities available for disabled hunters
- @ - Lottery permit required for waterfowl & upland game hunting. See section of free permit hunting. Standby hunting may be available for waterfowl hunting.
- ☒ - Rare on site but legal to take cocks only.
- c - County permit required.
- e - Contact site office for site-specific permit.
- s - Special Hunt Area permit required from the Springfield permit office.

FREE SITE HUNTING PERMITS ONLINE

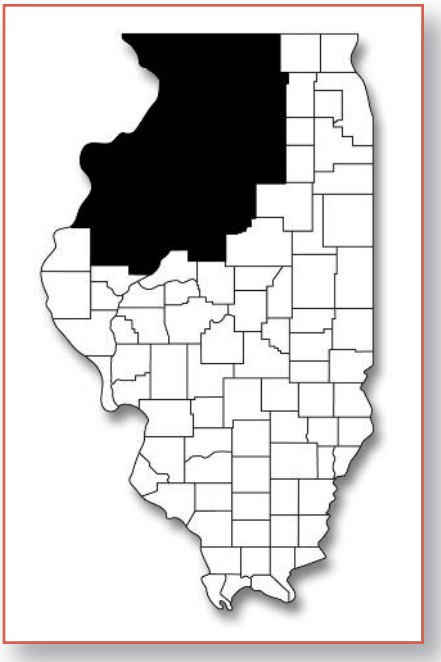
Hunters are reminded that "Free Site Hunting Permits" (windshield cards) to hunt upland, forest game and waterfowl at many Illinois Public Hunting Areas are available at www.dnr.illinois.gov. Navigate to Hunting/Trapping and then Public Hunting Areas to print these permits and view the link to hunter fact sheets. For information or assistance, contact the site where you intend to hunt.

For most species, hunters are required to return to this website prior to Feb. 15 each year to record harvest information.



Public Hunting Areas Region 1

Map Locations



Public Hunting Areas Region 2

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1	Braidwood Lake SFWA	PO Box 126, Braceville, 60407; (815) 237-0063	1100	x	x			x							x		x					
2	Chain O'Lakes SP	8916 Wilmot Rd., Spring Grove, 60081; (847) 587-5512	2578	x	x	x	s	x					x	x	x		x					
3	Des Plaines SFWA	24621 N. River Rd., Wilmington, 60481; (815) 423-5326	3500	x	x		s	x						x	x	x	⊗				x	
4	Des Plaines Game Propagation Center	30550 S. Boathouse Rd, Wilmington, 60481; (815) 476-6741	134	x				x														x
5	Goose Lake Prairie SNA	5010 N Jugtown, Morris, 60450; (815) 942-2899	3127	x			s	x	s	s												
6	Heidecke Lake SFWA	5010 N Jugtown, Morris, 60450; (815) 942-6352	1800	x	x		s	x	s	s												
7	I & M Canal ST	402 Ottawa St., Morris, 60450; (815) 942-0796		x	x																	x
8	James Pate Philip SP	2050 W. Stearns Rd., Bartlett, 60103; (847) 608-3100	415	x				x														
9	Kankakee River SP	5314 W. Rt. 102, Bourbonnais, 60914; (815) 933-1383	2017	x	x	x		⊗			s			x	x		x		x	x	x	x
10	Mazonia SFWA	PO Box 126, Braceville, 60407; (815) 237-0063	2250	x	x			x						x	x	x	x		x		x	
11	Midewin National Tallgrass Prairie	30239 South State Rt. 53, Wilmington, 60481; (815) 423-6370	9117	x			s	x	s		s											
12	Momence Wetlands	c/o Kankakee River SP; (815) 933-1383	460	x	x	x	s	x			s										x	
13	Moraine Hills SP	1510 S. River Rd, McHenry, 60051; (815) 385-1624	2400	x			s	s														
14	Redwing Slough/Deer Lake SNA	c/o Chain O'Lakes SP; (847) 587-5512	155	x	x																	
15	Silver Springs SFWA	13608 Fox Rd, Yorkville, 60560; (630) 553-6297	900	x		x		x						x	x	x	x				x	
16	Volo Bog SNA	28478 West Brandenburg, Ingleside, 60041; (815) 344-1294	1000	x				x														
17	William W. Powers SRA	12949 S Ave. O, Chicago, 60633; (773) 646-3270	419	x	x																	

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- SWMA - State Wildlife Management Area
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- s - Special Hunt Area permit required from the Springfield permit office.

FREE SITE HUNTING PERMITS ONLINE

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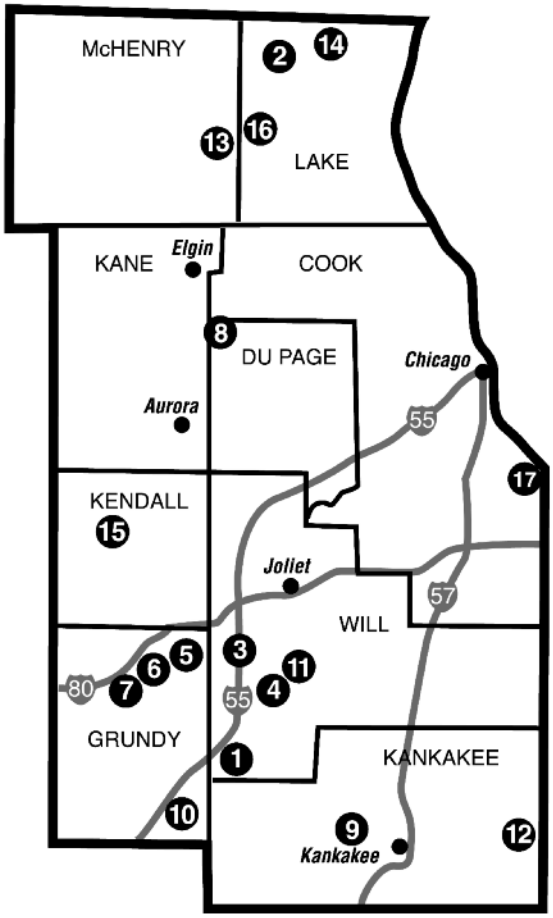

Public Hunting Areas Region 2

Map Locations

Public Hunting Areas Region 3

SITE-SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND REGULATIONS MAY BE OBTAINED BY CONTACTING THE SITE OR VISITING THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WEBSITE: *www.dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/pages/publichuntingareas.aspx*. PLEASE CONTACT THE SITE OR OBTAIN A HUNTER FACT SHEET FROM THE WEBSITE PRIOR TO HUNTING.

	Name	Mailing Address	Huntable Acres	Hunter Fact Sheet	Waterfowl	Squirrel	Deer-Firearm	Deer-Archery	Deer-Muzzleloader	Deer-Late Winter Antlerless Season	Turkey-Spring	Turkey-Fall Gun	Turkey-Fall Bow	Rabbit	Dove	Quail	Pheasant	Woodcock	Raccoon-Opossum	Gray/Red Fox	Coyote	Trapping
1	Birkbeck PHA	c/o Clinton Lake SRA; (217) 935-8722	80	x										@		@	@					
2	Butterfield Trail SRA	c/o Iroquois County CA; (815) 435-2218	120	x		x	s	x	s		s		x					x				x
3	Clifton PHA	c/o Iroquois County CA; (815) 435-2218	79	x										@		@	@					
4	Clinton Lake SRA	7251 Ranger Rd., DeWitt, 61735; (217) 935-8722	4125	x	⊗	x	⊗/s	x	s		s		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	e
5	Eagle Creek SRA	RR1, Box 198-B, Findlay, 62534; (217) 756-8260	520	x				⊗			s		x	@		@	@	x	x			
6	Finfrock PHA	c/o Clinton Lake SRA; (217) 935-8722	365	x				x						@		@	@					
7	Fox Ridge SP	18175 State Park Road, Charleston, 61920; (217) 345-6416	1082	x	x	x	s	x			s			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
8	Gifford PHA	c/o Kickapoo SRA; (217) 442-4915	100	x										@		@	@					
9	Hallsville PHA	c/o Clinton Lake SRA; (217) 935-8722	82	x				x						@		@	@					
10	Harry "Babe" Woodyard SNA	c/o Kickapoo SRA; (217) 442-49157	1150	x		x	s	x		c	s			@	x	@	@	x	x	x	x	x
11	Herschel Workman PHA	c/o Kickapoo SRA; (217) 442-4915	141	x										@		@	@					
12	Hidden Springs SF	RR1, Box 200, Strasburg, 62465; (217) 644-3091	963	x	x	x	s	x	s		s			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
13	Hindsboro PHA	c/o Walnut Point SP; (217) 346-3336	88	x				x						@		@	@					x
14	Hurricane Ck. (Paul C. Burrus) SHA	c/o Fox Ridge SP; (217) 345-6416	376	x		x	s	x			s			@		@	@					x
15	Iroquois County SWA	2803 East 3300 North Rd., Beaverville, 60912; (815) 435-2218	2185	x		x	s	x			s		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
16	Kickapoo SRA	10906 Kickapoo Rd, Oakwood, 61858; (217) 442-4915	1253	x		x	s	x	c	c	s			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
17	Larry D. Closson SHA	c/o Shelbyville SWMA; (217) 665-3112	130	x			x			e				@		@	@					x
18	Lincoln Trail SP	16985 E 1350th Rd., Marshall, 62441; (217) 826-2222	875	x				x											x			
19	Loda PHA	c/o Iroquois County CA; (815) 435-2218	160	x										@		@	@					
20	Middle Fork SFWA	c/o Kickapoo SP; (217) 442-4915	2628	x		x	s	x	c	c	s		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
21	Milks Grove PHA	c/o Iroquois County CA; (815) 435-2218	78											@		@	@					
22	Moraine View SRA	27374 Moraine View Pk. Rd., Leroy, 61752; (309) 724-8032	1191	x		x		x			s		x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x
23	Perdueville PHA	c/o Moraine View SP; (309) 724-8032	120	x										@		@	@					
24	Saybrook PHA	c/o Moraine View SP; (309) 724-8032	646	x										@		@	@					
25	Shelbyville FL	RR4, Box 128B, Shelbyville, 62565; (217) 774-3951	9000	x	⊗	x	⊗/s	x	s		s		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
26	Shelbyville SWMA	562 Ste Hwy 121, Bethany, 61914; (217) 665-3112	6343	x	x	x	s	x	s		s		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	e
27	Sibley PHA	c/o Moraine View SP; (309) 724-8032	630	x										@		@	@					
28	Walnut Point SP	2331 E. County Rd 370 North, Oakland, 61943; (217) 346-3336	571	x		x		x											x			
29	Weldon Springs SP	4734 Weldon Springs Rd., Clinton, 61727; (217) 935-2644	100																			x
30	Weldon Springs–Piatt County Unit	c/o Weldon Springs SP; (217) 935-2644	770	x		x	s	x			s			x		x	x					
31	Willow Creek SHA	c/o Walnut Point SP; (217) 346-3336	87	x				x						@		@	@					x
32	Wolf Creek SP	RR1, Box 99, Windsor, 61957; (217) 459-2831	500	x			⊗/s	x			s			@		@	@		e			

Site Classification and Symbol Key:
CA - Conservation Area
FL - Federal Land
PHA - Pheasant Habitat Area
SF - State Forest
SFWA - State Fish & Wildlife Area
SHS - State Historic Site
SNA - State Natural Area
SP - State Park
SRA - State Recreation Area
SWA - State Wildlife Area
SWMA - State Wildlife Management Area
⊗ - Opportunities available for disabled hunters
@ - Lottery permit required for waterfowl & upland game hunting. See section of free permit hunting.

Standby hunting may be available for waterfowl hunting. Clinton Lake has areas open to statewide regulation.
☒ - Rare on site but legal to take cocks only.
c - County permit required.
e - Contact site office for site-specific permit.
s - Special Hunt Area permit required from the Springfield permit office.

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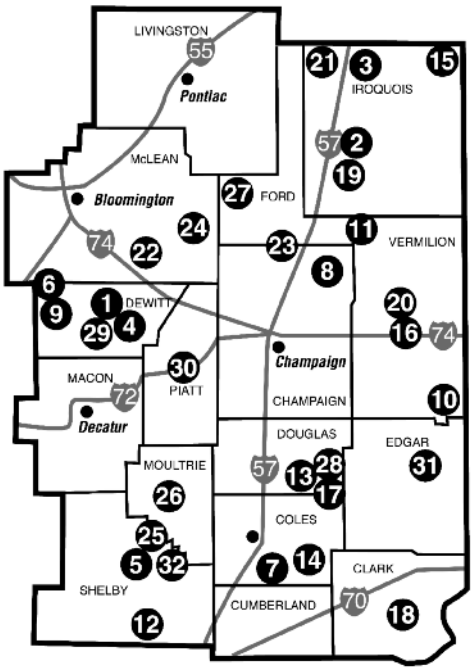
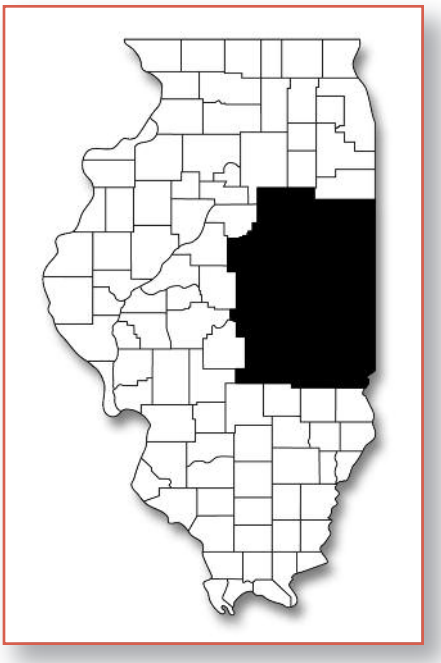


Public Hunting Areas Region 3

Map Locations



Public Hunting Areas Region 4

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1*	Batchtown SFWA	17836 State Hwy. 100 North, Grafton, 62037; (618) 376-3303	2436	a	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	e
2	Beaver Dam SP	14548 Beaver Dam Lane, Plainview, 62685; (217) 854-8020	430	x		x		⊗			s		⊗								x	e
3	Bohm Woods NP	c/o Horseshoe Lake SP; (618) 931-0270	90	x				x														
4	Calhoun Point FL	17836 State Hwy. 100 North, Grafton, 62037; (618) 376-3303	2215	a	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
5	Carlyle Lake FL	801 Lake Rd., Carlyle, 62231; (618) 594-2484	9475	x	⊗	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	⊗	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
6	Cedar Glen SNA	P.O. Box 246 Nauvoo, 62354; (217) 453-2512	1150	x			s	x	s													
7*	Clear Lake SWMA	c/o Sand Ridge SF; (309) 597-2212	200		x																	
8	Coffeen Lake SFWA	P.O. Box 517, Coffeen, 62017; (217) 537-3351	3063	x	x	x	s	x			s		x	@	x	@	@				x	e
9	Copperhead Hollow SWMA	13112 Visitor Center Lane, Grafton, 62037; (618) 786-3323	1344	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x						x		x	e
10	East Fork Management Unit SFWA	c/o Carlyle Lake SFWA; (618) 425-3533	394			x			e		e			x				x	x	x	x	e
11	Edward R. Madigan SFWA	R.R. #3 Lincoln, 62656; (217) 732-1552	220	x										@	x	@	@					
12	Eldon Hazlet SRA	20100 Hazlet Park Rd., Carlyle, 62231; (618) 594-3015	1699	x	x	x		⊗		c	⊗/s		⊗	x	x	x	⊗	x	x	x	x	e
13	Freeman Mine SHA	c/o Sangchris Lake SP; (217) 498-9208	24	x	x									@	x	@	@	x				
14	Ft. DeChartres SHS (muzzleloading only)	1260 State Highway 155, Prairie du Rocher, 62277; (618) 284-7230	800	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	e
15	Ft. Kaskaskia SHS	4372 Park Rd. Ellis Grove, 62241; (618) 859-3741	140	x				x					x									
16	Frank Holten SRA	4500 Pocket Rd, East St. Louis, 62205; (618) 874-7920	300	x				e					e									e
17*	Fuller Lake SWMA	17836 State Hwy. 100 North, Grafton, 62037; (618) 376-3303	1817	a	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
18*	Glades - 12 Mile Is. SWMA	17836 State Hwy. 100 North, Grafton, 62037; (618) 376-3303	1814	a	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
19	Goode's Woods NP	c/o Beaver Dam SP; (217) 854-8020	40	x				x														
20*	Godar-Diamond/Hurricane Is. SWMA	17836 State Hwy. 100 North, Grafton, 62037; (618) 376-3303	2617	a	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
21	Henry A. Gleason NP	c/o Sand Ridge SF; (309) 597-2212	220																			
22	Horseshoe Lake SP (Madison County)	3321 Highway 111, Granite City, 62040; (618) 931-0270	2000	x	x			x			s			x	x	x	x				x	e
23	Horseshoe Lake SP (Gaberet, Mosenthein and Chouteau Island Unit)	c/o 3321 Highway 111, Granite City, 60240; (618) 931-0270	2330	x	x	x		x			c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	e
24	Jim Edgar Panther Creek SFWA	10149 Co. Highway 11, Chandlerville, 62627; (217) 452-7741	16400	x	x	x	s	x	s		s	s	x	@	s	@	@	x	x	x	x	e
25	Kaskaskia River SFWA	10981 Conservation Rd, Baldwin, 62217; (618) 785-2555	14000	x	x	x	c/s	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	e
26	Kidd Lake SNA	c/o Randolph County SRA; (618) 826-2706	465	x				x														e
27	Meredosia Lake	700 S. 10th, Havana, 62644; (309) 543-3288	600	x	x																	
28*	Mississippi River (pool 21)	Adams County near Quincy ; (217) 285-2221	8536	b	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
29*	Mississippi River (pool 21) Great River NWR (Long Island & Bear Creek Divsion)e	P.O. Box 88 Annada, MO 63330; (573) 847-2333	6300	d	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
30*	Mississippi River (pool 22) (Saverton Pool) FL	Adams County near Quincy; (217) 285-2221	6861	b	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
31*	Mississippi River (pool 24) (Clarksville Pool) FL	Pike County near Pleasant Hill and Rockport; (217) 285-2221	10211	b	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
32	Nauvoo SP (Max Rowe Unit)	P.O. Box 246, Nauvoo, 62354; (217) 453-2512	30			x		x			c	x	x	x	x	x						
33	Oakford SHA	Menard County near Oakford; (309) 597-2212	115	x	x	x	c	x	c		c			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
34	Peabody River King SFWA	10981 Conservation Rd, Baldwin, 62217; (618) 785-2555	1500	x		x	e	x			c		x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	e
35	Pere Marquette SP	13112 Visitor Center Lane, Grafton, 62037; (618) 786-3323	5000	x		x	c	x	c	c	c/s	x	x									
36*	Piasa Island SWMA	17836 State Hwy. 100 North, Grafton, 62037; (618) 376-3303	400	a	x																	e
37	Randolph County SRA	4301 S. Lake Dr, Chester, 62233; (618) 826-2706	820	x		x		x			s		x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	e
38	Ray Norbut SFWA	P.O. Box 203, Augusta, 62311; (217) 392-2345	1290	x	x	x	s	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
39	Ray Norbut SFWA East Hannibal Unit	P.O. Box 203, Augusta, 62311; (217) 392-2345	46					x														x
40	Red's Landing SWMA	17836 State Hwy. 100 North, Grafton, 62037; (618) 376-3303	737	a	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
41	Revis Springs Hill Prairie		420				e	x														
42	Riprap Landing SWMA	17836 State Hwy. 100 North, Grafton, 62037; (618) 376-3303	2377	a	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
43	Sand Ridge SF	25779 E. Co. Rd. 2300 N., Box 111, Forest City, 61532; (309) 597-2212	6300	x		x	s	x	c		s	x	x	@	x	@	@	x	x	x	x	
44	Sangamon River SHA	Sangamon County near Salisbury c/o Jim Edgar Panther Creek SFWA; (217) 452-7741	178	x		x	s	x	s		s		x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	
45	Sanganois SFWA	3594 Co. Rd. 200 N., Box 80, Chandlerville, 62627; (309) 546-2628	7000	x	x	x	s	x	s		c/s		x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	e
46	Sangchris Lake SP	9898 Cascade Rd., Rochester, 62563; (217) 498-9208	2380	x	x	x		x	s		s		x	@	x	@	@			x	x	e
47	Siloam Springs SP	938 E. 3003 Lane, Clayton, 62324; (217) 894-6205	2380	x		x	s	x		s	s	x	x						x	x	x	x
48	Siloam Springs SP (Buckhorn Unit)**	c/o 938 E. 3003 Lane, Clayton, 62324; (217) 894-6205	2200	x		x		x		c	s	x	x	x	x	x			x	x	x	x
49	Siloam Springs SP (Fall Creek Unit)	c/o 938 E. 3003 Lane, Clayton, 62324; (217) 894-6205	190	x				x														
50	South Shore SP	c/o Eldon Hazlet SP; (618) 594-3015	139	x				x			s		x									x
51	Sparks Pond	c/o Sand Ridge SF; (309) 597-2212	400	x				x						x		x	x					
52*	Stump Lake SWMA	17836 State Hwy. 100 North, Grafton, 62037; (618) 376-3303	3580	a	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
53	Turkey Bluffs SFWA	c/o Randolph County SRA; (618) 826-2706	2250	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	e
54	Washington County SRA	18500 Conservation Dr, Nashville, 62263; (618) 327-3137	750	x		x		x			s		x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	e
55	Weinberg-King SFWA	PO Box 203, Augusta, 62311; (217) 392-2345	760	x		x	s	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	
56	Weinberg-King SFWA (Cecil White Unit)	PO Box 203, Augusta, 62311; (217) 392-2345	30			x		x			c	x	x	x		x						
57	Weinberg-King SFWA (Spunky Bottoms Unit)	PO Box 203, Augusta, 62311; (217) 392-2345	800	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
58	Weinberg-King SFWA (Scripps Unit)**	PO Box 203, Augusta, 62311; (217) 392-2345	730	x		x	s	x	c	c	s	x	x	x	x	x			x	x	x	x

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NP - Nature Preserve
NWR - National Wildlife Refudge
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SHA - State Habitat Area
SHS - State Historic Site
SNA - State Natural Area
SP - State Park
SRA - State Recreation Area
SWMA - State Wildlife Management Area

⊗ - Opportunities available for disabled hunters
* Mostly boat accessible only *(16´ boat, 40 hp minimum recommended)*

** Deer and turkey hunting for residents only
a - Included in Mississippi River Wildlife Area Fact Sheet.
b - Included in Mississippi River Pool 21, 22 and 24 Fact Sheets.
d - Web Page - fws.gov/midwest/greatriver

Public Hunting Areas Region 4

@ - Lottery permit required for waterfowl & upland game hunting. See section of free permit hunting. Standby hunting may be available for waterfowl hunting. JEPC, Sand Ridge & Sangchris also have some areas open to statewide regulations.
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e - Contact site office for site-specific permit.
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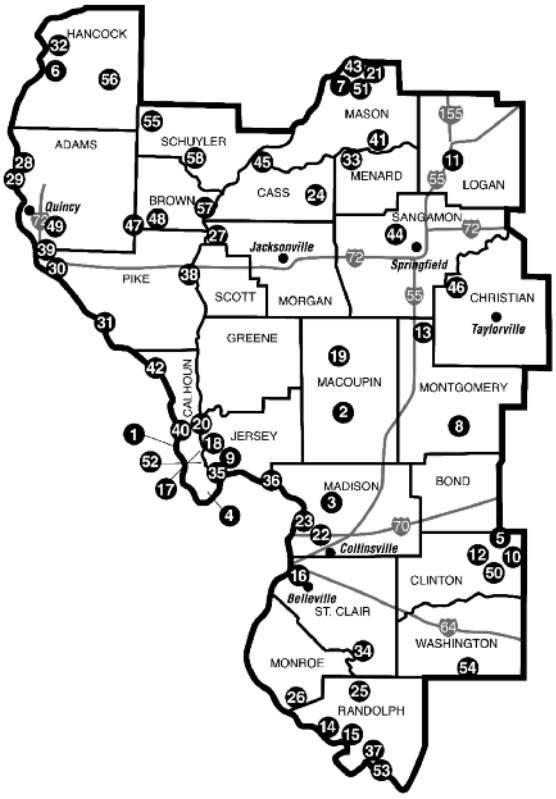

Public Hunting Areas Region 4
Map Locations

Public Hunting Areas Region 5

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1	Beall Woods SP	9285 Beall Woods Ave., Mt. Carmel, 62863; (618) 298-2442	516	x				x														e
2	Bluff Lakes FL	Union County near Jonesboro; (618) 833-8576	516		x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
3	Cache River SNA	930 Sunflower Lane, Belknap, 62908; (618) 634-9678	11946	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	e
4	Campbell Pond SHA	Perry & Jackson counties, c/o Pyramid SP; (618) 357-2574	520	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	c		x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	
5	Cape Bend SFWA	c/o Union County SFWA; (618) 833-5175	1380	x	x	x	c	x	c		c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
6	Carlyle Lake SFWA	RR2, Box 233, Vandalia, 62471; (618) 425-3533	9475	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	c		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	e
7	Chauncey Marsh SNA	c/o Red Hills SP, near Chauncey in Lawrence Co.; (618) 936-2469	519	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	s		x	x	x	x	☒	x	x	x	x	x
8	Crab Orchard Refuge FL	Williamson County near Carterville; (618) 997-3344	23000	x	x	x	⊗/s	x	c	c	c/s	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	
9	Crawford County SFWA	12609 E. 1700th Ave., Hutsonville, 62433; (618) 563-4405	1100	x		x	c	x	c	c	s	s	x	x	x	x	☒	x	x	x	x	x
10	Cypress Pond SNA	c/o Ferne Clyffe SP, Box 10, Goreville, 62939; (618) 995-2411	1047	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
11	Deer Pond SNA	c/o Ferne Clyffe SP, Box 10, Goreville, 62939; (618) 995-2411	190	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
12	Devil's Island SWMA	c/o Union County SFWA, 2755 Refuge Rd., Jonesboro, 62952; (618) 833-5175	2741	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
13	Dixon Springs SP	RR2, Golconda, 62938; (618) 949-3394	265	x			Ⓨ	x			Ⓨ/s		x									
14	Dog Island SWMA	c/o Dixon Springs SP, RR2, Box 178, Golconda, 62938; (618) 949-3394	220	x	x	x	c	x	c		c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
15	Ferne Clyffe SP	Box 10, Goreville, 62939; (618) 995-2411	1750	x		x	c/s	x	c	c	c/s	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	e
16	Ft. Massac SP	1308 E. 5th St., Metropolis, 62960; (618) 524-4712	984	x		x	s	x		x	Ⓨ/s		x	x	x	x		x				
17	Giant City SP	235 Giant City SP, Makanda, 62958; (618) 457-4836	2255	x		x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x				e
18	Hamilton County SFWA	RR4, Box 242, McLeansboro, 62859; (618) 773-4340	1530	x		x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	
19	Horseshoe Lake SFWA (Alexander Co.)	Box 85, Miller City, 62962; (618) 776-5689	4190	x	@	x	c/s	x	c		c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
20	Kinkaid Lake SFWA	52 Cinder Hill Dr, Murphysboro, 62966; (618) 684-2867	3700	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
21	LaRue Swamp FL	Union County near Wolf Lake; (618) 833-8576	1000	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
22	Meeker SHA	c/o Sam Parr SFWA, 13225 E. Hwy. 33, Newton 62448; (618) 783-2661	72	x		x	c	x	c		s	s	x	x	x	x	☒	x	x	x	x	
23	Mermet Lake SFWA	1812 Grinnell Rd., Belknap, 62908; (618) 524-5577	2000	x	x	x	c	x	c		s		x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
24	Mt. Vernon Game Propagation Center	13995 E. Game Farm Rd, Mt. Vernon, 62864; (618) 242-0830	650	x		x		x			s		x	x	x							

Site Classification and Symbol Key:
CA - Conservation Area
FL - Federal Land
SF - State Forest
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SHS - State Historic Site
SNA - State Natural Area
SP - State Park
SRA - State Recreation Area
SWMA - State Wildlife Management Area
⊗ - Opportunities available for disabled hunters

@ - Lottery permit required for waterfowl & upland game hunting. See section of free permit hunting. Standby hunting may be available for waterfowl hunting. Horseshoe Lake also has some areas open to statewide regulations.

Ⓨ - Youth Firearm only.
☒ - Rare on site but legal to take cocks only.
c - County permit required.
s - Special Hunt Area permit required from the Springfield permit office.
e - Contact site office for site-specific permit.

Public Hunting Areas Region 5

SITE-SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND REGULATIONS MAY BE OBTAINED BY CONTACTING THE SITE OR VISITING THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WEBSITE: *www.dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/pages/publichuntingareas.aspx*. PLEASE CONTACT THE SITE OR OBTAIN A HUNTER FACT SHEET FROM THE WEBSITE PRIOR TO HUNTING.

	Name	Mailing Address	Huntable Acres	Hunter Fact Sheet	Waterfowl	Squirrel	Deer-Firearm	Deer-Archery	Deer-Muzzleloader	Deer-Late Winter Antlerless Season	Turkey-Spring	Turkey-Fall Gun	Turkey-Fall Bow	Rabbit	Dove	Quail	Pheasant	Woodcock	Raccoon-Opossum	Gray/Red Fox	Coyote	Trapping
25	Newton Lake SFWA	3490 E 500th Ave., Newton, 62448; (618) 783-3478	5600	x	x	x	s	x			e	e	x	x	x	x	☒	x				x
26	Oakwood Bottoms FL	Jackson County near Murphysboro; (618) 833-8576	3400	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x		x		x	x	x	x	x
27	Prairie Ridge SNA	4295 N 1000th St., Newton, 62448; (618) 783-2685	2614	x			s	x														
28	Pyramid SRA	1562 Pyramid Park Rd., Pinckneyville, 62274; (618) 357-2574	2754	x		x	s	x	c	c	s		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
29	Pyramid SRA - East Conant Unit @	1562 Pyramid Park Rd., Pinckneyville, 62274; (618) 357-2574	2824	x	x	x	s	x	c		s		x	@	x	@	@	x	x	x	x	x
30	Pyramid SRA - Denmark Unit @	1562 Pyramid Park Rd., Pinckneyville, 62274; (618) 357-2574	4385	x	x	x		x		c				@	x	@	@	x	x	x	x	x
31	Pyramid SRA - Galum Unit	1562 Pyramid Park Rd., Pinckneyville, 62274; (618) 357-2574	2520	x	x	x	s	x						@	x	@	@	x	x	x	x	x
32	Pyramid SRA - Captain Unit @	1562 Pyramid Park Rd., Pinckneyville, 62274; (618) 357-2574	6105	x	x	x		x		c				@	x	@	@	x	x	x	x	x
33	Ramsey Lake SRA	Ramsey Lake Rd., P.O. Box 97, Ramsey, 62080; (618) 423-2215	1610	x		x		x			s		x	x	x	x	@	x	x	x	x	x
34	Rauchfuss Hill SRA	c/o Dixon Springs SP; (618) 949-3394	150					x					x									
35	Red Hills SP	3571 Ranger Lane, Sumner, 62466; (618) 936-2469	736	x		x		x			s		x	x	x	x	☒	x				x
36	Rend Lake SFWA	10885 E. Jefferson Rd., Bonnie, 62816; (618) 279-3110	7690	x	⊗	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x	☒	x	x	x	x	x
37	Rend Lake FL	11981 Rend City Rd. Benton, 62812; (618) 724-2493	7740	x	⊗	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
38	Sahara Woods SFWA	1210 Tipple Road, Carrier Mills; (618) 994-2022	3800	x		x	c			s	s			x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
39	Saline County SFWA	85 Glenn O. Jones Rd., Equality, 62934; (618) 276-4405	1000	x	x	x	⊗/s	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
40	Sam Dale Lake SFWA	620 Cty Rd 1910 N., Johnsonville, 62850; (618) 835-2292	950	x		x		x		s	s		x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	e
41	Sam Parr SFWA	13225 E. St. Hwy. 33, Newton, 62448; (618) 783-2661	840	x		x		x			s	x	x	x	x	x	☒	x	x	x	x	x
42	Shawnee Nat'l Forest FL	Jackson, Union, Alexander, Johnson, Williamson, Massac, Pope, Hardin, Gallatin & Saline counties; (618) 253-7114	277645	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
43	Sielbeck Forest SNA	c/o Mermet Lake SFWA; (618) 524-5577	385	x	x	x	c	x	c		c		x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
44	Skinner Farm SHA	c/o Ferne Clyffe SP; (618) 995-2411	70	x		x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	
45	Stephen A. Forbes SRA	6924 Omega Rd., Kinmundy, 62854; (618) 547-3381	2580	x	x	x		x			s		x	x	x	x	☒	x	x	x	x	e
46	Ten Mile Creek SFWA	RR1, Box 179, McLeansboro, 62859; (618) 643-2862	4995	x	x	x	c	x	c	c	s	s	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
47	Trail of Tears SF	3240 State Forest Rd., Jonesboro, 62952; (618) 833-4910	4784	x		x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x
48	Union County SFWA	2755 Refuge Rd, Jonesboro, 62952; (618) 833-5175	2800	x	⊗/@	x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x				e
49	Wayne Fitzgerrell SRA	11094 Ranger Rd., Whittington, 62897; (618) 629-2320	1800	x				x			s		x				x					
50	Wildcat Hollow SHA	c/o Stephen A. Forbes SRA; (618) 547-3381	675	x		x	c	x	c	c	c		x	x	x	x	☒	x	x	x	x	
51	Wise Ridge SNA	c/o Ferne Clyffe SP; (618) 995-2411	550	x		x	c	x	c	c	c	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x

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- ☒ - Rare on site but legal to take cocks only.
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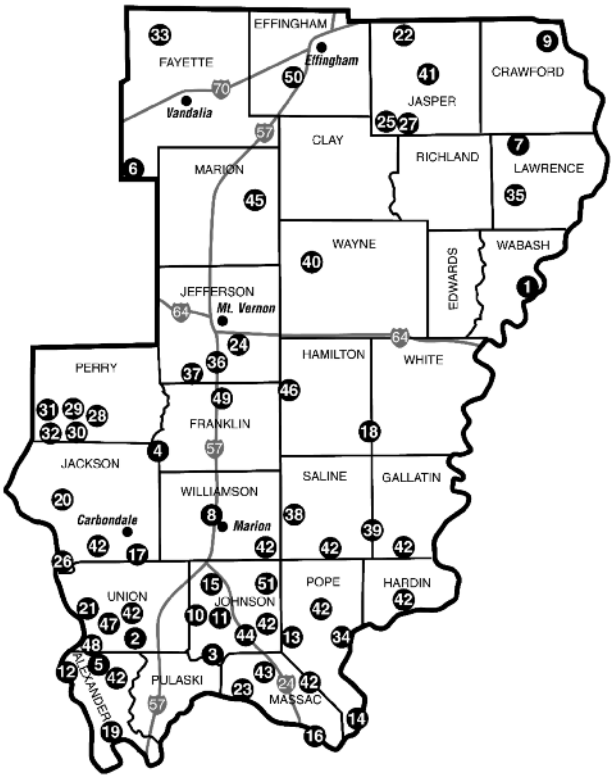
- e - Contact site office for site-specific permit.

FREE SITE HUNTING PERMITS ONLINE

Hunters are reminded that "Free Site Hunting Permits" (windshield cards) to hunt upland, forest game and waterfowl at many Illinois Public Hunting Areas are available at www.dnr.illinois.gov. Navigate to Hunting/Trapping and then Public Hunting Areas to print these permits and view the link to hunter fact sheets. For information or assistance, contact the site where you intend to hunt.

For most species, hunters are required to return to this website prior to Feb. 15 each year to record harvest information.



Public Hunting Areas Region 5

Map Locations

GUN SHOP

Indoor Range

- Guns & Ammo
- Shooting supplies
- Concealed carry classes
- Gun transfers

KAPGUNS

KAPGUNS.COM

facebook.com/KAPGuns

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Loves Park, IL. 61111
815-708-8281

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Stock #25543. MSRP $33,740. Ends 7/1/2014. See dealer for details.
TTL & Doc Fees not included. Call for new and improved pricing once program period ends.
Photo may show optional accessories not included in price.

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TOM ROSTER'S 2012 NONTOXIC SHOT LETHALITY TABLE©

Proven Nontoxic Shot Loads For Waterfowl & Upland Game Birds[1] *Load Velocity: 1,225 - 1,450 FPS* ACTIVITY	Typical Shooting Range of Activity (Yards)	Most Effective Nontoxic Shot Size(s) For Birds Listed Under the First Column Entitled ACTIVITY	Minimum Load Weight (Ounces)	Minimum Pellet Hits Needed on Lethal Areas for Clean Kills	Minimum Pattern Count Needed at Any Distance for Clean Kills (# of Pellets in 30″ Circle)	Most Effective Choke(s) (Given in Lead Shot Choke Designations)
Large Geese At Long Range	**50-65**	**Steel BBB to T**	**1-1/4**	**1-2**	**50-55**	**Improved Modified**
Giant, Western, Atlantic and Interior Canadas	**50-70**	**HEVI-Shot 2 to B**	**1-1/2**	**1-2**	**50-55**	**Improved Modified, Full**
Large Geese Over Decoys	**35-50**	**Steel BB to BBB**	**1-1/4**	**1-2**	**50-55**	**Improved Cylinder, Modified**
	35-50	**HEVI-Shot 2 to B**	**1-1/2**	**1-2**	**50-55**	**Improved Cylinder, Modified**
Medium/Small Geese Long Range	**50-65**	**Steel BB to BBB**	**1-1/4**	**1-2**	**60-65**	**Improved Modified**
Snow, White-fronted, Lesser Canadas	**50-65**	**HEVI-Shot 2**	**1-1/2**	**1-2**	**60-65**	**Improved Modified, Full**
Medium/Small Geese Over Decoys	**35-50**	**Steel 2 to BB**	**1-1/8**	**1-2**	**60-65**	**Light Modified, Modified**
	35-50	**HEVI-Shot 4 to 2**	**1-1/4**	**1-2**	**60-65**	**Improved Cylinder, Modified**
Large Ducks At Long Range	**45-65**	**Steel 2 to 1**	**1-1/8**	**1-2**	**85-90**	**Improved Modified, Full**
Mallard, Black, Pintail, Goldeneye, Gadwall	**45-65**	**HEVI-Shot 4**	**1-1/4**	**1-2**	**85-90**	**Improved Modified, Full**
Large Ducks Over Decoys	**20-45**	**Steel 6 to 2**	**¾ - 1**	**1-2**	**85-90**	**I.C. (20-35 Yds), Mod. (35-45 Yds)**
	20-45	**HEVI-Shot 6 to 4**	**1-1/8**	**1-2**	**85-90**	**I.C. (20-35 Yds), Mod. (35-45 Yds)**
Medium Ducks Over Decoys	**20-45**	**Steel 6 to 3**	**1**	**1-2**	**115-120**	**I.C. (20-35 Yds), Mod. (35-45 Yds)**
Wigeon, Scaup, Shoveler	**20-45**	**HEVI-Shot 6 to 4**	**1-1/8**	**1-2**	**115-120**	**I.C. (20-35 Yds), Mod. (35-45 Yds)**
Small Ducks Over Decoys	**20-45**	**Steel 6 to 4**	**1**	**1-2**	**135-145**	**Mod. (20-35 Yds), Full (35-45 Yds)**
Teal, Ruddy, Bufflehead	**20-45**	**HEVI-Shot 6**	**1-1/8**	**1-2**	**135-145**	**Mod. (20-35 Yds), Full (35-45 Yds)**
Ring-Necked Pheasants	**20-50**	**Steel 3 to 2**	**1**	**2-3**	**90-95**	**I.C. (20-30 Yds), Mod. (30-50 Yds)**
	20-50	**HEVI-Shot 4**	**1-1/8**	**2-3**	**90-95**	**I.C. (20-30 Yds), Mod. (30-50 Yds)**
Turkeys (Head and Neck Shots)	**20-40**	**Steel 4**	**1-1/4**	**3-4**	**210-230**	**Full or Extra Full**
Swatter Load For Wounded Birds	**20-30**	**Steel 7 to 6**	**1**	**1**	**175**	**Improved Modified, Full**

NOTE: The pellets in the steel shot loads listed in this table were traditional, highly spherical ball-shaped pellets of ~ 7.86 g/cc density and 90-95 DPH hardness. The HEVI-Shot pellets were of 12.0 g/cc density and slightly harder than traditional steel pellets.

This table summarizes Tom Roster's analyses to date of the waterfowl lethality data bases for certain of the 15 U.S. steel versus lead waterfowl shooting tests run between 1968 & 1982 & one steel-only pheasant shooting test plus lethality data bases owned by ammunition companies for birds taken with nontoxic shotshell loads Roster tested for them & the CONSEP organization.

Note: Steel #BBB (.190″) and HEVI-Shot #2 (.150″) have exhibited the best all-around performance for taking geese; steel #3 (.140″) and HEVI-Shot #4 (.130″) the best all-around performance for taking ducks; and steel #2 and HEVI-Shot #4 the best all-around performance for taking ring-necked pheasants.

[1]These findings are derived from testing 3″ 20 gauge; 2¾″, 3″ and 3½″ 12 gauge; and 3½″ 10 gauge steel loads; plus 3″ 20 gauge and 2¾″ and 3″ 12 gauge HEVI-Shot loads.

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The Illinois Conservation Police would like to thank YOU, the sportsmen of Illinois, for your continued support over the last 127 years. It's your passion for conservation that has enabled us to protect the natural resources of this great state while providing a safe place to enjoy the outdoors. Our unique partnership will continue to provide future generations with lifelong outdoor recreational opportunities.

Contacting a Conservation Police Officer

The Department of Natural Resources' Office of Law Enforcement developed the Target Illinois Poachers program to encourage any concerned citizen who witnesses a poaching offense to report the violation. The toll-free number is (877) 2DNRLAW (1-877-236-7529). Simply defined, "poaching" is the illegal taking or possession of game and non-game animals, fish or other resources. Hunting out of season and hunting at night with spotlights are two of the most obvious signs of poaching. Hunters and fishermen possessing more than the legal limit is another. Slow-moving or partially hidden vehicles, shots heard at unusual hours or game being concealed are all suspect.

But there is another serious problem that affects everyone: pollution. DNR is teaming up with the Illinois Attorney General and the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency to investigate and bring to prosecution those who would intentionally pollute our land, water and air. If you are aware of improper dumping of discarded chemical or petroleum barrels or of any other potential environmental crime, please report it. If you locate an environmental hazard, keep a safe distance and call the TIP hotline with the details at (877) 2DNRLAW (1-877-236-7529).

Remember: Good law enforcement is everybody's responsibility. If you see a violation, report it. Let's Target Illinois' Poachers and Polluters!

T.I.P.

TARGET ILLINOIS POACHERS

REPORT VIOLATIONS TO:

1-877-2DNRLAW

(236-7529)

Operates 24 hrs./day, 7 days a week.

Ameritech Relay 1-800-526-0644 for the deaf and hearing impaired.

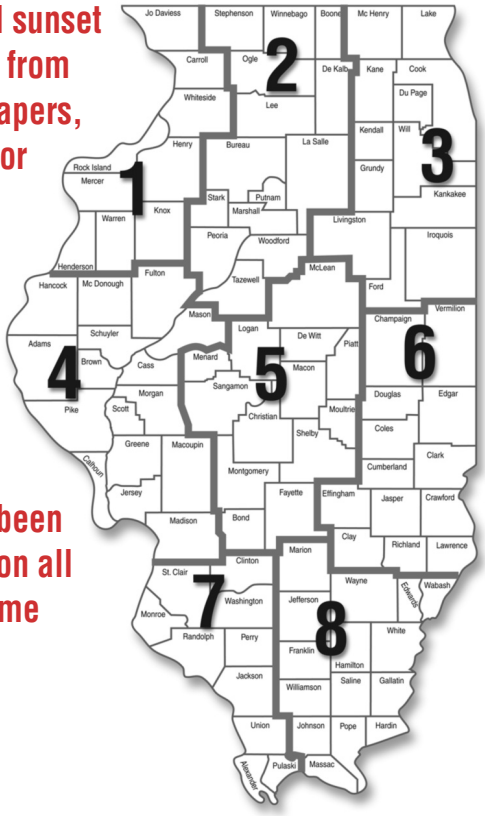
For all other requests for an Illinois Conservation Police Officer after regular business hours, contact your Illinois State Police district HQ dispatch center.

Sunrise–Sunset Time Tables

Geographically specific sunrise and sunset times are available on the Internet, from local television stations and newspapers, and as downloadable applications for cell phones.

The tables here provide Central Standard Time sunrise and sunset times by region from August through May. Match the region where you will be hunting with the month and date. These times have been adjusted to reflect the correct time on all dates, including during Standard Time and Daylight Saving Time.

This table is available at www.dnr.illinois.gov/hunting.



August
REGION

	Days	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
SUNRISE	1	5:56	5:51	5:47	5:59	5:56	5:51	6:01	5:58	AM
SUNSET		8:18	8:13	8:10	8:16	8:10	8:05	8:07	8:03	PM
	2	5:57	5:52	5:48	6:00	5:57	5:52	6:02	5:59	
		8:17	8:12	8:09	8:15	8:08	8:04	8:06	8:02	
	3	5:58	5:53	5:49	6:01	5:58	5:53	6:03	6:00	
		8:15	8:11	8:07	8:13	8:07	8:03	8:05	8:01	
	4	5:58	5:54	5:50	6:02	5:59	5:54	6:04	6:00	
		8:14	8:10	8:06	8:12	8:06	8:01	8:04	8:00	
	5	5:59	5:55	5:51	6:03	6:00	5:55	6:05	6:01	
		8:13	8:09	8:05	8:11	8:05	8:00	8:03	7:59	
	6	6:00	5:56	5:52	6:04	6:01	5:55	6:06	6:02	
		8:12	8:08	8:04	8:10	8:04	7:59	8:02	7:57	
	7	6:01	5:57	5:53	6:05	6:02	5:56	6:07	6:03	
		8:11	8:06	8:03	8:09	8:03	7:58	8:01	7:56	
	8	6:02	5:58	5:54	6:06	6:03	5:57	6:07	6:04	
		8:09	8:05	8:01	8:08	8:02	7:57	8:00	7:55	
	9	6:03	5:59	5:55	6:07	6:03	5:58	6:08	6:05	
		8:08	8:04	8:00	8:06	8:00	7:56	7:59	7:54	
	10	6:05	6:00	5:56	6:08	6:04	5:59	6:09	6:06	
		8:07	8:02	7:59	8:05	7:59	7:54	7:58	7:53	
	11	6:06	6:01	5:57	6:09	6:05	6:00	6:10	6:06	
		8:05	8:01	7:57	8:04	7:58	7:53	7:56	7:52	
	12	6:07	6:02	5:58	6:10	6:06	6:02	6:11	6:07	
		8:04	8:00	7:56	8:02	7:57	7:52	7:55	7:51	
	13	6:08	6:03	5:59	6:11	6:07	6:02	6:12	6:08	
		8:03	7:58	7:54	8:01	7:55	7:50	7:54	7:49	
	14	6:09	6:04	6:00	6:12	6:08	6:03	6:13	6:09	
		8:01	7:57	7:53	7:59	7:54	7:49	7:53	7:48	
	15	6:10	6:05	6:01	6:13	6:09	6:04	6:14	6:10	
		8:00	7:56	7:52	7:58	7:53	7:48	7:51	7:47	
	16	6:11	6:06	6:02	6:14	6:10	6:05	6:14	6:11	
		7:58	7:54	7:50	7:57	7:51	7:46	7:50	7:46	
	17	6:12	6:07	6:03	6:15	6:11	6:06	6:15	6:12	
		7:57	7:53	7:49	7:56	7:50	7:45	7:49	7:44	
	18	6:13	6:08	6:04	6:16	6:12	6:07	6:16	6:12	
		7:55	7:51	7:47	7:54	7:49	7:44	7:48	7:43	
	19	6:14	6:09	6:05	6:17	6:13	6:08	6:17	6:13	
		7:54	7:50	7:46	7:53	7:47	7:42	7:46	7:42	
	20	6:15	6:10	6:06	6:17	6:14	6:09	6:18	6:14	
		7:53	7:48	7:44	7:51	7:46	7:41	7:45	7:40	
	21	6:16	6:11	6:07	6:18	6:15	6:10	6:19	6:15	
		7:51	7:47	7:43	7:50	7:44	7:39	7:44	7:39	
	22	6:17	6:12	6:08	6:19	6:16	6:10	6:20	6:16	
		7:49	7:45	7:41	7:48	7:43	7:38	7:42	7:38	
	23	6:18	6:13	6:09	6:20	6:17	6:11	6:21	6:17	
		7:48	7:44	7:40	7:47	7:41	7:37	7:41	7:36	
	24	6:19	6:14	6:10	6:22	6:18	6:12	6:21	6:18	
		7:46	7:42	7:38	7:45	7:40	7:35	7:39	7:35	
	25	6:20	6:15	6:11	6:22	6:18	6:13	6:22	6:18	
		7:45	7:41	7:37	7:44	7:39	7:34	7:38	7:33	
	26	6:21	6:16	6:12	6:23	6:19	6:14	6:23	6:19	
		7:43	7:39	7:35	7:42	7:37	7:32	7:37	7:32	
	27	6:22	6:17	6:13	6:24	6:20	6:15	6:24	6:20	
		7:42	7:37	7:34	7:41	7:35	7:31	7:35	7:31	
	28	6:23	6:18	6:14	6:25	6:21	6:16	6:25	6:21	
		7:40	7:36	7:32	7:39	7:34	7:29	7:34	7:29	
	29	6:24	6:20	6:16	6:26	6:22	6:17	6:26	6:22	
		7:38	7:34	7:30	7:38	7:32	7:27	7:32	7:28	
	30	6:25	6:21	6:17	6:27	6:23	6:18	6:27	6:23	
		7:37	7:33	7:29	7:36	7:31	7:26	7:31	7:26	
	31	6:26	6:22	6:18	6:28	6:24	6:19	6:27	6:23	
		7:35	7:31	7:27	7:35	7:29	7:24	7:29	7:25	

September
REGION

	Days	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
SUNRISE	1	6:27	6:23	6:19	6:29	6:25	6:20	6:28	6:24	AM
SUNSET		7:34	7:29	7:25	7:33	7:28	7:23	7:28	7:23	PM
	2	6:28	6:24	6:20	6:30	6:26	6:21	6:29	6:25	
		7:32	7:28	7:24	7:31	7:26	7:21	7:26	7:22	
	3	6:29	6:25	6:21	6:31	6:27	6:22	6:30	6:26	
		7:30	7:26	7:22	7:30	7:25	7:20	7:25	7:20	
	4	6:30	6:26	6:22	6:32	6:28	6:23	6:31	6:27	
		7:29	7:24	7:20	7:28	7:23	7:18	7:23	7:19	
	5	6:31	6:27	6:23	6:33	6:29	6:24	6:32	6:28	
		7:27	7:23	7:19	7:27	7:21	7:16	7:22	7:17	
	6	6:32	6:28	6:24	6:34	6:30	6:24	6:33	6:29	
		7:25	7:21	7:17	7:25	7:20	7:15	7:20	7:16	
	7	6:33	6:29	6:25	6:35	6:31	6:25	6:33	6:29	
		7:23	7:19	7:15	7:23	7:18	7:13	7:19	7:14	
	8	6:34	6:30	6:26	6:36	6:31	6:26	6:34	6:30	
		7:22	7:18	7:14	7:22	7:17	7:12	7:17	7:13	
	9	6:35	6:31	6:27	6:37	6:32	6:27	6:35	6:31	
		7:20	7:16	7:12	7:20	7:15	7:10	7:16	7:11	
	10	6:36	6:32	6:28	6:38	6:33	6:28	6:36	6:32	
		7:18	7:14	7:10	7:18	7:13	7:08	7:14	7:10	
	11	6:37	6:33	6:29	6:39	6:34	6:29	6:37	6:33	
		7:17	7:12	7:09	7:17	7:12	7:07	7:12	7:08	
	12	6:38	6:34	6:30	6:39	6:35	6:30	6:38	6:34	
		7:15	7:11	7:07	7:15	7:10	7:05	7:11	7:07	
	13	6:39	6:35	6:31	6:40	6:36	6:31	6:38	6:34	
		7:13	7:09	7:05	7:13	7:09	7:04	7:09	7:05	
	14	6:40	6:36	6:32	6:41	6:37	6:32	6:39	6:35	
		7:12	7:07	7:03	7:12	7:07	7:02	7:08	7:04	
	15	6:41	6:37	6:33	6:42	6:38	6:33	6:40	6:36	
		7:10	7:06	7:02	7:10	7:05	7:00	7:06	7:02	
	16	6:42	6:38	6:34	6:43	6:39	6:34	6:41	6:37	
		7:08	7:04	7:00	7:08	7:04	6:59	7:05	7:00	
	17	6:43	6:39	6:35	6:44	6:40	6:35	6:42	6:38	
		7:06	7:02	6:58	7:07	7:02	6:57	7:03	6:59	
	18	6:44	6:40	6:36	6:45	6:41	6:36	6:43	6:39	
		7:05	7:00	6:56	7:05	7:00	6:55	7:02	6:57	
	19	6:45	6:41	6:37	6:46	6:42	6:37	6:44	6:39	
		7:03	6:59	6:55	7:03	6:59	6:54	7:00	6:56	
	20	6:46	6:42	6:38	6:47	6:43	6:37	6:44	6:40	
		7:01	6:57	6:53	7:02	6:57	6:52	6:58	6:54	
	21	6:47	6:43	6:39	6:48	6:43	6:38	6:45	6:41	
		6:59	6:55	6:51	7:00	6:55	6:50	6:57	6:53	
	22	6:48	6:44	6:40	6:49	6:44	6:39	6:46	6:42	
		6:58	6:53	6:50	6:58	6:54	6:49	6:55	6:51	
	23	6:49	6:45	6:41	6:50	6:45	6:40	6:47	6:43	
		6:56	6:52	6:48	6:57	6:52	6:47	6:54	6:50	
	24	6:50	6:46	6:42	6:56	6:41	6:48	6:44		
		6:54	6:50	6:46	6:55	6:51	6:45	6:52	6:48	
	25	6:51	6:47	6:43	6:52	6:47	6:42	6:49	6:45	
		6:53	6:48	6:44	6:54	6:49	6:44	6:51	6:46	
	26	6:52	6:48	6:44	6:53	6:48	6:43	6:50	6:45	
		6:51	6:47	6:43	6:52	6:47	6:42	6:49	6:45	
	27	6:53	6:49	6:45	6:54	6:49	6:44	6:51	6:46	
		6:49	6:45	6:41	6:50	6:46	6:41	6:47	6:43	
	28	6:54	6:50	6:46	6:55	6:50	6:45	6:51	6:47	
		6:47	6:43	6:39	6:49	6:44	6:39	6:46	6:42	
	29	6:55	6:51	6:47	6:56	6:51	6:46	6:52	6:48	
		6:46	6:41	6:38	6:47	6:42	6:37	6:44	6:40	
	30	6:56	6:52	6:48	6:57	6:52	6:47	6:53	6:49	
		6:44	6:40	6:36	6:45	6:41	6:36	6:43	6:39	

October
REGION

	Days	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
SUNRISE	1	6:57	6:53	6:49	6:58	6:53	6:48	6:54	6:50	AM
SUNSET		6:42	6:38	6:34	6:44	6:39	6:34	6:41	6:37	PM
	2	6:58	6:54	6:50	6:59	6:54	6:49	6:55	6:51	
		6:41	6:36	6:32	6:42	6:38	6:32	6:40	6:36	
	3	7:00	6:55	6:51	7:00	6:55	6:50	6:56	6:52	
		6:39	6:35	6:31	6:40	6:36	6:31	6:38	6:34	
	4	7:01	6:56	6:52	7:01	6:56	6:51	6:57	6:52	
		6:37	6:33	6:29	6:39	6:34	6:29	6:37	6:33	
	5	7:02	6:57	6:53	7:02	6:57	6:52	6:58	6:53	
		6:36	6:31	6:27	6:37	6:33	6:28	6:35	6:31	
	6	7:03	6:58	6:55	7:03	6:58	6:53	6:59	6:54	
		6:34	6:30	6:26	6:36	6:31	6:26	6:34	6:30	
	7	7:04	7:00	6:56	7:04	6:59	6:54	6:59	6:55	
		6:32	6:28	6:24	6:34	6:30	6:25	6:32	6:28	
	8	7:05	7:01	6:57	7:05	7:00	6:55	7:00	6:56	
		6:31	6:26	6:22	6:32	6:28	6:23	6:31	6:27	
	9	7:06	7:02	6:58	7:06	7:01	6:56	7:01	6:57	
		6:29	6:25	6:21	6:31	6:27	6:21	6:29	6:25	
	10	7:07	7:03	6:59	7:07	7:02	6:57	7:02	6:58	
		6:27	6:23	6:19	6:29	6:25	6:20	6:28	6:24	
	11	7:08	7:04	7:00	7:08	7:03	6:58	7:03	6:59	
		6:26	6:21	6:18	6:28	6:23	6:18	6:26	6:22	
	12	7:09	7:05	7:01	7:09	7:04	6:59	7:04	7:00	
		6:24	6:20	6:16	6:26	6:22	6:17	6:25	6:21	
	13	7:10	7:06	7:02	7:10	7:05	7:00	7:05	7:01	
		6:23	6:18	6:14	6:25	6:20	6:15	6:24	6:20	
	14	7:11	7:07	7:03	7:11	7:06	7:01	7:06	7:02	
		6:21	6:16	6:13	6:23	6:19	6:14	6:22	6:18	
	15	7:13	7:08	7:04	7:12	7:07	7:02	7:07	7:03	
		6:20	6:15	6:11	6:22	6:17	6:12	6:21	6:17	
	16	7:14	7:09	7:06	7:13	7:08	7:03	7:08	7:04	
		6:18	6:14	6:10	6:20	6:16	6:11	6:19	6:15	
	17	7:15	7:11	7:07	7:14	7:09	7:04	7:09	7:04	
		6:16	6:12	6:08	6:19	6:15	6:09	6:18	6:14	
	18	7:16	7:12	7:08	7:15	7:10	7:05	7:10	7:05	
		6:15	6:11	6:07	6:17	6:13	6:08	6:17	6:13	
	19	7:17	7:13	7:09	7:16	7:11	7:06	7:11	7:06	
		6:13	6:09	6:05	6:16	6:12	6:07	6:15	6:11	
	20	7:18	7:14	7:10	7:18	7:12	7:07	7:12	7:07	
		6:12	6:08	6:04	6:14	6:10	6:05	6:14	6:10	
	21	7:19	7:15	7:11	7:19	7:13	7:08	7:13	7:08	
		6:10	6:06	6:02	6:13	6:09	6:04	6:13	6:09	
	22	7:20	7:16	7:12	7:20	7:14	7:09	7:14	7:09	
		6:09	6:05	6:01	6:11	6:08	6:02	6:11	6:07	
	23	7:22	7:17	7:14	7:21	7:15	7:10	7:15	7:10	
		6:08	6:03	5:59	6:10	6:06	6:01	6:10	6:06	
	24	7:23	7:19	7:15	7:22	7:16	7:11	7:16	7:11	
		6:06	6:02	5:58	6:09	6:05	6:00	6:09	6:05	
	25	7:24	7:20	7:16	7:23	7:18	7:13	7:17	7:12	
		6:05	6:00	5:56	6:07	6:04	5:58	6:07	6:04	
	26	7:25	7:21	7:17	7:24	7:19	7:14	7:18	7:13	
		6:03	5:59	5:55	6:06	6:02	5:57	6:06	6:02	
	27	7:26	7:22	7:18	7:25	7:20	7:15	7:19	7:14	
		6:02	5:58	5:54	6:05	6:01	5:56	6:05	6:01	
	28	7:28	7:23	7:19	7:26	7:21	7:16	7:20	7:15	
		6:01	5:56	5:52	6:04	6:00	5:55	6:04	6:00	
	29	7:29	7:24	7:21	7:28	7:22	7:17	7:21	7:16	
		5:59	5:55	5:51	6:02	5:59	5:53	6:03	5:59	
	30	7:30	7:26	7:22	7:29	7:23	7:18	7:22	7:17	
		5:58	5:54	5:50	6:01	5:57	5:52	6:02	5:58	
	31	7:31	7:27	7:23	7:30	7:24	7:19	7:23	7:18	
		5:57	5:53	5:48	6:00	5:56	5:51	6:00	5:57	

November
REGION

	Days	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
SUNRISE	1	7:32	7:28	7:24	7:31	7:25	7:20	7:24	7:20	AM
SUNSET		5:56	5:51	5:47	5:59	5:55	5:50	5:59	5:56	PM
	2	6:34	6:29	6:25	6:32	6:26	6:21	6:25	6:21	
		4:54	4:50	4:46	4:57	4:54	4:49	4:58	4:55	
	3	6:35	6:30	6:27	6:33	6:28	6:23	6:26	6:22	
		4:53	4:49	4:45	4:56	4:53	4:48	4:57	4:53	
	4	6:36	6:32	6:28	6:34	6:29	6:24	6:27	6:23	
		4:52	4:48	4:44	4:55	4:52	4:48	4:56	4:52	
	5	6:37	6:33	6:29	6:36	6:30	6:25	6:28	6:24	
		4:51	4:47	4:42	4:54	4:51	4:45	4:55	4:51	
	6	6:38	6:34	6:31	6:37	6:31	6:26	6:29	6:25	
		4:50	4:45	4:41	4:53	4:49	4:44	4:54	4:51	
	7	6:40	6:35	6:31	6:38	6:32	6:27	6:30	6:26	
		4:49	4:44	4:40	4:52	4:48	4:43	4:53	4:50	
	8	6:41	6:36	6:33	6:39	6:33	6:28	6:32	6:27	
		4:48	4:43	4:39	4:51	4:47	4:42	4:52	4:49	
	9	6:42	6:38	6:34	6:40	6:34	6:29	6:33	6:28	
		4:46	4:42	4:38	4:50	4:46	4:41	4:51	4:48	
	10	6:43	6:39	6:35	6:41	6:35	6:31	6:34	6:29	
		4:45	4:41	4:37	4:49	4:46	4:40	4:51	4:47	
	11	6:44	6:40	6:36	6:43	6:37	6:32	6:35	6:30	
		4:44	4:40	4:36	4:48	4:45	4:39	4:50	4:46	
	12	6:46	6:41	6:38	6:44	6:38	6:33	6:36	6:31	
		4:44	4:39	4:35	4:47	4:44	4:39	4:49	4:45	
	13	6:47	6:43	6:39	6:45	6:39	6:34	6:37	6:32	
		4:43	4:38	4:34	4:46	4:43	4:38	4:48	4:44	
	14	6:48	6:44	6:40	6:46	6:40	6:35	6:38	6:33	
		4:42	4:37	4:33	4:45	4:42	4:37	4:47	4:44	
	15	6:49	6:45	6:41	6:47	6:41	6:36	6:39	6:34	
		4:41	4:37	4:32	4:45	4:41	4:36	4:47	4:43	
	16	6:50	6:46	6:42	6:48	6:42	6:37	6:40	6:35	
		4:40	4:36	4:32	4:44	4:41	4:35	4:46	4:42	
	17	6:52	6:47	6:44	6:49	6:43	6:39	6:41	6:36	
		4:39	4:35	4:31	4:43	4:40	4:35	4:45	4:42	
	18	6:53	6:49	6:45	6:51	6:45	6:40	6:42	6:38	
		4:38	4:34	4:30	4:42	4:39	4:34	4:45	4:41	
	19	6:54	6:50	6:46	6:52	6:46	6:41	6:43	6:39	
		4:38	4:33	4:29	4:42	4:38	4:33	4:44	4:40	
	20	6:55	6:51	6:47	6:53	6:47	6:42	6:44	6:40	
		4:37	4:33	4:29	4:41	4:38	4:33	4:43	4:40	
	21	6:56	6:52	6:48	6:54	6:48	6:43	6:45	6:41	
		4:36	4:32	4:28	4:40	4:37	4:32	4:43	4:39	
	22	6:57	6:53	6:49	6:55	6:49	6:44	6:46	6:42	
		4:36	4:31	4:27	4:40	4:37	4:31	4:42	4:39	
	23	6:59	6:54	6:51	6:56	6:50	6:45	6:48	6:43	
		4:35	4:31	4:27	4:39	4:36	4:31	4:42	4:38	
	24	7:00	6:56	6:52	6:57	6:51	6:46	6:49	6:44	
		4:35	4:30	4:26	4:39	4:36	4:30	4:41	4:38	
	25	7:01	6:57	6:53	6:58	6:52	6:47	6:50	6:45	
		4:34	4:30	4:26	4:38	4:35	4:30	4:41	4:37	
	26	7:02	6:58	6:54	7:00	6:53	6:48	6:51	6:46	
		4:34	4:29	4:25	4:38	4:35	4:29	4:41	4:37	
	27	7:03	6:59	6:55	7:01	6:54	6:49	6:52	6:47	
		4:33	4:29	4:25	4:37	4:34	4:29	4:40	4:37	
	28	7:04	7:00	6:56	7:02	6:56	6:51	6:53	6:48	
		4:33	4:28	4:24	4:37	4:34	4:29	4:40	4:36	
	29	7:05	7:01	6:57	7:03	6:56	6:52	6:54	6:49	
		4:32	4:28	4:24	4:37	4:34	4:28	4:40	4:36	
	30	7:06	7:02	6:58	7:04	6:57	6:53	6:55	6:50	
		4:32	4:28	4:24	4:36	4:33	4:28	4:39	4:36	

Times have been adjusted to reflect the correct time on all dates, including during Standard Time and Daylight Saving Time.
Hunters/Trappers using these tables DO NOT NEED TO ADD OR SUBTRACT AN HOUR.

Sunrise–Sunset Time Tables

December
REGION

Days	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
SUNRISE	7:07	7:03	7:59	7:05	6:58	6:54	6:56	6:51	AM
SUNSET	4:32	4:27	4:23	4:36	4:33	4:28	4:39	4:36	PM
2	7:08	7:04	7:00	7:06	6:59	6:55	6:56	6:52	
	4:31	4:27	4:23	4:36	4:33	4:28	4:39	4:36	
3	7:09	7:05	7:01	7:07	7:00	6:56	6:57	6:53	
	4:31	4:27	4:23	4:36	4:33	4:27	4:39	4:35	
4	7:10	7:06	7:02	7:08	7:01	6:56	6:58	6:53	
	4:31	4:27	4:23	4:36	4:33	4:27	4:39	4:35	
5	7:11	7:07	7:03	7:09	7:02	6:57	6:59	6:54	
	4:31	4:27	4:22	4:35	4:32	4:27	4:39	4:35	
6	7:12	7:08	7:04	7:10	7:03	6:58	7:00	6:55	
	4:31	4:27	4:22	4:35	4:32	4:27	4:39	4:35	
7	7:13	7:09	7:05	7:10	7:04	6:59	7:01	6:56	
	4:31	4:26	4:22	4:35	4:32	4:27	4:39	4:35	
8	7:14	7:10	7:06	7:11	7:05	7:00	7:02	6:57	
	4:31	4:26	4:22	4:35	4:32	4:27	4:39	4:35	
9	7:15	7:11	7:07	7:12	7:06	7:01	7:03	6:58	
	4:31	4:26	4:22	4:35	4:32	4:27	4:39	4:35	
10	7:16	7:12	7:08	7:13	7:07	7:02	7:04	6:59	
	4:31	4:27	4:22	4:35	4:33	4:27	4:39	4:35	
11	7:17	7:12	7:09	7:14	7:07	7:03	7:04	6:59	
	4:31	4:27	4:22	4:36	4:33	4:27	4:39	4:36	
12	7:18	7:13	7:10	7:15	7:08	7:03	7:05	7:00	
	4:31	4:27	4:23	4:36	4:33	4:28	4:39	4:36	
13	7:18	7:14	7:10	7:15	7:09	7:04	7:06	7:01	
	4:31	4:27	4:23	4:36	4:33	4:28	4:39	4:36	
14	7:19	7:15	7:11	7:16	7:10	7:05	7:06	7:02	
	4:31	4:27	4:23	4:36	4:33	4:28	4:40	4:36	
15	7:20	7:16	7:12	7:17	7:10	7:06	7:07	7:02	
	4:32	4:27	4:23	4:36	4:34	4:28	4:40	4:37	
16	7:20	7:16	7:13	7:17	7:11	7:06	7:08	7:03	
	4:32	4:28	4:24	4:37	4:34	4:29	4:40	4:37	
17	7:21	7:17	7:13	7:18	7:12	7:07	7:08	7:03	
	4:32	4:28	4:24	4:37	4:34	4:29	4:41	4:37	
18	7:22	7:18	7:14	7:19	7:12	7:07	7:09	7:04	
	4:33	4:28	4:24	4:37	4:35	4:29	4:41	4:38	
19	7:22	7:18	7:14	7:19	7:13	7:08	7:10	7:05	
	4:33	4:29	4:25	4:38	4:35	4:30	4:41	4:38	
20	7:23	7:19	7:15	7:20	7:13	7:09	7:10	7:05	
	4:34	4:29	4:25	4:38	4:35	4:30	4:42	4:38	
21	7:23	7:19	7:16	7:20	7:14	7:09	7:11	7:06	
	4:34	4:30	4:26	4:39	4:36	4:31	4:42	4:39	
22	7:24	7:20	7:16	7:21	7:14	7:10	7:11	7:06	
	4:35	4:30	4:26	4:39	4:36	4:31	4:43	4:39	
23	7:24	7:20	7:16	7:21	7:15	7:10	7:12	7:07	
	4:35	4:31	4:27	4:40	4:37	4:32	4:43	4:40	
24	7:25	7:21	7:17	7:22	7:15	7:11	7:12	7:07	
	4:36	4:31	4:27	4:40	4:38	4:32	4:44	4:41	
25	7:25	7:21	7:17	7:22	7:16	7:11	7:12	7:08	
	4:36	4:32	4:28	4:41	4:38	4:33	4:45	4:41	
26	7:26	7:21	7:18	7:23	7:16	7:11	7:13	7:08	
	4:37	4:33	4:29	4:42	4:39	4:33	4:45	4:42	
27	7:26	7:22	7:18	7:23	7:16	7:12	7:13	7:08	
	4:38	4:33	4:29	4:42	4:39	4:34	4:46	4:42	
28	7:26	7:22	7:18	7:23	7:17	7:12	7:13	7:09	
	4:38	4:34	4:30	4:43	4:40	4:35	4:47	4:43	
29	7:26	7:22	7:18	7:23	7:17	7:12	7:14	7:09	
	4:39	4:35	4:31	4:44	4:41	4:36	4:47	4:44	
30	7:27	7:22	7:19	7:24	7:17	7:12	7:14	7:09	
	4:40	4:36	4:31	4:45	4:42	4:36	4:48	4:45	
31	7:27	7:23	7:19	7:24	7:17	7:13	7:14	7:09	
	4:41	4:36	4:32	4:45	4:42	4:37	4:49	4:45	

January
REGION

Days	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
SUNRISE	7:27	7:23	7:19	7:24	7:18	7:13	7:14	7:09	AM
SUNSET	4:42	4:37	4:33	4:46	4:43	4:38	4:50	4:46	PM
2	7:27	7:23	7:19	7:24	7:18	7:13	7:14	7:10	
	4:42	4:38	4:34	4:47	4:44	4:39	4:50	4:47	
3	7:27	7:23	7:19	7:24	7:18	7:13	7:15	7:10	
	4:43	4:39	4:35	4:48	4:45	4:40	4:51	4:48	
4	7:27	7:23	7:19	7:24	7:18	7:13	7:15	7:10	
	4:44	4:40	4:36	4:49	4:46	4:41	4:52	4:49	
5	7:27	7:23	7:19	7:24	7:18	7:13	7:15	7:10	
	4:45	4:41	4:37	4:50	4:47	4:41	4:53	4:50	
6	7:27	7:23	7:19	7:24	7:18	7:13	7:15	7:10	
	4:46	4:42	4:38	4:51	4:48	4:42	4:54	4:50	
7	7:27	7:23	7:19	7:24	7:18	7:13	7:15	7:10	
	4:47	4:43	4:39	4:52	4:49	4:43	4:55	4:51	
8	7:27	7:22	7:19	7:24	7:18	7:13	7:15	7:10	
	4:48	4:44	4:40	4:53	4:50	4:44	4:56	4:52	
9	7:27	7:22	7:19	7:24	7:17	7:13	7:14	7:10	
	4:49	4:45	4:41	4:54	4:51	4:45	4:57	4:53	
10	7:26	7:22	7:18	7:24	7:17	7:12	7:14	7:10	
	4:50	4:46	4:42	4:55	4:52	4:46	4:58	4:54	
11	7:26	7:22	7:18	7:23	7:17	7:12	7:14	7:09	
	4:51	4:47	4:43	4:56	4:53	4:47	4:59	4:55	
12	7:26	7:21	7:18	7:23	7:17	7:12	7:14	7:09	
	4:52	4:48	4:44	4:57	4:54	4:48	5:00	4:56	
13	7:25	7:21	7:17	7:23	7:16	7:12	7:14	7:09	
	4:53	4:49	4:45	4:58	4:55	4:49	5:01	4:57	
14	7:25	7:21	7:17	7:22	7:16	7:11	7:13	7:09	
	4:55	4:50	4:46	4:59	4:56	4:50	5:02	4:58	
15	7:25	7:20	7:17	7:22	7:16	7:11	7:13	7:08	
	4:56	4:51	4:47	5:00	4:57	4:52	5:03	4:59	
16	7:24	7:20	7:16	7:22	7:15	7:11	7:13	7:08	
	4:57	4:53	4:48	5:01	4:58	4:53	5:04	5:00	
17	7:24	7:19	7:16	7:21	7:15	7:10	7:12	7:08	
	4:58	4:54	4:50	5:02	4:59	4:54	5:05	5:01	
18	7:23	7:19	7:15	7:21	7:14	7:10	7:12	7:07	
	4:59	4:55	4:51	5:03	5:00	4:55	5:06	5:02	
19	7:23	7:18	7:15	7:20	7:14	7:09	7:12	7:07	
	5:00	4:56	4:52	5:04	5:01	4:56	5:07	5:03	
20	7:22	7:18	7:14	7:20	7:14	7:09	7:11	7:06	
	5:02	4:57	4:53	5:06	5:02	4:57	5:08	5:04	
21	7:21	7:17	7:13	7:19	7:13	7:08	7:11	7:06	
	5:03	4:58	4:54	5:07	5:03	4:58	5:09	5:05	
22	7:21	7:16	7:13	7:18	7:12	7:08	7:10	7:05	
	5:04	5:00	4:56	5:08	5:05	4:59	5:10	5:07	
23	7:20	7:16	7:12	7:18	7:12	7:07	7:09	7:05	
	5:05	5:01	4:57	5:09	5:06	5:01	5:11	5:08	
24	7:19	7:15	7:11	7:17	7:11	7:06	7:09	7:04	
	5:06	5:02	4:58	5:10	5:07	5:02	5:12	5:09	
25	7:19	7:14	7:11	7:16	7:10	7:06	7:08	7:03	
	5:08	5:03	4:59	5:11	5:08	5:03	5:13	5:10	
26	7:18	7:13	7:10	7:16	7:10	7:05	7:08	7:03	
	5:09	5:05	5:01	5:13	5:09	5:04	5:15	5:11	
27	7:17	7:13	7:09	7:15	7:09	7:04	7:07	7:02	
	5:10	5:06	5:02	5:14	5:10	5:05	5:16	5:12	
28	7:16	7:12	7:08	7:14	7:08	7:03	7:06	7:01	
	5:11	5:07	5:03	5:15	5:12	5:06	5:17	5:13	
29	7:15	7:11	7:07	7:13	7:07	7:02	7:05	7:01	
	5:13	5:08	5:04	5:16	5:13	5:08	5:18	5:14	
30	7:14	7:10	7:06	7:12	7:06	7:02	7:05	7:00	
	5:14	5:10	5:06	5:17	5:14	5:09	5:19	5:15	
31	7:13	7:09	7:05	7:11	7:06	7:01	7:04	6:59	
	5:15	5:11	5:07	5:19	5:15	5:10	5:20	5:17	

February
REGION

Days	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
SUNRISE	7:12	7:08	7:04	7:11	7:05	7:00	7:03	6:58	AM
SUNSET	5:16	5:12	5:08	5:20	5:16	5:11	5:21	5:18	PM
2	7:11	7:07	7:03	7:10	7:04	6:59	7:02	6:57	
	5:18	5:13	5:09	5:21	5:18	5:12	5:22	5:19	
3	7:10	7:06	7:02	7:09	7:03	6:58	7:01	6:57	
	5:19	5:15	5:11	5:22	5:19	5:14	5:24	5:20	
4	7:09	7:05	7:01	7:08	7:02	6:57	7:00	6:56	
	5:20	5:16	5:12	5:24	5:20	5:15	5:25	5:21	
5	7:08	7:04	7:00	7:07	7:01	6:56	6:59	6:55	
	5:22	5:17	5:13	5:25	5:21	5:16	5:26	5:22	
6	7:07	7:03	6:59	7:05	7:00	6:55	6:58	6:54	
	5:23	5:18	5:14	5:26	5:22	5:17	5:27	5:23	
7	7:06	7:02	6:58	7:04	6:59	6:54	6:57	6:53	
	5:24	5:20	5:16	5:27	5:24	5:18	5:28	5:24	
8	7:05	7:00	6:57	7:03	6:58	6:53	6:56	6:52	
	5:25	5:21	5:17	5:28	5:25	5:20	5:29	5:25	
9	7:04	6:59	6:55	7:02	6:56	6:52	6:55	6:51	
	5:27	5:22	5:18	5:30	5:26	5:21	5:30	5:27	
10	7:02	6:58	6:54	7:01	6:55	6:50	6:54	6:50	
	5:28	5:24	5:19	5:31	5:27	5:22	5:31	5:28	
11	7:01	6:57	6:53	7:00	6:54	6:49	6:53	6:49	
	5:29	5:25	5:21	5:32	5:28	5:23	5:33	5:29	
12	7:00	6:56	6:52	6:59	6:53	6:48	6:52	6:47	
	5:30	5:26	5:22	5:33	5:29	5:24	5:34	5:30	
13	6:59	6:54	6:50	6:57	6:52	6:47	6:51	6:46	
	5:32	5:27	5:23	5:34	5:31	5:25	5:35	5:31	
14	6:57	6:53	6:49	6:56	6:51	6:46	6:50	6:45	
	5:33	5:29	5:24	5:36	5:32	5:27	5:36	5:32	
15	6:56	6:52	6:48	6:55	6:49	6:44	6:49	6:44	
	5:34	5:30	5:26	5:37	5:33	5:28	5:37	5:33	
16	6:55	6:50	6:46	6:54	6:48	6:43	6:47	6:43	
	5:35	5:31	5:27	5:38	5:34	5:29	5:38	5:34	
17	6:53	6:49	6:45	6:52	6:47	6:42	6:46	6:42	
	5:37	5:32	5:28	5:39	5:35	5:30	5:39	5:35	
18	6:52	6:48	6:44	6:51	6:45	6:41	6:45	6:40	
	5:38	5:33	5:29	5:40	5:36	5:31	5:40	5:36	
19	6:50	6:46	6:42	6:50	6:44	6:39	6:44	6:39	
	5:39	5:35	5:31	5:41	5:38	5:32	5:41	5:37	
20	6:49	6:45	6:41	6:48	6:43	6:38	6:42	6:38	
	5:40	5:36	5:32	5:43	5:39	5:34	5:42	5:38	
21	6:48	6:43	6:39	6:47	6:41	6:37	6:41	6:37	
	5:41	5:37	5:33	5:44	5:40	5:35	5:43	5:39	
22	6:46	6:42	6:38	6:45	6:40	6:35	6:40	6:35	
	5:43	5:38	5:34	5:45	5:41	5:36	5:44	5:41	
23	6:45	6:40	6:37	6:44	6:39	6:34	6:39	6:34	
	5:44	5:40	5:36	5:46	5:42	5:37	5:45	5:42	
24	6:43	6:39	6:35	6:43	6:37	6:32	6:37	6:33	
	5:45	5:41	5:37	5:47	5:43	5:38	5:46	5:43	
25	6:42	6:37	6:34	6:41	6:36	6:31	6:36	6:31	
	5:46	5:42	5:38	5:48	5:44	5:39	5:48	5:44	
26	6:40	6:36	6:32	6:40	6:34	6:30	6:34	6:30	
	5:47	5:43	5:39	5:50	5:45	5:40	5:49	5:45	
27	6:39	6:34	6:30	6:38	6:33	6:28	6:33	6:29	
	5:49	5:44	5:40	5:51	5:47	5:41	5:50	5:46	
28	6:37	6:33	6:29	6:37	6:32	6:27	6:32	6:27	
	5:50	5:46	5:42	5:52	5:48	5:42	5:51	5:47	

March
REGION

Days	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
SUNRISE	6:36	6:31	6:27	6:35	6:30	6:25	6:30	6:26	AM
SUNSET	5:51	5:47	5:43	5:53	5:49	5:44	5:52	5:48	PM
2	6:34	6:30	6:26	6:34	6:29	6:24	6:29	6:25	
	5:52	5:48	5:44	5:54	5:50	5:45	5:53	5:49	
3	6:32	6:28	6:24	6:32	6:27	6:22	6:28	6:23	
	5:53	5:49	5:45	5:55	5:51	5:46	5:54	5:50	
4	6:31	6:27	6:23	6:31	6:26	6:21	6:26	6:22	
	5:55	5:50	5:46	5:56	5:52	5:47	5:55	5:51	
5	6:29	6:25	6:21	6:29	6:24	6:19	6:25	6:20	
	5:56	5:51	5:47	5:57	5:53	5:48	5:56	5:52	
6	6:28	6:23	6:19	6:28	6:23	6:18	6:23	6:19	
	5:57	5:53	5:49	5:58	5:54	5:49	5:57	5:53	
7	6:26	6:22	6:18	6:26	6:21	6:16	6:22	6:17	
	5:58	5:54	5:50	5:59	5:55	5:50	5:58	5:54	
8	7:24	7:20	7:16	7:25	7:20	7:15	7:20	6:16	
	6:59	6:55	6:51	7:01	6:56	6:51	6:59	6:55	
9	7:23	7:18	7:15	7:23	7:18	7:13	7:19	7:15	
	7:00	6:56	6:52	7:02	6:57	6:52	7:00	6:56	
10	7:21	7:17	7:13	7:21	7:16	7:11	7:17	7:13	
	7:01	6:57	6:53	7:03	6:58	6:53	7:01	6:56	
11	7:19	7:15	7:11	7:20	7:15	7:10	7:16	7:12	
	7:02	6:58	6:54	7:04	7:59	6:54	7:01	6:57	
12	7:18	7:13	7:10	7:18	7:13	7:08	7:14	7:10	
	7:04	6:59	6:55	7:05	7:00	6:55	7:02	6:58	
13	7:16	7:12	7:08	7:17	7:12	7:07	7:13	7:09	
	7:05	7:00	6:57	7:06	7:01	6:56	7:03	6:59	
14	7:14	7:10	7:06	7:15	7:10	7:05	7:11	7:07	
	7:06	7:02	6:58	7:07	7:02	6:57	7:04	7:00	
15	7:13	7:08	7:05	7:13	7:09	7:04	7:10	7:06	
	7:07	7:03	6:59	7:08	7:03	6:58	7:05	7:01	
16	7:11	7:07	7:03	7:12	7:07	7:02	7:08	7:04	
	7:08	7:04	7:00	7:09	7:04	6:59	7:06	7:02	
17	7:09	7:05	7:01	7:10	7:05	7:00	7:07	7:03	
	7:09	7:05	7:01	7:10	7:05	7:00	7:07	7:03	
18	7:08	7:03	7:00	7:08	7:04	6:59	7:05	7:01	
	7:10	7:06	7:02	7:11	7:07	7:01	7:08	7:04	
19	7:06	7:02	6:58	7:07	7:02	6:57	7:04	7:00	
	7:11	7:07	7:03	7:12	7:08	7:03	7:09	7:05	
20	7:04	7:00	6:56	7:05	7:01	6:56	7:02	6:58	
	7:13	7:08	7:04	7:13	7:09	7:04	7:10	7:06	
21	7:03	6:58	6:54	7:04	6:59	6:54	7:01	6:57	
	7:14	7:09	7:05	7:14	7:10	7:05	7:11	7:07	
22	7:01	6:57	6:53	7:02	6:57	6:52	6:59	6:55	
	7:15	7:10	7:07	7:15	7:11	7:06	7:12	7:08	
23	6:59	6:55	6:51	7:00	6:56	6:51	6:58	6:54	
	7:16	7:12	7:08	7:16	7:12	7:07	7:13	7:09	
24	6:58	6:53	6:49	6:59	6:54	6:49	6:56	6:52	
	7:17	7:13	7:09	7:17	7:13	7:08	7:14	7:10	
25	6:56	6:52	6:48	6:57	6:53	6:48	6:55	6:51	
	7:18	7:14	7:10	7:18	7:14	7:09	7:15	7:10	
26	6:54	6:50	6:46	6:55	6:51	6:46	6:53	6:49	
	7:19	7:15	7:11	7:19	7:15	7:10	7:16	7:11	
27	6:53	6:48	6:44	6:54	6:49	6:44	6:52	6:47	
	7:20	7:16	7:12	7:21	7:16	7:11	7:17	7:12	
28	6:51	6:47	6:43	6:52	6:48	6:43	6:50	6:46	
	7:21	7:17	7:13	7:22	7:17	7:12	7:18	7:13	
29	6:49	6:45	6:41	6:51	6:46	6:41	6:49	6:44	
	7:22	7:18	7:14	7:23	7:18	7:13	7:18	7:14	
30	6:47	6:43	6:39	6:49	6:45	6:39	6:47	6:43	
	7:23	7:19	7:15	7:24	7:19	7:14	7:19	7:15	
31	6:46	6:41	6:38	6:47	6:43	6:38	6:45	6:41	
	7:25	7:20	7:16	7:25	7:20	7:15	7:20	7:16	

April
REGION

Days	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
SUNRISE	6:44	6:40	6:36	6:46	6:41	6:36	6:44	6:40	AM
SUNSET	7:26	7:21	7:17	7:26	7:21	7:16	7:21	7:17	PM
2	6:42	6:38	6:34	6:44	6:40	6:35	6:42	6:38	
	7:27	7:22	7:19	7:27	7:22	7:17	7:22	7:18	
3	6:41	6:36	6:32	6:42	6:38	6:33	6:41	6:37	
	7:28	7:23	7:20	7:28	7:23	7:18	7:23	7:19	
4	6:39	6:35	6:31	6:41	6:37	6:32	6:39	6:35	
	7:29	7:25	7:21	7:29	7:24	7:19	7:24	7:20	
5	6:37	6:33	6:29	6:39	6:35	6:30	6:38	6:34	
	7:30	7:26	7:22	7:30	7:25	7:20	7:25	7:21	
6	6:36	6:31	6:28	6:38	6:33	6:28	6:36	6:32	
	7:31	7:27	7:23	7:31	7:26	7:21	7:26	7:21	
7	6:34	6:30	6:26	6:36	6:32	6:27	6:35	6:31	
	7:32	7:28	7:24	7:32	7:27	7:22	7:27	7:22	
8	6:32	6:28	6:24	6:34	6:30	6:25	6:33	6:30	
	7:33	7:29	7:25	7:33	7:28	7:23	7:28	7:23	
9	6:31	6:27	6:23	6:33	6:29	6:24	6:32	6:28	
	7:34	7:30	7:26	7:34	7:29	7:24	7:29	7:24	
10	6:29	6:25	6:21	6:31	6:27	6:22	6:31	6:27	
	7:35	7:31	7:27	7:35	7:30	7:25	7:29	7:25	
11	6:28	6:23	6:19	6:30	6:26	6:21	6:29	6:25	
	7:36	7:32	7:28	7:36	7:31	7:26	7:30	7:26	
12	6:26	6:22	6:18	6:28	6:24	6:19	6:28	6:24	
	7:38	7:33	7:29	7:37	7:32	7:27	7:31	7:27	
13	6:24	6:20	6:16	6:27	6:23	6:18	6:26	6:22	
	7:39	7:34	7:30	7:38	7:33	7:28	7:32	7:28	
14	6:23	6:19	6:15	6:25	6:21	6:16	6:25	6:21	
	7:40	7:35	7:32	7:39	7:34	7:29	7:33	7:29	
15	6:21	6:17	6:13	6:24	6:20	6:15	6:23	6:19	
	7:41	7:36	7:33	7:40	7:35	7:30	7:34	7:30	
16	6:20	6:15	6:11	6:22	6:18	6:13	6:22	6:18	
	7:42	7:38	7:34	7:41	7:36	7:31	7:35	7:31	
17	6:18	6:14	6:10	6:21	6:17	6:12	6:21	6:17	
	7:43	7:39	7:35	7:42	7:37	7:32	7:36	7:31	
18	6:17	6:12	6:08	6:19	6:15	6:10	6:19	6:15	
	7:44	7:40	7:36	7:43	7:38	7:33	7:37	6:32	
19	6:15	6:11	6:07	6:18	6:14	6:09	6:18	6:14	
	7:45	7:41	7:37	7:44	7:39	7:34	7:38	7:33	
20	6:14	6:09	6:05	6:16	6:12	6:07	6:16	6:13	
	7:46	7:42	7:38	7:45	7:40	7:35	7:39	7:34	
21	6:12	6:08	6:04	6:15	6:11	6:06	6:15	6:11	
	7:47	7:43	7:39	7:46	7:41	7:36	7:40	7:35	
22	6:11	6:06	6:02	6:13	6:10	6:05	6:14	6:10	
	7:48	7:44	7:40	7:47	7:42	7:37	7:41	7:36	
23	6:09	6:05	6:01	6:12	6:08	6:03	6:12	6:09	
	7:49	7:45	7:41	7:48	7:43	7:38	7:42	7:37	
24	6:08	6:03	5:59	6:11	6:07	6:02	6:11	6:07	
	7:51	7:46	7:42	7:49	7:44	7:39	7:42	7:38	
25	6:06	6:02	5:58	6:09	6:06	6:00	6:10	6:06	
	7:52

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