



# Illinois Digest of Hunting and Trapping REGULATIONS 2023-2024





### **Message From the Director**



Greetings from the Illinois Department of Natural Resources. Thank you for taking time to review the annual Illinois Digest of Hunting and Trapping Regulations. This informative guide includes a detailed review of Illinois' hunting and trapping season dates, possession limits, hunting zone boundaries, statewide hunting regulations, license and permit details,

and other helpful information.

New or amended regulations for 2023-2024 are noted in shaded print, so please be sure to familiarize yourself with all the updated guidelines before heading to the field.

This digest also contains helpful information about Illinois' public hunting areas, property laws, harvest reporting requirements, and efforts to maintain healthy wildlife populations.

Hunter heritage runs deep in Illinois. Introducing new generations of friends and family members to hunting is an important part of the experience. With that in mind, the Illinois Department of Natural Resources continues to work on improving hunting opportunities, recruit new hunters and trappers, and expand public access throughout Illinois.

Hunters and trappers are essential partners in conservation and management of Illinois' wildlife, and we appreciate the input we receive from you on ways to improve outdoor opportunities throughout the state. Thank you for taking part in these activities and for buying the licenses and permits that fund habitat enhancement and wildlife management programs.

It's my pleasure to welcome you to a new hunting and trapping season in Illinois. Best wishes for a safe and successful season.

Natalie Phelps Finnie, Director

Illinois Department of Natural Resources





Illinois Digest of Hunting and Trapping Regulations

Funded by your purchase of hunting equipment

### **Digest Purpose**

This publication is a summary of Illinois hunting and trapping regulations prepared for your convenience. It is designed as a **guide** to the laws and regulations for hunting and trapping in Illinois. It also provides information such as seasons, harvest limits, and required permits for these opportunities in Illinois. It is **not** a legal document and is not intended to cover all hunting and trapping laws and regulations. This document does not contain the exact wording of the Illinois' Adopted Administrative Rules available at <a href="mailto:dnc.illinois.gov/adrules.html">dnc.illinois.gov/adrules.html</a> or the Wildlife Code of the Illinois Compiled Statutes available at <a href="https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs2.asp?ChapterID=43">www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs2.asp?ChapterID=43</a>.

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New Regulations for 2023-2024 – New laws and new programs are indicated by yellow shading. Prior to undertaking activities subject to change, review information published at <a href="mailto:dnr.illinois.gov">dnr.illinois.gov</a>, your local newspaper's outdoor writer's column or check with your local IDNR office for more information. Any conflict arising between this digest and the statutes or administrative code of the State of Illinois, the statutes or administrative code of the State of Illinois shall control.

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The Illinois Department of Natural Resources receives Federal financial assistance from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Under Title VI of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, and Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972, and the U.S. Department of the Interior prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, sex, or disability. If you believe that you have been discriminated against in any program, activity, or facility, or if you need more information, please write to: Chief, Public Civil Rights Office of Civil Rights U.S. Department of the Interior 1849 C Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20240. This information may be provided in an alternative format if required. Contact the DNR Clearinghouse at 217/782/7498 for assistance. Printed on recycled paper.

### **IDNR Regional Offices**

### **Headquarters**

One Natural Resources Way Springfield, IL 62702-1271 217-782-6302

### Region 1 Office

1510 46th Avenue Rock Island, IL 61201 309-788-0418

### **Region 2 Office**

2050 West Stearns Road Bartlett, IL 60103 847-608-3100

Region 3 Office

None

**Region 4 Office** 

None

### Region 5 Office

11731 State Highway 37 Benton, IL 62812 618-435-8138

### For Further Information Contact

Target Illinois Poachers	(877) 2DNRLAW (236-7529)
Springfield Offices:	
Special Hunting Permits	(217) 782-7305
License Office	(217) 782-2965
Wildlife Resources	(217)782-6384
Law Enforcement	(217) 782-6431
Telecommunications Device for the De (TTY)	

### **IDNR** Website Index

Illinois Department of Natural Resources dnr.illinois.gov

Hunting/Trapping Information dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/gettingstarted

Hunting/Trapping Licenses dnr.illinois.gov/lpr/licenseandpermitfees

Public Hunting Sites huntillinois.org/directory

Hunter Safety Certification dnr.illinois.gov/safety

Trapper Safety Certification dnr.illinois.gov/safety/trapping

Conservation Police dnr.illinois.gov/lawenforcement

Office of the Director dnr.illinois.gov/director



# It's ALL HERE for on the go hunters!

# You'll Find:

Seasons & Events Calendars
Hunt Map
Permit Lottery Info

And More!

**Hunt Planner** 

# huntillinois.org



f /livingwithwildlifeillinois

Hunt Illinois is a collaborative effort led by the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Division of Wildlife Resources, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration, and the National Great Rivers Research and Education Center. Funding for Hunt Illinois was made available through Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Project W-147-T.









						2023-202	4 H.	nting Time	eline						
Ar	nimal	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-		Nov-2		Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24	Apr-24	May-24	Jun-24	Jul-24
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	da Goose					page 30 for									
	ilson's Snipe)		Opens 9	Ι		page oo lol	эрссте	Ends 24							
	Rail		Opens 9		_	Ends 17	 7	2.100 2 1							
-	ıl Duck		9-24			2.100 17									
	Deer		, 2-			See page 1	13 for sp	ecific dates							
-	urkey				See page 13 for specific dates  See page 24 for specific dates				See page	e 24 for spe	cific dates				
-	rganser/Coot					See page 2					ore page				<u> </u>
	eese/Brant					See page 3									
	onted Goose					See page 3									
	Crow			Open	ns 28					Ends 28					<del> </del>
	odcock			Open	_			Ends 4		Liids 20					
	abbit			Орон		Opens	4	2.100		Ends 15					
									Ends 8 (N)						
Pheasant/G	Quail/Partridge					Opens	4		Ends 15 (S)						
Pahant/Fan/O	/D					Opens 1	10	Closed 1-3		Ends 15					
Bobcat/Fox/O	possum/Raccoon					Closed 17-19	9 & 30	Closed 1-3		Ends 15					
Conservation (	Order Light Goose								See <sub>l</sub>	page 30 fo	r specific d	ates			
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1 .	cat/Coyote/Fox/														
	rat/Opossum/					Opens 1	10			Ends 15					
	ed Skunk/Weasel			1											
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### **HUNTING LICENSE INFORMATION**

- · All residents and non-residents will need an applicable base hunting license, unless noted as exempt in the table below.
- Additional licenses, permits and stamps required to hunt or trap particular species are listed in sections covering those species in this digest.
- Annual hunting licenses and state stamps go on sale 1 March and are valid through 31 March of the following year.
- For online license sales, please visit <u>www.exploremoreil.com</u>
- Every person holding a hunting license shall have it, including all appropriate stamps, in his/her possession for immediate presentation for inspection to any authorized law enforcement officer while hunting.
- For Residency restrictions see definition on page 5.
- For license necessity see (520 ILCS 5/3.1) (from Ch. 61, par. 3.1) in Wildlife Code.

	Base Hunting Licenses (does not include vendor or transaction fees)									
License Type	Fee	Online	Vendors	Specifications						
Resident	\$12.00	Х	Х							
Resident Senior	\$6.00	Х	Х	Only available to hunters age 65 to 74 (inclusive).						
Resident Super Senior	\$1.00	Х	Х	Only available to hunters age 75 or older.						
Illinois Veteran	\$6.00	Х	Х	Illinois veterans who served overseas or were mobilized by the President of the United States and have a form DD214 can submit their form to IDNR's Springfield office at DNR.License@illinois.gov and ask to be certified as qualifying for half priced licenses. Please redact your SSN before emailing your DD214.						
Apprentice	\$7.00	Х	Х	Apprentice hunters must be supervised by a validly licensed Illinois resident or non-resident hunter who is 21 years of age or older. A hunter safety course is not required to purchase this license.						
Youth Hunt/Trap	\$7.00	Х	х	Any hunter/trapper under 18 years of age may purchase this license. Hunters/trappers with this license must be supervised by an adult who is 21 years of age or older and has the appropriate Illinois hunting or trapping license. The youth hunter shall not hunt or trap or carry a hunting device, unless the youth is accompanied by and under close personal supervision of that adult.						
Resident Lifetime	\$360.00	Х	Х							
Resident Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish	\$25.50	Х	Х							
Illinois Veteran Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish	\$12.75	х	Х	See specification on veteran license above.						
Resident Senior Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish	\$12.75	Х	Х	Only available to hunters age 65 to 74 (inclusive).						
Resident Super Senior Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish	\$2.00	Х	Х	Only available to hunters age 75+						
Resident Lifetime Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish	\$765.00	Х	х							
Non-resident	\$57.00	Х	Х							
Non-resident (5 day)	\$35.00	Х	Х							
Disabled	See sp	ecificati	ions	Illinois residents with a disability may hunt without a license if they have an Illinois Driver's License or Illinois Disability Identification Card indicating that they have a Type 1 or Type 4, Class 2 disability. Veterans with a disability (both resident and nonresident) may hunt without a license if they possess an Affidavit of Disability Card (resident) from the IL Department of Veteran's Affairs or documentation (non-resident) that they are at least 10% disabled with service-related disabilities. Certain stamps are still required.						
Active Duty - Armed Forces	See sp	ecificati	ions	A person on active duty in the Armed Forces, who entered the service from Illinois and is an Illinois resident, may, while on ordinary or emergency leave, hunt without a license. Illinois resident military, guard or reserve members who served overseas within the last 2 years may be eligible for the Illinois Resident Armed Forces Special Pass, which waives fees for fishing, hunting and camping. See details at dnr.illinois.gov or call (217) 782-2965.						

Resident License/Stamps Guidelines (X = Applicable)										
License/Stamp	Under 16	16-1 <i>7</i>	18-64	65-74	75+	Disabled	Disabled Veteran	Former POW	Active Duty - Armed Forces*	Landowner
Resident	Х	Х	Χ						See footnote	
Senior				Х					See footnote	
Super Senior					Х					
Apprentice	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ				Х	
Sportsman Combo		Х	Х						Х	
Senior Sportsman Combo				Х					Х	
Super Senior Sportsman Combo					Х					
Lifetime	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х					
Youth Hunting & Trapping	Х	Х								
Trapping	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х					
Federal Migratory Waterfowl Stamp		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
State Migratory Waterfowl Stamp			Х	Х	Х				See footnote	
State Habitat Stamp			Х	Х	Χ	Х			Х	Χ
HIP Certification	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ				See footnote	

<sup>\*</sup>A person on active duty who entered the service from Illinois and is an Illinois resident, may, while on ordinary or emergency leave, hunt without a license. Illinois resident military, guard or reserve members who served overseas within the last 2 years may be eligible for the Illinois Resident Armed Forces Special Pass, which waives fees for fishing, hunting and camping. See details at dnr.illinois.gov or call (217) 782-2965.

Non-Resident License/Stamps Guidelines (X = Applicable)											
License/Stamp	Under 16	16-17	18-64	65+	Disabled	Disabled Veteran	Former POW	Landowner			
Non-Resident	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Χ			
Non-Resident 5-Day	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х			
Apprentice	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х			
Youth Hunting & Trapping	Х	Х			Х						
Trapping	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х			
Federal Waterfowl Stamp		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			
State Migratory Waterfowl Stamp			Х	Х	Х			х			
State Habitat Stamp			Х	Х	Х			Х			
HIP Certification	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х			

### **Hunting Times Table**

Use government sources such as <a href="https://www.weather.gov/dvn/sunrise-sunset">www.weather.gov/gmd/grad/solcalc/</a> or <a href="https://www.weather.gov/dvn/sunrise-sunset">https://www.weather.gov/dvn/sunrise-sunset</a> for accurate sunrise/sunset times.

### **Windshield Cards**

### Windshield Cards For Public Land Hunting/Trapping

Free "Windshield Cards" are required to hunt certain species and record hunting effort/harvest at many Illinois Public Hunting Areas. Cards are available at: <a href="mailto:dnr2.illinois.gov/Windshieldcard/">dnr2.illinois.gov/Windshieldcard/</a>. Print a card for each site you intend to hunt and place on the dashboard of your vehicle when hunting the site. Each hunter will need to display a windshield card. For information or assistance, contact the site where you intend to hunt.

Hunters are required to return to this website prior to Feb. 15 each year to record harvest information.

### Firearm Owner's I.D. Card

For legal possession of Firearms, see 430 ILCS 65 and 66.

IDNR does not issue F.O.I.D cards. To obtain a F.O.I.D. card visit this site <a href="https://www.ispfsb.com/Public/FOID.aspx">https://www.ispfsb.com/Public/FOID.aspx</a> or call the Illinois State Police at (217) 782-7980.

### **Definitions**

**Bow and Arrow:** Means a longbow, recurve bow, compound bow, or crossbow.

Case: Any case, firearm carrying box, shipping box, or container acceptable under Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 2012. <a href="www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/documents/072000050k24-1.htm">www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/documents/072000050k24-1.htm</a>

**Daily Limit:** The maximum number or amount of species that can be lawfully taken by one person in one calendar day.

**Floating Blind:** Any watercraft or floating structure that is capable of carrying a person and which is camouflaged, disguised or altered in appearance to offer a place of concealment. Such floating blind may be mechanically powered as long as such power is used only for movement to and from the place of hunting and no attempt is made to hunt during such movement.

**Freshly Killed:** Any carcass, remains or parts of the body of any dead mammal or bird that has not been prepared for immediate consumption or storage for later consumption.

**Furbearing Mammals:** Mink, muskrat, raccoon, striped skunk, weasel, opossum, beaver, red fox, gray fox, badger, bobcat, river otter and coyote.

Game Birds: Bobwhite quail, Hungarian partridge, chukar partridge, ring-necked pheasant and wild turkey.

Game Mammals: Eastern cottontail and swamp rabbits, white-tailed deer, fox squirrel, gray squirrel and woodchuck (groundhog).

Green Hide: Any hide or pelt which has not been tanned.

Gun: Shotgun, rifle, handgun or airgun.

**Hunt:** act of a person possessing a weapon or being accompanied by a dog or a bird of prey for the purpose of taking species protected by this Act in any location such species may inhabit.

**Hunting:** the lawful pursuit, trapping, shooting, capture, collection, or killing of wildlife or the attempt to pursue, trap, shoot, capture, collect, or kill wildlife.

**Hunting License:** an electronic or physical license authorizing the person to take a certain type of animal during a specified period of time.

IDNR: Illinois Department of Natural Resources.

**Lead Ammunition:** A projectile containing one or more percent lead by weight.

Migratory Game Birds: Mourning dove, Eurasian collared dove, whitewinged dove, ringed-turtle dove, sora rail, Virginia rail, American woodcock, snipe (Wilson's snipe), American coot, ducks, geese, swans and American crow.

**Possession Limit:** Maximum number or amount of species which can be lawfully held or possessed by one person at any time.

**Protected Species:** Wild birds and wild mammals, including parts, which shall include their nests, eggs and green hides, in the State of Illinois, or which may be brought into the state. See 520 ILCS 5/2.2 of the Wildlife Code for details.

### **Definitions**

Resident: "Resident" means a person who in good faith makes application for any license or permit and verifies by statement that he or she has maintained his or her permanent abode in this state for a period of at least 30 consecutive days immediately preceding the person's application, and who does not maintain permanent abode or claim residency in another state for the purposes of obtaining any of the same or similar licenses or permits covered by the Illinois Wildlife Code. A person's permanent abode is his or her fixed and permanent dwelling place, as distinguished from a temporary or transient place of residence. Domiciliary intent is required to establish that the person is maintaining his or her permanent abode in this State. Evidence of domiciliary intent includes, but is not limited to, the location where the person votes, pays personal income tax or obtains a drivers license. Except for the purposes of obtaining a Lifetime License, any person on active duty in the Armed Forces shall be considered a resident of Illinois during his or her period of military duty.

**Sale:** To sell, barter or otherwise offer goods to another for consideration. The term sale includes serving the same as a part of a meal by any restaurant, hotel or other commercial establishment.

**Scull boat:** a boat propelled by means of an oar fixed in a notch in the transom of a boat and worked in a turning or sculling motion.

Take: To hunt, shoot, pursue, lure, kill, destroy, capture, gig or spear, trap or ensnare, or harass or attempt to do so.

**Transport or Ship:** To convey by means of parcel post, express, freight baggage or shipment by common carrier of any description; or by automobile, motorcycle or other vehicle of any kind; or by water or aircraft of any kind or by any other means of transportation.

**Trap:** To capture, or attempt to capture, by setting or placing a leg-hold trap, cushion-hold trap, body-gripping trap, cage or box trap, snare or other similar device permitted by the Illinois Wildlife Code to capture, hold or kill any protected wildlife.

**Vehicle:** Any device capable of transporting a person on land, on ice, on water, in water or in the air.

Wildlife: Any bird or mammal living in a state of nature without the care of man, including all protected wildlife.



### **Shooting Safety and Skills Clinics**

The IDNR and partners offer "wingshooting" clinics that teach shooting safety, fundamentals and hunting skills using shotguns and moving clay targets. Clinics are held for novice to advanced shooters on weekends throughout Illinois during spring through early fall of each year. Visit the following website for more information, including a calendar of clinics:

dnr.illinois.gov/recreation/wingshooting.html

### **Statewide Regulations**

**Hunting Hours Restrictions** Hunting shall only occur during times specified for those game species in reference to official sunrise-sunset times for the location. Some IDNR sites may have more restricted hunting times. Please refer to the hunter fact sheet for the site specific regulations.

**Possession and Daily Limits You cannot legally** possess wild game birds, wild game mammals or wild fur-bearing mammals or any parts thereof in excess of the legally established daily limit or possession limit, whichever applies.

Maintaining Separate Bag You cannot legally possess wildlife for which there is a daily or possession limit unless each hunter maintains his/her "bag" of such species separately and distinctly from those of all other hunters.

Possessing Another's Wildlife You cannot legally receive or have in custody any protected game belonging to another person, except in the personal abodes of the donor or donee, unless such protected species are tagged with the hunter's or trapper's name and address, the total number of individuals by species and the date such species were harvested. (But see "Possession and Tagging" in Waterfowl Hunting section found on pg. 35.)

Retrieving Killed/Crippled Wildlife (Wanton Waste of Game) You cannot legally kill or cripple any species protected by the Illinois Wildlife Code for which there is a harvest limit without making a reasonable effort to retrieve such species and include it in the harvest limit. It is also unlawful for any person having control over harvested game mammals, game birds, or migratory game birds for which there is a harvest limit to wantonly waste or destroy the usable meat of the game, except this shall not apply to wildlife harvested by means of a nuisance wildlife removal permit or wildlife harvested by means of a scientific collection permit. "Usable meat" means the breast meat of a game bird or migratory game bird and the hind ham and front shoulders of a game mammal. It shall be unlawful for any person to place, leave, dump, or abandon a wildlife carcass or parts of it along or upon a public right-of-way or highway or on public or private property, including a waterway or stream, without the permission of the owner or tenant. It is lawful to properly discard game meat that is determined to be unfit for human consumption.

**Possession of Illegally Harvested Wildlife** <u>You cannot legally</u> possess any species of wildlife or wildlife parts harvested unlawfully in Illinois or any other state or country, whether or not the wildlife or wildlife parts is indigenous to Illinois.

Possession of Freshly Killed Game Out of Season You cannot legally possess any freshly killed game when the season is closed for taking (see Wildlife Conflicts section for Deer Accidentally Killed).

**Selling Wildlife, Feathers etc.** You cannot legally buy, sell, or offer to sell or barter game birds or migratory game birds, or parts thereof, including feathers, nests or eggs (including wild turkey parts) or the edible parts of game mammals except as provided by specific permits.

### **Hunting Near Inhabited Dwellings**

You cannot legally hunt or allow a dog to hunt within 300 yards of an inhabited dwelling without first obtaining permission of the owner or tenant of the dwelling. Except: A 100-yard restriction shall apply while trapping, hunting with bow and arrow, or hunting with shotgun using shotshells only, or on licensed game breeding and hunting preserve areas, on federally owned and managed lands, on IDNR-owned, -managed, -leased or -controlled lands.

### **Hunter Interference**

### You cannot legally:

- interfere with or disturb another person engaged in the lawful taking of a wild animal with intent to prevent the taking, or disturb or engage in an activity that will disturb wild animals, with intent to prevent their lawful taking.
- use a drone in a way that interferes with another person's lawful taking of wildlife or aquatic life. "Drone" means any aerial vehicle that does not carry a human operator.

### **Hunting Devices and Ammunition Restrictions**

### OYou cannot legally:

- hunt or trap any protected species except with a gun, bow and arrow, or trap that is authorized for a specific species and season. See the specific species sections for additional information.
- use any shotgun larger than 10 gauge while taking or attempting to harvest any protected species. Barrel length shall not be less than 18 inches, and the overall length shall not be less than 26 inches.
- hunt with, or have in your possession while hunting, a shotgun shell with shot larger than lead shot size BB, steel shot size T or number BBB of any other non-toxic shot. Except: Shot size is unrestricted for furbearer hunting and deer may be harvested with a shotgun no larger than 10 gauge or smaller than 20 gauge loaded with slugs.
- harvest any species of wild game except deer and furbearers with a shotgun loaded with slugs.
- use a shotgun capable of holding more than three shells in the magazine and chamber combined. Any shotgun having a capacity of more than three shells must be fitted with a one-piece plug that is irremovable without dismantling the shotgun or otherwise altered to render it incapable of holding more than three shells in the magazine and chamber combined. Except: This does not apply on licensed hunting preserves unless hunting wild migratory game birds and does not apply during Conservation Order light goose (snow, blue and Ross' geese) seasons.
- use a rifle, handgun or airgun to harvest game birds or migratory game birds.
- · discharge a rifle, handgun or airgun on, over or into water or ice.
- · use a gun equipped with a silencer.
- use or possess any other firearm or ammunition in the field while hunting white-tailed deer except as listed in the "Firearm and Muzzleloader Deer Hunting" section on page 18 or as provided in the Firearm Concealed Carry Act. Note: The lawful possession of rifles to harvest furbearing mammals and game mammals other than whitetailed deer shall not be prohibited during the Youth Deer Season, Muzzleloading Rifle Deer Season, Special CWD season and the Late Winter Antlerless-only Deer Season.



### What are you developing?

### Residential

### · Plant Management

- · Plant Manageme
- · Pollinators
- · Wildlife Habitat
- Aquatics & Water Resources

### Commercial

- Endangered Species
   & Construction
- Sustainable Development
- · Outdoor Lighting
- · Soil Erosion Control

# cicada-idnr.org









CICADA is a collaborative effort led by the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Office of Realty & Cspital Planning, and the National Great Rivers Research and Education Center. The CICADA website was developed with funding from the Illinois Wildlife Preservation Fund. Those funds are to be used for preserving, protecting, perpetuating, and enhancing non-game wildlife in the state.

### THANK YOU!

To all of you who have completed and returned surveys about your harvest and hunting and trapping activities in Illinois, we thank you. The Illinois Department of Natural Resources has partnered with the Illinois Natural History Survey for 30 years to gather important input on hunting and wildlife management in Illinois. Information from you and your fellow hunters and trappers helps guide the management of Illinois' wildlife resources and evaluate changes to hunting and trapping regulations.



### Michael Wefer

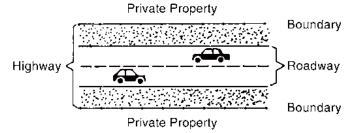
Chief, Wildlife Resources Division Illinois Department of Natural Resources

### Hunting From Vehicles, Boats, and use of Drones

It is unlawful to take, pursue or intentionally harass or disturb in any manner any wild birds or mammals by use or aid of any vehicle, conveyance, or unmanned aircraft [drone] except as permitted by the Code of Federal Regulations for the taking of waterfowl. Exception: Paraplegics or other disabled persons, with a permit from the Office of Law Enforcement, may hunt from any stationary motor vehicle or stationary motor-driven land conveyance. Note: It is legal to hunt game birds and game mammals (except deer and furbearing mammals) from a boat not camouflaged or disguised to alter its identity or further provide a place of concealment and not propelled by sail or mechanical power. A boat merely painted in a camouflage pattern is not considered camouflaged and may be used to hunt under conditions specified above. See exceptions to boat use in the Waterfowl Hunting section of this digest.

### **Hunting from Roads**

You cannot legally hunt, trap or discharge a gun or bow and arrow device along, upon, across or from a public roadway, highway or right-of-way. Highway (right-of-way) means the entire width between the boundary lines of every public road. Roadway means the portion of the public road that is improved or ordinarily used for vehicle travel, excluding the berm or shoulder.



### **Hunting Near Fires**

You cannot legally hunt adjacent to or near any peat, grass, brush or other flammable substance when it is burning.

### **Transporting Shotguns on Boats**

<u>You cannot legally</u> place, carry, possess or transport a shotgun on a boat of any type in an area under the jurisdiction of IDNR from 1 Feb to 31 May inclusive, except a person having a valid, unfilled turkey permit and licensed or authorized hunters legally hunting wildlife in season.

### Transporting Firearms and Bow and Arrow Devices in Vehicles

### You cannot legally:

- have or carry a shotgun, rifle, handgun or airgun in or on any vehicle, conveyance or aircraft unless the firearm or airgun is unloaded and completely enclosed in a case except as noted in the Blinds section of Waterfowl Hunting in this digest. Also see Hunting From Vehicles and Boats and "FAQs" hereafter.
- carry a bow or bow and arrow device in or on a vehicle, conveyance or aircraft unless it is unstrung or enclosed in a case, or otherwise made inoperable.

### **Concealed Carry**

For questions involving Concealed Carry, please reference 430 ILCS 66 (Firearm Concealed Carry Act)

### Night Hunting with Lights, Shining Wildlife

It is unlawful to take, pursue or intentionally harass or disturb in any manner any wild birds or mammals by use or aid of any vehicle, or conveyance, or unmanned aircraft [drone]. It is unlawful to use the lights of any vehicle or conveyance, any light connected to any vehicle or conveyance, or any other lighting device or mechanism from inside or on a vehicle or conveyance in any area where wildlife may be found. This does not prohibit normal use of headlamps for driving upon a roadway. Other lighting device or mechanism shall include, but not be limited to, any device that uses infrared or other light not visible to the naked eye, electronic image intensification, active illumination, thermal imaging, or night vision except: skunk, opossum, red or gray fox, coyote and raccoon may be harvested during the open season using a small hand-operated light by a person who is on foot and not in any vehicle.

### **Property Laws**

### **Purple Paint Law**

Landowners or lessees can mark trees or posts on private land with purple paint as a "no trespassing" notice. See 720 ILCS 5/21-3 for further information.

### **Damaging Property while Hunting**

<u>You cannot legally</u> damage or destroy another person's property while hunting or trapping on his/her land.

### **Private Land Permission and Access**

It is unlawful for any person to take (see definition of "take") or attempt to take any species of wildlife or parts thereof or intentionally or wantonly allow a dog to hunt, within or upon the land of another, or upon waters flowing over or standing on the land of another, or to knowingly shoot a gun or bow and arrow device at any wildlife physically on or flying over the property of another without first obtaining permission from the owner or the owner's designee. For the purposes of this law, the owner's designee means anyone whom the owner designates in a written authorization and the authorization must contain (i) the legal or common description of property, (ii) the extent that the owner's designee is authorized to make decisions regarding who is allowed to take or attempt to take any species of wildlife or parts thereof, and (iii) the owner's notarized signature.

Illinois law does not grant the right of trespass for the purpose of retrieving wounded or crippled wildlife or hunting dogs. Secure permission from the landowner or tenant before entering any property. Your conduct while hunting and trapping can influence the landowner's decision to allow future hunting or trapping. Note: Railroad rights-of-way are private property and permission from the owner is needed before hunting or trapping.

# Possession of Captive-reared Game Mammals and Birds

You cannot legally hold, possess or engage in the raising of game mammals, game birds or migratory game birds without obtaining a Class A Noncommercial or Class B Commercial Game and Game Bird Breeders Permit. Permit holders must keep detailed records of the acquisition and disposal of each species. Class B permit holders must keep records of sales. Records must be available for inspection by IDNR and peace officers. Complete regulations are available in the Wildlife Code [520 ILCS 5/3.23] at <a href="https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs3.asp?ActID=1729&ChapterID=43">www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs3.asp?ActID=1729&ChapterID=43</a>

### Taxidermy Laws

Any person who engages in the business of taxidermy must obtain an IDNR permit. Persons taking animals to a taxidermist must be able to prove that the animal was legally harvested. Taxidermists are required to keep written records of all animals received. All animals in their possession must be properly tagged or labeled. For further information contact an IDNR office.

### **Outfitter Regulation Information**

The development of outfitter regulations was initiated by concerned hunters and outfitters. Their interests were to ensure hunters utilizing outfitters were provided the proper services and treatment, to strengthen the reputation of the outfitting industry in Illinois, and to ensure the proper management of the state's deer herd, wild turkey flock, and waterfowl resource. To apply for an Outfitter Permit or obtain a complete copy of the regulations contained in 17 Ill. Admin. Code. 640 go to dnr.illinois.gov or contact the Office of Law Enforcement (217) 782-6431.

### **Falconry**

State falconry permits, issued in accordance with federal regulations 50 CFR 21.29, are required to take, possess and transport hawks, falcons and great horned owls for falconry purposes. Call the Office of Law Enforcement for details at (217) 782-6431 or email <a href="mailto:Brian.Clark@illinois.gov">Brian.Clark@illinois.gov</a>.

### Dogs — Deer and Turkey

<u>You cannot legally</u> allow your dog to chase, harass or kill deer or turkey. Dogs may be used for hunting, except for deer and turkey. See section "Hunting Deer with Dogs, Horses, Vehicles, Boats and Aircraft."

### Field Trial and Dog Training

### You cannot legally:

- hold a field trial, organized night hunt, water race or other competitive event involving sporting dogs without first obtaining a IDNR permit. Applications must be submitted 4 weeks prior to the event.
- possess any firearm or ammunition other than a pistol loaded with blank cartridges while training dogs when hunting seasons are closed, except on an authorized field trial or dog training area.
   When training dogs from sunset to sunrise, no person in, along with, or accompanying the dog training party shall be in possession of a firearm or live ammunition, except pistols capable of firing only blank cartridges, unless in accordance with the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
- If using live birds in training area, the operator must obtain a wild game breeder's permit (217-785-3423) and dog training area permit (217-785-8129) from IDNR. Complete information about field trials and dog training is available at dnr.illinois.gov.

### **Feeding Wildlife**

<u>You cannot legally</u> make available food, salt, mineral blocks or other products for ingestion by wild deer or other wildlife. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days following the removal of the bait.

### Except

- elevated bird/squirrel feeders providing seed, grain, fruit, worms or suet for birds or squirrels located within 100 feet of a dwelling devoted to human occupancy.
- · incidental feeding of wildlife within active livestock operations.
- feeding of wild animals, other than wild deer, by hand as long as a reasonable attempt is made to clean up unconsumed food.
- feeders for wildlife other than deer so long as deer are excluded from the feed in and around the feeder by fencing or other barriers.
- grain or other feed scattered or distributed solely as a result of normal agricultural, gardening or soil stabilization practices.
- standing, flooded or manipulated natural vegetation or food/seed deposited by natural vegetation.
- grain or other feed distributed or scattered solely as the result of manipulation of an agricultural crop or other feed on the land where grown, for purposes of dove hunting.
- food material placed for capturing or killing wildlife pursuant to 520 ILCS 5/2.37, 2.30, and 1.3.
- scientific permits issued pursuant to 17 III. Adm. Code 520 that allow food to attract wildlife.
- any other special permits issued by IDNR that require the attraction of wildlife for purposes of management, research or control.



### Releasing Wildlife and Possessing Live Wildlife

### You cannot legally:

- release from captivity any wildlife except as authorized by IDNR or as authorized by permits for a field trial, dog training area, game breeding and hunting preserve area, or wild game and bird breeder permits.
- carry into this state alive or possess alive any species of protected wildlife taken outside of this state without first obtaining IDNR permission, except licensed game breeders, as permitted by the Illinois Wildlife Code.
- take wildlife and retain it alive (except as provided in 17 III. Adm. Code 970).

### Hawks, Eagles, and Owls Protected

<u>You cannot legally</u> harvest, or attempt to harvest, molest or disturb any hawk, eagle, or owl or parts thereof (including feather, nests, and eggs), at any time, except as provided by falconry regulations.

### If You Find an Injured or Orphaned Animal

- Most wild birds and mammals in Illinois are considered a protected species and picking up or possessing the animal outside of a legal hunting season is unlawful.
- If you suspect an animal is injured or orphaned, do not attempt to rescue the animal, call a wildlife rehabilitator immediately.
- Go to: www.wildlifeillinois.org/list-of-licensed-wildliferehabilitators/ for a rehabilitator in your area.
- Stay calm and quiet when you are around the animal and leave it alone to minimize stress.
- · Do not feed or provide fluids to the animal.

### **Protection and Care of Wildlife**

- All wild birds (EXCEPT the house sparrow, European starling and domestic pigeon) and parts thereof (their nests and eggs) are protected. Wild turkey, purple swamphen, muscovy duck and game birds listed in this digest are legal to harvest.
- Wild mammals and parts thereof, including their green hides, are
  protected EXCEPT as authorized by a hunting or trapping season,
  and include: woodchuck, gray squirrel, fox squirrel, eastern cottontail
  rabbit, swamp rabbit, white-tailed deer, muskrat, beaver, raccoon,
  opossum, least weasel, long-tailed weasel, mink, striped skunk, red fox,
  gray fox, river otter, bobcat, badger and coyote.
- All white white-tailed deer, grey/timber wolves, flying squirrel, red squirrel, white squirrel, eastern woodrat, golden mouse, rice rat, bats, mountain lion and black bear and parts thereof, including their green hides, are protected throughout the year and cannot legally be harvested. Note: piebald deer are legal to harvest.
- You cannot legally take, possess, sell or offer for sale any such wild birds (dead or alive) and parts thereof (including their nests and eggs), or such wild mammals (dead or alive) and parts thereof, including their green hides, contrary to the provisions of the Illinois Wildlife Code.
- You cannot legally bring into Illinois for the purpose of holding, releasing, propagating or selling any other living wild animal not listed as a protected species in Illinois Wildlife Code (520 ILCS 5/) without first obtaining an IDNR permit. Contact the Division of Wildlife Resources at (217) 785-2614 for more information.

### **Duty to Report Hunting and Trapping Accidents**

Every hunting or trapping accident involving serious personal injury including falls from elevated tree stands or a gunshot or archery wound must be reported to IDNR within 5 days. Persons involved in a hunting or trapping accident must render assistance to persons affected by the accident provided they can do so without serious danger to themselves and others. Accidents must be reported on forms obtained from the Safety Education Section at 1-800-832-2599 or <a href="mailto:dnr.illinois.gov/safety/incidentreportsummaries.html">dnr.illinois.gov/safety/incidentreportsummaries.html</a>



### **Authority of Conservation Police Officers (CPOs)**

All Conservation Police Officers are empowered, pursuant to law, to enter all lands and waters to enforce the provisions of the Wildlife Code and Administrative Rules.

### Serving Since 1885 Illinois Conservation Police

To be a vigilant guardian of the natural resources, public safety and homeland security of Illinois.

The Illinois Conservation Police would like to thank YOU, the sportsmen and women of Illinois, for your continued support over the last 138 years. It's your passion for conservation that has enabled us to protect the natural resources of this great state while providing a safe place to enjoy the outdoors. Our unique partnership will continue to provide future generations with lifelong outdoor recreational opportunities.

### **Contacting a Conservation Police Officer**

The Department of Natural Resources' Office of Law Enforcement developed the Target Illinois Poachers program to encourage any concerned citizen who witnesses a poaching offense to report the violation, such as poaching or polluting.

Good law enforcement is everybody's responsibility. If you see a violation, report it. Let's Target Illinois' Poachers and Polluters!

Internet:

dnr.illinois.gov/lawenforcement/target-poachers

# REPORT VIOLATIONS TO: 1-877-2DNRLAW (236-7529)

Operates 24 hrs./day, 7 days a week.

Contact a CPO: dnr.illinois.gov/lawenforcement

Ameritech Relay 1-800-526-0644 for the deaf and hearing impaired.

For all other requests for an Illinois Conservation Police Officer after regular business hours, contact your Illinois State Police district HQ dispatch center.

### **Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact**

Illinois is a participating member of the Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact.

### How the IWVC works:

- · Compact membership applies to aquatic life and wildlife violations.
- Anyone that receives an aquatic life or wildlife privilege suspension in a compact state will also be suspended in Illinois for the duration of the out of state suspension.
- A violator who fails to comply with the terms of a citation issued in a participating state faces the possibility of the suspension of his/her privileges in his/her home state until the terms of the citation are met.
- The Compact provides for the reciprocal recognition of the suspension of license privileges by participating states. (Illinois has recognized suspensions imposed by other states for several years. Membership in the Compact allows other states to recognize Illinois' suspensions.)
- The Compact provides that information on convictions in participating states may be forwarded to the home state of the violator.
- IWVC not only assures equal treatment of residents and non-residents of participating states, but also enhances the law enforcement services and deterrent value of time spent patrolling by uniformed officers. The reciprocal recognition of suspensions between states is intended to address the problems associated with the mobility of many violators.

# JOIN THE SAFETY EDUCATION TEAM TODAY!

The Illinois Department of Natural Resources Safety Education is looking for volunteer Hunter Safety and Trapper Safety instructors. Any persons 18 and older interested in hunting/trapping education can become a Certified Volunteer Safety Education Instructor. With over 300 classes in 102 counties good volunteers are always needed. Preserve your hunting and trapping traditions. Contact IDNR now!



For further information concerning the Safety Education Programs, contact:

Illinois Department of Natural Resources Safety Education Section

One Natural Resources Way, Springfield, IL 62702-1271

# THANK YOU TO OUR CORPORATE MEMBERS Your support helps build, preserve, and restore conservation across the state of Illinois. To become a corporate member, please visit ilconservation.org or call 217-785-2003



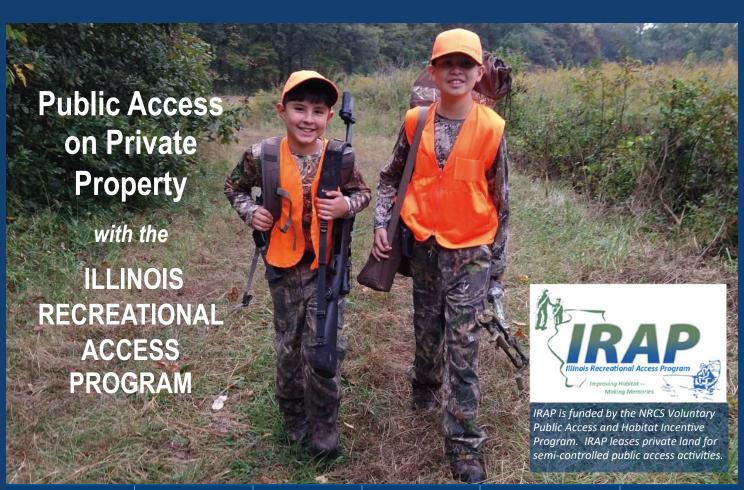






**SCHEELS** 

ROBERT H. TORSTENSON FAMILY FOUNDATION



Activity	Who Can Apply	How	When to Apply	IRAP Activity Date	Additional Information
Youth TURKEY Hunting	Licensed youth hunters age 17 and under	Complete online application	Online application available November 20	Youth Spring Turkey Season	Must hunt with a non-hunting adult
Spring TURKEY Seasons 3 & 4	Any licensed hunter	Complete online application	Online application available November 20	North/South zones 3rd and 4th spring seasons	
SPORTFISHING	Any licensed angler	Register and reserve a site online	Online reservations available March 25	April 1—September 30 Friday—Monday	Bank Fishing Only
SQUIRREL Hunting	Any licensed hunter	Register and reserve a site online	Online reservations available July 25	August - September 15	Up to 4 in hunting group
Youth Firearm DEER hunting	Licensed youth hunters age 17 and under	Complete online application	Online application available July 1	Second 3-day weekend in October	Must hunt with a non-hunting adult
Archery DEER Hunting	Any licensed hunter	Complete online application	Online application available July 1	Month of October and December 16-31	
WATERFOWL Hunting	Any licensed hunter	Complete online application	Application available August 15	November 1 - December 31	Blinds or stakes on site; Dogs allowed; up to 4 in hunting group
UPLAND GAME with RABBIT Hunting	Any licensed hunter	Complete online application	Application available October 1	2-day weekend hunts; Last 3 weekends of December	Dogs allowed; Up to 4 in hunting group
RABBIT Hunting	Any licensed hunter	Register and reserve a site online	Online reservations available November 25	December 10-31	Dogs Allowed; up to 4 in hunting group

IRAP is available to Illinois residents and non-residents. A participant must have an IRAP site permit and reservation prior to using any site. Participants must follow all laws and obtain necessary permits and licenses as outlined in the Illinois Digest of Hunting and Trapping and Fishing Regulations.

Additional information can be found at:: https://dnr.illinois.gov/conservation/irap.html or by calling 217-782-0137

# Wildlife llinois

- Get Help with Wildlife Identification
- Control & Prevent Damage
- Find Wildlife Control Operators & Wildlife Rehabilitators
- Learn About Seasonal **Behaviors**
- Report Sightings
- **Request Permits**

(O) @livingwithwildlifeillinois

f /livingwithwildlifeillinois

Wildlife Illinois is a collaborative effort of people and institutions led by the National Great Rivers Research and Education Center in Illinois. Other organizations include the Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR), Division of Wildlife Resources and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration. Funding for *Wildlife Illinois* was made available through Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Project W-147-T.











# White-tailed Deer Illinois



### Learn About:

- Deer Ecology & Management
- Management by the Numbers
- Report Sick or Dead Deer
- Get Tips to Control Damage
- Find Harvest Information

# deer.wildlifeillinois.org





f (O) livingwithwildlifeillinois

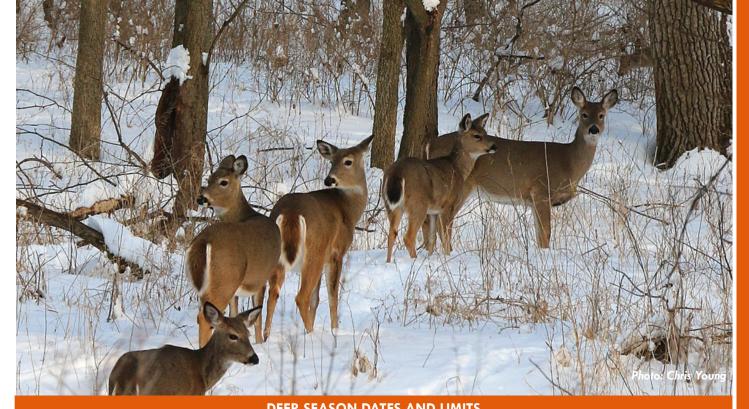
White-tailed Deer Illinois is a collaborative effort led by the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Division of Wildlife Resources, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration, and the National Great Rivers Research and Education Center. Funding for White-tailed Deer Illinois was made available through Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Project W-147-T.











DEER SEASON DATES AND LIMITS								
SEASON	<b>DATES</b> (inclusive)	HOURS	LIMITS	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS				
Archery (Counties with a firearm season and west of Route 47 in Kane County)	1 Oct-16 Nov and 20-29 Nov and 4 Dec 2023-14 Jan 2024		One deer per archery permit	**See footnote below				
Archery (Cook, DuPage, Lake and Kane [east of route 47] Counties)	1 Oct 2023-14 Jan 2024		One deer per archery permit	**See footnote below				
<b>Firearm</b> (Shotgun, Muzzleloader, Handgun and Single Shot Centerfire Rifle)	17-19 Nov and 30 Nov - 3 Dec 2023	½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after	One deer per firearm permit	**See footnote below				
Muzzleloader	8-10 Dec 2023		One deer per muzzleloader permit	**See footnote below				
Special CWD	<b>28-31 Dec 2023</b> and <b>12-14 Jan 2024</b>	sunset	One deer per valid permit	Antlered deer limit in footnote below does not apply to this season. See Special CWD Deer Hunting section for open counties.				
Late Winter Antlerless (Shotgun, Muzzleloader, Handgunand Single Shot Centerfire Rifle)	<b>28-31 Dec 2023</b> and <b>12-14 Jan 2024</b>		One antlerless deer per permit	Counties open during this season will be posted online in October.				
Youth Firearm	7-9 Oct 2023		One deer	**See footnote below				

<sup>\*\*</sup>No hunter, regardless of the quantity or type of permits in his/her possession, may harvest more than two antlered deer during a year, including the youth, archery, muzzleloader and firearm seasons except as allowed during the special CWD season. For this harvest limit, deer seasons are in the same year if their opening dates are within the same 12-month period that begins July 1.

Deer H	s (doe	s not i	nclude	vendor d	or transaction fees)		
	Р	rice	How	to app	y for or p	ourchase	
License/Permit/Stamp	Resident	Non-Resident	Lottery	Online	Vendors	Paper App	Specifications
Hunting License	Variable	Variable		х	x		See Statewide Regulations section for license types
State Habitat Stamp	\$5.00	\$5.00		x	x		Purchasers of a lifetime hunting license prior to Jan 1, 1993 and legally disabled veterans and former prisoners of war are exempt from this stamp.
Super Senior Habitat Stamp	Free	n/a		х	х		Must be 75 or older and pay vendor fees.
<b>Deer Firearm Permits</b>							
Either-Sex (ES) Permit	\$25.00	\$300.00	х	х	х	х	
Antlerless-Only (AO) Permit	\$17.50	\$25.00 or \$100.00	x	x	x	x	Non-resident applicants must possess an ES permit to be eligible for a discounted (\$25) AO permit. The nonresident \$100 permit is only available at license vendors.
Deer Muzzleloader Peri	mits						
Either-Sex Permit	\$25.00	\$300.00	х	х	х	х	
Antlerless-Only Permit	\$1 <i>7</i> .50	\$25.00 or \$100.00	x	x	x	x	Non-resident applicants must possess an ES permit to be eligible for a discounted (\$25) AO permit. The nonresident \$100 permit is only available at license vendors.
<b>Deer Archery Permits</b>							
Combination Archery Permit (1 either-sex & 1 antlerless permit)	\$25.00	\$410.00		x	x		Non-residents may obtain permits online from 6/1 until 6/30, after which permits are only available over-the-counter at vendors. Non-resident youth (<18 yrs.) may purchase a resident Combination Archery Permit for \$25.
Single Either-Sex Permit	\$1 <i>5</i> .00	n/a				х	
Single Antlerless-Only Permit	\$1 <i>7.</i> 50	\$25.00 or \$100.00			x		Non-resident applicants must possess an archery ES permit to be eligible for a discounted (\$25) single AO permit.
Deer Landowner Permit	ls						
Combination Firearm Permit (1 either-sex & 1 antlerless permit)	Free	\$1 <i>75</i> .00				x	Landowners and resident tenants (of commercial agricultural leases) must have at least 39.5 acres of land to qualify
Combination Archery Permit (1 either-sex & 1 antlerless permit)	Free	\$210.00				х	for landowner permits. Permits are only valid on the owned/leased land. See 17 IL Adm. Rule 0528 at <a href="mailto:dnr.illinois.gov/adrules.html">dnr.illinois.gov/adrules.html</a> .
Deer Youth Firearm Per	mits						
Either-Sex Permit	\$10.00	\$10.00			х		
Deer Late Winter Firear	m Permit	s					
County-specific Antlerless-only	\$1 <i>7.5</i> 0	n/a			х		Open counties to be publicly announced; see our website at dnr.illinois.gov/
Special Hunt Area Antlerless-only	\$1 <i>7.5</i> 0	n/a		х			hunting/deerhunting.html
Special Chronic Wasting	Disease	e Season D	eer Per	mits			
County-specific Antlerless-only	\$5.00	\$5.00			х		See SPECIAL CWD DEER HUNTING
Special Hunt Area Antlerless-only	\$1 <i>7.5</i> 0	n/a		х			section for open counties.

### **HUNTING CREDENTIALS AND REQUIREMENTS**

- To hunt deer, residents and non-residents will need a hunting license, a habitat stamp, and at least one pertinent deer permit listed in the Deer Hunting Credentials table. Exemptions to these requirements are specified in the table. For residency qualification, see Resident definition in Statewide Regulations.
- ES = deer of either sex; AO = antlerless-only deer.

### You cannot legally:

- hunt deer without an IDNR permit.
- · hunt deer unless the permit is properly signed and in the hunter's possession while hunting.
- · transfer, loan, use, possess or falsify any license, permit, tag, or harvest record issued to another person.
- harvest an antiered deer with an antierless-only permit. An antiered deer is defined as a deer having at least one antier of a length of 3 inches or more. An antierless deer is defined as a deer without antiers or a deer having antiers less than 3 inches long.
- · hunt deer in a county or area other than specified on the permit.
- move, transport or field dress a deer upon kill before properly attaching the temporary harvest tag as instructed on the permit. Deer must be tagged immediately upon kill.





### **BE PREPARED**

Tick ranges are spreading rapidly in Illinois & prevention is important for you, your family, & your pets.

### TREAT EVERYTHING

Treat all gear & clothes with permethrin by following product instructions.

- Permethrin is for clothes & gear only—not skin. It lasts for several washes and is odorless.
- Spray in a well-ventilated area & hang to dry.
- Watch a "How To" video: www.illymeassociation.org/info-for-hunters

### **CHECK FOR TICKS WHEN YOU COME INSIDE**

- Use a masking tape lint roller over your clothes.
- Put your clothes in the dryer on the hottest setting for 20 minutes to kill ticks.
- Take a shower & continue to check for ticks. Try using a mirror to look in folds, creases, & between toes.





### LAY DOWN A PERMETHRIN-TREATED SHEET

Lay down a pre-treated permethrin-coated sheet under your harvest. As ticks fall from the harvest, they'll land on the sheet & die. Collect ticks (wear gloves!) & send for tick identification or testing (https://tinyurl.com/inhs-tick-identification).

### **Deer Harvest Limit**

- You cannot legally kill more than one deer per permit during any deer hunting season.
- No hunter, regardless of the quantity or type of permits in his/her possession, may harvest more than two antlered deer during a year, including the youth, archery, firearm and muzzleloader seasons.
- For the purpose of this harvest limit, deer seasons are considered to be in the same year if their opening dates are within the same 12-month period that begins July 1.
- Deer harvested during the special CWD deer season (select counties only) do not count toward the antlered buck limit.
- You cannot legally harvest any all-white white-tailed deer at any time.
   Piebald deer are legal to harvest.

# Deer Hunting Regulations (in addition to Statewide Regulations)

### Firearm and Archery Equipment Regulations

### You cannot legally:

- use or possess any other firearm or ammunition in the field, unless legal for that season, while hunting white-tailed deer except as provided in the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
- carry a loaded gun or bow with a nocked arrow in the field except during legal hunting hours or in accordance with the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

### **Tree Stand Requirements**

### You cannot legally:

- use more than one tree stand or ground blind at an IDNR owned or managed site.
- construct or use any tree stand using nails, screws or any device which pierces or cuts the bark of the tree on which it is installed on an IDNR owned or managed site. Tree stands must be portable and removed at the end of each day, unless otherwise specified in site-specific regulations.

### **Clothing Requirements**

A solid blaze orange or blaze pink cap/hat and an upper outer garment displaying at least 400 square inches of solid blaze orange or blaze pink material must be worn:

- to hunt deer during all firearm deer seasons in counties open for firearm deer seasons.
- to track wounded deer with a dog during all firearm deer seasons.
- · by individuals accompanying youth during youth firearm deer hunts.



You cannot legally use or occupy a ground blind during any firearm deer season on IDNR-owned or -managed land unless at least 400 square inches of solid, vivid blaze orange or blaze pink material is securely attached to the uppermost portion of the blind and a substantial amount of orange or pink is visible for 360 degrees. Camouflage blaze orange or camouflage blaze pink does not meet clothing or ground blind requirements.

### Deer Hunting with a Single Shot Centerfire Rifle

This section regarding Single Shot Centerfire Rifles went into effect January 1st, 2023.

- "Centerfire" means a gun that will only fire a round that contains the primer in the center of the cartridge and not in the rim of the cartridge.
- "Single shot" means a gun that is either manufactured or modified to only be capable of holding a total of one round in the magazine and chamber combined. "Single shot" does not include: (a) a rifle in the possession of a person who is also in possession of or in close proximity to a magazine that would allow the rifle to be capable of holding more than one round or (b) a revolver. A gun shall be considered single shot if there is no magazine in the possession of or in close proximity to a hunter in the field and the gun can only hold a total of one round.
- After January 1st, 2023, you cannot legally take deer except with a shotgun, handgun, single shot centerfire rifle, muzzleloading rifle, or bow and arrow as authorized for the season that is being hunted.
- The only legal ammunition for a centerfire handgun or rifle is a bottleneck centerfire cartridge of .30 caliber or larger with a case length not exceeding one and two-fifths inches, or a straight-walled centerfire cartridge of .30 caliber or larger, both of which must be available as a factory load with the published ballistic tables of the manufacturer showing a capability of at least 500 foot pounds of energy at the muzzle. Full metal jacket bullets may not be used to harvest deer.
- Further information visit: <a href="mailto:dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/law-change-that-affects-hunting-season.html">dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/law-change-that-affects-hunting-season.html</a>



### **Tracking Deer with Dogs**

You cannot legally use a dog, horse, automobile, aircraft, boat or other vehicle to harvest deer with a firearm or bow and arrow. Dogs may, however, be used to track wounded deer if the following conditions are met:

- Any person using a dog for tracking wounded deer must maintain physical control of the dog at all times by means of a maximum 50 foot lead attached to the dog's collar or harness.
- Tracking wounded deer is permissible at night, but at no time outside
  of legal deer hunting hours or seasons shall any person handling or
  accompanying a dog being used for tracking wounded deer be in
  possession of any firearm or archery device.
- Persons tracking wounded deer with a dog during the firearm seasons shall wear blaze orange or blaze pink as required.
- Dog handlers tracking wounded deer with a dog are exempt from hunting license and deer permit requirements so long as they are accompanied by the licensed deer hunter who wounded the deer. You cannot legally track deer with dogs on any IDNR-owned or -managed site during hours when deer hunting is open on the site.

### **Hunting Deer Over Salt, Mineral or Bait**

You cannot legally to feed deer at any time and/or take deer by the use or aid of bait or baiting of any kind. Despite their widespread availability, deer baits and attractants commonly sold in stores are also illegal to use at any time except for use by properly licensed owners of captive cervids while feeding captive animals. For the purpose of this section, "bait" means any material, whether liquid or solid, including food, salt, minerals and other products that can be ingested, placed or scattered in such a manner as to attract or lure white-tailed deer. "Baiting" means the placement or scattering of bait to attract deer. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days following the removal of the bait.

For the purposes of taking white-tailed deer, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the manipulation, including mowing or cutting, of standing crops as a normal agricultural or soil stabilization practice, food plots or normal agricultural practices, including planting, harvesting and maintenance, such as cultivating, or the use of products designed for scent only and not capable of ingestion, solid or liquid, placed or scattered, in such a manner as to attract or lure deer.

### **Driving Deer on IDNR-Controlled Properties**

You cannot legally "drive deer", or participate in a deer drive, on IDNR-owned or IDNR-managed properties during all deer seasons. A deer drive is defined as a deliberate action by one or more persons (whether armed or unarmed) whose intent is to cause deer to move within firearm range of one or more participating hunters.

### **Transportation**

- To taxidermist if the head/antlers are delivered to a taxidermist for processing, the confirmation number/temporary harvest tag must be recorded on the 'head tag' portion of the permit and both must remain with the deer at the taxidermist.
- To meat processor if the carcass is taken to a meat processor, the
  permanent tag or temporary harvest tag (leg tag) with confirmation
  number must remain with the deer while it is processed, and until it is
  at the legal residence of the person who legally took or possessed the
  deer.
- To tanner persons delivering deer/parts of a deer to a tanner for processing must supply the tanner with their deer permit number to verify lawful acquisition. In the absence of a permit number, the tanner may rely on the written certification of the person from whom the deer was received that the specimen was legally harvested or obtained.

### **Exportation of Deer by Non-residents**

Non-resident hunters who harvest a wild deer in Illinois should contact the state wildlife agency in states they will be traveling through, including their home state, to inquire about regulations related to possession/transportation of deer carcasses and/or parts of carcasses through the state in question as regulations vary from state to state.

### **Importation of Animal Carcasses and Parts**

Importation of hunter-harvested deer and elk carcasses into Illinois is prohibited except:

- deboned meat, antlers, antlers attached to skull caps, hides, upper canine teeth (also known as "buglers," "whistlers," or "ivories"). Skull caps shall be cleaned of all brain and muscle tissue;
- · finished taxidermy mounts;
- carcasses or parts of carcasses with the spinal column or head attached may be transported in the state only if they are submitted to a licensed meat processor or a licensed taxidermist for processing within 72 hours after entry; licensed meat processors and taxidermists shall dispose of all inedible tissue not listed in the first dot point in a properly permitted landfill or with a renderer; tissues can be imported into the state for use by a diagnostic or research laboratory.

NOTE: Nothing in this Part shall prevent renderers regulated under the Illinois Dead Animal Disposal Act [225 ILCS 610] with Class A or B licenses from transporting cervid carcasses or parts into the state for the purpose of rendering.

### **Mandatory Deer Harvest Registration**

- All deer harvested during muzzleloader, youth, archery, late winter antlerless-only, special CWD season and during firearm season in counties without CWD surveillance must be registered by 10 p.m. on the same calendar day the deer was harvested by calling the toll-free telephone check-in system at 1-866-452-4325 (1-866-ILCHECK) or by accessing the online check-in system at <a href="www.exploremoreil.com/wildlife/harvest">www.exploremoreil.com/wildlife/harvest</a>
- In non-CWD surveillance counties the harvest confirmation number must be written by the hunter onto the temporary harvest tag (leg tag). If the condition of the tag precludes writing on the tag in the appropriate space (i.e., bloody, etc.), the confirmation number shall be written else where on the tag, or onto a piece of paper and attached to the deer along with the temporary harvest tag.
- The deer must remain whole (or field dressed) until it has been checked in. In instances where deer are checked in while the hunter is still afield, the deer may not be dismembered while afield beyond quartering the animal. If quartered, all parts of the carcass (except the entrails removed during field dressing) must be transported together and evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to one quarter. Evidence of sex is:
  - For a buck: head with antlers attached to carcass, or attached testicle, scrotum or penis.
  - For a doe: head attached to carcass or attached udder (mammary) or yulva.
- The temporary harvest tag (leg tag) and confirmation number or permanent leg tag must remain attached to the deer until it is at the legal residence of the person who legally took or possessed the deer, the deer has been checked in, and final processing is complete.
- Deer harvested in CWD surveillance counties (Boone, Carroll, DeKalb, Grundy, Jo Daviess, Kane, Kankakee, Kendall, LaSalle, Livingston, McHenry, Ogle, Stephenson, Will, and Winnebago) during firearm deer seasons must be physically registered at any designated check station and receive a permanent leg tag, see pg. 20 for more details.



### Firearm and Muzzleloader Deer Hunting

### **Counties Open**

 All counties except Cook, DuPage, Lake and that portion of Kane County east of State Route 47, are open to firearm/muzzleloader deer hunting.

### **Legal Hunting Equipment**

- Shotguns, loaded with slugs only, of not larger than 10 nor smaller than 20 gauge, not capable of firing more than three consecutive slugs; or
- Single or double barreled muzzleloading rifles of at least .45 caliber shooting a single projectile through a barrel of at least 16 inches in length; or
- · Single shot centerfire rifle (see page 16 for more details); or
- Centerfire revolvers or centerfire single-shot handguns of .30 caliber or larger with a minimum barrel length of 4 inches.
- A muzzleloading rifle is defined as a rifle into which the projectile is incapable of being inserted from the breech end.
- Only blackpowder or a "blackpowder substitute" such as Pyrodex may be used. Modern smokeless powders (nitrocellulose-based) are an approved blackpowder substitute only in muzzleloading firearms specifically designed for their use.
- Percussion caps (shotgun primers are legal percussion caps), wheellock, matchlock or flint type ignition only may be used, except a muzzleloader with an electronic ignition is legal to use.
- A muzzleloading firearm is considered unloaded when: removal of percussion cap or removal of prime powder from frizzen pan with frizzen open and hammer all the way down or removal of prime powder from flashpan and wheel unwound or removal of prime powder and match with match not lit, or removal of the battery from the electronic ignition.
- During firearm deer season hunters with a valid, unfilled Firearm Deer Permit may, on private land only, use archery equipment meeting all legal requirements as outlined in the Archery Deer Hunting section hereafter.
- · Use of a suppressor/silencer of any type is not permitted.
- · Scopes may be used on any legal firearm for hunting deer.

### **Legal Ammunition**

- For shotguns and muzzleloading firearms, the minimum size of the projectile shall be .44 caliber. A wad or sleeve is not considered a projectile or a part of the projectile.
- For handguns and single shot centerfire rifles, a bottleneck centerfire cartridge of .30 caliber or larger with a case length not exceeding 1.4 inches, or a straight-walled centerfire cartridge of .30 caliber or larger, both of which must be available as a factory load with the published ballistic tables of the manufacturer showing a capability of at least 500 foot pounds of energy at the muzzle. There is no case length limit for straight-walled cartridges.
- Non-expanding, military-style full metal jacket bullets cannot be used to harvest white-tailed deer; only soft point or expanding bullets (including copper/copper-alloy rounds designed for hunting) are legal ammunition.

### Permit Requirements

- Firearm deer hunters must have a current, valid Firearm Deer Permit or unfilled Property-Only Landowner/Tenant Firearm Deer Permit, even if hunting with archery equipment during the firearm season.
- Muzzleloading rifle deer hunters must have a current, valid Muzzleloading Rifle Deer Permit, or an unused Property-Only Landowner/Tenant Deer Permit valid for that year's firearm deer season.
- A hunter with a Muzzleloading Rifle Deer Permit may also hunt during the second firearm deer season providing the hunter must use only a legal muzzleloading rifle.
- Unfilled Property-Only Landowner/Tenant Deer Permits used during the muzzleloader season are valid only on lands owned/leased by the permit holder, and the holder must use a muzzleloading rifle.

### **Deer Permit Application Process**

- · Apply for a deer permit: dnr.illinois.gov/lpr/deerpermitsfees.html
  - To receive hardcopy application forms for a firearm or muzzleloader deer hunting permit, contact the permit office at (217) 782-7305.
- Applicants please allow approximately 4 weeks after the respective application deadline dates for Lottery Drawing results.

Deer Permit Applications										
Application Period/Location	Methods	Hunt Period	Lottery Opens	Lottery Closes	Notes					
Firearm and Muzzleloader Season										
First lottery (residents only)	Internet/Hardcopy		7 Mar 2023	30 Apr 2023						
Second lottery	Internet/Hardcopy	17-19 Nov and 30 Nov - 3 Dec	11 May 2023	30 Jun 2023						
Third lottery	Internet/Hardcopy	2023	11 Jul 2023	18 Aug 2023						
Over-the-counter	Vendors		17 Oct 2023	As available	County-specific permits					
Late Winter/CWD Lottery	Internet	28-31 Dec 2023 and 12-14 Jan 2024	31 Oct 2023	27 Nov 2023	Limit 1 SHA application					
Site-specific Youth Opportunities (Hunter	rs age 17 or younger)									
Crab Orchard National Wildlife Refuge	Internet/Hardcopy	17-19 Nov 2023	Same as lott	teries above						
Lake Le-Aqua-Na State Park	Internet/Hardcopy	17-19 Nov 2023	Same as lott	teries above	Site-specific permit required					
Lost Mound Unit FL	Internet/Hardcopy	Contact Site	Conta	ct Site	Site Contact Information: 815-273-3184					

Unfilled Youth Deer Permits may be used on public sites that do not require regular site-specfic lottery permits. See lottery webpage for list of sites.

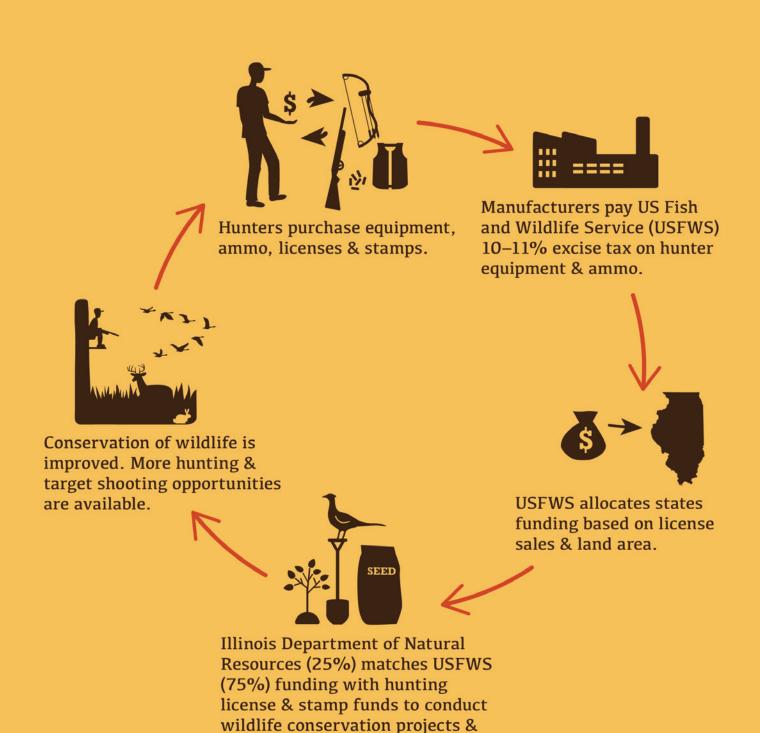
### **Disabled Hunter Opportunities**

See the following link for opportunities: <a href="mailto:dnr.illinois.gov/DOO">dnr.illinois.gov/DOO</a> Additional hunts may be available, for more information contact <a href="mailto:dnv.d.williams@illinois.gov">dnr.illinois.gov</a>/DOO Additional hunts may be available, for more information contact <a href="mailto:dnv.d.williams@illinois.gov">dnv.d.williams@illinois.gov</a>/DOO Additional hunts may be available, for more information contact <a href="mailto:dnv.d.williams@illinois.gov">dnv.d.williams@illinois.gov</a>/DOO Additional hunts may be available, for more information contact <a href="mailto:dnv.d.williams@illinois.gov">dnv.d.williams@illinois.gov</a>/DOO Additional hunts may be available, for more information contact <a href="mailto:dnv.d.williams@illinois.gov">dnv.d.williams@illinois.gov</a>/DOO Additional hunts may be available, for more information contact <a href="mailto:dnv.d.williams@illinois.gov">dnv.d.williams@illinois.gov</a>/DOO Additional hunts may be available.

- First Lottery: Only resident hunters may apply for firearm season permits and special muzzleloader season permits during the first lottery. Permits are issued using a computerized lottery. Applicants wanting to determine whether they were successful before the second lottery deadline can check online at <a href="mailto:dnr.illinois.gov/lpr/deerpermitsfees">dnr.illinois.gov/lpr/deerpermitsfees</a>
- Second Lottery: Resident hunters who were rejected for a deer permit during the first lottery, who are applying for their first permit, or who are
  non-residents may apply for firearm and muzzleloader deer permits during this lottery. Applicants may apply for one either-sex deer permit and one
  bonus antlerless-only deer permit to be allocated from permits remaining after the first lottery. Illinois residents have preference over non-residents in
  this lottery.
- Third Lottery: Residents and non-residents may apply for additional firearm or muzzleloader permits left over from the county quotas. Anyone (regardless of other deer permits they may have) may apply for one or more permits in this lottery.
- Over-the-Counter Sales Period: Permits remaining after the Third Lottery Drawing will be available to residents and non-residents over-the-counter from license vendors throughout the state on a first-come, first-served basis. Permits will be sold until quotas are exhausted, or until the close of the firearm deer season, whichever occurs first.
- Permit Limit: Prior to the Third Lottery Drawing in August, no hunter may receive, or attempt to receive, more than one either-sex permit and one
  antlerless-only permit for the firearm or muzzleloader deer season.

# HUNTERS SUSTAIN WILDLIFE CONSERVATION

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habitat improvements.

### **County-specific Deer Archery Change**

To grow deer populations to their appropriate county goals, only antlered deer may be harvested during the 1–15 October period of archery season in the following counties: Champaign, Douglas, Macon, Moultrie, Piatt. After October 15, archery regulations are the same as the rest of the state. Firearm deer permits have already been decreased considerably in these counties and archery harvest, which accounts for half or more of deer harvest, must be managed to allow deer to increase.

### **Archery Deer Hunting**

### **Legal Archery Equipment**

- A long, recurve or compound bow with a minimum pull of 30 pounds at some point within a 28-inch draw. Minimum arrow length is 20 inches.
- A crossbow with minimum draw weight of 125 pounds; minimum overall length of 24 inches; a working safety; and used with fletched bolts or arrows of not less than 14 inches.
- Broadheads must be used and may have fixed (must be metal or flint-, chert- or obsidian-knapped) or expandable (must be metal) cutting surfaces, but they must have a minimum 7/8 inch diameter when fully opened.
- Electronic tracking systems utilizing radio-telemetry are illegal.
- Archery equipment use is legal on private land ONLY during firearm deer season, provided the hunter has a valid county Firearm Deer Permit. Archery hunting is not allowed using an Archery Deer Permit during the firearm deer season in counties open to firearm deer hunting.
- You cannot legally have any firearm in possession while hunting deer with a bow and arrow or crossbow (but see Statewide Regulations on concealed carry handguns).

### **Resident Archery Permits and Limits**

Resident antlerless-only and combination archery deer permits can be purchased without limit from your local hunting license vendor beginning **2 August.** 

### **Non-resident Archery Permits and Limits**

- Non-residents may apply for and receive only one archery combination permit per license year. A non-resident landowner who has obtained landowner archery permits is also eligible for one combination nonresident archery permit.
- · Applications are accepted 1-30 June at www.exploremoreil.com
- The number of permits is limited to 25,000, with clients of outfitters licensed by IDNR given preference in the drawing for the first 7,500. Clients of licensed outfitters should contact the outfitter prior to applying to receive a certification number to be used in the application process to verify their outfitter client status. Permits will be allocated using a computerized, random lottery drawing conducted after June 30. If the number of eligible outfitter clients in the drawing is less than 7,500, all remaining permits will be allocated to the remaining applicants until the quota is reached. If the number of eligible outfitter clients in the drawing exceeds 7,500, those outfitter clients unsuccessful in obtaining one of the first 7,500 permits will compete against non-client applicants for the remaining 17,500 permits.
- Non-resident archery deer permits issued to outfitter clients who received a permit based on the preference given to outfitter clients are valid only on property controlled by the outfitter used to gain preference; all other archery permits are valid statewide.
- Any permits remaining after the drawing will be sold over-the-counter on a first-come, first-serve basis.
- Non-residents who have previously obtained either a Non-resident Combination Archery Deer Permit or a Non-resident Landowner Archery Deer Permit may purchase single antlerless-only archery deer permits for a fee of \$25. Non-residents without one of those permits will be charged a fee of \$100. There is no limit for single antlerlessonly permits.
- Non-residents may not purchase a combination archery deer permit after 30 September if they have previously purchased any single antlerless-only archery deer permit.

# Mandatory Firearm Harvest Reporting and Transportation in Counties with CWD Surveillance

### Boone, Carroll, DeKalb, Grundy, Jo Daviess, Kane, Kankakee, Kendall, LaSalle, Livingston, McHenry, Ogle, Stephenson, Will and Winnebago

- Successful firearm season hunters must take their deer either whole or field-dressed to a designated firearm deer check station on the same day it was killed.
- · Daily check station hours are 8 a.m. 8 p.m.
- A permanent harvest tag will be attached to the leg of the deer upon registration at the check station.
- If not able to locate a harvested deer in sufficient time to enable checking it in by 8 p.m., the hunter must take the deer to the appropriate check station upon its opening at 8 a.m. the following morning, or immediately upon retrieving it if that occurs later than the opening of the check station. If this situation occurs on a Sunday, the hunter must contact the appropriate regional IDNR Law Enforcement office by 10 a.m. Monday morning for instructions on checking the deer.
- Successful hunters using their muzzleloader deer permits during the second weekend of the firearm season may, at their option, register their harvest either electronically (via phone or online registration) or at a designated firearm deer check station by 8 p.m. on the day the deer was killed.
- Aside from deer harvested with a muzzleloader permit during the second firearm season, all deer harvested during the firearm seasons in counties with CWD surveillance must take their deer to a designated firearm deer check station. Check station locations and other information can be found at: huntillinois.org/cwd-sampling/.

### **Special CWD Deer Hunting Seasons**

## Counties Open to Hunting (all harvest reported electronically via phone or online registration)

 Boone, Carroll, DeKalb, Grundy, Jo Daviess, Kankakee, Kendall, LaSalle, Lee, Livingston, McHenry, Ogle, Stephenson, Will, Winnebago counties, and the portion of Kane County west of State Route 47. Information and a map of counties composing the CWD hunting zone for 2023/2024 will be available around 1 Oct at: <a href="mailto:dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/deerhunting">dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/deerhunting</a>

### **CWD Permit Requirements**

- Hunters must have an unfilled deer permit valid for the previous firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer season and valid for one of the open counties; or a valid Special CWD Deer Permit (issued for one county and valid only in the county stated on the permit).
- Unfilled Firearm or Muzzleloader Deer Permits are valid only for the county for which they were originally issued, except that unfilled Property-Only Landowner/Tenant Deer Permits are valid only for the lands which the person to whom it was issued owns, leases or rents within the open counties/portion of counties. Unfilled firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer permits originally issued for special hunt areas are not valid during the CWD season unless the hunter is redrawn to hunt at the same site at a special site lottery, or if the special hunt area is open to persons with a county permit without conducting a lottery.
- Special CWD Deer Permits are available over-the-counter from participating license vendors beginning 12 Dec. These permits are antlerless-only.
- · Unfilled youth deer hunting permits will be valid in any open county.

### **Special Harvest Regulations**

- Persons using unfilled permits from the previous firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer season may harvest only the type of deer specified on that permit (either-sex or antlerless-only).
- The harvest limit is one deer per legally authorized either-sex or antlerless-only permit.
- Deer harvested during the special CWD season are not subject to the antlered deer harvest limit restrictions imposed during the firearm, muzzleloader, youth and archery deer hunting seasons.

### Legal Firearms

- Hunters with valid, unused permits from the firearm, youth or muzzleloader seasons may use only the weapons allowed by that permit in those respective seasons.
- Hunters with a valid Special CWD Deer Permit may use any of the weapons allowed during the late winter antlerless-only season.

### **CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE (CWD) IN ILLINOIS**

Neurological disease of deer • All deer are susceptible • CWD is always fatal There is no treatment or cure • Caused by a misfolded protein known as a prion

### If CWD is not controlled:

- This disease will likely spread over large portions of the state.
- Infection rates are expected to increase to high levels.
- Deer populations will likely be reduced, if not eliminated, by this disease.

### CWD is transmitted by:

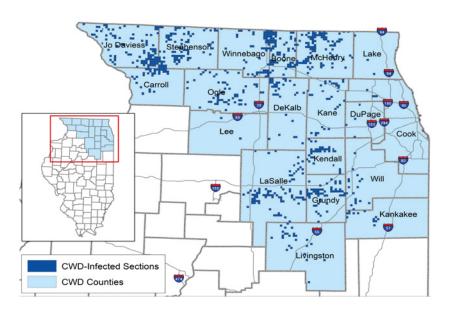




Direct contact with an infected deer

Ingestion of residual body fluids from a sick deer shed into the environment

### **Illinois CWD Infected Sections**





Reducing deer populations within 2 miles of where CWD has been found has kept infection levels low and minimized spread.

### **Additional Deer Seasons**

Additional deer seasons were established with low cost permits in CWD counties.

Hunters are encouraged to harvest as many deer as possible in CWD areas and have them tested. Samples provided by hunters contribute toward disease management goals.

Testing is free and available at:

- · Check stations in CWD counties during firearm deer season.
- Select processors, taxidermists and drop-off stations statewide and during all seasons.
- List is available at: <u>huntillinois.org/cwd-sampling/</u>

CWD test results can be found at: <a href="mailto:dnr.illinois.gov/programs/cwd/testresults.html">dnr.illinois.gov/programs/cwd/testresults.html</a>

### **Cull Additional Deer**

### Where needed, IDNR staff will cull additional deer:

- Only on land with permission of owner in close proximity to known infection.
- After hunting seasons are completed.

Suitable venison is returned to landowners or donated to local food pantry networks.

### Minimize Spread Through Proper Carcass Disposal

Carcass parts (especially the head and spinal column) can carry CWD agents

- · Carcass parts should be buried under 6" of soil or landfill.
- This is critical for deer harvested in CWD areas and moved to other parts of the state.

### **Health Concerns**

CWD is not known to be a threat to human health, livestock or pets, but recent research is raising the level of concern.

### Health authorities recommend that:

- Deer should be tested, especially when harvested from known CWD areas.
- Deer should be handled and processed in a way to minimize exposure to CWD causing agents.
- No part of any CWD positive animal should be consumed by humans or other animals.

### **Additional Information**

IDNR is responsible for proper management and conservation of deer, with an eye toward long term benefit and sustainability. In CWD affected areas, hunters and managers are being asked to sacrifice some deer abundance today to ensure the prosperity of deer resources statewide in the future. Additional information about CWD in Illinois is available at <a href="huntillinois.org/cwd-sampling/">huntillinois.org/cwd-sampling/</a>

### Late Winter Antlerless Deer Hunting

Counties Open to Hunting (all harvest reported electronically via phone or online registration): Information and a map of counties composing the late winter antlerless-only deer hunting zone for 2023/2024 will be available around 1 Oct at: <a href="mailto:dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/deerhunting.html">dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/deerhunting.html</a>

During the 2022/2023 hunting season, 24 counties were open for the late winter antleress-only deer season and 16 northern Illinois counties were open to CWD deer season. Even though the seasons are held concurrently, and all harvest in each is reported via phone or online registration, different regulations may apply for the two seasons. See FAQs hereafter regarding both seasons.

### **Permit and Application Information**

- Resident Late Winter Deer Permits will be available for sale over-thecounter from license vendors beginning 12 Dec 2023 through the last day of the late winter antlerless-only deer season.
- Illinois resident hunters must have a current, valid Late Winter Deer Permit, or an unfilled Firearm, Youth, Muzzleloader or Property-Only Landowner/Tenant Firearm Deer Permit valid for the previous firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer season and valid for one of the open counties.
- Nonresident hunters must have an unfilled firearm or muzzleloader deer permit valid for the previous youth, firearm or muzzleloader deer season and valid for one of the open counties.
- · Unfilled youth deer hunting permits are valid in any open county.
- Unfilled firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer permits that were
  originally issued for special hunt areas are not valid during the late
  winter antlerless-only deer season unless the hunter is redrawn to hunt
  at the same site at a special site lottery, or if the special hunt area is
  open to persons with a county permit without conducting a lottery.
- Persons using an unfilled firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer permit valid for the previous firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer season (including landowner permits) may harvest only antlerless deer even when using an either-sex permit.

### **Legal Firearms**

Hunters using:

- Unfilled Firearm Deer or Late Winter Deer Permits may use all firearms described in the "Firearm and Muzzleloader Deer Hunting" section on page 18, as well as single-shot muzzleloading handguns (blackpowder handguns incapable of being loaded from the breech end) of .50 caliber or larger capable of producing at least 500 foot pounds of energy at the muzzle according to published ballistic tables of the manufacturer. Single-shot muzzleloading handguns must use a projectile of .44 caliber or larger with sufficient blackpowder or "blackpowder substitute" (such as Pyrodex) to produce at least 500 foot pounds of energy at the muzzle. A wad or sleeve is not considered a projectile or part of a projectile.
- Unfilled Muzzleloader Deer Permits may use only muzzleloading rifles.
- Unfilled Youth Deer Permits may use all firearms described in the Youth Hunting section.



# ILLINOIS LEARNOHUNII

The Learn to Hunt program provides FREE educational workshops aimed at teaching ADULT participants how to hunt deer, turkey, small game, upland game, waterfowl and furbearers.

# SIGN UP TO LEARN

Hunting ethics and conservation - Equipment and safety Licenses and laws - Game ecology - Target shooting Hunting techniques - Butchering and processing wild game

# FOR MORE INFORMATION

Facebook: www.facebook.com/IllinoisLearnToHunt

Website: www.learntohuntil.com



### **Youth Deer Hunting**

- Only young hunters (resident or non-resident) who have not reached their 18th birthday before the first day of the hunt may participate in the Youth Deer Hunt. Unfilled Youth Permits are also valid during the first weekend of firearm deer season.
- Participants must have a current, valid Youth Deer Hunt Permit.
- Each hunter participating in the youth deer hunting season while using an Apprentice Hunter License or Youth Hunting and Trapping License must be accompanied by a non-hunting, validly-licensed (Illinois hunting license) adult who is 21 years of age or older. All other hunters (using other types of hunting licenses or license-exempt) participating in the youth deer hunting season must each be accompanied by a non-hunting supervisor (parent, guardian or responsible adult). A nonresident supervisor must have a valid Illinois hunting license.
- Permits will be available for sale over-the-counter from license vendors beginning 1 August through the last day of the youth deer season in October.
- Hunters may purchase only a single permit (either-sex) that is valid statewide.
- All counties except Cook, DuPage and Lake counties, and that portion of Kane County east of State Route 47, are open to youth deer hunting.
- Legal firearms are limited to shotguns, single shot centerfire rifles and muzzleloading rifles as described in the "Firearm and Muzzleloader Deer Hunting" section on page 18.

### **Integrated Hunting Opportunities**

### Site-specific Youth Deer Hunts: (hunters age 17 or younger)

- Crab Orchard NWR: Hunting occurs 17-19 Nov 2023. Apply via paper lottery or online lottery application.
- Lake Le-Aqua-Na SP. Hunting occurs 17-19 Nov 2023. Apply via paper lottery or online lottery application.
- Lost Mound Unit FL: Please contact site at 815-273-3184 for hunt information.
- Unfilled Youth Deer Permits are not valid for hunting during the first firearm deer season on public land sites that limit the number of hunters during the firearm season using the site-specific lottery permit system. But, public sites that allow unrestricted access with no lottery permits may be hunted.

### Disabled Hunter Deer Hunts: (qualified disabled persons only)

- Clinton Lake SRA; Crab Orchard NWR; Horseshoe Lake; Johnson-Sauk; Jubilee College SP; Lost Mound Unit FL; Rend Lake WMA (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers); Rock Cut SP; Spoon River; Starved Rock SP, Wayne Fitzgerrell; Wolf Creek SP/ Shelbyville FL (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers)
- Physically Challenged Archery Deer Hunt: Kankakee River SP
- Additional deer hunt locations for disabled individuals may be available. Contact IDNR Disabled Outdoor Opportunities Coordinator Jay Williams at <u>jay.d.williams@illinois.gov</u> for further details.



### **Deer Hunting FAQs**

### Can I use mechanical deer decoys or electronic calls for deer hunting?

A: Yes. (Note: electronic turkey decoys and electronic calls are illegal for turkey hunting).

### Which counties are open for hunting during the late winter antierlessonly and the CWD deer seasons?

A: IDNR will announce in October the counties open to the late winter antlerless-only deer season. Hunters should watch for news releases or check dnr.illinois.gov. Counties open to the special CWD deer season are Boone, Carroll, DeKalb, Grundy, Jo Daviess, Kankakee, Kendall, LaSalle, Lee, Livingston, McHenry, Ogle, Stephenson, Will and Winnebago counties, and the portion of Kane County west of State Route 47.

## Can I kill an antlered deer during the late winter antlerless-only or the special CWD deer seasons?

A: Hunters hunting in counties open for the late winter antlerlessonly deer season are limited to shooting "antlerless deer only,"
regardless of the type of firearm permit held by the hunter. Hunters
hunting in counties open to the special CWD deer season may
harvest an antlered deer if they have a leftover unused Either-sex
Permit from the current year firearm, muzzleloader or youth deer
seasons; but hunters may only harvest an antlerless deer when
utilizing the Special CWD Deer Permit.

# How many deer can I harvest during the Late Winter Antlerless-only or the special CWD deer seasons?

A: Hunters hunting during the late winter antlerless-only season may harvest one "antlerless" deer per Late Winter Deer Permit. Hunters also may fill any unused leftover current year Firearm, Muzzleloader, Property-Only Landowner/Tenant Firearm or Resident Youth Firearm Deer Permits provided they were issued for an open county. Leftover permits may be used to harvest "antlerless deer only," regardless of whether the permit is stamped "antlerless" or "either-sex." Late winter antlerless deer hunters must use the weapon specified on the permit.

Hunters hunting in open counties of the special CWD deer season may only harvest one "antlerless" deer per Special CWD Deer Permit, and also can use any unused leftover current year firearm permits, as above. Hunters in the CWD counties also can harvest an antlered deer if they have an unfilled "either-sex" permit left over from the regular firearm, muzzleloader or the youth firearm deer seasons issued for an open CWD season county.

# Can I archery deer hunt during the Late Winter Antierless-only and the special CWD deer seasons, and if so, do I have to wear orange clothing?

A: Yes. Even though archery season is closed during the regular firearm season, archery season is still open during the youth, muzzleloader, late winter antlerless-only and the special CWD deer seasons. If you are archery hunting in a county open to one of the firearm deer seasons, you must wear a solid blaze orange or solid blaze pink hat and a solid blaze orange or solid blaze pink outer upper garment of at least 400 square inches.

# If I am archery deer hunting during the days when the late winter antlerless-only or the special CWD deer seasons are open, can I shoot an antlered deer?

A: Yes, archers are subject to the archery deer season regulations, so you may shoot an antlered deer with a bow when archery deer hunting concurrently with the late winter antlerless-only or the special CWD deer seasons if you possess a valid Either-Sex Archery deer permit and if you have not previously reached the limit of two antlered deer.

# Can I firearm deer hunt and archery hunt at the same time during the late winter antierless-only or the special CWD deer seasons or use a bow to fill a Firearm Deer Permit?

A: Archery hunters cannot be in possession of a firearm while archery deer or turkey hunting. However, you can legally possess a bow and firearm at the same time while firearm deer hunting as long as you have a Firearm Deer Permit.



# **TURKEY SEASON DATES AND LIMITS**

SEASON	<b>DATES</b> (inclusive)	HOURS	LIMIT	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS
<b>Spring</b> (shotgun and archery)	Season 2024           Segment         North         South           1         15-19 Apr         8-12 Apr           2         20-25 Apr         13-18 Apr           3         26 Apr-1May         19-24 Apr           4         2-8 May         25 Apr-1May           5         9-16 May         2-9 May	½ hour before sunrise to 1 p.m.	One tom, jake or bearded hen per permit, maximum of 3 Spring permits	See map of turkey hunting zones for specific season segments in each zone
Youth Spring (1 permit per year)	30-31 Mar and 6-7 Apr 2024	√2 hour before sunrise to 1 p.m.	One tom, jake or bearded hen per permit, counts toward maximum of 3 Spring permits	Permit is valid to hunt individual counties or IDNR sites during season dates
<b>Fall</b> (shotgun)	21-29 Oct 2023	1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset	One either-sex turkey per permit, maximum of 2 Fall Turkey Shotgun permits	See map of fall firearm turkey hunting
<b>Fall</b> (archery)	1 Oct 2023–14 Jan 2024	1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset	One either-sex turkey per permit, maximum of 2 Fall Turkey Archery permits	Season open in all counties, statewide. Closed during firearm deer season in counties open to firearm deer hunting

### **Turkey Hunting Areas**



Spring Turkey Zones (2024):

North Zone includes that portion of Illinois north of Crawford, Jasper, Effingham, Fayette, Bond and Madison counties. South Zone includes the remainder of the state.



Fall Firearm Turkey Zone:

Counties shaded in gray are those open to fall firearm turkey hunting.

### **Hunting Credentials and Requirements**

### To hunt turkey, residents and non-residents will need:

- a valid hunting license.
- •a state habitat stamp.
- at least one valid turkey permit.
- See above turkey hunting maps for associated spring and fall zones.
- \*Exemptions to these requirements are specified in table. For residency qualification, see Resident definition on page 5.

### You cannot legally:

- •hunt wild turkey without first obtaining an IDNR permit.
- •hunt wild turkey unless the permit is signed and is in the hunter's possession while hunting.
- \*harvest in Illinois, or have in possession, more than one wild turkey per legally authorized permit.
- •leave in the field or transport a wild turkey without first immediately attaching the leg tag securely around the leg as instructed on the permit.

**Note:** Leg tag must be affixed to the wild turkey immediately upon kill. The leg tag must remain attached to the leg of the turkey until it is at the legal residence of the person who legally took or possessed the turkey and the turkey has been checked in.

- butcher a turkey until it has been checked in.
- \* possess, while in the field during wild turkey seasons, any wild turkey permit issued to another person.
- •hunt wild turkey in a county or area other than specified on the permit.

Turkey Hunting Credentials (does not include vendor fees)									
		Price	How to apply for or purchase						
License/Permit/Stamp	Resident	Non-Resident	Lottery	Online	Vendors	Paper Application	Specifications		
Hunting License	Variable	Variable		Х	Х		See Statewide Regulations section for license types.		
State Habitat Stamp	\$5.00	\$5.00		Х	х		Purchasers of a lifetime hunting license prior to 1993 and legally disabled veterans are exempt from this stamp. Exempt under 18.		
Super Senior Habitat Stamp	Free	n/a		х	Х		Must be 75 or older, and pay vendor fees.		
Turkey Permits									
Spring Shotgun/Archery	\$15.00	\$125.00	Х	Х	х	х			
Fall Archery OTC	\$5.00	\$75.00			Х		OTC = over-the-counter at vendors		
Fall Shotgun	\$15.00	\$125.00	Х	Х	х	х			
Spring Youth Special Hunt Area (SHA)	\$10.00		Х	Х					
Spring Youth OTC	\$10.00	\$10.00			Х		OTC = over-the-counter at vendors		
Landowner Spring Shotgun/Archery	Free	\$37.50				X	Landowners and resident tenants (of commercial agricultural leases) must have at		
Landowner Fall Shotgun	Free	\$37.50				Х	least 39.5 acres of land to qualify for landowner permits. Permits are only valid on the owned/		
Landowner Fall Archery	Free	\$25.00				Х	leased land.		

### Firearm and Archery Equipment Regulations

- •The only firearm that can be used to hunt wild turkey is a **shotgun** (20 gauge to 10 gauge only, no .410 or 28 gauge allowed). You may not possess any other type of firearm for the purpose of hunting wild turkey unless in accordance with the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
- •No. 4 shot is the largest shot that may be used while hunting turkey with a shotgun.
- Legal vertical bow types are long, recurved or compound bows with a minimum pull of 30 pounds at some point within a 28-inch draw.
   Minimum arrow length for all vertical bow types is 20 inches (not including point).
- •To use a crossbow it must have a minimum draw weight of 125 pounds; minimum overall length of 24 inches; a working safety; and used with fletched bolts or arrows of not less than 14 inches (not including point).
- Broadheads must be used for archery turkey hunting. Broadheads may have fixed (must be metal or flint-, chert or obsidian-knapped) or expandable (must be metal) cutting surfaces, but they must have a minimum 7/8 inch diameter when fully opened.
- \*All other bows and arrows, including electronic arrow-tracking systems utilizing radio-telemetry, are illegal.
- Hunters can legally carry a shotgun and bow and arrow during spring season.
- Hunters cannot legally have any firearm in possession while hunting turkey with any type of bow and arrow during fall season (see page 7 on concealed carry handguns).



### **Decoys and Other Attractants**

### You cannot legally:

- •use live or electronic decoys, dogs or recorded calls.
- possess or use any net or trap for harvesting turkeys.
- \*harvest wild turkeys by the use or aid of bait or baiting of any kind. "Bait" means any material, whether liquid or solid, including food, salt, minerals and other products that can be ingested, placed or scattered in such a manner as to attract or lure wild turkeys. "Baiting" means the placement or scattering of bait to attract wild turkeys. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days following the removal of the bait.

For the purposes of taking wild turkeys, nothing in this Section shall be construed to prevent the manipulation, including mowing or cutting, of standing crops as a normal agricultural or soil stabilization practice, food plots, or normal agricultural practices, including planting, harvesting, and maintenance such as cultivating.



### WILD GAME RECIPE FRIED TURKEY NUGGETS

### **INGREDIENTS**

- 2 LBS turkey nuggets (skinned) 2 cups buttermilk
- 2 teaspoons salt

- 2 teaspoons sait
  1 large egg (lightly beaten)
  1 1/2 cups all-purpose flour
  2 teaspoons paprika
  1 teaspoon MSG (optional)
  1/2 teaspoon baking soda
  1/2 teaspoon galle powder
- 1/2 teaspoon garlic powder
- 1 teaspoon black pepper



### DIRECTIONS

Cut turkey breasts into 1-inch cubes. In a large mixing bowl, whisk together buttermilk, egg, salt, and MSG (if using). Add nuggets to mixture. Pour enough peanut oil into large skillet to cover the bottom with appr. 2 inches of oil. Heat oil to 350 degrees. Combine flour, paprika, salt, pepper, baking soda, garlic powder in a shallow bowl. Remove nuggets and tap off excess liquids. Toss the nuggets in the dry mixture to coat. Fry nuggets for 4 to 5 minutes or until an internal temperature of 165 degrees. Remove nuggets from oil and set aside to cool and drain. Serve.



### **Mandatory Turkey Harvest Reporting**

Successful hunters must register their harvest by 10 pm on the same calendar day the turkey was harvested by calling toll-free 1-866-452-4325 (1-866-ILCHECK) or by accessing the online check-in system at www.exploremoreil.com. Hunters must provide all information requested by the telephone check-in system and will be provided with a confirmation number to verify that they checked in their harvest. The confirmation number must be written by the hunter onto the leg tag.

### **Turkey Permit Process**

- \*Apply online at www.exploremoreil.com or with a hardcopy application. To receive hardcopy applications for a wild turkey hunting permit, contact the Springfield Permit Office at (217) 782-7305. See sections on the permit application process for spring and fall hereafter.
- Applicants please allow approximately 4 weeks after the respective application deadline dates for Lottery Drawing results.

Turkey Permit Applications									
Application Period/Location	Methods	Lottery Opens Lottery Closes		Notes					
Spring Archery/Gun Hunting Season									
First lottery (residents only)	Internet/Hardcopy	3 Oct 2023	1 Dec 2023						
Second lottery	Internet/Hardcopy	11 Dec 2023	11 Jan 2024	dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/					
Third lottery	Internet/Hardcopy	22 Jan 2024	9 Feb 2024	turkeyhunting.html					
Over-the-counter	Vendors	12 Mar 2024	As available						
Spring Youth Season									
Special Hunt Area Lottery	Internet Only	16 Jan 2024	9 Feb 2024	dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/					
County-specific Permits (Over-the-Counter)	Vendors	5 Mar 2024	7 Apr 2024	turkeyhunting.html					
Fall Gun Hunting Season									
First lottery (residents only)	Internet/Hardcopy	3 May 2023	4 July 2023						
Second lottery	Internet/Hardcopy	15 July 2023	22 Aug 2023	dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/ turkeyhunting.html					
Over-the-counter	Vendors	18 Sep 2023	As available						

### **Disabled Hunter Opportunities**

See the following link for opportunities: dnr.illinois.gov/doo Additional hunts may be available, contact Jay Williams at jay.d.williams@illinois.gov





### Turkey Hunting Season Information (Additional to Statewide Regulations)

### **Spring Season Regulations**

### **Turkeys Legal to Harvest**

• Only toms and jakes (males) or a hen with a visible beard are legal to harvest during the spring season.

### **Clothing Requirements**

 Hunters are encouraged to wear at least a blaze orange or blaze pink hat or vest when not actively hunting to maximize visibility to other hunters.

### **Spring Permit Application Process**

- First Lottery: Only resident hunters may apply for one turkey hunting permit. This excludes hunters who have received or will receive a landowner property-only hunting turkey permit for the spring season. Applications are accepted through 1 December.
- Second Lottery: All hunters are eligible to apply for one turkey hunting permit, but hunters who have not already been awarded a permit will receive preference. Applications are accepted through the first working day after 10 January.
- Third Lottery: All hunters are eligible to apply. Hunters may apply
  for up to three permits during this period, except that no one may
  exceed the maximum number of three permits in total for spring turkey
  hunting. Applications are accepted through the first working day after
  8 February.
- Over-the-Counter Sales Period: Permits remaining after the Third Lottery Drawing will be available over-the-counter from license vendors throughout the state on a first-come, first-served basis beginning the second Tuesday in March. Permits will be sold until quotas are exhausted, or until the close of the specific turkey season for which the permit is being requested. Hunters may purchase one or more permits during this period, subject to availability, except that no one may exceed the limit of three permits in total for spring turkey hunting.
- Permit Limit: Three wild turkey hunting permits may be obtained for the spring season, including regular, youth, and landowner permits, subject to availability.

### **Turkey Calling Prior to Season**

You cannot legally use a turkey call that imitates sounds made by a turkey, or attempt to call a turkey by making these sounds, while in the field in the Southern Zone from 15 March through the day before turkey season, and in the Northern Zone from 22 March through the day before turkey season. This prohibition applies only in counties open to spring turkey hunting and does not apply to hunters while participating in the youth turkey season. Note: This does not prohibit the use of locator calls that imitate other species such as owls, crows, hawks, etc.

### **Shooting Turkeys in Trees**

You cannot legally shoot a wild turkey while it is in a tree before 7 a.m.

### Non-Hunting Activities During Spring Seasons

At IDNR sites offering spring wild turkey hunting, mushroom hunting and other non-hunting activities are prohibited during legal shooting hours for wild turkey hunting (1/2 hour before sunrise to 1 p.m.).

### Youth Wild Turkey Hunting Season

- The spring youth turkey hunt is open only to young hunters (resident or non-resident) who have not reached their 18th birthday before the first day of the hunt.
- Participants must have a current valid Youth Turkey Hunt permit and a valid hunting license or apprentice hunting license.
- Each hunter participating in the Illinois Youth Turkey Hunt while using an Apprentice Hunter License or Youth Hunting License must be accompanied by a non-hunting, validly-licensed (Illinois hunting license) adult who is 21 years of age or older.
- All other hunters (using other types of hunting licenses or licenseexempt) participating in the Youth Turkey Hunt must each be accompanied by a non-hunting supervisor (parent, guardian or responsible adult). If the youth is hunting with a firearm, a nonresident supervisor must have a valid Illinois hunting license.

### Fall Gun and Archery Season Regulations

### **Clothing Requirements**

 Hunters are encouraged to wear at least a blaze orange or blaze pink hat or vest when not actively hunting to maximize visibility to other hunters.

### **Turkeys Legal to Harvest**

 Turkeys of any sex are legal to harvest during the fall gun and fall archery seasons.

### **Fall Gun Permit Application Process**

- First Lottery: Residents may apply for one turkey hunting permit. This excludes applicants who have received or will receive a landowner property-only hunting turkey permit for the fall gun season.
- Second Lottery: Residents who were rejected for a wild turkey permit during the first lottery, who are applying for their first permit, or non-residents may apply for one permit. Eligible Illinois residents have preference over non-residents in this lottery. This excludes applicants who have received or will receive a landowner property-only hunting turkey permit for the fall gun season.
- Over-the-Counter Sales Period: Permits remaining after the Second Lottery Drawing will be available over-the-counter from license vendors throughout the state on a first-come, first-served basis beginning the 4th Monday after the 2nd Lottery deadline. Permits will be sold until quotas are exhausted, or until the close of the Fall Gun turkey season. Hunters may purchase one or more permits during this period, subject to availability, except that no one may exceed the limit of two permits in total for fall gun turkey hunting, including landowner permits.

### **Fall Gun Permit**

A limit of two wild turkey hunting permits may be obtained for the fall gun season, subject to availability.

Permits are issued for a specific county or area and are valid only in the county or area designated on the permit.

### **Archery Permit Application Process and Limit**

Fall archery permits do not require lottery drawing and are available over-the-counter from license vendors only. Two wild turkey hunting permits may be obtained for the fall archery season.

### **Shooting Turkeys in Trees**

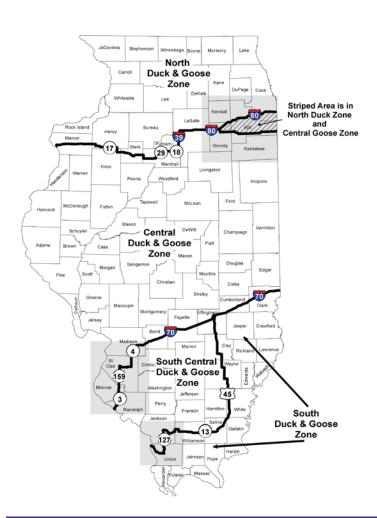
You cannot legally shoot a wild turkey while it is in a tree before 7 a.m.





WATERFOWL SEASON DATES AND LIMITS									
SPECIES	ZONE	DATES (inclusive)	HOURS	DAILY LIMIT	POSSESSION LIMIT	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS			
<b>Teal</b> (early season)	Statewide	9-24 Sep 2023	Sunrise to Sunset	6	18	Blue-winged teal, green-winged teal and cinnamon teal are the only legal duck species during this season. Daily and possession limits are for all teal species combined (in the aggregate).			
<b>Rail</b> (Sora and Virginia only)	Statewide	9 Sep - 17 Nov 2023		25	75	Daily and possession limits are for both rail species combined (in the aggregate).			
Snipe (Wilson's snipe)	Statewide	9 Sep - 24 Dec 2023		8	24				
<b>Ducks</b> (but see Scaup below)	North  Central  South Central  South	21 Oct - 19 Dec 2023 28 Oct - 26 Dec 2023 11 Nov 2023 - 9 Jan 2024 2 Dec 2023 - 30 Jan 2024		6	18	Basic daily limit is 6 ducks of any species. However, daily limit can consist of no more than the following: 4 mallards (of which no more than 2 can be hen mallards), 3 wood ducks, 2 Scaup for the first 45 days in each zone, 1 Scaup for the last 15 days in each zone, 2 redheads, 2 canvasback, 2 black ducks, 1 pintail and 1 mottled duck. Possession limit for ducks is three times the daily limit by species and sex.			
Mergansers	Same as ducks	Same as ducks		5	15	Mergansers do not count toward your daily limit of ducks, but only 2 can be hooded mergansers. Merganser possession limit is no more than three times their daily limit, including max of 6 hooded mergansers.			
Coots	Same as ducks	Same as ducks		15	45				
	North	21 Oct - 4 Dec 2023 & 5 Dec - 19 Dec 2023	½ hour before sunrise to sunset						
Scaup (Bluebills)	Central	28 Oct - 11 Dec 2023 & 12 Dec - 26 Dec 2023	F	2/day First 45 days	First 45 days 6	FWS regulations require 45 days with 2/day bag limit, 15 days with 1/day bag			
	South Central	11 Nov - 25 Dec 2023 & 26 Dec 2023 - 9 Jan 2024		1/day Last 15 days	Last 15 Days 3	limit. Dates will be different in each zone.			
	South	2 Dec 2023 - 15 Jan 2024 & 16 Jan - 30 Jan 2024							

WATERFOWL SEASON DATES AND LIMITS								
SPECIES	ZONE	DATES (inclusive)	HOURS	DAILY LIMIT	POSSESSION LIMIT	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS		
Canada Geese (early season)	North and Central South Central and South	1-15 Sep 2023		5 2	15 6			
Canada Geese	North  Central  South Central  South	21 Oct 2023 - 18 Jan 2024 28 Oct 2023 - 5 Nov 2023 - & 12 Nov 2023 - 31 Jan 2024 11 Nov 2023 - 31 Jan 2024 2 Dec 2023 - 31 Jan 2024		3	9			
<b>Light Geese</b> (Snow/Blue/Ross' Geese)	North  Central  South Central  South	21 Oct 2023 - 18 Jan 2024 28 Oct 2023 - 31 Jan 2024 11 Nov 2023 - 31 Jan 2024 2 Dec 2023 - 31 Jan 2024	½ hour before sunrise to sunset	20	Unlimited	Daily bag limit is for both species combined (in the aggregate).		
Brant	Same as light geese	Same as light geese		1	3			
White-fronted Geese (Specklebellies)	North  Central  South Central  South	23 Oct 2023 - 18 Jan 2024 5 Nov 2023 - 31 Jan 2024 11 Nov 2023 - 31 Jan 2024 2 Dec 2023 - 31 Jan 2024		2	6			
Conservation Order Light Geese (Snow/Blue/Ross' Geese)	North Central, South Central, South	19 Jan - 30 Apr 2024 1 Feb - 30 Apr 2024	½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset	Unlimited	Unlimited	The following apply to the Conservation Order only: 1) unplugged shotguns may be used and there is no limit to the number of shells that may be placed in a shotgun, 2) electronic calling devices may be used, 3) federal duck stamp not required, 4) Illinois duck stamp and hunting license is required.		
Youth Waterfowl	North  Central  South Central  South	14-15 Oct 2023 21-22 Oct 2023 4-5 Nov 2023 25-26 Nov 2023	½ hour before sunrise to sunset	Same as during regular duck, goose, and coot seasons	Same as during regular duck, goose, and coot seasons	The following apply to the Youth season only: 1) youth hunters must be 17 years of age or younger and have a hunting license and HIP registration/certification unless hunting on property they reside; 2) no stamps are required for youth under age 16; 3) federal waterfowl stamps are required for all hunters age 16 and older; 4) an adult at least 18 years of age must accompany the youth hunter into the field; 5) hunters aged 18 years and older may not hunt waterfowl and/or coots during Youth Waterfowl Hunting Days, even if hunting with a Youth License.		





### **Waterfowl Hunting Zone Descriptions**

North Duck Zone: That portion of the state north of a line extending west from the Indiana border along Peotone-Beecher Road to Illinois Route 50, south along Illinois Route 50 to Wilmington-Peotone Road, west along Wilmington-Peotone Road to Illinois Route 53, north along Illinois Route 53 to New River Road, northwest along New River Road to Interstate Highway 55, south along I-55 to Pine Bluff-Lorenzo Road, west along Pine Bluff-Lorenzo Road to Illinois Route 47, north along Illinois Route 47 to I-80, west along I-80 to I-39, south along I-39 to Illinois Route 18, west along Illinois Route 18 to Illinois Route 29, south along Illinois Route 29 to Illinois Route 17, west along Illinois Route 17 to the Mississippi River, and due south across the Mississippi River to the lowa border.

Central Duck Zone: That portion of the state south of the North Duck Zone line to a line extending west from the Indiana border along I-70 to Illinois Route 4, south along Illinois Route 4 to Illinois Route 161 to Illinois Route 158, south and west along Illinois Route 158 to Illinois Route 159, south along Illinois Route 158 to Illinois Route 159 to Illinois Route 3, south along Illinois Route 3 to St. Leo's Road, south along St. Leo's Road to Modoc Road, west along Modoc Road to Modoc Ferry Road, southwest along Modoc Ferry Road to Levee Road, southeast along Levee Road to County Route 12 (Modoc Ferry Route and southwest on the Modoc Ferry Route across the Mississippi River to the Missouri border.

South Duck Zone: That portion of the state south and east of a line extending west from the Indiana border along Interstate 70, south along U.S. Highway 45, to Illinois Route 13, west along Illinois Route 13 to Greenbriar Road, north on Greenbriar Road to Sycamore Road, west on Sycamore Road to N Reed Station Road, south on N Reed Station Road to Illinois Route 13, west along Illinois Route 13 to Illinois Route 127, south along Illinois Route 127 to State Forest Road (1025 N), west along State Forest Road to Illinois Route 3, north along Illinois Route 3 to the south bank of the Big Muddy River, west along the south bank of the Big Muddy River to the Mississippi River, west across the Mississippi River to the Missouri border.

**South Central Duck Zone:** The remainder of the state between the south border of the Central Zone and the North border of the South Zone.

### **Goose Zones**

North Goose Zone: That portion of the state north of a line extending west from the Indiana border along Interstate 80 to I-39, south along I-39 to Illinois Route 18, west along Illinois Route 18 to Illinois Route 29, south along Illinois Route 29 to Illinois Route 17, west along Illinois Route 17 to the Mississippi River, and due south across the Mississippi River to the lowa border.

Central Goose Zone: That portion of the state south of the North Goose Zone line to a line extending west from the Indiana border along I-70 to Illinois Route 4, south along Illinois Route 4 to Illinois Route 161, west along Illinois Route 161 to Illinois Route 158, south and west along Illinois Route 158 to Illinois Route 159, south along Illinois Route 3, south along Illinois Route 3, south along Illinois Route 3 to St. Leo's Road, south along St. Leo's Road to Modoc Road, west along Modoc Road to Modoc Ferry Road, southwest along Modoc Ferry Road to Levee Road, southeast along Levee Road to County Route 12 (Modoc Ferry entrance Road), south along County Route 12 to the Modoc Ferry Route and southwest on the Modoc Ferry Route across the Mississippi River to the Missouri border.

South Goose Zone: Same zones as for ducks.

South Central Goose Zone: Same zones as for ducks.

### **Hunting Credential Requirements**

**To hunt migratory waterfowl, residents and non-residents will need:** a hunting license, State Waterfowl Stamp, Federal Waterfowl Stamp and HIP Certification. Exemptions to these requirements are specified in table. For residency qualification, see Resident definition in Statewide Regulations (page 5) hereafter.

See waterfowl hunting maps for associated zones.

Waterfowl Hunting Credentials (does not include vendor fees)								
	Price		How to apply for or purchase					
License/Permit/Stamps	Resident	Non-Resident	Lottery Online Vendors		Vendors	Specifications		
Hunting License	Variable	Variable		Х	Х	See Statewide Regulations section for license types.		
State Migratory Waterfowl Stamp	\$15.00	\$15.00		х	Х	Required for any person 18 years of age or older, including lifetime license holders, to hunt migratory waterfowl except toe-clipped, hand-reared mallards on licensed Game Breeding and Hunting Preserve Areas. Disabled individuals, servicemen, and landowners may be exempt from this stamp. See table on page 4.		
Federal Migratory Bird Hunting and Conservation Stamp	\$25.00	\$25.00		Х	х	Required for any person 16 years of age or older, including lifetime license holders, to hunt migratory waterfowl except toe-clipped, hand-reared mallards on licensed Game Breeding and Hunting Preserve Areas. Must be signed in ink across the face of the stamp. E-stamps are now available from many states and are legal nationwide. Upon purchase, the E-stamp will be temporarily valid, and a physical copy will be mailed to the purchaser. <a href="www.fws.gov/service/buy-duck-stamp-or-e-stamp">www.fws.gov/service/buy-duck-stamp-or-e-stamp</a>		
HIP Certification	Free	Free		Х	х	To hunt migratory birds, all licensed hunters, including lifetime license holders, must register with HIP and have their proof of registration with them while migratory bird hunting, see HIP Registration description hereafter. Not required to hunt crows in Illinois.		
Site-specific Duck and Goose Hunting Permits	Variable	Variable	Х	Х		See Permit Applications hereafter for details. Some Permits require in- person drawing. Fee may be charged at sites.		



### Federal Migratory Bird Hunting & Conservation Stamp

Each year waterfowl hunters purchase Migratory Waterfowl Stamps, or "duck stamps" as a requirement to hunt migratory waterfowl. Authorization for a federal duck stamp came in 1934 from passage of the Migratory Bird Hunting Stamp Act, which was largely driven by waterfowl hunters' concern over habitat loss and declining waterfowl populations. Funds from the purchase of these stamps are directed towards the purchase or lease of lands for inclusion in the National Wildlife Refuge System, providing critical breeding, migration and wintering habitat for waterfowl and a variety of other species, and recreation opportunity in many areas. With an initial cost of \$1 and current cost of \$25, Federal Duck Stamp funds to date have totaled over \$1.1 billion to protect more than 6 million acres of wildlife habitat nationwide.

### **State Migratory Waterfowl Stamp**

Similar to the federal duck stamp, Illinois hunters initiated the Illinois Migratory Waterfowl Stamp Fund, which was established in 1975. The stamps originally cost \$5, increasing to \$15 in 2011. Over the life of the fund, stamp purchases have led to over \$29 million deposited in this fund, with current average sales of about 60,000 stamps annually, leading to nearly \$1 million annual revenue. Physical paper

Illinois stamps affixed to hunters' licenses were discontinued in 2011 and now only appear as a line item on printed licenses. Half of the funds generated annually are used within Illinois to manage, maintain and acquire waterfowl and wetland habitat and hunting areas. The remaining funds are used to conserve critical grassland and wetland habitat on the Canadian breeding grounds, where many of the ducks that visit Illinois and the Mississippi Flyway originate.

### **HIP Registration**

Free registration with HIP (National Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program) is required by law every year to hunt migratory game birds. Any licensed hunter who plans to hunt any species of migratory game bird must register with HIP before hunting. Get your HIP certification when purchasing your hunting or sportsman license or register for HIP by calling 1-866-716-6550 (record the transaction number on your license). Lifetime license holders also need to register with HIP on an annual basis. HIP is a nationwide program and you must register separately in every state where you hunt waterfowl, coots, doves, rails, snipe, woodcock and other migratory game birds except American crow. www.fws.gov/program/migratory-bird-harvest-surveys. Cooperation and support from hunters make sound resource management possible.

### **Waterfowl Bands**

The U.S. Geological Survey's Bird Banding Laboratory maintains a website for reporting all migratory bird bands, including waterfowl. If you harvest a banded bird, please visit www.reportband.gov and provide information about when and where you shot the bird. The 1-800 call-in number is no longer available for reporting bird bands. The phone number will direct you to the www.reportband.gov website. All federal bird bands, even those without a web address printed on them, can be reported online. Old bands with numbers worn off may still be reported by emailing: bandreports@usgs.gov for instructions. The band may need to be sent in, but the process does not destroy the band, and it will be returned to you. Band reporters will be emailed a Certificate of Appreciation with information about when and where the bird was banded. Your cooperation on reporting band numbers gives waterfowl biologists a wealth of information useful in managing the resource to provide hunters with maximum recreational opportunities while protecting waterfowl populations.

Public Duck and Goose Hunting Area Permit Applications										
Application Period	Application Period Methods Opens Closes Notes									
Regular Season										
First (residents only)	Internet	16 Aug	31 Aug							
Second	Internet	1 Sep	1 <i>5</i> Sep							
Third	Internet	16 Sep	28 Sep	dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/waterfowlhunting.html						
First-come-first-served	Internet	1 Oct	See Website							
Youth (Ages 10-17)	Paper Application	31 Aug	1 Oct							

### **Site-Specific Hunting Permits**

Waterfowl hunting permits for specific dates on several IDNR sites are available through a lottery system. A total of 5 permits for ducks and five permits for geese may be obtained through the lotteries and unfilled quotas system. Applications from Illinois residents only will be accepted for inclusion in the first lottery. A second lottery will be held for unsuccessful resident applicants, non-residents or anyone who did not apply in the first lottery. A third lottery will be held for applicants to receive either a first and/or second permit. Additional permits may be obtained from unfilled quotas on a first-come, first-served basis ending 72 hours prior to the hunt date by visiting dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/waterfowlhunting.html beginning Oct. 1.

### **Waterfowl Hunting Outlook**

See the IDNR Waterfowl Hunting website here: <a href="huntillinois.org/water-fowl/">huntillinois.org/water-fowl/</a>

### Waterfowl and Wetland Management

See the Waterfowl Management and Ecology section on Hunt Illinois at: <a href="https://huntillinois.org/waterfowl/">huntillinois.org/waterfowl/</a>

### **Other Hunting Opportunities**

Public waterfowl hunting opportunities exist at over 100 sites in Illinois covering a broad range of access and management. Please see the regional site maps at the end of this digest for sites offering waterfowl hunting, check Hunter Fact Sheets or call sites directly for details on hunting opportunities and regulations.

### TOM ROSTER'S 2016 NONTOXIC SHOT LETHALITY TABLE®

Proven Nontoxic Loads For Waterfowl, Doves, & Upland Game Birds <sup>1</sup> Vel. Range Tested: 1,225 – 1,700 FPS ACTIVITY	Observed Hunters' Typical Shooting Range During Activity (Yards)	Most Effective Nontoxic Shot Size(s) For Birds Listed Under ACTIVITY At The Distances Listed In The Second Column	Minimum Load Weight (Ounces)	Minimum Pellet Hits Needed on Lethal Areas for Clean Kills	Minimum Pattern Count Needed at Any Distance for Clean Kills (# of Pellets in 30" Circle)	Most Effective Choke at Distance (Given at Distance (Given at Distance) (Given at Dist
Large Geese At Long Range	50-65	Steel BBB to T	1-1/4	1-2	50-55	Improved Modified
Giant, Western, Atlantic and Interior Canadas	50-70	HEVI-Shot 2 to B	1-1/2	1-2	50-55	Improved Modified, Full
Large Geese Over Decoys	35-50	Steel BB to BBB	1-1/4	1-2	50-55	Improved Cylinder, Modified
	35-50	HEVI-Shot 2 to B	1-1/2	1-2	50-55	Improved Cylinder, Modified
Medium/Small Geese Long Range	50-65	Steel BB to BBB	1-1/4	1-2	60-65	Improved Modified
Snow, White-fronted, Lesser Canadas	50-65	HEVI-Shot 2	1-1/2	1-2	60-65	Improved Modified, Full
Medium/Small Geese Over Decoys	35-50	Steel 2 to BB	1-1/8	1-2	60-65	Light Modified, Modified
	35-50	HEVI-Shot 4 to 2	1-1/4	1-2	60-65	Improved Cylinder, Modified
Large Ducks At Long Range	45-65	Steel 2 to 1	1-1/8	1-2	85-90	Improved Modified, Full
Mallard, Black, Pintail, Goldeneye, Gadwall	45-65	HEVI-Shot 4	1-1/4	1-2	85-90	Improved Modified, Full
Large Ducks Over Decoys	20-45	Steel 6 to 2	3/4 - 1	1-2	85-90	I.C. (20-35 Yds), Mod. (35-45 Yds)
	20-45	HEVI-Shot 6 to 4	1-1/8	1-2	85-90	I.C. (20-35 Yds), Mod. (35-45 Yds)
Medium Ducks Over Decoys	20-45	Steel 6 to 3	1	1-2	115-120	I.C. (20-35 Yds), Mod. (35-45 Yds)
Wigeon, Scaup, Shoveler	20-45	HEVI-Shot 6 to 4	1-1/8	1-2	115-120	I.C. (20-35 Yds), Mod. (35-45 Yds)
Small Ducks Over Decoys	20-45	Steel 6 to 4	1	1-2	135-145	Mod. (20-35 Yds), Full (35-45 Yds)
Teal, Ruddy, Bufflehead	20-45	HEVI-Shot 6	1-1/8	1-2	135-145	Mod. (20-35 Yds), Full (35-45 Yds)
Ring-Necked Pheasants	20-50	Steel 3 to 2	1	2-3	90-95	I.C. (20-30 Yds), Mod. (30-50 Yds)
	20-50	HEVI-Shot 6 to 4	1-1/8	2-3	90-95	I.C. (20-30 Yds), Mod. (30-50 Yds)
Turkeys (Head and Neck Shots)	20-40	Steel 4; HEVI-Shot 6	1-1/4	3-4	210-230	Full or Extra Full
Mourning Doves	20-45	Steel 8 to 7	5/8 -3/4	1-2	200-210	IC-8's/LM-7's (20-30 Yds);Mod>30 Yd
	20-45	HEVI-Shot 71/2	3/4	1-2	200-210	I.C. (20-30 Yds); Light Mod (30-45 Yd)
Northern Bobwhite Quail	20-30	Steel 8 to 7	5/8 = 3/4	1-2	200-210	Imp. Cyl., Light Modified
Swatter Load For Wounded Birds	20-30	Steel 7 to 6	1	1	175	Improved Modified, Full

This table summarizes Tom Roster's analyses to date of the lethality data bases for certain of the 16 U.S. steel vs lead waterfowl & dove shooting tests published between 1968 & 2014 & one steel-only pheasant shooting test (1999) plus lethality data bases owned by ammunition companies for birds taken with nontoxic shotshell loads Roster tested for them & the CONSEP Org.

Note: Steel #BBB (190") & HEVI-Shot #2 (150") have exhibited the best all-around performance for taking geese; steel #3 (140") & HEVI-Shot #4 (130") the best all-around performance for taking ing-necked pheasants; & steel 7's (.100") the best all-around performance for taking ing-necked pheasants; & steel 7's (.100") the best all-around performance for taking dives.

<sup>1</sup> These findings are derived from testing 2%" 28 gauge; 3" 20 ga.; 2%", 3" & 3½" 12 ga.; & 3½" 10 ga. steel loads; plus 2½" 28 ga.; 2½" & 3" 20 ga.; and 2½" & 3" 12 ga. HEVI-Shot loads. © Copyright 2016 by Tom Roster. For answers to questions on this table contact: Tom Roster, 1190 Lynnewood, Klamath Falls, OR, USA 97601. tomroster@charter.net

### **Migratory Waterfowl Regulations**

The following state and/or federal rules apply to the taking, possessing, shipping, transporting and storing of migratory birds. This material is only a summary and hunters also should consult Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 20 <a href="www.ecfr.gov">www.ecfr.gov</a>, and Chapter 520 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes, or contact their local Conservation Police Officer at <a href="mailto:dnr.illinois.gov/lawenforcement.html">dnr.illinois.gov/lawenforcement.html</a>

### **Prohibited Devices and Methods**

### You cannot legally:

- use a trap, snare, net, rifle, pistol, swivel gun, shotgun larger than 10 gauge, punt gun, battery gun, machine gun, fishhook, poison, drug, explosive or stupefying substance to harvest waterfowl.
- hunt by driving, rallying or chasing waterfowl with any motorized conveyance or any sailboat to put them in the range of the hunters.
- •hunt with a shotgun capable of holding more than three shells, UNLESS it is plugged with a one-piece filler which limits total shell capacity to three and which is incapable of removal without disassembling the gun. This does not apply during Light Goose Conservation Order seasons (snow/blue and Ross' geese) that occur after Canada goose season has closed.

### Non-toxic Shot Requirements for Waterfowl, Snipe & Rail

### You cannot legally:

•have in possession while attempting to harvest waterfowl (including coots and captive-reared mallards), snipe or rail any shotgun shells not approved as non-toxic by federal regulations. Most commercially available shot shells from major manufactures are approved non-toxic options. A list of non-toxic shot currently approved by the USFWS can be found at: <a href="https://www.fws.gov/story/2022-04/nontoxic-shot-regulations-hunting-waterfowl-and-coots-us">www.fws.gov/story/2022-04/nontoxic-shot-regulations-hunting-waterfowl-and-coots-us</a>. Also see Tom Roster's Nontoxic Shot Lethality Table© on page 33.

### **Blinds**

### You cannot legally:

- hunt from a floating blind that is not anchored except a scull boat may be used on certain public waters and waterfowl may be harvested from a boat not mechanically powered (see Hunting From Vehicles and Boats in Statewide Regulations) and not camouflaged or disguised.
- hunt waterfowl from a moving watercraft propelled by mechanical power or sails.
- hunt from a sink box (a low floating device, having a depression affording the hunter a means of concealment beneath the surface of the water).

### **Attractants**

### You cannot legally:

- •hunt waterfowl with the use or aid of live decoys. All live, tame or captive ducks and geese shall be removed for a period of 10 consecutive days prior to hunting and confined within an enclosure which substantially reduces the audibility of their calls and totally conceals such tame birds from the sight of migratory waterfowl.
- \*use a recording or electronic calling device to hunt migratory waterfowl. Such electronic calling devices may be used to hunt snow, blue and Ross' geese during Light Goose Conservation Order seasons that occur after Canada goose seasons close.

### Retrieval of Downed Birds (Wanton Waste)

### You cannot legally:

- fail to retrieve, if possible, and retain in the custody of the hunter in the field, all waterfowl killed or crippled. Note: You need permission to enter private property.
- •have or carry an uncased or loaded shotgun in a motorized boat. Waterfowl hunters may have an uncased and unloaded gun in their boats for pursuing crippled waterfowl incapable of normal flight to reduce said bird to possession, provided that the attempt is made immediately upon downing the bird and is done within 400 yards of the blind from which the bird was downed. The gun cannot be loaded unless the motor has been completely shut off and crippled birds may not be shot from the boat until the motor has been completely shut off and the boat's progress has ceased.
- wantonly waste or destroy the useable meat (defined as the breast meat of a migratory game bird) of any game bird or migratory game bird that has a bag limit, and to leave, dump or abandon a wildlife carcass or its parts along or upon a public right-of-way or highway or on public or private property, including a waterway or stream without permission.

### Possession and Tagging

### You cannot legally:

- possess more than one daily limit while in the field or while returning from the field to one's car, hunting camp, home, etc.
- at any time, or by any means, possess or transport live migratory game birds. Every migratory game bird wounded by hunting and reduced to possession by the hunter shall be immediately killed and become a part of the daily bag limit.
- •completely field dress any migratory waterfowl and then transport the birds from the field. The head or one fully-feathered wing must remain attached to all such birds while being transported from the field to one's home or to a commercial preservation facility.
- give, put or leave any waterfowl at any place other than his/her personal abode, or in the custody of another person, unless the birds are tagged by the hunter with the hunter's signature and address, the total number of birds involved, by species, and the dates such birds were killed.
- receive or have in custody any waterfowl belonging to another person unless such birds are properly tagged. Tags available at: <a href="https://waterfow/">huntillinois.</a>
- receive, possess or give to another any freshly-killed waterfowl as a gift, except at the personal abode of the donor or donee, unless such birds have a tag attached (see tagging requirements above).
- consider termination of bird possession by the hunter, until the hunter delivers the birds to another person as a gift or to a post office, common carrier or migratory bird preservation facility and consigned for transport by the Postal Service or a common carrier to some person other than the hunter.

### **Exporting and Importing**

### You cannot legally:

- ship migratory waterfowl unless the package is marked on the outside with the name and address of the person sending the birds, the name and address of the person to whom the birds are being sent and the number of birds, by species, contained in the package.
- import migratory waterfowl killed in any foreign country, except Canada, unless such birds are dressed (except one fully-feathered wing must remain attached to all migratory waterfowl being transported between a port of entry and one's home or to a migratory bird preservation facility), drawn and the head and feet are removed. For information regarding the importation of migratory waterfowl killed in another country, consult 50 CFR 20.61 through 20.66.
- •import migratory waterfowl belonging to another person.

### **Federal Baiting Regulations**

This is a summary of the federal regulations regarding baiting. Please see <a href="https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-50/chapter-l/subchapter-B/part-20">www.ecfr.gov/current/title-50/chapter-l/subchapter-B/part-20</a> for greater detail.

### You cannot legally:

- •take migratory game birds by the aid of baiting, or on or over any baited area, where a person knows or reasonably should know that the area is or has been baited (see <a href="https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-50/chapter-l/subchapter-B/part-20">www.ecfr.gov/current/title-50/chapter-l/subchapter-B/part-20</a>). An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days following the removal of the bait. However, nothing prohibits the taking of any migratory game bird, including waterfowl and coots, on or over the following lands or areas that are not otherwise baited areas:
  - i. Standing crops or flooded standing crops (including aquatics); standing, flooded or manipulated natural vegetation; flooded harvested croplands; or lands or areas where seeds or grains have been scattered solely as the result of a normal agricultural planting, harvesting, post-harvest manipulation or normal soil stabilization practice;
  - ii. From a blind or other place of concealment camouflaged with natural vegetation;
  - iii. From a blind or other place of concealment camouflaged with vegetation from agricultural crops, as long as such camouflaging does not result in the exposing, depositing, distributing or scattering of grain or other feed; or
  - iv. Standing or flooded standing agricultural crops where grain is inadvertently scattered solely as a result of a hunter entering or exiting a hunting area, placing decoys or retrieving birds.

#### **Hunters MAY:**

- •hunt ALL legal migratory game birds, including waterfowl and coots.
- •hunt ALL legal migratory game birds over standing crops, standing flooded crops and flooded harvested croplands.
- ·use natural vegetation to conceal a blind.
- •hunt over natural vegetation that has been mowed or manipulated in other ways. There is no restriction on when manipulation may occur. In other words, the manipulation may occur before, during or after any season where seeds or grains have been scattered solely as the result of "normal agricultural planting, harvesting, post-harvest manipulation or normal soil stabilization practice."
- •hunt over surface-mined lands being reclaimed where seeds or grains are scattered solely as a result of a "normal soil stabilization practice.
- \*use vegetation from agricultural crops to conceal a blind provided that the crop seed is not exposed, deposited, distributed or scattered in the process. For example, corn stalks may be used to camouflage a blind as long as the attached ears remain tightly in the husk.
- continue hunting over standing or flooded standing agricultural crops if they inadvertently scatter grain solely as a result of entering or leaving the field, placing decoys or retrieving downed birds.
- be charged with hunting over bait or a baited area if they "know or reasonably should know" that the area is baited.

#### With respect to federal prohibitions, hunters MAY NOT:

- place, expose, deposit, distribute, or scatter salt, grain or other feed that could lure or attract migratory game birds, except crows, to, on or over an area where hunters are attempting to harvest them.
- ·hunt migratory game birds, except crows, with the aid of bait or on or over any baited area.
- hunt over any baited area until all salt, grain or other feed has been completely removed for at least 10 days.
- •hunt waterfowl and coots over manipulated planted millet. Planted millet is not considered natural vegetation unless it becomes naturalized and grows (volunteers) on its own in subsequent years.
- •hunt waterfowl and coots over seed or grain from manipulated agricultural crops or normal agricultural operations except where seed or grain is present solely as a result of "normal planting, harvesting or post-harvest manipulation" or "normal agricultural soil stabilization
- •hunt migratory game birds, other than crows, if the use of vegetation from agricultural crops to conceal a blind exposes, deposits, distributes or scatters grain or other crop seed.

#### Hunters also should remember that:

- •they are responsible for ensuring that the hunting area has not been baited before they start hunting.
- •they should physically inspect the field or marsh; question landowners, guides and caretakers; and take other reasonable steps to verify the legality of the hunting area.
- \*they must know and obey all applicable federal and state hunting
- when making agricultural determinations, the Fish and Wildlife Service relies on the official recommendations of state extension specialists of the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Cooperative Extension Service.



#### Don't Shoot a Swan!

#### Don't make a mistake!

#### All wild swans are protected in Illinois.

Trumpeter Swans have made a substantial comeback throughout the Midwest region. These native swans are migrating through and wintering in Illinois. You can help bring back this magnificent swan by:

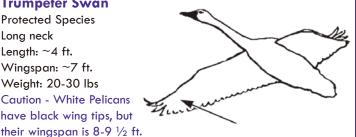
- · Learning the difference between swans and snow geese.
- Reporting observations of swans having wing tags, neck collars or leg
- Protecting wetland habitat.
- · Reporting any harassment of trumpeter swans.

#### **Report Swan Sightings to:**

Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Waterfowl Program 700 South 10th Street, Havana, IL 62644 (309) 543-3065

#### Trumpeter Swan

**Protected Species** Long neck Length: ~4 ft. Wingspan: ~7 ft. Weight: 20-30 lbs Caution - White Pelicans have black wing tips, but



#### Snow Goose

Legally Hunted Short Neck Length:  $\sim 1 \frac{1}{2}$  ft. Wingspan:  $\sim 3 \frac{1}{2}$  ft. Weight: 3-6 lbs White plumage, but **BLACK WING TIPS** 





# DID YOU KNOW ILLINOIS HUNTE ARE CONSERVATIONISTS?

Contributions of Illinois Hunters on local wildlife populations

## WHITE-TAILED DEER





FEW TODAY 46,000,000 \*Mississippi Flyway Population

150,000

These and many other species continue to benefit from the hunter's role in conservation efforts

**Hunters and target shooters** purchase firearms and ammunition



Manufacturers pay an 11% federal excise tax





Revenue from this excise tax is distributed to wildlife state agencies



State wildlife agencies use these funds to purchase land for habitat and to manage wildlife populations

ILLINOIS HUNTERS SPEND \$1.3 BILLION ANNUALLY AND SUPPORT OVER 18,000 ILLINOIS JOBS



# Northern Bobwhite (Colinus virginianus)



The Northern bobwhite is one of North America's most popular and widely distributed game birds. Its range extends from the Atlantic Ocean west to the foothills of the Rockies and from the Gulf of Mexico north to central Wisconsin and Minnesota. In Illinois, they can be found throughout the state. Both male and female are mottled brown, buff and black across the back and white flecks and spots on their flanks. Males have a white "mask" and throat patch, while females have buff browlines and throat patch. The males seminal spring "bob-white" call may be the only indication of their presence. However, in areas with good populations, serenading overtures may be heard on every habitat corner echoing and competing with one another for female attention. For more information see the annual Quail Status Report at: huntillinois.org/upland-birds/

Length: 8-11 inches

Wingspan: 13-15 inches

Weight: 6 ounces

Call: Whistled "bob-white" or "poor-bob-white"

**Habitat Preference:** Fence rows, orchards, hay fields, grassy fields and pastures. They prefer flowering forbs and scattered grasses with open, bare dirt underneath and thickets in and along the edges of grasslands

Food Preferences: Grains, seeds, fruits and insects

Illinois Abundance: Year-round resident but are decreasing in abundance due to habitat loss

Illinois Status: Upland game bird



#### **Definitions**

Upland Game: Bobwhite Quail, Hungarian Partridge, Ring-necked Pheasant, Eastern Cottontail and Swamp

Small Game: for purposes of this digest are defined as Doves (migratory), Woodcock (migratory), Crows (migratory), and Squirrels.

Non-toxic shot: Any shot type that does not cause sickness and death when ingested by animals or humans. Shot types: <a href="https://www.fws.gov/story/2022-04/nontoxic-shot-regulations-hunting-waterfowl-and-coots-us">www.fws.gov/story/2022-04/nontoxic-shot-regulations-hunting-waterfowl-and-coots-us</a>

**Lead Ammunition:** A projectile containing one or more percent lead by weight.

UPLA	ND AND SM	ALL GAME SEAS	ON DATES	AND LIMIT	5

SPECIES	ZONE	DATES (inclusive)	HOURS	DAILY LIMIT	POSSESSION LIMIT	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS
<b>Doves</b> (mourning and white-winged)	Statewide	1 Sep – 14 Nov 2023 and 26 Dec 2023 – 9 Jan 2024		15	45	No limits on Eurasian-collared doves and ringed turtle doves, but they may be harvested only during the established season dates and hours and using only legal methods for mourning/white-winged doves.  Hunters may not remain in the field for taking Eurasian-collared doves or ringed turtle doves after they reach their daily limit for mourning/white-winged doves.
Pheasants (roosters only)	See zones map	4 Nov 2023 - 8 Jan 2024 ( <b>North Zone</b> ) 4 Nov 2023 - 15 Jan 2024 ( <b>South Zone</b> )	Sunrise to	2	6	Until the 3rd day of the hunting season, you may not possess more than twice the daily limit. Hen pheasants are illegal to harvest or possess, except as specified on controlled hunting areas.
<b>Quail</b> (Bobwhite)	See zones map	4 Nov 2023 - 8 Jan 2024 ( <b>North Zone</b> ) 4 Nov 2023 - 15 Jan 2024 ( <b>South Zone</b> )	Sunset	8	20	Until the 3rd day of the hunting season, you may not possess more than twice the daily limit.
Hungarian Partridge	See zones map	4 Nov 2023 - 8 Jan 2024 (North Zone) 4 Nov 2023 - 15 Jan 2024 (South Zone)		2	6	Until the 3rd day of the hunting season, you may not possess more than twice the daily limit.
Rabbits (cottontail and swamp)	Statewide	4 Nov 2023 - 15 Feb 2024		4	10	Until the 3rd day of the hunting season, you may not possess more than twice the daily limit.
Woodcock	Statewide	21 Oct - 4 Dec 2023		3	9	
<b>Squirrels</b> (gray and fox)	Statewide	1 Aug 2023 - 1 <i>5</i> Feb 2024	½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset	5	10	Closed 17-19 Nov and 30 Nov - 3 Dec 2023 in counties open for firearm deer hunting. Bag limits are for both species combined.
Crow	Statewide	28 Oct 2023 - 28 Feb 2024	½ hour before sunrise to sunset	No limit	No limit	



#### **Upland and Small Game Zones:**

Zones for rooster pheasant, quail, Hungarian partridge are divided by U.S. Route 36 from the Indiana state line to Springfield, Illinois Route 29 from Springfield to Pekin, and Illinois Route 9 from Pekin to Dallas City, then due west to the Mississippi River.

#### **Hunting Credentials and Requirements**

- To hunt upland and small game, residents and non-residents will need a hunting license and a habitat stamp listed below. Individuals intending to hunt doves or woodcock will also need HIP Certification. Exemptions to these requirements are specified in table. For residency qualification, see Resident definition in Statewide Regulations.
- Individuals wanting to hunt upland birds and/or rabbits on specific IDNR sites may also need to apply for a Free Upland Game Permit.
- See upland and small game hunting map for associated upland bird and rabbit hunting zones.

#### Types of Hunting Opportunities

There are different opportunities for hunting upland game on state, federal and private lands. The primary types of upland hunting include:

- Open hunting on state sites some IDNR sites do not require a lottery permit to hunt upland and small game but may require a windshield card or signing in and out when you hunt. Check the Hunter Fact Sheets or call site for hunting opportunities and regulations in your area.
- Upland Game Permit for IDNR sites FREE permit issued by a lottery that takes place in August, see Upland Game Permit Process section hereafter.
- Controlled Pheasant hunting on IDNR sites application period and stand-by hunt info found in the 'controlled pheasant hunting' section
- 4. Open hunting on federal sites see Hunting Areas Information section for links to potential opportunities.
- Open hunting on private lands provided permission from landowner.

#### Non-toxic Shot and HIP Registration Requirement

#### **Non-toxic Shot Requirement:**

- Hunters should be aware that several IDNR sites now require use of non-toxic shot, such as steel.
- •For ease of this conversion, note that steel shot #3 is ballistically similar to lead shot #5, and steel shot #6 is ballistically similar to lead shot #7.5 or #8.
- •For comparison of shot size and effectiveness, see Tom Roster's Nontoxic Shot Lethality Table© (page 33).

#### **HIP Registration:**

• Free registration with HIP (National Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program) is required by law every year to hunt mourning doves and woodcock in Illinois. Crow hunting does not require HIP Certification. Get your HIP certification when purchasing your hunting or sportsman license or register for HIP by calling 1-866-716-6550 (record the transaction number on your license). Lifetime license holders also need to register with HIP on an annual basis. HIP is a nationwide program and you must register separately in every state where you hunt migratory birds. Cooperation and support from hunters make sound resource management possible.

Upland an	d Small G	ame Hun	ting Cro	edentia	ıls (does r	ot include vendor fees)
	Pri	ce	How	to apply/	purchase	
License/Permit/Stamps	Resident Resident Lo		Lottery	ottery Online Vendo		Specifications
Hunting License	Variable	Variable		Х	Х	See Statewide Regulations section for license types.
State Habitat Stamp	\$5.00	\$5.00		х	х	Required for all hunters 18+ years old. Not required to hunt hand-reared game birds on licensed game breeding and hunting preserve areas, as well as hand-reared pheasants on Department-controlled Pheasant Hunting Areas. Purchasers of a lifetime hunting license prior to 1993 and legally disabled veterans are exempt from this stamp.
Super Senior Habitat Stamp	Free	n/a		Х	Х	Must be 75 or older, and pay vendor fees.
HIP Certification	Free	Free		Х	Х	Before hunting Dove or Woodcock, all licensed hunters, including lifetime license holders, must register with HIP. See the HIP Registration section on page 32.
Upland Game Management Areas	Free	Free	Х	Х		
Controlled Pheasant Areas	Site Fee	Site Fee		Х		See Upland Game Permit Process section for details. Fee may be charged at controlled hunting sites.
Dove Management Areas	Free	Free	Х	Х		

# Upland and Small Game Hunting Regulations (Additional to Statewide Regulations)

#### **Legal Firearm and Archery Equipment**

- \*Upland birds, including migratory species, can be hunted with shotgun or bow and arrow (flu-flu arrows only; no broadheads) under regulations outlined in Statewide Regulations.
- Rabbits and squirrels can only be hunted with a gun or bow and arrow, but equipment regulations vary by site.
- Many IDNR sites require non-toxic shot, such as steel, but some do not. Check Hunter Fact Sheets or call site for site-specific regulations.

#### **Clothing Requirements**

- A solid blaze orange or solid blaze pink cap/hat and an upper outer garment displaying at least 400 square inches of solid blaze orange or solid blaze pink material must be worn while hunting pheasant, quail, partridge, woodcock or rabbits on IDNR lands or when accompanying youth on controlled pheasant or firearm deer hunts.
- On non-IDNR land, a solid blaze orange or solid blaze pink hat/cap must be worn to hunt upland birds (except doves) or rabbits with a firearm.
- •Camouflage blaze orange or camouflage blaze pink material does not meet the solid orange or solid pink requirement.
- •No blaze orange or blaze pink clothing is required for hunting doves, crows and squirrels, unless simultaneously hunting other types of upland birds or rabbits which requires blaze orange or blaze pink clothing noted above.

#### **Additional Hunting Regulations**

Below are several pertinent regulations when hunting upland birds in Illinois. Numerous other state and/or federal regulations apply to the taking, possessing, shipping, transporting and storing of upland and small game birds, especially migratory species. Hunters should also consult Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 20 www.ecfr.gov, and Chapter 520 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs.asp, or talk with a Conservation Police Officer for questions on specific regulations.

#### You can legally:

- ·use dogs to hunt upland birds.
- use all types of non-toxic shot, such as steel and bismuth at all IDNR sites.
- ·use stationary or spinning-wing decoys.

#### You cannot legally:

- \*use lead shot at many IDNR sites, but some allow lead shot. Check Hunter Fact Sheets or call the site for site-specific regulations.
- •use a recording or electronic calling device to hunt migratory birds other than crows.
- possess or use any net or trap for harvesting upland birds.
- •trap rabbits or squirrels.
- attempt to harvest any other squirrel species besides gray and fox
  harvest doves or woodcock by the use or aid of bait or baiting of any kind. "Bait" means any material, whether liquid or solid, including food, salt, minerals and other products that can be ingested, placed or scattered in such a manner as to attract or lure upland birds. "Baiting" means the placement or scattering of bait to attract upland birds. For the purposes of harvesting upland birds, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the manipulation, including mowing or cutting, of standing crops as a normal agricultural or soil stabilization practice, food plots, or normal agricultural practices, including planting, harvesting, and maintenance, such as cultivating, or the use of products designed for scent only and not capable of ingestion, solid or liquid, placed or scattered, in such a manner as to attract or lure upland birds. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days following the removal of the bait.
- harvest upland birds, unless they are flying, except for harvesting pheasants that are not flying when crippled and not capable of normal flight and otherwise irretrievable. However, doves, woodcock and crows may be harvested while not in flight.
- •remove plumage of pheasants in the field or while being transported to one's home, taxidermist or food processor.
- transport woodcock unless the head or one fully-feathered wing is attached.

#### **Dove and Woodcock Banding**

If you harvest a leg-banded dove or woodcock, we encourage you to report information about when and where you harvested the bird. You will be emailed a Certificate of Appreciation with information about when and where the dove or woodcock was banded. Your cooperation on reporting band numbers gives biologists a wealth of information useful in managing the resource to provide hunters with optimal recreational opportunities while protecting dove populations.

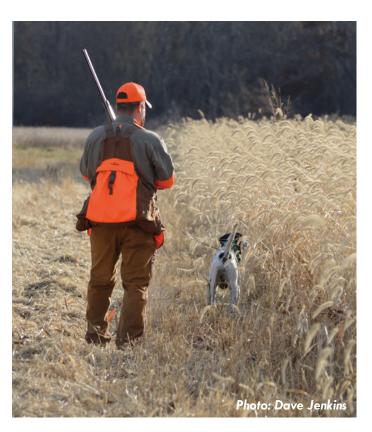
Report banded birds at: www.reportband.gov

#### **Lead Poisoning in Game Birds**

The hazards of lead poisoning in game birds consuming spent shotgun pellets have been well-publicized. Research has determined that doves and other birds also are at risk from acute lead poisoning due to consuming spent shotgun pellets in hunted fields, and that many more doves may be dying each year than waterfowl did prior to the lead shot ban. While non-toxic shot is not required on all hunting areas, upland and small game hunters are encouraged to use steel or other non-toxic shot types to spare doves and other wildlife from potential lead poisoning. No. 6 or 7 steel shot used with shotgun chokes one size more open than typically used for lead are very effective in harvesting doves. Improved cylinder or skeet is the best choke to use with steel shot for doves. For pheasant, No. 2 or 3 steel will perform like lead No. 4 or 5 lead shot. Even though non-toxic shot is a little more expensive than lead, the cost is justified to help conserve our valuable wildlife resources.

#### **Upland Permit Process**

- Apply for FREE site-specific upland game and dove hunting permits (see tables on the next page for drawing information and website link and sites offering hunting opportunities). Residents receive application preference.
- Permit holding hunters can bring a number of hunting partners depending on the site but hunting partners cannot hunt without the permit holder being present to hunt.
- Hunting dates depend on each site. Check the IDNR Upland and Small Game webpage or contact the site directly for details.
- Tables hereafter show permit application information and a list of IDNR sites with Upland Game or Dove Hunting Permits.



		2023 Uplo	ınd an	d Smal	l Game Permit Applications
Application Period/Location	Methods	Hunt Period	Opens	Closes	Specifications
Upland Game Hunt Permi	ts (Free)				
One Drawing Only	Internet	Varies by Site	1 Aug	31 Aug	These free hunts limit the number of hunters, via permit, pursuing wild birds and rabbits on habitat areas and select state sites. Upland Game Hunting is for rooster pheasant, quail, Hungarian partridge, and rabbits. Applicants can receive only one (1) permit per year. dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/uplandgame1.html
Site-specific Dove Permit I	lunts (Free	e)			
First (Residents Only)	Internet	1-5 Sept	1 June	30 June	The permit holder only hunts on IDNR managed dove fields. Applicants can apply for
Second	Internet	1-5 Sept	6 July	20 July	up to five (5) different sites and can apply with a partner who will receive a permit for the same site and date. Non-residents can apply for the second lottery and also
Over-the-counter	Internet	1-5 Sept	27 July	25 Aug	receive over-the-counter permits. Applications accepted for first or second permit
Youth (ages 10-17)	Internet	3 Sept			during over-the-counter period. Youth hunters must be accompanied by a supervising adult. dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/uplandgame1.html
Controlled Pheasant Hunt	s (Fee Cha	irged)			
First	Internet	Varies by Site	7 Aug	14 Aug	
Second	Internet	Varies by Site	14 Aug	21 Aug	These application-based hunts allow a controlled number of hunters to pursue
Third	Internet	Varies by Site	21 Aug	28 Aug	released, captive-raised pheasants on state and public/private partnership sites.  dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/controlledpheasanthunting.html
Youth (ages 10-17)	Internet	Varies by Site	7 Aug	28 Aug	

	Sheets for site-specific inform	nation
Site Name	jov/hunting/factsheets.html County	Non-toxic shot require
Birkbeck PHA	DeWitt	No
Bradford PHA	Stark	Yes
Chatsworth PHA	Livingston	Yes
Clifton PHA	Iroquois	No
Coffeen Lake SFWA	Montgomery	No
Dublin Highlands PHA	Stephenson	No
Edward R. Madigan SP	Logan	Yes
Finfrock SHA	DeWitt	No
Freeman Mine SWA	Montgomery	No
Franklin Creek SNA	Lee	No
Gifford PHA	Champaign	No
Green River SWA	Lee	Yes
Hallsville PHA	DeWitt	No
Harry "Babe" Woodyard SNA	Vermilion	No
Herschel Workman PHA	Vermilion	No
Hindsboro PHA	Douglas	No
llo Dillin HA	Tazewell	Yes
Jim Edgar Panther Creek SFWA	Cass	Yes
Larry D. Closson HA	Douglas	No
Little Rock Creek HA	Carroll	No
Loda PHA	Iroquois	No
Mackinaw River SFWA	Tazewell	Yes
Manito PHA	Tazewell	No
Mautino SFWA	Bureau	Yes
Maxine Loy LWR	Marion	Yes
Maytown PHA	Lee	No
Milks Grove PHA	Iroquois	No
Nachusa Prairie c/o Franklin Creek SNA	Ogle	No
Paul C. Burrus HA	Coles	No
Perdueville PHA	Ford/Champaign	No
Pyramid SP	Perry	No
Ramsey Lake SP	Fayette	Yes
Sand Prairie PHA	Lee	No
Sand Ridge SF	Mason	Yes
Sangchris Lake SP	Christian/Sangamon	No
Saybrook PHA	McLean	No
Sibley PHA	Ford	No
Steward PHA	Lee	No
Victoria PHA	Knox	Yes
Whitefield PHA	Marshall	Yes
Willow Creek HA	Edgar	No

Site	County	Specifications
Big Bend SFWA	Whiteside	
Clinton Lake SRA	DeWitt	
Des Plaines SFWA	Will	
Edward R. Madigan SP	Logan	
Fox Ridge SP	Coles	
Green River SWA	Lee	
Harry "Babe" Woodyard SNA	Vermilion	
Hidden Springs SF	Shelby	For all sites listed to the left:
Horseshoe Lake SP	Madison	Tor all sites listed to the terr.
Iroquois County SWA	Iroquois	Lottery permit required first 5 days of season
Jim Edgar Panther Creek SFWA	Cass	See Hunter Fact sheets for check-in times
Johnson Sauk Trail SP	Henry	Manager of the control of the contro
Kankakee River SP	Kankakee/Will	Many of these sites require Non-Toxi Shot. Please check the current site
Mackinaw River SFWA	Tazewell	regulations at <u>HuntIllinois.org</u> before
Matthiessen SP	LaSalle	hunting.
Middle Fork SFWA	Vermilion	
Sangchris SP	Christian	
Shelbyville FL	Moultrie	
Shelbyville SFWA	Moultrie	
Silver Springs SFWA	Kendall	
Snakeden Hollow SFWA	Knox	
Victoria PHA	Knox	

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Jubilee College SP	Peoria	
Kankakee River SP	Kankakee/Will	Youth hunts at these sites occur the first weekend
Mackinaw River SP	Tazewell	day of the season or Labor Day, whichever comes first, with a supervisor allowed to hunt.
Mt. Vernon Game Farm	Jefferson	comes misi, with a supervisor allowed to hom.
Ramsey Lake State Park	Fayette	Check-in 10-11 a.m.
Sam Parr SFWA	Jasper	No standbys available
Sangchris Lake SP	Christian/Sangamon	Non-Toxic Shot required at all sites
Silver Springs SFWA	Kendall	

## Youth Dove Permit Hunting Areas (No Supervisor Hunting)

Horseshoe Lake SP	Madison	Same regulations as above, but only youth is
Stephen A. Forbes SP	Marion	permitted to hunt. Supervisor <u>may not</u> hunt.





42 dnr.illinois.gov

#### Controlled Pheasant Hunting

- On controlled pheasant hunting areas State Habitat Stamps are not required when hunting captive-reared pheasants. State Habitat Stamps are required when hunting quail, Hungarian partridge and woodcock on controlled pheasant hunting areas where these species can be harvested during the controlled pheasant hunting season.
- •Information about controlled pheasant hunting permit reservations is available at: dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/controlledpheasanthunting.
- Thanksgiving Day hunting hours at all controlled pheasant hunting sites are 9 a.m. - 1 p.m.

#### Permits Required for Leased Lands & Commercial Clubs

See 520 ILCS 5/3.27 in the Wildlife Code for more information on permits. www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs3.asp?ActID=1729&ChapterIL=43

#### **Disabled Hunters**

Disabled hunters with Standing Vehicle Permits may obtain Controlled Pheasant Hunting Permits for Eldon Hazlet, Des Plaines and Moraine View where special vehicles are available to assist with the hunt. Disabled hunters, as defined by law (520 ILCS 5/2.33), may apply to the IDNR Office of Law Enforcement (217-782-6431) for a Standing Vehicle Permit. Information about controlled pheasant hunting permit reservations for disabled hunters is available at: dnr.illinois.gov/doo

#### **Upland and Small Game Hunting FAQs**

#### How do I check on the status of my Free Upland Permit?

A: Check the status of your Free Upland Permit here: <a href="mailto:dnr2.illinois.gov/OnLineHuntingApplication/UplandGame/">dnr2.illinois.gov/OnLineHuntingApplication/UplandGame/</a> Search Upland Permit. aspx

#### Is there a second lottery for leftover permits for the Free Upland Game Permit sites?

A: No, there are rarely any permits leftover.

#### How do I check on the status of my Controlled Pheasant Hunting Permit?

A: You may check the status of your Controlled Pheasnt hunting permit here: dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/controlledpheasanthunting.html

#### Can I use an air rifle to take upland/small game?

A: An air rifle can only be used to take rabbits and squirrels.

#### What do I do if I was drawn for a permit?

A: A link to download and print your permit will be provided in your email confirmation

## Why aren't there as many pheasant, quail and rabbits as there used

A: Changes in habitat are the primary reasons and includes a decrease in the quantity and quality of habitat. There is less suitable habitat because of changes in the landscape including fewer fencerows, pastures, hayfields, small grains (wheat, oats, etc). Second, the existing habitat quality has decreased because of introduced grasses like fescue and brome that are too thick for upland game.

## On some of your Habitat Areas, there is nothing but 'weeds', why doesn't the IDNR plant more food plots?

A: The limiting factor of upland game is quality habitat, not a lack of food. Many annual weeds like ragweed, crabgrass, and foxtail are all consumed by upland species. The focus in our habitat areas is production and sustainability of grassland species by providing all their habitat and resource needs.

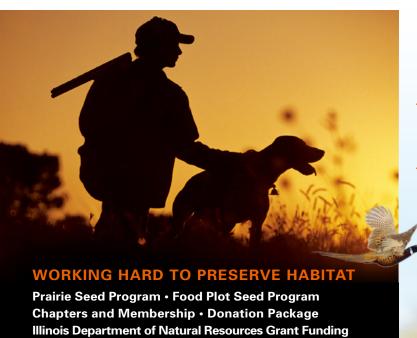
#### Is it true that hawks and coyotes are killing all the upland game?

A: While predators do eat some game birds and rabbits, this is not what is causing our long-term decline. If we had adequate habitat (quantity and quality), there would be more game on the landscape.

#### Why did the IDNR add more sites to the list requiring non-toxic shot?

A: Lead shot is highly toxic to most bird species when ingested. Birds do not seem to be able to distinguish small weed seeds from small shot pellets. We are making these changes to reduce the amount of lead being deposited (and subsequently ingested by wildlife) on hunting areas with a high volume of shooting and/or sensitive areas.

> VAILABLE IN ILLINOIS. KENTUCKY AND INDIANA



**Hunting Opportunities • Youth Involvement** 

#### CONTACT

QUGA - 1157 600th Ave, Middletown, Illinois 62666 (812) 536-2272 • bobwhite@psci.net www.quga.org



**Quail and Upland Game Alliance - QUGA** 



## **FURBEARER TRAPPING SEASON DATES AND LIMITS**

SPECIES	ZONE	DATES	LIMIT	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS
Raccoon				
Opossum				
Striped Skunk				
Weasel (Least and Long-tailed)				
Mink	Statewide		None	
Muskrat				
Fox (Red and Gray)		10 Nov 2023 - 15 Feb 2024		
Coyote				
Badger	North		2 per person per season	
budger	South		1 per person per season	
Bobcat	See Bobcat Zone map		One by permit only	Must possess a Bobcat Hunting and Trapping Permit BEFORE attempting to harvest a bobcat. Must purchase Bobcat Registration Permit within 48 hours of taking a bobcat. Taking bobcats in closed zone is prohibited.
Beaver	Statewide	10 Nov 2023 - 31 Mar 2024	None	
River Otter	Statewide	10 Nov 2023 - 31 Mar 2024	5 per person per season	
Woodchuck (Groundhog)	Statewide	1 Jun - 30 Sep 2023	None	

	FURBEARER HUNTIN	IG SEASON DATES AND I	LIMITS				
SPECIES	DATES	HOURS	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS				
Raccoon							
Opossum		Open 24 hours and season begins ½	During Archery Deer Season, bow hunting				
<b>Fox</b> (Red and Gray)	10 Nov 2023 - 15 Feb 2024	hour before sunrise on opening day and closes ½ hour after sunset on closing day. <b>See Archery Restrictions</b>	hours for raccoon, opossum, fox, coyote, and striped skunk will be $\frac{1}{2}$ hour before sunrise to $\frac{1}{2}$ hour after sunset				
Bobcat			Must possess a Bobcat Hunting and Trapping				
Woodchuck	Fox (Red and Gray)  Bobcat  1 Jun 2023 - 31 Mar 2024 Closed during first and second firearm deer seasons in counties open to firearm deer hunting.  Coyote  Year round Closed during the first and second	$rac{1}{2}$ hour before sunrise to $rac{1}{2}$ hour after sunset	Permit BEFORE attempting to harvest a bobcat. Limit one bobcat per person per season. Must purchase Bobcat Registration Permit within 48 hours of harvesting a				
Coyote			bobcat. Taking bobcats in a closed zone is prohibited.				
Striped Skunk	Year round Closed during the first and second firearm deer seasons in counties open to firearm deer hunting.	$\frac{1}{2}$ hour before sunrise to $\frac{1}{2}$ hour after sunset. No time restriction 10 Nov 2023 - 15 Mar 2024	Hunters with unfilled firearm deer permits may harvest coyotes during firearm deer seasons with weapons legal for deer hunting $1/2$ before sunrise to $1/2$ after sunset.  There is no limit on foxes, coyote, opossum, raccoon, striped skunk and woodchuck.				



**Furbearer Zones:** 

Trapping (Badger): Divided by U.S. Route 36.

#### Trap Tagging and Checking Requirements

#### You cannot legally:

- fail to mark or tag with metal tags or inscribe in lettering the name and address of the owner or customer identification number issued by the Department of Natural Resources, all traps used in the taking of furbearing mammals.
- fail to visit and remove all animals from traps at least once each calendar day.

#### **Trap Size Restrictions**

#### You cannot legally:

- ° on land use a leghold trap that has a jaw spread larger than 6  $\frac{1}{2}$  inches or a body-gripping trap that has a jaw spread larger than 7 inches on a side, if square, and 8 inches, if round.
- in water use a leghold trap that has a jaw spread larger than  $7 \frac{1}{2}$  inches or a body-gripping trap that has a jaw spread larger than 10 inches on a side, if square, and 12 inches, if round.
- trap beaver or river otter with a leghold trap or one of similar construction having a jaw spread of less than 5 ½ inches or more than 7 ½ inches, except that these restrictions shall not apply during the open season for trapping raccoons.
- trap beaver or river otter with a body-gripping trap or one of similar construction having a jaw spread of less than 7 inches or more than 10 inches on a side, if square, and 12 inches, if round, except that these restrictions shall not apply during the open season for trapping raccoons.
- NOTE: diameter of traps is measured from the inside edges of the jaws.

#### **Closed Trapping Season**

#### You cannot legally:

 set or place any trap in the field, set or unset, during the closed trapping season. Setting out stakes or floats before the season opens, if no traps are attached to them, is permissible.



**Bobcat Zones:** 

Taking bobcats is prohibited in an area bounded by Interstate 39/ Route 51 on the west side and U.S. Route 36 on the south side. Bobcats may be harvested with a valid permit in the remainder of the state.

#### **Illegal Traps**

#### You cannot legally:

- use any trap with saw-toothed, spiked or toothed jaws.
- use or possess a deadfall, net or pit trap to take any protected wildlife.
- use any colony traps or cage, box or stove-pipe trap designed to harvest more than one mammal at a single setting. Single catch cage or box traps are legal.

#### **Snares**

#### You cannot legally:

- \* place, set, use or maintain a snare unless at least half of the loop is underwater at all times. When set, the snare loop must be 15 inches or less in diameter. Snares must be constructed of cable that is at least 5/64 inch, but no more than 1/8 inch in diameter, and must be equipped with a mechanical lock, anchor swivel and stop device that prevents the snare loop from closing to less than  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches in diameter.
- use or possess cable or wire snares constructed of stainless steel metal.

### Dens, Nest and Feed Beds

#### You cannot legally:

- molest or destroy any feed bed (a mound, pile or mat of branches, cattails or other vegetation gathered and piled by muskrats or beaver), nest, den, house or other animal cavity (except that this shall not apply to individuals who are removing beaver lodges/dams pursuant to a Nuisance Animal Removal Permit or Nuisance Wildlife Control Operator's Permit as provided by administrative rule or statute).
- set traps closer than 10 feet from any hole or den which may be occupied by a game mammal or furbearing mammal except that this restriction does not apply to water sets. Traps may be legally set within 10 feet of dens in water, but such sets are unlawful on land.

#### Furbearer Trapping and Hunting Credentials (does not include vendor fees) Price How to apply for or purchase License/Permit/Stamps Resident Non-Resident Lottery Online **Vendors Specifications** First-time trappers born on or after Jan. 1, 1998 are required to complete a trapper education **Trapping** \$10.00 Χ Χ course before purchasing a license. Residents with at least 39.5 acres do not need a license to trap on their land. Any hunter/trapper under 18 years of age may purchase this license. Hunters/trappers with this license must be supervised by an adult who is 21 years of age or older and has the appropriate Youth Hunting and Trapping \$7.00 Χ Χ Illinois hunting or trapping license. The youth hunter shall not hunt or trap or carry a hunting device, unless the youth is accompanied by and under close personal supervision of that adult. Reciprocity means your state of residence allows Trappina \$175.00 Χ (with state reciprocity) Illinois residents to trap. \$250.00 Χ Χ See reciprocity specification above. (without state reciprocity) **Hunting License** Variable Variable Χ Χ See Statewide Regulations section for license types. \$5.00 Χ **State Habitat Stamp** \$5.00 Χ **Species-specific Permits River Otter Registration Permit** \$5.00 \$5.00 Χ Purchase within 48 hours after river otter harvest **Bobcat Hunting & Trapping** Lottery applications accepted Sept 1-30. \$5.00 \$5.00 Χ Χ Lottery Application See lottery section for details **Bobcat Registration Permit** \$5.00 \$5.00 Χ Purchase within 48 hours after bobcat harvest

# General Furbearer Regulations (Additional to <u>Statewide Regulations</u>)

#### **Definitions**

**Furbearing Mammals:** badger, beaver, bobcat, coyote, gray fox, mink, muskrat, opossum, raccoon, red fox, river otter, striped skunk and weasel.

**Trap:** To capture, or attempt to capture, by setting or placing a leg-hold trap, cushion-hold trap, body-gripping trap, cage or box trap, snare live-trap or other similar device permitted by the Illinois Wildlife Code to capture, hold or kill any protected wildlife.

**Water Set:** Any trap or similar device that is placed or set in contact with flowing or impounded water.

**Land Set:** Any trap or similar device not placed or set in contact with flowing or impounded water.

Green Hide: Any hide or pelt which has not been tanned.

#### Trapping and Hunting Credentials and Requirements

- To trap furbearers, residents and non-residents will need an appropriate trapping license and habitat stamp listed in the chart above. Exemptions to these requirements are specified in the table. For residency qualification, see Resident definition in the Statewide Regulations section.
- To hunt furbearers, residents and non-residents will need an applicable hunting license and state habitat stamp, as listed in the Statewide Regulations section.

#### **Clothing Requirement**

Trappers in the field during the firearm deer seasons must wear a cap and 400 square inches of solid blaze orange or solid blaze pink outer clothing.

#### **Possession of Furbearers and Parts**

- Road-kill Furbearing mammals that are found dead or unintentionally killed by a vehicle along a roadway may only be salvaged if the season for that species is open and you possess all appropriate licenses, stamps and permits required to salvage that species. (see credentials table above) NOTE: Bobcats may only be salvaged by permit holders during the open season. Salvage of weasel, mink, muskrat, beaver, badger and river otter requires a trapping license and state habitat stamp if required; salvage of all other species requires a hunting or trapping license and state habitat stamp if required. Salvaged badgers, bobcats and river otters become part of your harvest limit. River otters and bobcats are subject to registration and tagging requirements.
- Green Hides Green hides may be possessed year-round with a valid hunting or trapping license.
- $^{\circ}$  Live Contact IDNR for more specific regulations dealing with possession of live furbearing animals under Chapter 520 5/3.25 of the Wildlife Code.
- Breeding Persons within Illinois who hold, possess or engage in the breeding or raising of live furbearing mammals protected by the Wildlife Code must have a valid Furbearing Mammal Breeder Permit. No permits will be issued for the breeding or raising of striped skunks or coyotes.

Furbearing mammal breeders shall keep a record for two years from the date of acquisition, sale or other disposition of each live furbearing mammal or its green hide so raised or propagated (contact IDNR for more specific regulations dealing with possession of live furbearing animals under Chapter  $520\ 5/3.25$  of the Wildlife Code).

#### Rabbits and Squirrels Cannot Be Trapped

It is only legal to trap furbearing mammals and woodchucks. No other game mammals or birds may be trapped.

#### **River Otter Harvest and Possession**

- No more than five river otters may be harvested during the season. Possession limit is twice the season limit. Possession limits do not apply to fur buyers, tanners, manufacturers or taxidermists nor do they apply to tanned pelts, mounted specimens or manufactured products.
- Trapping is the only legal method of harvest. Licensed trappers may salvage otters found dead along a roadway during the open season; such animals become part of the person's harvest limit and are subject to permit and tagging requirements.
- Trappers must purchase a River Otter Registration Permit within 48 hours after harvesting a river otter. The cost of a permit is \$5 plus a vendor's fee. Permits are available anywhere you can purchase a hunting or trapping license, including <a href="https://www.exploremoreil.com">www.exploremoreil.com</a>. You will be mailed an official CITES pelt tag within 2-3 weeks after purchasing a permit. Otter registration permits must be purchased by the individual who captured the otter and cannot be transferred to another person. NOTE: Do not purchase a permit before you harvest an otter.
- An official CITES tag must be permanently affixed to the green hide of each otter (including a whole, un-skinned carcass) before it is exported outside the United States or transferred to a fur buyer, fur tanner, taxidermist or manufacturer (a manufacturer is an individual who dresses and fabricates green hides into fur garments or products). Unsealed CITES tags cannot be transferred to another person.

#### **Bobcat Hunting and Trapping**

Hunters and trappers must possess a Bobcat Hunting and Trapping Permit BEFORE taking or attempting to harvest a bobcat. Applications will be available online only at <a href="https://www.exploremoreil.com">www.exploremoreil.com</a> during 1-30 Sep. Applicants must submit a \$5 non-refundable fee. Available permits will be allocated during a lottery and mailed to successful applicants.

- If you receive a Bobcat Hunting and Trapping Permit, you may harvest one bobcat by hunting, trapping or salvaging a road-kill during open seasons. Examples of legal methods of hunting include archery, predator calling, stalking, and treeing with dogs. The hunting season for bobcats is closed during firearm deer seasons.
- Unsealed CITES tags cannot be transferred to another person.
- Taking bobcats is prohibited in the closed zone.
- If you harvest a bobcat, you must purchase a \$5 Bobcat Registration Permit at <a href="https://www.exploremoreil.com">www.exploremoreil.com</a> within 48 hours. (Code 306 under "Permits") The Department will mail you a federal CITES tag within 2-3 weeks.

- NOTE: Bobcat Registration Permits are not available at license vendors
- A federal CITES tag must be permanently affixed to each bobcat pelt before it is exported from the United States or transferred to a fur buyer, taxidermist, fur tanner, or garment manufacturer. If you plan to have a bobcat mounted, we recommend making a slit between the inner lip and eye hole then placing a piece of wood or plastic in the slit before freezing the bobcat. This will make it easier to insert the federal tag when you receive it.
- Applicants who did not receive a permit the previous year will have preference by being part of the initial random drawing. If any additional permits remain to be allocated after that drawing, a second drawing will take place for all of the individuals who received a permit the previous year.

#### **Furbearer Trapping and Reporting Requirements**

The Department conducts an annual survey of trappers to estimate the number of furbearing mammals trapped and sold during the regular trapping season. Approximately 20% of trappers are surveyed annually and if you receive a survey form, you are highly encouraged to complete and return it. For survey results visit: <a href="www.human-dimensions.inhs.illinois.edu/trapper/">www.human-dimensions.inhs.illinois.edu/trapper/</a>

Beaver, Badger, River Otter, Weasel, Mink, and Muskrat
(Trapping Only)

#### You cannot legally:

 harvest beaver, badger, river otter, weasel, mink or muskrat except by trapping. However, beaver, river otter, weasel, mink, and muskrat can be shot with a firearm, pistol, or airgun of a caliber not larger than a .22 long rifle to remove the animal from the trap.

#### **Tree Climbing or Cutting Devices**

#### You cannot legally:

 use or possess any tree climbing or tree cutting device (i.e., saw or axe) when hunting furbearing mammals. Certain exceptions apply to coyote hunting; see "Coyote Hunting" section.

In 2016, the bobcat became the 14th species of furbearer that has a regulated hunting or trapping season. The bobcat and many other game mammals in Illinois were nearly extirpated from the state in the early 1900's because of habitat loss and unregulated harvest. Bobcats, like white-tailed deer, wild turkey, river otter, and beaver made remarkable recoveries as habitat quantity and quality improved and conservation strategies were implemented by wildlife managers. Much of this work was funded by hunters and trappers through license fees and the Pittman-Robertson Act, which taxes sporting goods, firearms, and ammunition. Funds are used for wildlife conservation including: research, habitat improvements, and acquisition of habitat.



#### **Exposed Bait**

#### You cannot legally:

- place, set or maintain any leghold trap within 30 feet of bait placed in such a manner or position that is not completely covered and concealed from sight, except that this shall not apply to water sets.
- bait means any bait composed of mammal, bird or fish flesh, fur, hide, entrails or feathers. Leghold traps set on land may not be placed around exposed bait, such as animal carcasses.

#### **Permission from Landowner**

#### You cannot legally:

 trap furbearers on another person's property without his or her permission. This includes waters flowing over and/or standing on the land of another person.

#### **Damaging Property While Trapping**

#### You cannot legally:

 destroy or damage another person's property while trapping on his or her land.

#### Trapping Near Dwellings

#### You cannot legally:

 trap within 100 yards of an inhabited dwelling without first obtaining permission from the owner or tenant.

#### **Furbearer Running Season**

Furbearers may be pursued or chased with dogs, but not killed, during the running season. The running season for coyote, gray and red fox, opossum, raccoon and striped skunk is open year-round. Exception: You cannot legally pursue any furbearer with a dog or dogs between the hours of sunset and sunrise during the 10-day period preceding the opening date of the raccoon hunting season and the 10-day period following the closing date of the raccoon hunting season. Note: Competitive hunts licensed by U.K.C., N.K.C., P.K.C. or A.K.C./A.C.H.A. may be held during the 10-day closed periods under authority of a IDNR Field Trial Permit.

When training dogs from sunset to sunrise, no person in, along with or accompanying the dog training party shall be in possession of a firearm or live ammunition, except pistols capable of firing only blank cartridges except as provided in the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

Non-residents are prohibited from hunting furbearers or running their dogs in Illinois during any time when Illinois residents would not be allowed to hunt furbearers or run dogs in the non-resident's state.

#### You cannot legally:

 possess any firearm or ammunition other than a pistol loaded with blank cartridges while training dogs during the time when hunting seasons are closed except on an authorized field trial or dog training area except as provided in the Firearm Concealed Carry Act



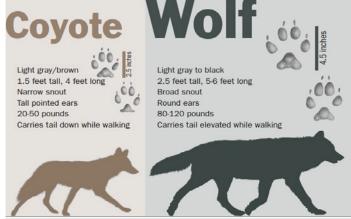
#### Written Authorization to Handle Traps of Another Person

You cannot legally:

 remove mammals from, move, or disturb in any manner, traps owned by another person without written authorization of the owner to do so.

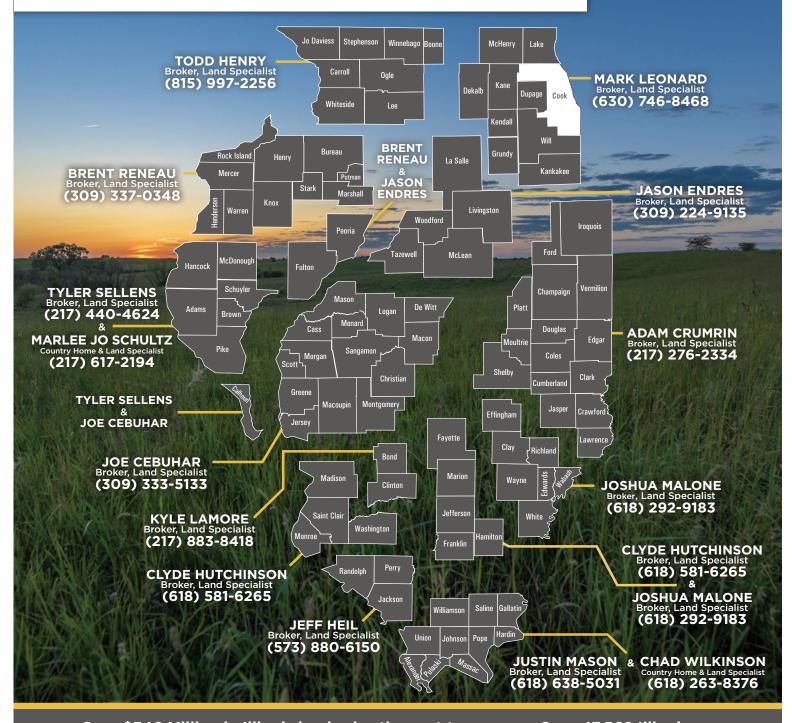
### **Coyote Hunting**

- Coyotes can be hunted 24 hours a day from 10 November through midnight on 15 March.
- During the rest of the year, hunting hours for coyotes are 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset. Closed during shotgun deer seasons see restrictions below.
- Hunters need a hunting license and habitat stamp unless exempt.
- Coyotes may be hunted on private property using dogs, archery devices, any type and caliber of handgun, any type of legal rifle including large capacity semi-automatic rifles, and shotguns using any type of shell. During firearm deer seasons, coyotes may be harvested only by hunters with valid, unfilled deer permits using the same types of firearms that are allowed for deer. When hunting with a shotgun, make sure that the magazine has been fitted with a plug which makes the shotgun incapable of firing more than three consecutive shots.
- Electronic calling devices are legal for coyote hunting.
- It is legal to bait coyotes for hunting as long as any wild game used was legally harvested.
- Illinois does not restrict the type of sights or scopes used for coyote hunting (including laser sights and night vision scopes).
- Lights with any color of lens can be used while hunting coyotes as long as the lights are not used from or connected to any vehicle or conveyance (including ATVs, unmanned aircraft, and horses).
- It is illegal for a coyote hunter to wantonly allow a dog to hunt on another person's land without first obtaining permission of the landowner or tenant. If a hunting dog crosses onto property in which the coyote hunter has no permission to hunt, the hunter has no legal right to follow the dog. Illinois Animal Control Laws or other local animal control ordinances could apply to dogs running at large.
- Coyote hunters are required to keep their guns unloaded and in a case while in a vehicle or on a conveyance (including but not limited to ATVs and horseback) unless exempt by special IDNR permit.
- Guns must remain unloaded until the hunter is clear of the road and right-of-way alongside the road.
- Deer hunters with an unfilled firearm deer permit may hunt coyotes during the first and second firearm deer seasons, but must wear a cap and 400 square inches of solid blaze orange or solid blaze pink outer clothing when hunting.
- Before coyote hunting at public hunting areas, please check huntillinois.org for updated regulations and site contact information. Check with the site office if more information regarding site specific regulations is needed.
- It is legal to hunt coyotes while using or possessing a tree climbing device. However, coyotes may not be hunted utilizing these devices during open season for deer except by properly licensed deer hunters.



IDNR receives many reports of wolf sightings each year, but wolves are very rare and sightings are almost always coyotes. Help us teach others the physical differences between coyotes and wolves.

# WE SELL LAND



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 sold in the past two years
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#### Deer Accidentally Killed/Injured by Motor Vehicles and Methods Other Than Lawful Hunting

## To report and claim road-killed deer online, visit: <a href="mailto:dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/deer/claim-a-road-kill.html">dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/deer/claim-a-road-kill.html</a>

There is no limit to the number of deer that may be possessed under these circumstances. No part of a deer so killed can be bartered or sold. Except for law enforcement officers in the performance of their duties it is illegal to kill a deer:

- crippled by a collision with a motor vehicle.
- crippled by methods other than lawful hunting unless permission has been obtained from a Conservation Police Officer (see phone numbers on page 1).

Motorists are reminded to report deer-related traffic accidents to appropriate law enforcement agencies when such reporting is required.

#### Collision with a motor vehicle

An Illinois resident/driver of a motor vehicle involved in a vehicle-deer collision has priority in legally possessing white-tailed deer killed/injured as a result of a collision with a motor vehicle. If the driver does not take possession of the deer before leaving the collision scene, any citizen of Illinois who is not delinquent in child support may possess and transport the deer. Non-residents may not claim a road-killed deer. Individuals claiming such a deer must report the possession within 24 hours at <a href="mailto:dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/deer/claim-a-road-kill.html">dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/deer/claim-a-road-kill.html</a>

## Killed/injured by methods other than lawful hunting or a vehicle/deer accident

Any individual finding a dead or crippled deer, other than those killed/injured in a vehicle/deer collision or legally harvested by hunting methods, may not transport said deer parts until permission is obtained from a Conservation Police Officer. Permission will be granted if it is determined that the person requesting possession did not illegally kill or injure the deer. When retained, the head/antler and hide shall be properly tagged with an irremovable tag obtained from a Conservation Police Officer. The salvage tag shall remain attached to the deer until its parts are consumed or no longer possessed by any person.

#### **Nuisance Wildlife Issues**

As much as we all love wildlife, there are times when some individual animals can cause a threat to human health and safety or cause property damage. There are things you can do to try and resolve the issues legally and responsibly:

- Wildlife Illinois website <u>www.wildlifeillinois.org</u> provides information on ways to mitigate conflict.
- If the suggestions on Wildlife Illinois are tried and not effective, you may speak with a District Wildlife Biologist or Conservation Police Officer to see if there are other ways to reduce the conflict, including a Nuisance Animal Removal Permit when/where applicable.
- The Wildlife Illinois website has a list of licensed Nuisance Wildlife Control Operators that specialize in resolving conflict and may be hired to help resolve wildlife issues (These are private businesses and will charge for their services).

#### Do Not Spread Exotic Invasive Plants

Wildlife habitat throughout Illinois is being degraded and destroyed by invasive plants such as Russian olive, multiflora rose, bush honeysuckle and garlic mustard. Native vegetation supports a much greater variety of wildlife than a habitat of exotic plants. Invasive plants reduce the number and variety of forest wildlife by reducing the availability of food and suitable cover. For instance, bush honeysuckle will shade out oak tree seedlings and, over time, reduce the oak component of a forest. Fewer acorn-producing trees mean lower food availability and reduced habitat quality for white-tailed deer, squirrel, and turkey. Invasive plants in wetland areas and along lake shores, such as common reed, have a negative effect on a host of water birds. If invasive plants win, native plants and wildlife lose, and so do the people who enjoy them.

#### Here is what you can do to help:

- Clean your boots and gear after each hunting trip to ensure you are not spreading invasive seeds to new locations.
- Do not plant invasive plants for wildlife. Native species provide much better food and cover for native wildlife.
- Do not use exotic plants for cover on blinds. This can spread them to new areas.
- Learn to identify invasive plants and report any new sightings to local land managers.

#### Feral Swine in Illinois

Feral swine (wild pigs) are escaped animals from free range livestock operations, dumped pets and/or illegal releases. Feral swine negatively impact wildlife and wildlife habitat. These animals have a high reproductive potential and populations must be reduced by 70 percent each year simply to keep them from expanding.

## The Department regulates the transport, release, and harvest of feral swine. Specifically:

- Hunters may only shoot feral swine during the firearm, muzzleloader, late-winter, and CWD deer seasons if the hunter possesses a valid firearm, muzzleloader, late-winter, or CWD deer permit. It is illegal to harvest feral swine outside of those dates, unless the individual has been issued a Nuisance Wildlife Permit from a District Wildlife Biologist. Pigs are considered feral swine if they are unrestrained and have adapted to living in a wild or free-roaming environment. Hunters who mistakenly or purposely shoot a domestic pig or someone's pet may be subject to civil and/or criminal charges.
- Hunter-killed feral swine must be reported to the Department by contacting the Wildlife Disease and Invasive Animals Program Manager at (773) 636-0819. Hunters may keep the legally harvested feral swine.
- It is illegal to provide outfitting or guide services for feral swine hunting in Illinois.
- It is illegal to hunt feral swine in an enclosure.
- It is illegal to release, transport, and/or possess feral swine.

Successful deer and turkey hunters who check in their harvest will be asked to report the number of feral swine they had observed during the hunting season in the county in which they were successful. These data will assist wildlife biologists in determining where feral swine are located and allow for removal of these animals before extensive agricultural and environmental damage occurs. The Department and the United States Department of Agriculture are working to eliminate feral swine populations in Illinois. Report feral swine sightings to:

www.wildlifeillinois.org/sightings/report-feral-swine-sightings/



#### **Birds Doing Damage**

In Illinois, almost all birds and their nests with eggs, including Canada geese, are protected by the Federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act and the Illinois Wildlife Code. If birds are causing damage, non-lethal methods are typically encouraged first. If those methods do not abate the damage, a removal permit may be issued at the discretion of an IDNR wildlife biologist, in conjunction with federal permits coordinated by USDA APHIS-Wildlife Services and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Pigeons, house sparrows and European starlings are not protected in Illinois and may be removed without a permit. Please consult <a href="https://www.wildlifeillinois.org">www.wildlifeillinois.org</a> for further information including permit requirements regarding human-wildlife conflict.

#### Season Dates - Rules of Thumb

Many hunters need to plan vacations and hunting trips in advance of the annual distribution of the Digest of Hunting and Trapping Regulations. For such planning purposes, here are the general rules of thumb used for setting annual season dates. Although there are no guarantees that these season dates will be used in future years, this is the best information available for those who must make plans well in advance of announcements of official season dates. Actual season dates may vary from year to year. Please refer to the specific hunting season sections for season start and end dates for the hunting year that this digest covers.

- · Coyote & Striped Skunk Open year-round, except closed during firearm deer seasons.
- · Crow Oct. 28 Feb. 28.
- **Deer Archery** Oct. 1 through the first Sunday after Jan. 13 (closed during firearm deer season except in Cook, DuPage, Lake, and Kane (East of Rt 47) counties).
- **Deer Firearm** The Friday, Saturday and Sunday immediately before Thanksgiving and the first four-day weekend (Thursday-Sunday) after Thanksgiving.
- **Deer Late Winter Antlerless and Special CWD** The first Thursday-Sunday after Dec. 25; and the first Friday-Sunday after Jan. 11.
- **Deer Muzzleloader** The third three-day weekend (Friday, Saturday and Sunday) following Thanksgiving. Hunting also allowed during the second firearm deer season.
- · Deer Youth Firearm The Saturday, Sunday, and Monday that includes the second Monday of October.
- **Dove** 90-day season. Split season opens Sept. 1 and runs approximately 75 days; reopens the day after Christmas and runs the remainder of the 90 days.
- Early Canada Goose Sept. 1 15.
- Furbearer Hunting Nov. 10 Feb. 15 for raccoon, opossum, gray and red fox, bobcat (with permit), except closed during firearm deer seasons.
- Furbearer Trapping Nov. 10 Feb. 15 for everything except river otter, beaver (Nov. 10 Mar. 31) and woodchuck (June 1 Sept. 30). Must wear blaze orange/pink during firearm deer seasons.
- **Pheasant, Quail and Partridge** North First Saturday in November through Jan. 8. South First Saturday in November through Jan. 15.
- · **Rabbit** First Saturday in November through Feb. 15.
- · Rail Opens with teal season and runs for 70 days.
- · **Snipe** Opens with teal season and runs for 107 days.
- · Squirrel Aug. 1 Feb. 15, except closed during firearm deer seasons.
- · Teal Opens on the first or second Saturday in September and runs for 16 days.
- Turkey Fall Archery Oct. 1 through the first Sunday after Jan. 13, except closed during firearm deer seasons.
- Turkey Fall Gun The nine days beginning on Saturday of the second complete two-day weekend (Saturday and Sunday) after Oct. 10.
- Turkey Spring South Zone Begins on the first Monday in April after April 2 and ends 32 days later. Lengths for each season (in days) are 5, 6, 6, 7 and 8, respectively.
- Turkey Spring North Zone Begins on the second Monday in April after April 2 and ends 32 days later. Lengths for each season (in days) are 5, 6, 6, 7 and 8, respectively.
- · Turkey Youth Spring The two consecutive weekends prior to the opening of South Zone's first season.
- · Waterfowl Varies, see 5 year season plans online: dnr.illinois.gov/hunting/waterfowlhunting.html
- **Woodchuck** June 1 Mar. 31, except closed during firearm deer seasons.
- · Woodcock 45 days beginning on the third Saturday in October.

# Wild Game Internal Temperatures

Cook all game to these USDA recommended minimum internal temperatures as measured with a food thermometer before removing from the heat source.









www.learntohuntil.com

Temperature recommendations courtesy of USDA

		Ha	rvest Log			
Date	Location	# Harvested	Species	Sex	Checked-in	Notes

## **Public Hunting Areas**

Hunting regulations on the public hunting areas listed on the following pages are often more restrictive than the statewide regulations. Hunter Fact Sheets are available at: <a href="https://doi.org/directory">huntillinois.org/directory</a> or from the site. Hunting may be allowed for species not listed in the following tables. Consult the Hunter Fact Sheet or contact the site directly for information on opportunities to hunt additional species. Some site-specific regulations that apply to all state sites are as follows:

#### **General IDNR Site Regulations**

#### It is illegal to:

- Possess any alcoholic beverage or illegal drug or be under the influence of alcohol, illegal drugs, or intoxicating compounds while in any hunting/trapping area for the purpose of hunting or trapping.
- Hunt or trap on any site with a manned check station without first declaring game killed on a previous hunt and in possession either on the hunter's person or in his vehicle.
- Construct or use any tree stand using nails, screws or any device which pierces or cuts the bark of the tree on which it is installed.
- Hunt or trap in a restricted area.
- Occupy in any manner designated hunting areas during the permit dove hunting season and controlled pheasant hunting season at sites holding such seasons, or during any hunting season where such restrictions are so posted at the site, when authorized hunting is in progress, unless you are authorized to do so.
- Enter a refuge, restricted area or waterfowl rest area unless authorized by the Department.
- Hunt or trap on any Department owned or managed land that is not a designated area pursuant to applicable species rules (17 III. Adm. Code 530, 550, 570, 590, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 710, 715, 720, 730, and 740).
- Buy, sell or commercialize hunting or trapping rights, directly or indirectly, except that this does not apply to Department of Natural Resources hunting or trapping fees or to the operation of controlled pheasant hunting on Department lands pursuant to a written concession aareement.
- Hunt or trap without a valid permit where permits are required.

- Hunt with any weapon except shotgun or vertical bow and arrow or crossbow unless otherwise specified.
- Track deer with dogs on any Department owned or managed site during hours when deer hunting is being conducted on the site.
- Use or occupy a ground blind during any firearm deer season, unless at least 400 square inches of solid, vivid blaze orange or blaze pink material is securely attached to the uppermost portion of the blind and a substantial amount of orange or pink is visible for 360 degrees.

#### Non-Hunting or Non-Trapping Partners

Non-hunting or non-trapping partners may accompany hunters and trappers on their hunting or trapping trips. Partners must be unarmed and remain with the hunter or trapper throughout the trip. On sites where special permits are required, each permit holder or party is limited to one non-hunting or non-trapping partner per trip. On sites with waterfowl blinds, non-hunters count towards the blind's maximum occupancy.

#### **Public Land Hunting Windshield Cards**

Free Public Site Hunting Windshield Cards are required to hunt and/or trap at many Illinois Public Hunting Areas. Cards are available at: <a href="mailto:dnr2.illinois.gov/windshieldcard/">dnr2.illinois.gov/windshieldcard/</a>. Print a card for each site you intend to hunt and/or trap and place on the dashboard of your vehicle when hunting or trapping the site. Each person hunting or trapping the site will need to display a windshield card. For information or assistance, contact the site where you intend to hunt and/or trap. For most species, hunters are required to return to this website prior to Feb. 15 each year to record harvest information.

#### Additional Hunting Access Opportunities

- Shawnee National Forest: See the following USDA Forest Service website for hunting and trapping regulations: www.fs.usda.gov/activity/shawnee/recreation/hunting
- US Army Corps of Engineers Lands: www.mvs.usace.army.mil/ Missions/Recreation/
- Numerous counties and local municipalities offer hunting access, check for potential access in your area.
- US Fish and Wildlife Service has numerous opportunities as well.



















## Discover OutdoorIllinois Journal

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- Aquatic Organisms
- How & Where to Recreate
- Hot Topics

- Creature Features
- Habitat Management
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OutdoorIllinois Journal is a collaborative effort of people and institutions led by the National Great Rivers Research and Education Center in Illinois. Other organizations include the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Division of Wildlife Resources and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration. Funding for OutdoorIllinois Journal was made available through Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Project W-147-T and the Illinois Wildlife Preservation Fund.













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Shabbona Lake SP

Sinnissippi Lake SFWA

Snakeden Hollow SFWA

Spoon River SF

Spring Lake SFWA

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#### Public Hunting Areas | Region 1 Raccoon/Opossum Deer - Muzzleloade Site-specific information and regulations may Deer - Late Winter Deer - CWD Season **Hunter Fact Sheet** Turkey - Fall Gun Turkey - Fall Bow Turkey - Spring Huntable Acres be obtained by visiting **huntillinois.org**. Please Deer - Firearm Deer - Archery **Gray/Red Fox** visit Huntlllinois to obtain site contact information, Antlerless Woodcock Waterfowl Pheasant address, and current site regulations prior to Trapping Squirrel Coyote hunting. Quail Site Name 1900 Anderson Lake SFWA Χ X/@ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Apple River Canyon SP - Salem and Thompson Units 1157 Χ Χ Χ S Χ S S C Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ C С 3 Argyle Lake SP 950 Χ S Χ !/C Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ 4 Banner Marsh SFWA 3000 x D/@ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ F Χ 5 Big Bend SFWA 2338 Χ @ Χ Χ S Χ Χ S Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Ε **Bia River SF** 2970 !/C S C Χ Χ Χ 6 Χ Χ S Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ 7 **Bradford PHA** 103 Χ Χ @ @ @ **Buffalo Prairie PHA** 300 8 Χ Е Χ Χ Χ 9 310 **Buffalo Rock SP** Χ Χ 10 Castle Rock SP 1620 Χ S Χ S S S Χ 11 Coleta Ponds 11 Е **Donnelley SFWA** 12 676 Χ 13 Double "T" SFWA 460 @ Χ Е 14 **Dublin Highlands PHA** 122 Χ @ 15 Franklin Creek SNA 635 Χ S Χ !/X 16 Franklin Creek - Nachusa Prairie SNA 72 Χ @ @ @ S 17 French Bluff SNA 342 S S С !/C Χ Χ C 18 George S. Park SNA 80 Χ Χ S !/C S Χ 19 **Green River SWA** 2515 Χ S @ Χ 20 Hanover Bluff SNA 332 Х Х S Χ S S S С Χ Χ Х Χ Х Henderson Creek SFWA Х Χ 21 800 Χ **Hennepin Canal ST** Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Е 22 350 Χ 23 llo Dillin SHA 75 Χ Χ @ @ @ Е Χ Johnson-Sauk Trail SRA 862 Χ D Χ S Χ Χ S Χ Χ Χ Χ Е 25 Jubilee College SP 2900 Χ Χ D/S D S S Χ Χ Χ $\boxtimes$ Χ Е Χ Kishwaukee River SFWA Χ S Χ Е 484 S Χ S 27 Lake Depue SFWA 1700 Χ Lake Le-Aqua-Na SP 560 Χ S Χ Χ Χ 28 Χ 29 Little Rock Creek SHA 148 Χ Е Χ @ @ @ 30 Lost Mound Unit FL 6000 S/C/D 31 Lowden-Miller SF 2225 Χ S Χ S S Χ 32 Lowden SP 80 Χ Χ 1400 Χ Χ 33 Χ S S S Χ Χ Е Mackinaw River SFWA Χ @ @ @ Χ Χ 34 Manito PHA 70 Χ @ @ @ 35 2239 Χ Marseilles SFWA S S S S Χ Χ Χ X Χ X 36 Marshall SFWA 5804 X X/@ Χ S Χ С !/C S Χ Χ Χ Χ X Χ Е Χ 37 Matthiessen SP 1500 Χ Χ S Χ S S S Χ Χ Χ 38 Mautino SFWA 891 Χ Χ Χ @ Χ @ @ Maytown PHA 159 @ @ @ Χ Χ 40 Miller Anderson Woods SNA 524 Χ C C !/C 41 Mississippi Palisades SP 1500 Χ S Χ S D/S Χ 42 Mississippi River Pool 12 FL\* 7990 W Χ Χ C Χ C C C C Χ Χ Χ Χ Х Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ 43 C C C Mississippi River Pool 13 FL\* 10482 W Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ !/C 44 Mississippi River Pool 14 FL\* 1472 W Χ Χ C Х $\mathcal{C}$ $\mathcal{C}$ C Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ С 4492 Χ C Χ C C Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ 45 Mississippi River Pool 16 FL\* Χ Χ !/C Χ Χ Χ Χ Х $\overline{c}$ $\overline{\phantom{a}}$ С Χ Χ Χ Χ 2883 Χ Χ Χ $\mathcal{C}$ 1/0 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ 46 Mississippi River Pool 17 FL\* Χ Χ Χ С Χ С С С Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ 47 Mississippi River Pool 18 FL\* 5173 !/C Х Х 185 Х S Х S S 48 Mitchell's Grove SNA Χ S Χ 49 Marrison-Rockwood SP 950 Χ S Χ Е 50 Pekin Lake SFWA 1200 Χ Χ Χ Е 51 **Powerton Reservoir SFWA** 855 Χ Χ 52 Rall Woods SNA 283 Χ Χ S Χ S S S C Χ Χ Χ Χ 53 Rice Lake SFWA 2500 Χ Χ Χ Χ X/@ Е 54 **Rock Cut SP** 2570 Χ D D Ε Rockton Bog SNA 150 Χ Χ S Sand Prairie PHA 316 Χ @ @ 57 Sandy Ford SNA 203 Χ S S S Χ S Χ

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63	Starved Rock SP	2817	Х	Χ		D/S	Х	S		S	S		Х		Х							
64	Steward PHA	80	Х											@		@	@					
65	Tapley Woods SNA	259	Х		Х	S	Х	S		S	S	С	Х	Х					Х	Х	Х	
66	Victoria PHA	241	Х	Χ										@	@	@	@	Х				Е
67	Ward's Grove NP	337	Х			S	Х	S		S												
68	White Pines SP	300	Х			S	Х															
69	Whitefield PHA	117	Х				Χ							@		@	@					
70	Winston Tunnel SNA	207	Х		Х	S	Χ	S		S	S	С	Х	Χ					Х	Х	Х	
71	Witkowsky SFWA	1069	Х		Х	S	Χ	S		Χ	S	S	Х	Χ							Х	
72	Woodford SFWA	1350	Х	X	Х		Х												χ			

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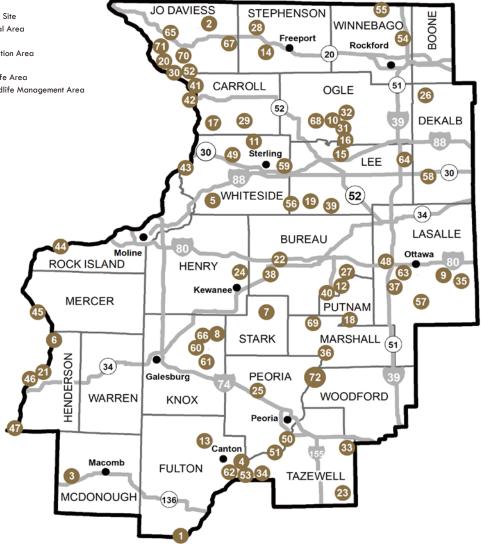
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1	Adeline Jay Geo-Karis Illinois Beach SP	900	Х				Е															
2	Black Crown Marsh SNA	136	Х	@																		
3	Braidwood Lake SFWA	1100	Х	Х																		
4	Chain O' Lakes SP	2578	Х	Χ	Χ	S	Χ				S		Х	Х	Χ		Х					
5	Des Plaines SFWA	3500	Х	Χ		S	Χ							Χ	Χ	Х	D				Х	
6	Des Plaines Game Propagation Center	134	Х				Χ															Е
7	Fox River - Kendall County	260	Х	Χ																		
8	Goose Lake Prairie SNA	3127	Х			S	Х	S		S												
9	Heidecke Lake SFWA	1800	Х	Х	Х	S	Х	S		S	Υ											
10	I & M Canal ST	1100	Х																			Е
11	James Pate Phillip SP	415	Х				Е															
12	Kankakee River SP	2017	Х	Χ	Х		D				S	Χ	Х	Х	Χ		Х		Х	Χ	Х	Е
13	Mazonia SFWA	2250	Х	Χ			Х							Х		Х	Х		Х	Χ	Х	Е
14	Midewin National Tallgrass Prairie	911 <i>7</i>	Х			S	Х	S			S											
15	Momence Wetlands	460	Х	Х	Х	S	Х				S								Х	Χ	Х	
16	Moraine Hills SP	2400	Х			S	Е						Е									
1 <i>7</i>	Redwing Slough/Deer Lake SNA	155	Х	Х	Х																	
18	Silver Springs SFWA	900	Х		Х		Х								Χ		Х				Х	
19	Vesely/Wilmington Shrub Prairie SNA	300	Х			S	Х				S											
20	Volo Bog SNA	1000	Х				Е						Е									
21	William W. Powers SRA	442	Х	Х			Е															

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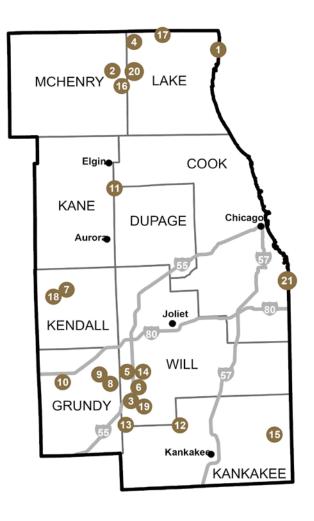
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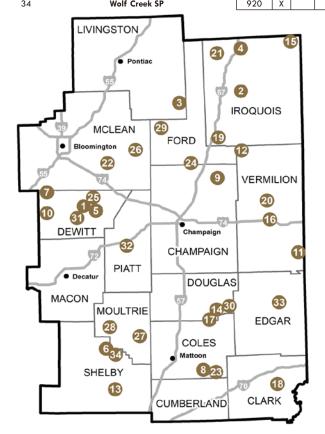
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1	Birkbeck PHA	80	Х											@		@	@					Е
2	Butterfield Trail SRA	120	Х		Х	S	Х	S			S		Х					Χ				Е
3	Chatsworth SHA	240	Х											@		@	@					
4	Clifton PHA	79	Х											@		@	@					
5	Clinton Lake SRA	4125	Х	X/D	Х	D/S	Х	S			S		Х	Χ	E/X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Е
6	Eagle Creek SRA	520	Х				D				S		Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х			
7	Finfrock SHA	365	Х				Х							@		@	@					Е
8	Fox Ridge SP	1082	Х	Х	Х	S	Χ				S			Χ	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	
9	Gifford PHA	100	Х											@		@	@					X
10	Hallsville PHA	87	Х				Х							@		@	@					Е
11	Harry "Babe" Woodyard SNA	1150	Х		Х	S	Х	S			S		Х	@	Х	@	@	Х	Х	Х	Х	Е
12	Herschel Workman PHA	141	Х											@		@	@					Х
13	Hidden Springs SF	963	X	Х	Х	S	Х	S			S		Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Е
14	Hindsboro PHA	88	Х		Х		Х							@		@	@					Х
15	Iroquois County SWA	2185	X		Х	S	Х				S		Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
16	Kickapoo SRA	1253	Х		Х	S	Х	S			S		Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Е
1 <i>7</i>	Larry D. Closson SHA	130	X	@	Х		Х							@		@	@					Х
18	Lincoln Trail SP	875	Х		Х		Х						Χ						Χ			Е
19	Loda PHA	160	Х				Х							@		@	@					
20	Middle Fork SFWA	2628	Х		Х	S	Х	S			S		Χ	Χ	E/X	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Е
21	Milks Grove PHA	78	X											@		@	@					
22	Moraine View SRA	1191	X		Х		Х				S		Χ	Χ	Х	Х	E/X	Χ	Е	Е	Х	E
23	Paul C. Burrus SHA	376	X		Х	S	Х				S			@		@	@					Х
24	Perdueville PHA	282	X											@		@	@					E
25	Salt Creek WMA	60	Х	D/@																		
26	Saybrook PHA	646	X											@		@	@					E
27	Shelbyville FL	9000	X		Х	D/S	Х	Х			S		Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х
28	Shelbyville SFWA	6343	X	Х	Х	S	Х	S			S		Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	E
29	Sibley SHA	637	X											@		@	@					Е
30	Walnut Point SP	571	X		Х		X/D												Х			Х
31	Weldon Springs SP	500																				Е
32	Weldon Springs - Piatt County Unit	770	Х		Х	S	Х				S			Х		Х	Х					Ш
33	Willow Creek SHA	197	Х		Х		Χ							@		@	@					Х
34	Wolf Creek SP	920	Х			D/S	Х				S		Χ	Χ		Х	Х		Е		, ,	1



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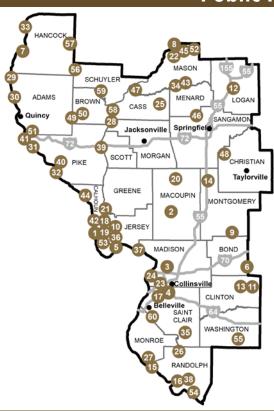
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SFWA - State Fish and Wildlife Area SWA - State Wildlife Area

SHA - State Habitat Area **SWMA** - State Wildlife Management Area

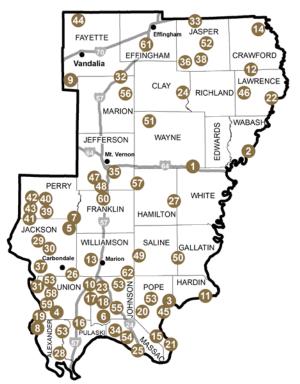
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## Public Hunting Areas | Region 5

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be obtained by visiting <a href="https://huntillinois.org">huntillinois.org</a> Please visit Huntlllinois to obtain site contact information address, and current site regulations prior to hunting.	, Huntable Acres	Hunter Fact She	Waterfowl	Squirrel	Deer - Firearm	Deer - Archery	Deer - Muzzlelo	Deer - Late Wint Antlerless	Deer - CWD Sea	Turkey - Spring	Turkey - Fall Gu	Turkey - Fall Bo	Rabbit	Dove	Quail	Pheasant	Woodcock	Raccoon/Oposs	Gray/Red Fox	Coyote	Trapping
Site Name		Ĭ	Š	Š	ے	ے	۵	≱۵	ے		2	2	<u>~</u>	ڡٚ	ð	<u></u>	_ ≥	<u>~</u>	<u>ō</u>	<u> </u>	Ě
1 Alvah Borah SHA	87	Х		Χ	С	Χ	С	!/C		С	С	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х
2 Beall Woods SP	516	Х				С															Е
3 Big Grand Pierre Glade SNA	318	Х		Χ	С	Χ	С			С	С	Χ						Х	Х	Χ	
4 Bluff Lakes FL	516		Х	Х	С	Х	С	!/C		С	С	Χ	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5 Burning Star SFWA	4508	Х		Χ	S	Χ	S			S		Χ		Χ			Х	Х	Х	Χ	X
6 Cache River SNA	15505	Х	Х	Х	С	Х	С			С	С	Х	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Х	Х	Х	Е
7 Campbell Pond SHA	520	Х	Х	Χ	С	Χ	С	!/C		С		Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	
8 Cape Bend SFWA	1380	Х	Х	Χ	С	Χ	С	!/C		С	С	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Е
9 Carlyle Lake SFWA	9868	Х	Х	Χ	С	Χ	С			S		Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Е
10 Cedar/Draper Bluff HA	1315	Х		Χ	С	Χ	С			С	С	Χ						Х	Х	Χ	Е
11 Cave-in-Rock SP - Kaegi Tract	175	Х	Х	Χ	С	Χ	С			С	С	Χ	Х		Х	$\boxtimes$		Х	Х	Χ	Х
12 Chauncey Marsh SNA	519	Х	Х	Χ	С	С	С	!/C		S		С	Х	Χ	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Е
13 Crab Orchard NWR	23000		Х	Χ	D/S	X/E	C/E			C/S	С	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х		Х	Х	Х	Χ	Е
14 Crawford County SFWA	1129	Х		Χ	С	С	С	!/C		S	S	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Е
15 Cretaceous Hills SNA	254	Х		Χ	С	Χ	С			С	С	Χ	Х		Х	$\boxtimes$		Х	Х	Χ	Х
16 Cypress Creek NWR	16000		Х	Χ	С	Χ	С			С	С	Χ	Х	Χ	Х		Х	Х	Х	Χ	Е
17 Cypress Pond SNA	1047	Х	Х	Χ	С	Χ	С			С	С	Х	Х	Χ	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Е
18 Deer Pond SNA	190	Х	Х	Χ	С	Х	С			С	С	Х	Х	Χ	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Е
19 Devil's Island SWMA	2741	Х	Х	Χ	С	Χ	С	!/C		С	С	Х	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Е
20 Dixon Springs SP	567	Х		Χ	D/S	Χ	С			D/S	С	Χ		Χ				Х	Х	Χ	
21 Dog Island SWMA	220	Х	Х	Χ	С	Χ	С			С	С	Χ	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Е
22 Embarras River Bottoms SHA	535	Х	@	Χ	S	С	S			S	S	С	Χ		Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Е
23 Ferne Clyffe HA	450	Х		Χ	S	Χ	С			S	С	Х	Х	Χ	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х				
24 Flag Pond SNA	255	Х		Χ	S	С				С	С	С									
25 Fort Massac SP	1287	Х	Х	Χ	S	Χ	S			D/S	С	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х				
26 Giant City SP	2891	Х		Χ	С	Χ	С	!/C		С	С	Х	Х	Χ	Х	$\boxtimes$	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Е
27 Hamilton County SFWA	1530	Х		Χ	С	Х	С	!/C		S	S	S	Х	Х	Χ	$\boxtimes$	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
28 Horseshoe Lake SFWA (Alexander County)	4190	Х	@/D	Х	C/S	Х	С	!/C		С	С	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	$\boxtimes$	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Е
29 Kinkaid Lake SFWA	3700	Х	Х	Χ	С	Χ	С	!/C		С	С	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Х	Х	Х	X

Site-specific information and regulations may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.huntillinois.org">huntillinois.org</a> . Please visit Huntillinois to obtain site contact information, address, and current site regulations prior to hunting.  Site Name		Huntable Acres	Hunter Fact Sheet	Waterfowl	Squirrel	Deer - Firearm	Deer - Archery	Deer - Muzzleloader	Deer - Late Winter Antlerless	Deer - CWD Season	Turkey - Spring	Turkey - Fall Gun	Turkey - Fall Bow	Rabbit	Dove	Quail	Pheasant	Woodcock	Raccoon/Opossum	Gray/Red Fox	Coyote	Trapping
30	Lake Murphysboro	1022																				E
31	LaRue Swamp FL	1000	Х	Х	Х	С	Х	С	!/C		С	С	Х	Х	Х	х		Х	Х	Х	Х	X
32	Maxine Loy LWR	213	Х				Х		., -					S		S	$\boxtimes$					
33	Meeker SHA	72	Х		Х	С	Х	С			S	S	Х	Х	Х	X		Х	Х	Х	Х	Е
34	Mermet Lake SFWA	2000	Χ	D/@	Х	С	Х	С			D/S	С	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Е
35	Mt. Vernon Game Propagation Center	600	Х	, 0	Х		Х				S		Х	Х	Х		_					Е
36	Newton Lake SFWA	6500	Χ	Х	Χ	S	С				S	S	Х	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х				Е
37	Oakwood Bottoms FL	3400	Х	Х	Х	С	Х	С	!/C		С	С	Х	Х		Х	_	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
38	Prairie Ridge SNA	2614	Χ			S	С	S														
39	Pyramid SRA - Park Unit	2754	Х		Х	С	Х	С			S		Х	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Х	Х	Х	Е
40	Pyramid SRA - East Conant Unit	2824	Χ	Х	Х	С	Х	С			S		Χ	@	Х	@	@	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Е
41	Pyramid SRA - Denmark Unit	4385	Х	Х	Х	С	Х		!/C		S		Х	@	Х	@	@	Х	Х	Х	Х	Е
42	Pyramid SRA - Galum Unit	2520	Χ	Х	Χ	С	Х		!/C		S		Χ	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Е
43	Pyramid SRA - Captain Unit	6105	Х	Х	Х	С	Х		!/C		S		Х	@	Х	@	@	Х	Х	Х	Х	Е
44	Ramsey Lake SRA	1610	Χ		Х		Х				S		Х	@	Х	@	@	Х	Е	Е	Х	Е
45	Rauchfuss Hill SRA	150	Х		Х		Х				С	С	Х						Х	Х	Х	
46	Red Hills SP	736	Χ		Х		С				S		С	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х			Х	Е
47	Rend Lake SFWA	7690	Χ	D	Х	С	Х	С			С	С	Х	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
48	Rend Lake FL	7740	Χ	D	Χ	D	Х	С			С	С	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
49	Sahara Woods SRA	3800	Χ		Χ	S	Х	S			S	С	Χ	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Е
50	Saline County SFWA	1000	Χ	Х	Χ	С	Х	С			С	С	Х	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Х	Х	Х	Е
51	Sam Dale Lake SFWA	950	Χ	Х	Χ		Х				S		Χ	Х	Х	Х		Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х
52	Sam Parr SFWA	840	Χ		Χ		С				S	S	Х	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Е
53	Shawnee National Forest FL	284726	Χ	Х	Χ	С	Х	С	!/C		С	C	Χ	Х	Х	Х		Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х
54	Sielbeck Forest SNA	385	Χ	Х	Χ	С	Х	С			C	O	Χ	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	X
55	Skinner Farm SHA	100	Χ		Χ	С	Х	С			C	C	Χ	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
56	Stephen A. Forbes SRA	2580	Χ	Х	Χ		Х				S		Χ	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Е
57	Ten Mile Creek SFWA	4995	Χ	Х	Χ	С	Х	U	!/C		S	S	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х
58	Trail of Tears SF	4784	Χ		Х	С	Х	С	!/C		С	С	Х	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Х	Х	Х	Е
59	Union County SFWA	2800	Χ	D/@	Х	C/S	Х	С			С	С	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х				Е
60	Wayne Fitzgerrell SRA	1800	Χ			D	Х				S		Χ				Х					
61	Wildcat Hollow SHA	675	Х			С	С	С	!/C		С		С	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	
62	Wise Ridge SNA	550	Χ	Х	Χ	С	Х	С			С	С	Χ	Х	Х	Х	$\boxtimes$	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Е



### Symbol Key:

- X Available at site
- oxtimes Rare on site, but legal to take cocks only
- ! Open only if county included in Late-Winter Antlerless-only season.
  Announced by October 1 each year. See pg 22 for more details.
- \* Mostly boat accessible only
- \*\* Deer and Turkey hunting for residents only
- @ Lottery permit required for waterfowl and upland game hunting. See section on Special Hunts on Department Sites. Standby hunting may be available for waterfowl hunting.
- A Included in Mississippi River Wildlife Area Fact Sheet
- $\boldsymbol{B}$  Included in Mississippi River Pool 21, 22, and 24 Fact Sheets
- C County Permit Required
- **D** Opportunities for Disabled Hunters
- C County Permit Required
- **D** Opportunities for Disabled Hunters
- **E** Contact site office for site-specific permit
- **S** Special Hunt Area permit required from Springfield permit office
- W Website: www.fws.gov/refuge/Upper\_Mississippi\_River/Savanna\_District.html

#### **Site Classification:**

CA - Conservation Area SHS - State Historic Site
FL - Federal Lands SNA - State Natural Area
NWR - National Wildlife Refuge SP - State Park

PHA - Pheasant Habitat Area SRA - State Recreation Area

SF - State Forest ST - State Trail

SFWA - State Fish and Wildlife Area SWA - State Wildlife Area

**SHA** - State Habitat Area **SWMA** - State Wildlife Management Area



## **WINCHESTER: THE LEADER IN STRAIGHT-WALLED AMMUNITION** Winchester 350 Legend & 400 Legend, Legal for Deer Hunting in Illinois



ALSO AVAILABLE IN: COPPER IMPACT® & POWER-POINT®

The World's Fastest Straight-Walled Hunting Cartridge:

- More energy than 30-30 Win., 300 Blackout and 223 Rem
- Approximately 20% less recoil than 243 Win with 20% more penetration
- Less recoil than 450 Bushmaster

\*Deer Season XP bullets used to generate all data



The 400 Legend is built to deliver incredible ballistics for the most demanding hunting situations including:

- Energy Equivalent to 450 Bushmaster with 20% Less Recoil
- Over 20% More Energy than a 30-30 and 25% More Energy than 350 Legend, with Greater Penetration
- 100% More Energy & 55% Less Recoil than a 12-gauge slug

\*Power Point bullets used to generate all data at 100 yards









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